

Quiz 3.2: Postulates and Theorems

Multiple Choice: Choose the letter that corresponds to the correct answer. Write the answer in your answer sheet.

1. What does the acronym TIAT stand for?
 - A. Triangle Interior Angle Theorem
 - B. Triangle Internal Angle Theorem
 - C. Triangle Interior Alternate Theorem
 - D. Triangle Internal Alternate Theorem
2. What is the meaning of the acronym PIAT?
 - A. Parallel Internal Angle Theorem
 - B. Parallel Interior Angle Theorem
 - C. Polygon Internal Angle Theorem
 - D. Polygon Interior Angle Theorem
3. Statements that are proved from definitions or using operations and facts that were already known are called:
 - A. Axioms
 - B. Postulates
 - C. Proofs
 - D. Theorems
4. Which theorem states that the sum of the degree measures of the angles of a triangle is 180° ?
 - A. Quadrilateral Interior Angle Theorem
 - B. Supplement Postulate
 - C. Supplement Theorem
 - D. Triangle Interior Angle Theorem
5. Which of the following theorems states the congruence of vertical angles?
 - A. Complement Theorem
 - B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem
 - C. Third Angles Theorem
 - D. Vertical Angle Theorem
6. Which of the following theorems states that any two right angles are congruent?
 - A. Complement Theorem
 - B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem
 - C. Third Angles Theorem
 - D. Vertical Angle Theorem
7. "If two angles form a linear pair, then they are supplementary." This is stated in:
 - A. Complement Theorem
 - B. PCAC Postulate
 - C. Supplement Postulate
 - D. Supplement Theorem
8. Provide the reason for this statement: "If $m\angle J + m\angle K = 90^\circ$ and $m\angle K + m\angle L = 90^\circ$, then $\angle J \cong \angle L$."
 - A. Complement Theorem
 - B. PCAC Postulate
 - C. Supplement Postulate
 - D. Supplement Theorem
9. Provide the reason for this statement: "If $\angle X$ and $\angle Y$ are vertical angles, then $\angle X \cong \angle Y$."
 - A. Complement Theorem
 - B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem
 - C. Third Angles Theorem
 - D. Vertical Angle Theorem
10. "If $\angle M$ and $\angle N$ form a linear pair, then $\angle M$ and $\angle N$ are supplementary." This statement is justified by:
 - A. Complement Theorem
 - B. PCAC Postulate
 - C. Supplement Postulate
 - D. Supplement Theorem
11. The exterior angle of a triangle can be solved using:
 - A. Exterior Angles Theorem
 - B. PAIC Theorem
 - C. Supplement Theorem
 - D. Vertical Angle Theorem
12. Which of the following theorems may be used to solve the third angle of a triangle?
 - A. Complement Theorem
 - B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem
 - C. Third Angles Theorem
 - D. Vertical Angle Theorem

Answer Key

1. What does the acronym TIAT stand for?

Solution:

- A. **Triangle Interior Angle Theorem**
- B. Triangle Internal Angle Theorem

- C. Triangle Interior Alternate Theorem
- D. Triangle Internal Alternate Theorem

2. What is the meaning of the acronym PIAT?

Solution:

- A. Parallel Internal Angle Theorem
- B. Parallel Interior Angle Theorem

- C. Polygon Internal Angle Theorem
- D. **Polygon Interior Angle Theorem**

3. Statements that are proved from definitions or using operations and facts that were already known are called:

Solution:

- A. Axioms
- B. Postulates
- C. Proofs
- D. **Theorems**

4. Which theorem states that the sum of the degree measures of the angles of a triangle is 180° ?

Solution:

- A. Quadrilateral Interior Angle Theorem
- B. Supplement Postulate

- C. Supplement Theorem
- D. **Triangle Interior Angle Theorem**

5. Which of the following theorems states the congruence of vertical angles?

Solution:

- A. Complement Theorem
- B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem

- C. Third Angles Theorem
- D. **Vertical Angle Theorem**

6. Which of the following theorems states that any two right angles are congruent?

Solution:

- A. Complement Theorem
- B. **Right Angles Congruency Theorem**

- C. Third Angles Theorem
- D. Vertical Angle Theorem

7. "If two angles form a linear pair, then they are supplementary." This is stated in:

Solution:

- A. Complement Theorem
- B. PCAC Postulate

- C. **Supplement Postulate**
- D. Supplement Theorem

8. Provide the reason for this statement: "If $m\angle J + m\angle K = 90^\circ$ and $m\angle K + m\angle L = 90^\circ$, then $\angle J \cong \angle L$."

Solution:

- A. **Complement Theorem**
- B. PCAC Postulate

- C. Supplement Postulate
- D. Supplement Theorem

9. Provide the reason for this statement: "If $\angle X$ and $\angle Y$ are vertical angles, then $\angle X \cong \angle Y$."

Solution:

- A. Complement Theorem
- B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem

- C. Third Angles Theorem
- D. **Vertical Angle Theorem**

10. “If $\angle M$ and $\angle N$ form a linear pair, then $\angle M$ and $\angle N$ are supplementary.” This statement is justified by:

Solution:

A. Complement Theorem

C. **Supplement Postulate**

B. PCAC Postulate

D. Supplement Theorem

11. The exterior angle of a triangle can be solved using:

Solution:

A. **Exterior Angles Theorem**

C. Supplement Theorem

B. PAIC Theorem

D. Vertical Angle Theorem

12. Which of the following theorems may be used to solve the third angle of a triangle?

Solution:

A. Complement Theorem

C. **Third Angles Theorem**

B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem

D. Vertical Angle Theorem