

School	Sauyo High School	Grade Level	Grade 10
Teacher	Mr. Jonathan R. Bacolod, LPT	Learning Area	Mathematics
Teaching Dates and Time	Week 5, July 1 – 5, 2019	Quarter	1st

I. OBJECTIVES	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4	DAY 5
	3. Show enjoyment and perseverance in solving prob-	2. Compute the sum of the terms of a finite geometric	 Tell the steps in finding the sum of the terms of an infinite geometric sequence; Generate the sum of the terms of an infinite geometric sequence; and, Display willingness and interest in solving problems. 	between harmonic sequences and arithmetic sequences; 2. Calculate the next terms	 Describe the steps in finding the next terms of a fibonacci sequence; Solve the next terms of a fibonacci sequence; and, Show willingness and interest in solving problems.
II. CONTENT	PATTERNS AND ALGEBRA				
	Geometric Means	Finite Geometric Series	Infinite Geometric Series	Harmonic Sequence	Fibonacci Sequence
III. LEARNING RESOURCES					
A. References					
1. Teacher's Guide Pages	pp. 72–82	pp. 51–62	pp. 63–71	pp. 83–91	pp. 83–91
2. Learner's Materials Pages	pp. 43–49	pp. 31–37	pp. 38–42	pp. 50–54	pp. 50–54
3. Textbook Pages	pp. 60–69	pp. 43–52	pp. 53–59	pp. 70–76	pp. 70–76
4. Additional Materials from Learning Resources Portal					
B. Other Learning	Flashcards	Flashcards	Flashcards	Flashcards	Flashcards
Resources					

A. Reviewing Previous Lesson or Presenting New Lesson	Geometric Means	Finite Geometric Series	Infinite Geometric Series	Harmonic Sequence	Fibonacci Sequence
	Geometric Extremes: the first and last terms of a geometric sequence Geometric Means: the terms between the geometric ex-	Finite Geometric Series: the indicated sum of the terms of a geometric sequence If the last term a_n is not given, use	Infinite Geometric Series: a series of the form $a + ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + + ar^{n-1} +$ To find the sum of an infinite geometric sequence, use	Harmonic Sequence: a sequence of numbers whose reciprocals form an arithmetic sequence In symbols,	Fibonacci Sequence: a sequence in which the terms are found by adding the two previous terms In symbols,
	tremes Mean Proportionality: the geometric mean between two terms To solve for the mean proportionality of two terms a and b , use	$S_n = \frac{a_1(1-r^n)}{1-r}, r \neq 1$ If the last term a_n is given, use $S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_n r}{1-r}, r \neq 1$	a	$\frac{1}{a_1}$, $\frac{1}{a_1+d}$, $\frac{1}{a_1+2d}$,, $\frac{1}{a_1+(n-1)}$	
	$GM = \pm \sqrt{ab}$				
B. Establishing a Purpose for the Lesson	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving geometric means.	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving finite geometric series.	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving infinite geometric series.	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving harmonic sequence.	The purpose of this lesson is to enable the students to solve real life problems involving fibonacci sequence.

C. Discussing New Concepts	Practice Exercises	Practice Exercises	Practice Exercises	Practice Exercises	Practice Exercises
and Practicing New Skills #1	A. Insert the specified number of geometric means. 1. Two: 3 and 81 2. Two: 16 and -2 3. Two: 2 and -250 4. Two: -3 and 24 5. One negative: 2 and 50	A. Find the indicated sum of the following geometric series. 1. $1+4+16+S_6$ 2. $2+4+8+16+S_{10}$ 3. $2+6+18+S_7$ 4. $(-9)+6+(-4)+S_8$ 5. $2+2\sqrt{2}+4+S_{10}$	A. Determine if each geometric series has a sum. If the sum exists, find the sum. 1. $4+1\frac{1}{4}+$ 2. $4+2+1+$ 3. $16+8+4+2+$ 4. $1+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{9}+\frac{1}{27}+$ 5. $16+1.6+0.16+$	A. Write Yes if the sequence is harmonic. Otherwise, write Not. 1. $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{11}$ 2. $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{15}$ 3. $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{3}{10}$ 4. $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{6}$ 5. $-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{6}$ B. Find the specified term of each harmonic sequence. 1. $\frac{4}{3}, 2, 4, a_7$ 2. $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{10}, \frac{3}{11}, a_9$ 3. $a_1 = 6, a_2 = 7, a_n = 25, n = ?$ 4. $a_1 = \frac{1}{15}, a_{10} = \frac{1}{27}, a_7 = ?$ 5. $a_8 = 4, a_{14} = \frac{4}{19}, a_{13} = ?$	Find the missing terms of each sequence. 1. 6, 6, 12,,,

