

UDEMY Tableau classes notes

① Tableau Basics

Rows - measures
Column - Dimensions

Dimensions = ~~Numerical values~~

(Independent variables)

Categorical values.

Measures = Numerical values

(dependent variables)

Calculating New Calculating field

→ In measures Right click Calculate

↳ Create Calculating field

Formatting on the chart

→ Pane

→ ~~axis~~ x-axis

→ y-axis

→ change Font size

→ change Bold, Italics etc

measures = green

~~dimensions~~

Dimensions = Blue

Extract

Database \rightarrow Right click \rightarrow Create Extract

Time series data

In period data on the graph, we have
Year, month, ~~day~~ Quarter, days

\rightarrow In the drop down

①	Year or m day	} agg. to each month/day or <u>Quarter</u>
②	Year or m day	

Aggregation off/on = to get the granularity of the data on the graph

Highlighting \rightarrow Just clicking on the filter color we get highlighting

→ Highlight Button is beside the dropdown tab
Area chart - Use it whenever it is necessary

Filter

→ drag & drop the features to filter & select No. of items to be filtered.

→ drop down - show filter & get the different types of filter.

→ dropdown - customize, Uncheck ~~show~~ all values.

Joining data

Join two tabs/pages of CSV or excel sheet

drag & drop => default is inner ~~join~~ join

Creating map / working with Hierarchies

Drag - latitude, longitude

→ drag Country → detail

Scatterplot ; applying filters to multiple worksheets

→ ~~First~~ First Sheet - filter is there

→ dropdown of the item in worksheet → apply to worksheet

Good one { → all using this data source

Adding Interactive action = filter

→ Go to dashboard → Filter Add any filter

→ In the dashboard dropdown menu click
→ use as filter

→ Select / Hover → points are there

Adding Interactive action = ~~Highlight~~ Highlight:

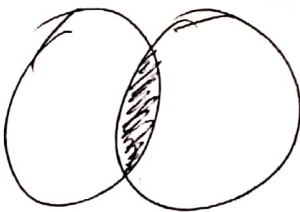
↳ Go to dashboard ~~to~~ → Highlight add any ~~other~~

↳ Add the region in the scatterplot graph
- add state to detail

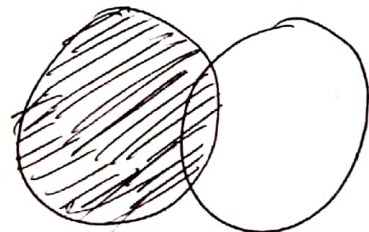
↳ Customizations are inside here

Now LEFT, RIGHT, INNER & OUTER Join work

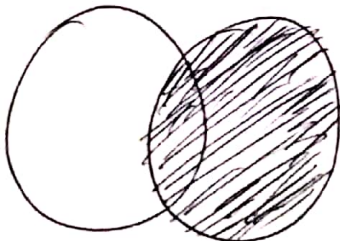
Inner join



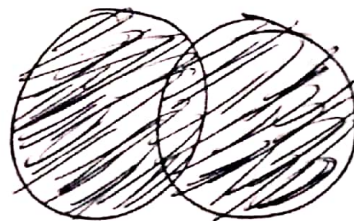
LEFT OUTER JOIN



Right outer join



Full outer join



Joins with Duplicate values

↓
Several items in the table for

General Inner Join ; it will join ^{same Common}
all of the Common Values Column

Joining on multiple fields

Using Left join \Rightarrow Condition is AND

Data Blending in tableau

Add two Excel/CSV sheets Separately

Data blending chain is visible on the 2nd Database

joined automatically on common items

→ Blending Connections

Data $\xrightarrow{\text{Edit}}$ Relationships \rightarrow Custom \equiv Select
items
to be joined

~~either~~ Changing the name with same contents blends the data itself.

→ whichever one we choose the dataset will become Primary dataset.

Diff b/w Joining & Blending

↳ join with one time ~~add~~ join

↳ then ~~Blending~~ ~~seperate~~ → To retain the details / not to lose the details
→ different types of data sources

Dual-axis chart

↳ Data → Edit relationships → Custom

→ to get the details from chart of blended data

↳ Right click → dual axis

Right side → ~~for~~ right click - Synchronize

Creating Calculated fields in a blend

Right Click → Create calculate field

↳ Do the calculation ~~in~~ from both Data

↳ ~~Remove~~ Remove the errors by correctly doing the calculations

Recap

Blending Data

→ A blend is like a smart join 'on the fly'

→ It is a left join

→ Common fields with the same name are picked up automatically as the blend clause.

