

Collaborative Writing with Manubot

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Abstract

To provide a working example for an article on collaborative science writing platforms, we created this demonstration document. This abstract will be updated with publication details once the article goes public. In the meantime, we encourage readers to explore and contribute to this document, as detailed in the [Methods section](#) below.

Introduction

[Manubot](#) is a tool for collaboratively authoring and editing scientific manuscripts. It marries the scientific writing process with the workflow of open-source software development, much of which occurs on GitHub.

Authors and collaborators can contribute to a project either by editing the document files on the GitHub web site or by cloning the repository to their own computer and editing the text there. In either case, changes are submitted in the form of a GitHub ‘pull request’, which allows the project maintainers to review the proposed edits.

Casey Greene – whose lab first developed Manubot to manage a [review of deep learning](#) – added the following text to this document via [pull request](#):

Let’s add a citation by persistent identifier. This is my favorite feature of Manubot [[1](#)]. It will also give you a chance to review a pull request.

Greene’s pull request added a reference to the original Manubot paper using just its DOI – a feature called ‘cite-by-identifier’. Citations can also be added using arXiv [[2](#)] or PubMed IDs [[3](#)], URLs [[4](#)], and [other identifiers](#). Here we’ll add a second reference by DOI. [[5](#)]. Note the tooltip that appears if you mouse over the inline references, which provides a direct link to the PubMed record, among other information. As this particular reference is actually cited twice in this article, you should also see navigation arrows that allow you to jump to each location.

Manubot builds documents from text files written in the simple formatting language called [Markdown](#), in which, for example, **bold text** is indicated by double asterisks and *italic text* is indicated by single asterisks. You can add superscripts (x²) and subscripts (H₂O), as well as ~~striketrough text~~, hyperlinks, and more.

Results

Here we’ll demonstrate the process of inserting data tables and figures, using the Fibonacci sequence as an example.

The Fibonacci sequence is a numeric sequence in which each number is the sum of the previous two numbers (0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, ...). Expressed mathematically (using *L^AT_EX*):

$$F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$$

We can calculate that sequence using the programming language R, and we can show that code here in Markdown:

```
# calculate the first `n` Fibonacci numbers
fibonacci <- function(n) {
  stopifnot(n > 2)
  ar <- rep(0, n)
  ar[1] <- f1 <- 0
  ar[2] <- f2 <- 1
  for (i in 3:n) {
    f3 <- f1 + f2
    ar[i] <- f3
    f1 <- f2
    f2 <- f3
  }
  return (ar)
}

f <- fibonacci(26)
```

Manubot treats figures and tables the same as citations, and numbers them automatically by order of appearance. Authors can reference those objects in their text using identifiers, which take the form of an ‘at-symbol’ followed by `object-type:identifier`. DOIs are cited using `doi:DOI` – `doi:10.1038/d41586-019-03632-y`, for instance, while tables are identified by `tbl:table-identifier` [5]. The first 26 Fibonacci numbers are shown in Table 1.

Table 1: The first 26 Fibonacci numbers

No.	Fib. No.	No.	Fib. No.
1	0	14	233
2	1	15	377
3	1	16	610
4	2	17	987
5	3	18	1597
6	5	19	2584
7	8	20	4181
8	13	21	6765
9	21	22	10946
10	34	23	17711
11	55	24	28657
12	89	25	46368

No.	Fib. No.	No.	Fib. No.
13	144	26	75025

Figures are indicated by `fig:figure-identifier`. For instance, a graphical representation of the data in Table 1 is shown in Figure 1. (Note the tooltip that appears if you hover over the preceding figure number – it is a thumbnail of the figure itself.)

