

Lesson 1.6.1: Describing Graphs of Linear Equations Using the Slope and Intercepts

How to Describe a Graph Using the Slope when the Equation is Given?

1. Change the equation to the form  $y = mx + b$ .  $m$  is the slope and  $b$  is the y-intercept.
2. Describe the graph using the slope.

Value/Sign of $m$	Trend of Graph
Positive	Rises from left to right
Negative	Falls from left to right
Zero	Horizontal line
Undefined	Vertical line

How to Describe a Graph Using the Intercepts when the Equation is Given?

1. Let  $y = 0$  and solve for  $x$  to get the x-intercept  $a$ .
2. Let  $x = 0$  and solve for  $y$  to get the y-intercept  $b$ .
3. Describe the graph using the intercepts.

Signs/Values of $a$ and $b$	Trend of Graph
Same signs	Falls from left to right
Different signs	Rises from left to right
$a = \text{undefined}, b \in \mathbb{R}$	Horizontal line
$a \in \mathbb{R}, b = \text{undefined}$	Vertical line

Practice Exercises 1.6.1

A. Determine the slope of each linear equation and describe the graph.

- |                  |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. $y = 2x - 5$  | 4. $x = 4$      |
| 2. $4x + 2y = 6$ |                 |
| 3. $-3y - 9 = 0$ | 5. $y = 2x - 6$ |

B. Determine the intercepts of each linear equation and describe the graph.

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| 1. $4x + 2y = 8$ | 4. $2y - 6 = 0$ |
| 2. $-3y - 9 = 0$ |                 |
| 3. $x = 4$       | 5. $y = 3x - 4$ |

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