Quiz 4.8: Experimental and Theoretical Probability

Multiple Choice: Choose the letter that corresponds to the correct answer. Write the answer in your answer sheet.

1. Which of the following is the formula for determining the experimental probability of an event?

A.
$$P(E) = \frac{\sum f}{f}$$

B.
$$P(E) = \frac{f}{\sum}$$

$$C. P(E) = \frac{n(S)}{n(E)}$$

$$D. P(E) = \frac{n(E)}{n(S)}$$

2. Which of the following is the formula for determining the theoretical probability of an event?

$$\mathbf{A.}\ P(E) = \frac{\sum f}{f}$$

B.
$$P(E) = \frac{f}{\sum f}$$

C.
$$P(E) = \frac{n(S)}{n(E)}$$

$$D. P(E) = \frac{n(E)}{n(S)}$$

3. The probability that a certain outcome will occur as determined through reasoning or calculation is called:

A. Experimental Probability B. Reasonable Probability C. Sample Probability

D. Theoretical Probability

4. Bernadette tossed a coin 150 times and got 81 heads and 69 tails. The probability of getting a head is 0.54.

A. Experimental Probability B. Reasonable Probability C. Sample Probability

D. Theoretical Probability

5. The probability of choosing a senior from 25 seniors and 25 juniors is $\frac{1}{2}$. What kind of probability is this?

A. Experimental Probability B. Reasonable Probability C. Sample Probability

D. Theoretical Probability

6. The probability of drawing a red ball from a jar that contains 12 red balls, 15 blue balls, and 7 white balls is 0.353. What kind of probability is this?

A. Experimental Probability B. Reasonable Probability C. Sample Probability

D. Theoretical Probability

7. A coin was tossed 120 times. It fell on tails 45 times. What is the experimental probability that it falls on heads?

A.
$$\frac{1}{8}$$

B.
$$\frac{3}{8}$$

8. A 52-card pack is well shuffled and then one card is drawn from the top of the pack. Determine the probability that it is a red face card.

A.
$$\frac{3}{2c}$$

B.
$$\frac{5}{26}$$

C.
$$\frac{7}{26}$$

D.
$$\frac{9}{26}$$

9. A 52-card pack is well shuffled and then one card is drawn from the top of the pack. Determine the probability that it is a red number card.

B.
$$\frac{1}{3}$$

C.
$$\frac{13}{59}$$

D.
$$\frac{25}{52}$$

10. A pair of coin is tossed. What is the probability of getting two tails?

A.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

B.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

C.
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

D.
$$\frac{3}{4}$$

11. A coin was tossed 100 times. It fell on tails 48 times. What is the probability that a tail shows up?

B.
$$\frac{12}{25}$$

C.
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

D.
$$\frac{13}{25}$$

12. If a letter is chosen at random from the word PERSEVERANCE, what is the probability that the letter chosen is E?

B.
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

C.
$$\frac{1}{6}$$

D.
$$\frac{1}{12}$$

13. A die is rolled. What is the probability of getting a number greater than 4?

A.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

B.
$$\frac{1}{3}$$

C.
$$\frac{1}{6}$$

D.
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

14. Choosing a month from a year, what is the probability of selecting a month with 31 days?

$$\mathbf{A} \stackrel{1}{=}$$

B.
$$\frac{1}{100}$$

C.
$$\frac{7}{11}$$

D.
$$\frac{12}{31}$$

15. What is the probability of getting a black face card from a deck of 52 cards?

A.
$$\frac{2}{10}$$

B.
$$\frac{3}{13}$$

C.
$$\frac{3}{26}$$

D.
$$\frac{3}{52}$$

16. The sides of a cube are numbered 11 to 16. If Renz rolled the cube once, what is the probability of rolling a composite number?

A.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

B.
$$\frac{2}{2}$$

C.
$$\frac{1}{6}$$

D.
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