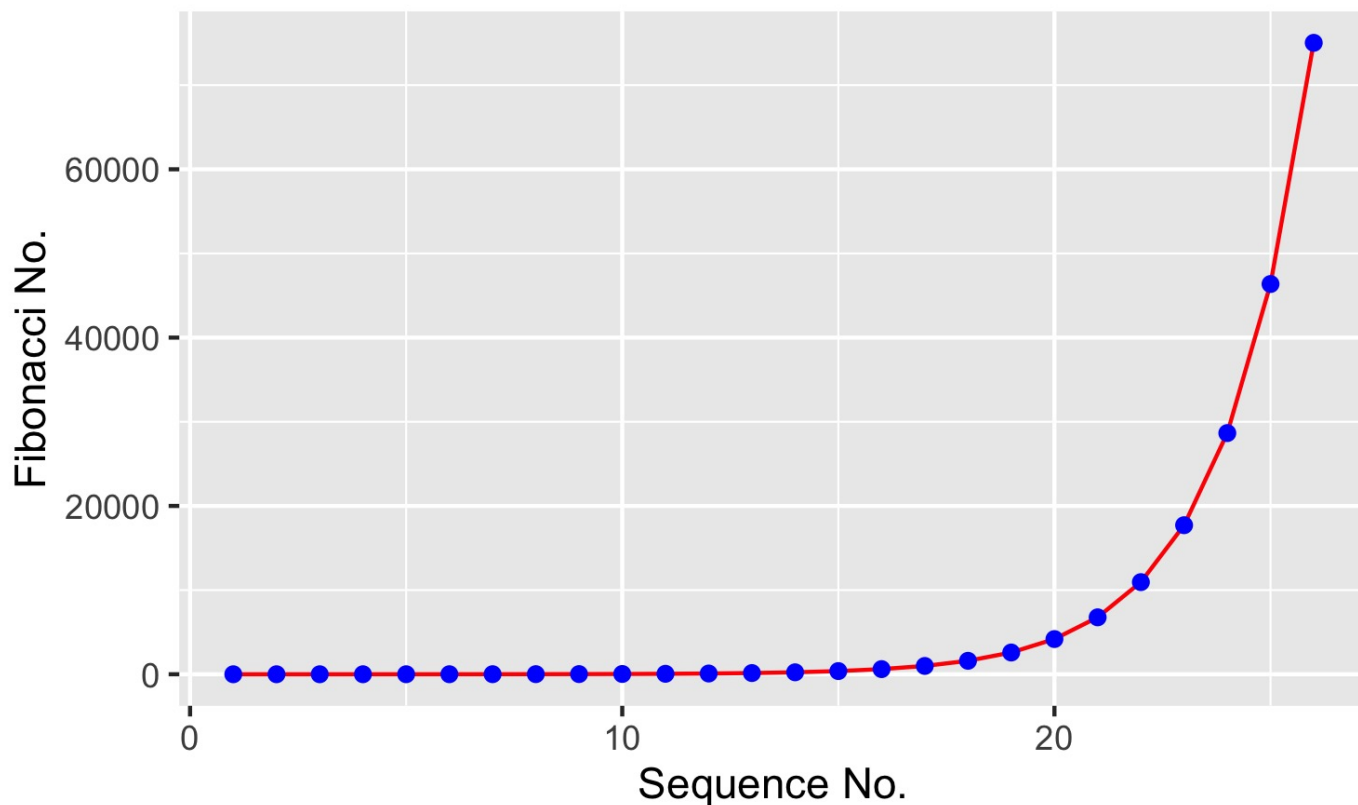


Figure 1: The first 26 Fibonacci numbers

Methods

To create or contribute to a Manubot project, you will need to be logged into GitHub. If you do not have an account, create one.

Creating a new Manubot project

1. Create a new Manubot project by cloning the [Manubot rootstock repository](#) and following the instructions in the repo's [setup.md file](#).
2. Add text to your project's [content directory](#).
3. Push those changes to GitHub. Manubot will then compile and publish the document online in both HTML and PDF formats.

Contributing to an existing Manubot project

1. Go to this document's underlying [GitHub repository](#).
2. Navigate to the `content` subdirectory.
3. Click any document file to open it (these are the files whose names begin with numbers, eg `00.front-matter.md`, `01.abstract.md`, ...). In the gray bar above the document text is a toolbar; select the pencil icon to edit the file. Make your suggested changes.

4. At the bottom of the page, where it says "Propose file change", add an informative message and optional comment. Click "Propose file change".
5. In the next web page, entitled "Comparing changes", you will see your proposed changes. Click "Create pull request".
6. You're done!

This [tutorial video](#) demonstrates the process.

References

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