Quiz 2.6: If-Then Statements

Multiple Choice:	Choose the letter that corresponds to the correct answer.	Write the answer in your
notebook.		

2. A statement formed by negating both the hypothesis and conclusion and also then interchang-

C. Converse

D. Inverse

1. A statement formed by interchanging the hypothesis and the conclusion is called:

B. Contrapositive

A. Conditional

	ing these negations is called:							
	A. Conditional	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse				
3.	A statement formed by joining two statements p (hypothesis) and q (conclusion) using the words if and then is called:							
	A. Conditional	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse				
4.	A statement formed by ment is called:	tatement formed by negating the hypothesis and conclusion of the original conditional state- ent is called:						
	A. Conditional	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse				
5.	What is the notation f	form of the converse sta	atement?					
	A. $p \rightarrow q$	B. $\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$	C. $q \to p$	D. $\sim q \rightarrow \sim p$				
6.	Which statement always has the same truth value as the original conditional statement?							
	A. If-then statement	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse				
7.	7. How do we write the inverse statement in symbolic terms?							
	A. $p \rightarrow q$	B. $\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$	C. $q \to p$	D. $\sim q \rightarrow \sim p$				
8.	8. Which of the following is the contrapositive of the statement "Two congruent angles has same measure"?							
	A. If two angles are congruent, they they have the same measure. B. If two angles are not congruent, they they do not have the same measure.							
	C. If two angles have t	the same measure, the	n they are congruent.					
	D. If two angles do no	t have the same measu	ire, then they are not c	ongruent.				
9.	. Which of the following is the inverse of the statement "Two intersecting lines lie in one plane"?							
	A. If two lines intersec	et, then they lie in one	plane.					
	B. If two lines do not intersect, then they do not lie in one plane.							
	C. If two lines lie in one plane, then they intersect.D. If two lines do not lie in one plane, they they do not intersect.							
10.	 0. Which of the following is the converse of the statement "The sum of angles forming a linear pair is 180°"? A. If angles form a linear pair, then their sum is 180°. B. If angles do not form a linear pair, then their sum is not 180°. C. If the sum of angles is 180°, then they form a linear pair. D. If the sum of angles is not 180°, then they do not form a linear pair. 							

Answer Key

	Allswer Key						
1.	A statement formed b	statement formed by interchanging the hypothesis and the conclusion is called:					
	Solution:						
	A. Conditional	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse			
2.	A statement formed by negating both the hypothesis and conclusion and also then interchaning these negations is called:						
	Solution:						
	A. Conditional	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse			
3.	A statement formed by joining two statements p (hypothesis) and q (conclusion) using the world and then is called:						
	Solution:						
	A. Conditional	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse			
4.	. A statement formed by negating the hypothesis and conclusion of the original conditional statement is called:						
	Solution:						
	A. Conditional	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse			
5. What is the notation form of the converse statement?							
Solution:							
	A. $p \rightarrow q$	B. $\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$	C. $q \rightarrow p$	D. $\sim q \rightarrow \sim p$			
6.	. Which statement always has the same truth value as the original conditional statement						
	Solution:						
	A. If-then statement	B. Contrapositive	C. Converse	D. Inverse			
7.	How do we write the inverse statement in symbolic terms?						
	Solution:						
	A. $p \rightarrow q$	B. $\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$	C. $q \rightarrow p$	D. $\sim q \rightarrow \sim p$			
8.	Which of the following same measure"?	congruent angles have the					
	Solution:						
	A. If two angles are co	ongruent, they they hav	e the same measure.				
	B. If two angles are not congruent, they they do not have the same measure.						

C. If two angles have the same measure, then they are congruent.

B. If two lines do not intersect, then they do not lie in one plane.

D. If two lines do not lie in one plane, they they do not intersect.

A. If two lines intersect, then they lie in one plane.

C. If two lines lie in one plane, then they intersect.

Solution:

D. If two angles do not have the same measure, then they are not congruent.

9. Which of the following is the inverse of the statement "Two intersecting lines lie in one plane"?

10. Which of the following is the converse of the statement "The sum of angles forming a linear pair is 180° "?

Solution:

- A. If angles form a linear pair, then their sum is 180°.
- B. If angles do not form a linear pair, then their sum is not 180° .
- C. If the sum of angles is 180° , then they form a linear pair.
- D. If the sum of angles is not 180° , then they do not form a linear pair.