D. Discussing New Concepts	E
and Practicing New Skills #2	ϵ
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B. Find the missing terms of each geometric sequence.

- 1. 3, _____, 27
- 2. _____, 24, _____, _____,

B. Find each specified term.

1.
$$S_5 = \frac{31}{4}$$
; $r = \frac{1}{2}$; $a_1 = ?$

- 2. $S_8 = 2,550; r = 2; a_1 = ?$
- 3. $S_7 = 7,651; r =$

5.
$$S_6 = 126; r$$

 $-\frac{1}{2}; a_6 = ?$

B. In each infinite geometric series, find the specified unknown.

1.
$$S = 45$$
; $a_1 = 15$; $r = ?$

2.
$$S = 28$$
; $r = \frac{1}{7}$; $a_1 = ?$

3.
$$S = 80$$
; $r = \frac{1}{5}$; $a_1 = 3$

4.
$$S = \frac{1}{3}$$
; $a_1 = \frac{3}{10}$; $r = ?$

C. Find the harmonic mean between the two given numbers.

- 1. 40 and 60
- 2. 80 and 120
- 3. -30 and 60

4.
$$-\frac{3}{7}$$
 and $\frac{5}{6}$

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E. Developing Mastery	Problem Set		
	A. Insert the specified number of geometric means.		
	1. Two: 128 and 16		
	2. Three: -2 and -512		
	3. Two: 4 and 32		
	4. Three: 4 and 324		
	5. One positive: -4 and -36		
	B. Find the missing terms of each geometric sequence.		
	1. 2,, 54		
	2,, 8,		
	3. <i>x</i> ,, <i>y</i>		
	4,, 9,, 1		
	5, $\frac{1}{3}$, 1,,		

Problem Set

- A. Find the indicated sum of the following geometric series.
 - 1. $9+6+4+...S_7$
 - 2. $2+8+32+...S_9$
 - 3. $3+3\sqrt{3}+9+...S_9$
 - $4. \quad 1 + (-2) + 4 +$ $(-8)...S_8$
 - 5. (-2) + 6 + (-18) + $\dots S_6$
- B. Find the sum of the first *n* terms of the related geometric series.
 - 1. $a_1 = \frac{1}{2}$; r = 4; n = 6
 - 2. $a_1 = 13$; r = 4; n =
 - 3. $a_1 = 318; r =$ $\frac{1}{2}$; n=7
 - 4. $a_1 = 168; r = \frac{3}{4}; n = 8$
 - 5. $a_1 = 4$; r =-5; n = 8

Problem Set

- A. Determine if each geometric series has a sum. If the sum exists, find the sum.
 - 1. $1 + (-\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{1}{4} +$
 - 2. 4+2.4+1.44+...
 - 3. $6+2+\frac{2}{3}+\frac{2}{9}+\dots$
 - $4. \quad (-5) + (-0.5) +$ $(-0.05) + \dots$
 - 5. $1 + (-\frac{1}{3}) + \frac{1}{9} +$ $(-\frac{1}{27}) + \dots$
- B. In each infinite geometric series, find the specified unknown.
 - 1. S = -10; $a_1 =$ -5; r = ?
 - 2. S = -52; $a_1 =$ -65; r = ?
 - 3. $S = -\frac{2}{5}$; $a_1 =$
 - 4. S = -36; $a_1 =$ -60; r = ?
 - 5. $S = 384; r = \frac{1}{3}; a_1 = ?$

Problem Set

- A. Write Yes if the sequence is harmonic. Otherwise, write *Not*.
 - 1. $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 1$

