GRADES 1 to 12 DAILY LESSON LOG	School	Sauyo High School	Grade Level	Grade 8
	Teacher	Mr. Jonathan R. Bacolod, LPT	Learning Area	Mathematics
	Teaching Dates and Time	Week 1, January 3 – 7, 2019	Quarter	1st

I. OBJECTIVES	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4
Learning Competencies/				
Objectives:	 Demonstrate the steps in finding the rule of a given Squaring Bino- mials; Calculate the next terms of a Squaring Binomials; and, Display determination and inde- pendence in solving problems. 	 Define the steps in finding the rule of a given Squaring Trinomials; Calculate the next terms of a Squaring Trinomials; and, Project interest and independence in solving problems. 	 Compare the steps in finding the rule of a given Product of a Sum and a Difference; Find the next terms of a Product of a Sum and a Difference; and, Project determination and willingness in solving problems. 	 Classify the steps in finding the rule of a given Cube of a Binomial; Solve the next terms of a Cube of a Binomial; and, Demonstrate determination and determination in solving problems.
II. CONTENT	SPECIAL PRODUCTS AND FACTORS			
III CONTENT	Squaring Binomials	Squaring Trinomials	Product of a Sum and a Difference	Cube of a Binomial
III. LEARNING RESOURCES				
A. References				
1. Teacher's Guide Pages	pp. 1–7	pp. 8–15	pp. 16–21	pp. 22–29
2. Learner's Materials Pages	pp. 1–6	pp. 7–13	pp. 14–18	pp. 19–25
3. Textbook Pages	pp. 1–8	pp. 9–17	pp. 18–23	pp. 24–32
4. Additional Materials from				
Learning Resources Portal				
B. Other Learning Resources	Flashcards	Flashcards	Flashcards	Flashcards
IV. PROCEDURES		·		

A. Reviewing Previous Lesson or Presenting New Lesson	Squaring Binomials	Squaring Trinomials	Product of a Sum and a Difference	Cube of a Binomial
	 The square of a binomial consists of: the square of the first term; twice the product of the first and last terms; and the square of the last term. Perfect square trinomial: the square of a binomial To square binomials, use (a+b)² = a² + 2ab + b² (a-b)² = a² - 2ab + b² How to square binomials: Square the first term. Get the product of the first and last terms, then multiply the product by 2. Square the last term 	 How to Square Trinomials: Find the sum of the squares of the first, second and last terms. Get the product of the first and the second terms, then multiply by 2. Get the product of the first and the last terms, then multiply by 2. Get the product of the second and the last terms, then multiply by 2 To square trinomials, use 	The product of the sum of two terms $(a + b)$ and difference of the same terms $(a - b)$ is the difference of the squares of the two terms. The product is always a binomial. In symbols, $(x+y)(x-y) = (x-y)(x+y) = x^2 - y^2.$	 To find the cube of a binomial of the form (x + y)³: Find the cube of each term to get the first and the last terms. The second term is three times the product of the square of the first term and the second term. The third term is three times the product of the first term and the square of the second term. In symbols, (x+y)³ = x³ + 3x²y + 3xy² + y³.
B. Establishing a Purpose for the Lesson	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving squaring-binomials.	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving squaring-trinomials.	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving product-of-a-sum-and-a-difference.	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving cube-of-a-binomial.

