

Name:	Date: _	
Section:	Score:	

Third Summative Test (Part A) in Mathematics 8

		S.Y. 20	22-2023	
	t iple Choice: Choose wer sheet.	the letter that correspor	nds to the correct answe	er. Write the answer in your
1.	Statements that are as	ssumed to be true witho	ut proof are called:	
	A. Definition	B. Law	C. Postulate	D. Theorem
2.	The set of points consi	sting of the union of two	o rays with a common er	ndpoint is called:
	A. Angle	B. Bisector	C. Segment	D. Vertex
3.	A structure that consicalled:	sts of defined and unde	efined terms, axioms or	postulates, and theorems is
	A. Direct proof	B. Indirect proof	C. Law of Syllogism	D. Mathematical system
4.	Perpendicular lines form right angles.			
	A. always	B. sometimes	C. maybe	D. never
5.	Any three points not or	n the same line det	ermine a plane.	
	A. always	B. sometimes	C. maybe	D. never
6	A line has endpoin		,	
0.	A. always	B. sometimes	C. maybe	D. never
7	•		-	D. Hevel
7.	A. Blackboard	objects represent a line B. Ruler	C. Scissors	D. Tip of a pen
				D. Tip of a pen
8.	9	objects represent a poir		D. Tim of a man
	A. Blackboard	B. Ruler	C. Scissors	D. Tip of a pen
9.	<u> </u>	acteristics of a line exce	-	
	A. Has infinite depth	B. Has infinite length	C. Has zero width	D. Has zero height
10.	9	acteristics of a plane exc	•	
	A. Has zero thickness	B. Has infinite length	C. Has infinite width	D. Has infinite height
11.	Statements that are prare called:	oved from definitions or	using operations and fa	acts that were already known
	A. Axioms	B. Postulates	C. Proofs	D. Theorems
12.	What is the meaning o	f the acronym PIAT?		
	A. Parallel Internal Ana	gle Theorem	C. Polygon Internal Angle Theorem	
	B. Parallel Interior Angle Theorem D. Polygon In		D. Polygon Interior An	gle Theorem
13.	Which of the following	theorems states that ar	ny two right angles are c	ongruent?
	A. Complement Theorem		C. Third Angles Theorem	
	B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem		D. Vertical Angle Theorem	
14.	Which theorem states	that the sum of the degre	ee measures of the angle	s of a triangle is 180°?
	A. Quadrilateral Interior Angle Theorem		C. Supplement Theorem	
	B. Supplement Postula	ate	D. Triangle Interior An	gle Theorem
15.	Provide the reason for this statement: "If $\angle X$ and $\angle Y$ are vertical angles, then $\angle X \cong \angle Y$."			
	A. Complement Theore	em	C. Third Angles Theore	em
	B. Right Angles Congru	uency Theorem	D. Vertical Angle Theor	rem
16.	Provide the reason for $\angle L$."	this statement: "If $m \angle$	$(J + m \angle K = 90^{\circ} \text{ and } m \angle K)$	$\angle K + m \angle L = 90^{\circ}$, then $\angle J \cong$
	A. Complement Theore	em	C. Supplement Postula	ate

D. Supplement Theorem

B. PCAC Postulate

17. The exterior angle of a triangle can be s	solved using:
A. Exterior Angles Theorem	C. Sı
B. PAIC Theorem	D. Ve

applement Theorem

D. Vertical Angle Theorem

18. Which of the following theorems may be used to solve the third angle of a triangle?

A. Complement Theorem

C. Third Angles Theorem

B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem

D. Vertical Angle Theorem

19. The side common to two angles of a triangle is called:

A. Congruent side

B. Corresponding side C. Included side

D. Paired side

20. The angle between two sides of a triangle is called:

A. Congruent ∠

B. Corresponding ∠

C. Included \angle

D. Paired ∠

21. Which triangle congruence postulate states that if the three sides of one triangle are congruent to the corresponding sides of another triangle, then the two triangles are congruent?

A. ASA Congruence Postulate

C. SSS Congruence Postulate

B. SAS Congruence Postulate

D. AAS Congruence Postulate

22. How do we determine if two triangles are congruent?

A. Corresponding sides must be congruent.

B. Corresponding angles must be congruent.

C. Corresponding sides and angles must be congruent.

D. Included sides and angles must be congruent.

23. Which of the following is NOT a property of congruence?

A. Additive Property

B. Reflexive Property

C. Symmetric Property D. Transitive Property

24. Given $\triangle ABC$, determine the included side between $\angle B$ and $\angle C$.

A. \overline{AB}

B. \overline{AC}

C. \overline{BC}

D. \overline{BA}

25. Which parts must be congruent if $\triangle XVW \cong \triangle VXK$ using the SSS congruence postulate?



A. $\overline{WV} \cong \overline{KX}$

B. $\overline{XV} \cong \overline{VX}$

C. $\overline{VW} \cong \overline{XK}$

D. $\overline{WX} \cong \overline{KV}$

Answer Key

1.	Statements that are assumed to be true without proof are called: Solution:			
	A. Definition	B. Law	C. Postulate	D. Theorem
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6.	A line has endpoir	its.		
	Solution:	B. sometimes	C. maybe	D. never
_	A. always		· ·	D. Hevel
7. Which of the following objects represent a line?				
	Solution:	R Duler	C Scissors	D. Tip of a pen
A. Blackboard B. Ruler C. Scissors D. Tip of a pen				D. Tip of a pen
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	A. Blackboard	B. Ruler	C. Scissors	D. Tip of a pen
0				B. Tip of a pen
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		B. Has infinite length	C Has zero width	D. Has zero height
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Solution:		
A. Complement Theorem	C. Third Angles Theorem	
B. Right Angles Congruency Theorem	D. Vertical Angle Theorem	

16. Provide the reason for this statement: "If $m \angle J + m \angle K = 90^{\circ}$ and $m \angle K + m \angle L = 90^{\circ}$, then $\angle J \cong \angle L$."

Solution:

A. Complement Theorem

C. Supplement Postulate

B. PCAC Postulate

D. Supplement Theorem

17. The exterior angle of a triangle can be solved using:

Solution:

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C. Supplement Theorem

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Solution:

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B. SAS Congruence Postulate

D. AAS Congruence Postulate

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