 - 3. $\frac{1}{8}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{5}{11}$

 - 5. $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{6}{5}, \frac{11}{5}$
- B. Find the specified term of each harmonic sequence.
 - 1. $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{6}, \dots a_7$
 - 2. $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{15}, \dots a_{10}$
 - 3. $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{11}, \frac{1}{18}, \dots a_9$
 - 4. $-\frac{1}{10}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \dots a_{14}$
 - 5. $1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{5}, \dots a_{10}$
- C. Find the harmonic mean between the two given numbers.
 - 1. 20 and 4
 - 2. 10 and 5
 - 3. 15 and 45
 - 4. 9 and 25

Problem Set

Find the missing terms of each sequence.

- 1. 2, 2, 4, ____, ___
- 2. 0.2, 0.2, ____, ___
- 4. 5x, _____, 10x, ____
- 6. _____, 2, 3, 5, _____,
- 7. 0.5, _____, 1, _____,

F. Finding Practical Application of Concepts and Skills in	Let the students answer the following questions:	Let the students answer the following questions:	Let the students answer the following questions:	Let the students answer the following questions:	Let the students answer the following questions:
Daily Living	1. In what real life sit- uations or problems can we observe some examples of geometric means?	1. In what real life situations or problems can we observe some examples of finite geometric series?	1. In what real life situations or problems can we observe some examples of infinite geometric series?	1. In what real life situations or problems can we observe some examples of harmonic sequence?	1. In what real life situations or problems can we observe some examples of fibonacci sequence?
	2. How can you apply your knowledge of geometric means in solving these real life problems?	2. How can you apply your knowledge of finite ge- ometric series in solv- ing these real life prob- lems?	2. How can you apply your knowledge of infinite geometric series in solving these real life problems?	2. How can you apply your knowledge of harmonic sequence in solving these real life problems?	2. How can you apply your knowledge of fibonacci sequence in solving these real life problems?
G. Making Generalization and Abstractions about the	Let the students answer the following questions:	Let the students answer the following questions:	Let the students answer the following questions:	Let the students answer the following questions:	Let the students answer the following questions:
Lesson	In your own words, what are geometric means?	 In your own words, what are finite geomet- ric series? 	 In your own words, what are infinite geo- metric series? 	In your own words, what is a harmonic sequence?	In your own words, what is a fibonacci sequence?
	2. How do we solve prob- lems involving geomet- ric means?	2. How do we solve prob- lems involving finite ge- ometric series?	2. How do we solve prob- lems involving infinite geometric series?	2. How do we solve problems involving harmonic sequence?	2. How do we solve problems involving fibonacci sequence?
H. Evaluating Learning					
I. Additional Activities for Application or Remediation					
VI. REMARKS	Objectives have been attained: Objectives were not attained due to:	Objectives have been attained: Objectives were not attained due to:	Objectives have been attained: Objectives were not attained due to:	Objectives have been attained: Objectives were not attained due to:	Objectives have been attained: Objectives were not attained due to:
VII. REFLECTION					

A. No. of learners who	10–Bohr:out of				
earned 80% in the evaluation	10–Avogadro:out of				
B. No. of learners who re-	10–Bohr:out of				
quire additional activities for	10–Avogadro:out of				
remediation who scored below 80%					
C. Did the remedial lessons	10–Bohr:	10–Bohr:	10–Bohr:	10–Bohr:	10–Bohr:
work? No. of learners who	10–Avogadro:	10–Avogadro:	10–Avogadro:	10–Avogadro:	10–Avogadro:
have caught up with the les-					
son					
D. No. of learners who con-	10–Bohr:	10–Bohr:	10–Bohr:	10–Bohr:	10–Bohr:
tinue to require remediation	10–Avogadro:	10–Avogadro:	10–Avogadro:	10–Avogadro:	10–Avogadro:
E. Which of my teaching					
strategies worked well? Why					
did these work?					
F. What difficulties did I en-					
counter which my principal					
or supervisor can help me					
solve?					
G. What innovation or					
localized materials did I					
use/discover which I wish to					
share with other teachers?					