→ You can control this via the "data" menu.

→ Blending occurs at the granularity of your view

→ Aggregation happens before the blend.

→ Blends are unique to each ~~work~~ worksheets.

* Use join when:

↳ Combining data at row level

* Use Blends when:

↳ Data sources have different levels of granularity.

↳ Data sources come from different systems.

Setting geographic Role

↳ dropdown & in Region

↳ Geography Role → select ; State, City & Country

→ Right bottom "Unknowns" will be displayed; ~~edit~~

~~but~~ ↳ click on it

↳ edit locations

↳ then assign those locations

Demography (Gender, Profession, age group etc . . .)

→ getting % on the graph
→ dropdown

↓

Quick table calculation

↓

% of total

→ It shows ~~21~~ 21

Creating Bins (age groups & et.al.,)

↓
measures

↓
Create

↓
Create bins

↓
~~Input~~ Put the range

Parameters

↓ to adjust the sizes of bins very quickly

measures

↓
Create parameter

↓
Feed the data

↓
Click show parameter

↓
Click on bins → Edit bins → In size of bins
- select parameter

→ Then dynamically ~~the~~ change size of bins.

Tree map

↓
Top Right ~~to~~ Corner → show me — different types of Maps

Dash Board Interactive

→ put all the graphs in the dashboard

→ Click dropdown on main graph

↓
~~Click~~ Select use as filter.

↓
Do the same for rest of the graph if needed

↓
To remove the popups on the graph

↓
go to ~~the~~ Individual page

↓
worksheet →

↓
tooltip

↓
Uncheck "show tooltip".

~~###~~ Analysing the Dashboard.

~~#~~ Storyline & Storyboard

↳ analyses to be done & written over the Storyboard

→ Select all at once

↓
Each region by each to ~~the~~ write the analysis

~~###~~ Use the data interpreter while uploading the data.

~~#~~ pivot

↳ In the datasource

↓
select column - Drop down → Pivot

~~#~~ Splitting the columns in data source

→ dropdown the column to be split

↓ select split → last ~~all~~ 1 word, separated by space
(First 1 word all word)

Metadata grid

It is there in the ~~REF~~ datasource
beside the sort fields

To keep the bars @ same height
to drop down

↓
add table calculation

↓
%. of total down

Fixing Geographical errors

↓
Unknown locations @ the Right bottom

Corner
↓
Edit data / filter data

Custom territories via groups

* After the map generation

* To make custom territories ~~select~~

1st method (1) → Select all the states to create group
& Right click & select ~~group~~ group

→ Take the state out of marks. Then
we get two separate groups

2nd method → Custom territories via geographic roles

↳ Select ~~in~~ after right click

↳ geographic role.

→ Create from

→ state

↳ Then drop the

map by choosing sales / revenue etc

Highlighter

→ ~~SS~~ drop down - show highlighter for
different details

Clustering

↳ go to analytics tab beside data

→ In the model ~~select~~ Clustering (K-means)

Cross database joins

→ Connect different ~~data~~ file (different format)

→ match by same id's

Tableau \Rightarrow VPK Academy

\rightarrow Bar chart \Rightarrow 1 dimension
1 measure

\rightarrow Outlier \Rightarrow Average > median

\rightarrow Groups & Set \Rightarrow Select on the graph
make it either groups / sets based
on the requirements for further close
analysis

\downarrow
 \rightarrow The above is for static set-select
from the chart itself

\rightarrow For Dynamic set-select a dimension & go to
Create - set \rightarrow Top \rightarrow selections made
as per the problem
set

→ Pareto Chart

→ Sort them either Asc / desc

→ Quick table Calculation - from drop down

→ Edit Table Calculation

→ add Secondary Calculation

→ % of total

→ dual axis

→ Drop down Mark type

First Chart

→ Bar Chart

→ Second Chart → Mark type

→ Line Chart

→ add labels on line chart

→ Then Insight

→ LOD ⇒ Level of detail Calculation

- (1) Fixed
- (2) Include
- (3) Exclude

(1) Fixed

→ fixed [Column name] : ^{Agg} Sum ([Column name])
Avg (

(2) Include

→ only @ the level of Col detail

→ Include [Col name] : Sum ([Col name])

Link is there in the Last video