C. Discussing New Concepts	Practice Exercises	Practice Exercises	Practice Exercises	Practice Exercises
and Practicing New Skills #1	A. Square each binomial.	A. Square each trinomial.	Multiply the following binomials.	Cube each binomial.
	1. $(n+4)^2$	$1. \qquad (m+n-2r)^2$	$1. \qquad (n-2d)(n+2d)$	1. $(x+5)^3$
	2. $(2n-1)^2$	2. $(a-3b-c)^2$	$2. \qquad (a+2b)(a-2b)$	2. $(a-3b)^3$
	3. $(2-3n^2)^2$	3. $(4h^2+i+2k)^2$	3. $(-2x+y^2)(-2x-y^2)$	3. $(4h^2+2k)^3$
	4. $(2a+3b)^2$	4. $(-3x-2y-4z)(-3x-2y-4z)$	4. $\left(\frac{3}{4}c - \frac{2}{3}d\right)\left(\frac{3}{4}c + \frac{2}{3}d\right)$	4. $(-3x-2y)^3$
	5. $(-2x^2 - y^4)^2$	$ 4z) 5. (5m+2n^3-r)^2 $	5. $(-3mn^2 - 2p)(-3mn^2 + 2p)$	5. $(5m+2n^2)^3$
D. Discussing New Concepts	B. Fill in the blanks.	B. Fill in the blanks.		B. Fill in the blanks.
and Practicing New Skills #2	1. $(x-3y)^2 = x^2 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 9y^2$ 2. $(2m + n^2)^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} +$	2 0		1. $(x - 3y)^3 = x^3 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 27 $xy^2 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
	$2. (2m + n^{2})^{2} = \underline{\qquad} + 4mn^{2} + n^{4}$ $3. (-3a^{2} - 2b^{3})^{2} = \underline{\qquad}$	204 102 1 1022		2. $(2x + z^2)^3 = 8x^3 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + z^6$
		3. $(-3a^2 - 2b^3 + c)^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 4b^6 + c^2 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} -6a^2c - 4b^3c$		3. $ (-3t^2 - 2y^3)^3 = -27t^6 - $ $ -36t^2y^6 - $
	$3mn^{2}p^{2} + 9p^{4}$ 5. $(5b^{2}c^{3} - 2d^{3})^{2} = 25b^{4}c^{6} - 6b^{2}$	$4b^{6} + b^{7} + \underline{\qquad} -6a^{7} + 4b^{7} + b^{7} + 6a^{7} + 4b^{7} + 6a^{7} + 6a^{7}$		4. $(-xy^2 + 3z^2)^3 = $ + $9x^2y^4z^2 - $ + $27z^6$
	$+4d^6$	$ \begin{array}{rcl} & \underline{\qquad} -12p^2q \\ 5. & (-2a + 5b^2c^3 - 2d^3)^2 &= \\ & 4a^2 + 25b^4c^6 + \underline{\qquad} -\underline{\qquad} + \\ & 8ad^3 - 20b^2c^3d^3 \end{array} $		5. $(x^2y^3 - 2z^3)^3 = x^6y^9 - \underline{\qquad} + \underline{\qquad} -8z^9$
		200 200 0		

E. Developing Mastery

Problem Set

A. Square each binomial.

1.
$$(3a+4)^2$$

2.
$$(4n-1)^2$$

3.
$$(2m^2-3n^3)^2$$

4.
$$(-5x+2y^2)^2$$

5.
$$(-3n-2v^3)^2$$

B. Fill in the blanks.

1.
$$(3x-y)^2 = 9x^2 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + y^2$$

$$2. \quad (3m + 2n^2)^2 = \underline{\qquad} + \\ 12mn^2 + 4n^4$$

3.
$$(-2a^3 - 5b^2)^2 = 4a^6 + +25b^4$$

4.
$$(-m^3n^2 + 2p^3)^2 = \underline{\qquad} -4m^3n^2p^3 + 4p^6$$

Problem Set

A. Square each trinomial.

1.
$$(2m-n+3r)^2$$

2.
$$(-4a+2b-c)^2$$

3.
$$(3h^2 - 2i + k)^2$$

4.
$$(5x+3y+2z)(5x+3y+2z)$$

5.
$$(2m-4n^3-2r)^2$$

B. Fill in the blanks.

1.
$$(3x-y)^2 = 9x^2 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + y^2$$

1. $(2x-y+3z)^2 = 4x^2 + y^2 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} -4xy + 12xz - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

2.
$$(3x+2y^2-z)^2 = 9x^2+4y^4+$$

 $z^2+\underline{\qquad}-4y^2z$

3.
$$(-x^2 - 3y^3 + 2z)^2 = x^4 +$$

$$9y^6 + 4z^2 + ____ - 4x^2z - ____$$

1.
$$(3x-y)^2 = 9x^2 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + y^2$$

2. $(3m+2n^2)^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm$

5.
$$(-4t + 2x^2y^3 - 3z^3)^2 = 16t^2 + 4x^4y^6 + 9z^6 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 24tz^3 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Problem Set

Multiply the following binomials.

1.
$$(3n-p)(3n+p)$$

2.
$$(b+4cd^2)(b-4cd^2)$$
 2. $(-4a-c)^3$

3.
$$(3a+2bc^2)(3a-2bc^2)$$
 3. $(3h^2-2i)^3$

4.
$$(\frac{4}{5}c - \frac{3}{4}d)(\frac{4}{5}c + \frac{3}{4}d)$$
 4. $(5x + 3y)^3$

5.
$$(-3m - 2np^3)(-3m + 2np^3)$$

Problem Set

A. Cube each binomial.

1.
$$(2m+3r)^3$$

2.
$$(-4a-c)^3$$

3.
$$(3h^2-2i)^3$$

4.
$$(5x + 3y)$$

5.
$$(2m-4n^3)^3$$

B. Fill in the blanks.

1.
$$(2x - y)^3 = 8x^3 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

2.
$$(3x+z^3)^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} +$$

 $9xz^6+z^9$

3.
$$(-2t^2 - y^3)^3 = -8t^6 -$$

$$- y^9$$

4.
$$(-3xy^2 + z^2)^3 = -27x^3y^6 +$$

$$- - + z^6$$

5.
$$(3x^3y^2 - 2z^2)^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} -$$
$$+ 36x^3y^2z^4 - 8z^6$$

F. Finding Practical Application of Concepts and Skills in Daily Living	Let the students answer the following questions: 1. In what real life situations or problems can we observe some examples of squaring-binomials? 2. How can you apply your knowledge of squaring-binomials in solving these real life problems?	Let the students answer the following questions: 1. In what real life situations or problems can we observe some examples of squaring-trinomials? 2. How can you apply your knowledge of squaring-trinomials in solving these real life problems?	Let the students answer the following questions: 1. In what real life situations or problems can we observe some examples of product-of-a-sum-and-a-difference? 2. How can you apply your knowledge of product-of-a-sum-and-a-difference in solving these real life problems?	Let the students answer the following questions: 1. In what real life situations or problems can we observe some examples of cube-of-abinomial? 2. How can you apply your knowledge of cube-of-abinomial in solving these real life problems?
G. Making Generalization and Abstractions about the Lesson H. Evaluating Learning	Let the students answer the following questions: 1. In your own words, what are squaring-binomials? 2. How do we solve problems involving squaring-binomials?	Let the students answer the following questions: 1. In your own words, what are squaring-trinomials? 2. How do we solve problems involving squaring-trinomials?	Let the students answer the following questions: 1. In your own words, what are product-of-a-sum-and-a-difference? 2. How do we solve problems involving product-of-a-sum-and-a-difference?	Let the students answer the following questions: 1. In your own words, what are cube-of-a-binomial? 2. How do we solve problems involving cube-of-a-binomial?
I. Additional Activities for				
Application or Remediation				
VI. REMARKS	Objectives have been attained:	Objectives have been attained:	Objectives have been attained:	Objectives have been attained:
	Objectives were not attained due to:	Objectives were not attained due to:	Objectives were not attained due to:	Objectives were not attained due to:
VII. REFLECTION				
A. No. of learners who earned 80% in the evaluation	8–Bohr:out of 8–Copernicus:out of 8–Fleming:out of	8–Bohr:out of 8–Copernicus:out of 8–Fleming:out of	8–Bohr:out of 8–Copernicus:out of 8–Fleming:out of	8-Bohr:out of 8-Copernicus:out of 8-Fleming:out of

B. No. of learners who require	8–Bohr:out of	8–Bohr:out of	8–Bohr:out of	8–Bohr:out of
additional activities for remedia-	8–Copernicus:out of	8–Copernicus:out of	8–Copernicus:out of	8–Copernicus:out of
tion who scored below 80%	8–Fleming:out of	8–Fleming:out of	8–Fleming:out of	8–Fleming:out of
C. Did the remedial lessons	8–Bohr:	8–Bohr:	8–Bohr:	8–Bohr:
work? No. of learners who have	8–Copernicus:	8–Copernicus:	8–Copernicus:	8–Copernicus:
caught up with the lesson	8–Fleming:	8–Fleming:	8–Fleming:	8–Fleming:
D. No. of learners who continue	8–Bohr:	8–Bohr:	8–Bohr:	8–Bohr:
to require remediation	8–Copernicus:	8–Copernicus:	8–Copernicus:	8–Copernicus:
	8–Fleming:	8–Fleming:	8–Fleming:	8–Fleming:
E. Which of my teaching strate-				
gies worked well? Why did these				
work?				
F. What difficulties did I en-				
counter which my principal or su-				
pervisor can help me solve?				
G. What innovation or localized				
materials did I use/discover which				
I wish to share with other teach-				
ers?				

Checked by: