Contents

1	Basic 1.1 .vimrc	1
2	Math 2.1 Euclidean's Algorithm 2.2 Big Integer	1 1 1
3	Data Structure 3.1 Disjoint Set	3 3 4 5 5
4	4.1 Dijkstra's Algorithm	5 6 6
5	5.1 Bipartite Matching	6 6 7

1 Basic

1.1 .vimrc

2 Math

2.1 Euclidean's Algorithm

```
// a must be greater than b
pair< int, int > gcd( int a, int b ) {
   if ( b == 0 )
      return { 1, 0 };
   pair< int, int > q = gcd( b, b % a );
   return { q.second, q.first - q.second * ( a / b ) };
}
```

2.2 Big Integer

```
const int base = 10000000000;
const int base_digits = 9;
class Bigint {
  public:
    vector<int> a;
    int sign;
    Bigint(): sign(1) {}
Bigint(long long v) { *this = v; }
Bigint(const string &s) { read(s); }
    void operator=(const Bigint &v) { sign = v.sign; a
         = v.a; }
    void operator=(long long v) {
       sign = 1;
       if(v < 0)
       sign = -1, v = -v;
for (; v > 0; v = v / base)
         a.push_back(v % base);
    Bigint operator+(const Bigint &v) const {
       if (sign == v.sign) {
         Bigint res = v;
for (int i = 0, carry = 0; i < (int) max(a.size
            (), v.a.size()) || carry; ++i) {
if (i == (int) res.a.size())
             res.a.push_back(0);
            res.a[i] += carry + (i < (int) a.size() ? a[i
                ]:0);
            carry = res.a[i] >= base;
            if (carry)
              rès.a[ij -= base;
         return res;
       return *this - (-v);
    Bigint operator-(const Bigint &v) const {
       if (sign == v.sign) {
         if (abs() >= v.abs()) {
           Bigint res = *this;
            for (int i = 0, carry = 0; i < (int) v.a.size
                () || carry; ++i) {
```

```
res.a[i] -= carry + (i < (int) v.a.size() ?
             v.a[i] : 0);
        carry = res.a[i] < 0;
        if (carry)
          res.a[i] += base;
      res.trim();
      return res;
    return -(v - *this);
  return *this + (-v);
void operator*=(int v) {
  if (v < 0)
    sign = -sign, v = -v;
  for (int i = 0, carry = 0; i < (int) a.size() || carry; ++i) {
  if (i == (int) a.size())
      a.push_back(0);
    long long cur = a[i] * (long long) v + carry;
    carry = (int) (cur / base);
    a[i] = (int) (cur % base);
  trim();
Bigint operator*(int v) const {
  Bigint res = *this;
  res *= v;
  return res;
friend pair<Bigint, Bigint> divmod(const Bigint &a1
     const Bigint &b1) {
  int norm = base / (b1.a.back() + 1);
  Bigint a = a1.abs() * norm;
  Bigint b = b1.abs() * norm;
  Bigint q, r;
  q.a.resize(a.a.size());
  for (int i = a.a.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    r *= base;
    r += a.a[i];
    int s1 = r.a.size() <= b.a.size() ? 0 : r.a[b.a</pre>
         .size()];
    int s2 = r.a.size() <= b.a.size() - 1 ? 0 : r.a
        [b.a.size() - 1];
    int d = ((long long) base * s1 + s2) / b.a.back
    ();
r -= b * d;
    while (r < 0)
     r += b, --d;
    q.a[i] = d;
  q.sign = a1.sign * b1.sign;
  r.sign = a1.sign;
  q.trim();
  r.trim();
  return make_pair(q, r / norm);
Bigint operator/(const Bigint &v) const {
  return divmod(*this, v).first;
Bigint operator%(const Bigint &v) const {
  return divmod(*this, v).second;
void operator/=(int v) {
  if (v < 0)
    sign = -sign, v = -v;
  for (int i = (int) a.size() - 1, rem = 0; i >= 0;
    long long cur = a[i] + rem * (long long) base;
    a[i] = (int) (cur / v);
    rem = (int) (cur % v);
  trim();
Bigint operator/(int v) const {
```

```
Bigint res = *this;
 res /= v:
 return res;
int operator%(int v) const {
 if (v < 0)
   V = -V
  int m = 0;
 for (int i = a.size() - 1; i >= 0; --i)
   m = (a[i] + m * (long long) base) % v;
 return m * sign;
void operator+=(const Bigint &v) { *this = *this +
void operator-=(const Bigint &v) { *this = *this -
    v; }
void operator*=(const Bigint &v) { *this = *this *
    v; }
void operator/=(const Bigint &v) { *this = *this /
    v; }
bool operator<(const Bigint &v) const {</pre>
  if (sign != v.sign)
   return sign < v.sign;</pre>
 if (a.size() != v.a.size())
  return a.size() * sign < v.a.size() * v.sign;</pre>
  for (int i = a.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    if (a[i] != v.a[i])
      return a[i] * sign < v.a[i] * sign;</pre>
 return false;
bool operator>(const Bigint &v) const { return v <</pre>
    *this; }
bool operator <= (const Bigint &v) const { return !(v
     < *this);
bool operator>=(const Bigint &v) const { return !(*
    this < v); }
bool operator==(const Bigint &v) const { return !(*
    this < v) && !(v < *this); }
bool operator!=(const Bigint &v) const { return *
    this < v || v < *this; }
void trim() {
 while (!a.empty() && !a.back())
   a.pop_back();
  if (a.empty())
   sign = 1;
bool isZero() const {
 return a.empty() || (a.size() == 1 && !a[0]);
Bigint operator-() const {
 Bigint res = *this;
 res.sign = -sign;
 return res;
Bigint abs() const {
 Bigint res = *this;
 res.sign *= res.sign;
 return res:
long longValue() const {
  long long res = 0;
  for (int i = a.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
   res = res * base + a[i];
 return res * sign;
friend Bigint gcd(const Bigint &a, const Bigint &b)
 return b.isZero() ? a : gcd(b, a % b);
friend Bigint lcm(const Bigint &a, const Bigint &b)
 return a / gcd(a, b) * b;
void read(const string &s) {
 sian = 1;
  a.clear();
  int pos = 0;
```

```
while (pos < (int) s.size() && (s[pos] == '-' ||
    s[pos] == '+')) {
    if (s[pos] == '-')</pre>
      sign = -sign;
    ++pos;
  for (int i = s.size() - 1; i >= pos; i -=
      base_digits) {
    int x = 0;
    for (int j = max(pos, i - base_digits + 1); j
      <= i; j++)
x = x * 10 + s[j] - '0';
    a.push_back(x);
  trim();
friend istream& operator>>(istream &stream, Bigint
    &v) {
  string s;
  stream >> s;
  v.read(s);
  return stream;
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream &stream, const
    Bigint &v) {
  if (v.sign == -1)
    stream << '-':
  stream << (v.a.empty() ? 0 : v.a.back());</pre>
  for (int i = (int) v.a.size() - 2; i >= 0; --i)
    stream << setw(base_digits) << setfill('0') <<</pre>
        v.a[i];
  return stream;
static vector<int> convert_base(const vector<int> &
    a, int old_digits, int new_digits) {
  vector<long long> p(max(old_digits, new_digits) +
  p[0] = 1;
  for (int i = 1; i < (int) p.size(); i++)
p[i] = p[i - 1] * 10;
  vector<int> res;
  long long cur = 0;
  int cur_digits = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < (int) a.size(); i++) {
  cur += a[i] * p[cur_digits];</pre>
    cur_digits += old_digits;
    while (cur_digits >= new_digits) {
      res.push_back(int(cur % p[new_digits]));
      cur /= p[new_digits];
      cur_digits -= new_digits;
    }
  res.push_back((int) cur);
  while (!res.empty() && !res.back())
    res.pop_back();
  return res;
typedef vector<long long> vll;
static vll karatsubaMultiply(const vll &a, const
    vll &b) {
  int n = a.size();
  vll res(n + n);
  if (n <= 32) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
      for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
res[i + j] += a[i] * b[j];
    return res;
  int k = n \gg 1;
  vll a1(a.begin(), a.begin() + k);
  vll a2(a.begin() + k, a.end());
vll b1(b.begin(), b.begin() + k);
  vll b2(b.begin() + k, b.end());
  vll a1b1 = karatsubaMultiply(a1, b1);
  vll a2b2 = karatsubaMultiply(a2, b2);
  for (int i = 0; i < k; i++)
  a2[i] += a1[i];
for (int i = 0; i < k; i++)
    b2[i] += b1[i];
```

```
vll r = karatsubaMultiply(a2, b2);
       for (int i = 0; i < (int) a1b1.size(); i++)
         r[i] -= a1b1[i];
       for (int i = 0; i < (int) a2b2.size(); i++)
         r[i] -= a2b2[i];
       for (int i = 0; i < (int) r.size(); i++)
         res[i + k] += r[i];
       for (int i = 0; i < (int) a1b1.size(); i++)
         res[i] += a1b1[i];
       for (int i = 0; i < (int) a2b2.size(); i++)
         res[i + n] += a2b2[i];
       return res;
     Bigint operator*(const Bigint &v) const {
       vector<int> a6 = convert_base(this->a,
           base_digits, 6);
       vector<int> b6 = convert_base(v.a, base_digits,
           6);
       vll a(a6.begin(), a6.end());
vll b(b6.begin(), b6.end());
       while (a.size() < b.size())</pre>
         a.push_back(0);
       while (b.size() < a.size())</pre>
         b.push_back(0);
       while (a.size() & (a.size() - 1))
         a.push_back(0), b.push_back(0);
       vll c = karatsubaMultiply(a, b);
       Bigint res;
       res.sign = sign * v.sign;
       for (int i = 0, carry = 0; i < (int) c.size(); i
           ++) {
         long long cur = c[i] + carry;
res.a.push_back((int) (cur % 1000000));
         carry = (int) (cur / 1000000);
       res.a = convert_base(res.a, 6, base_digits);
       res.trim();
       return res;
};
```

3 Data Structure

3.1 Disjoint Set

```
class DisjointSet {
public:
    static const int N = 1e5 + 10;
    int p[ N ];
    void Init( int x ) {
        for ( int i = 1 ; i <= x ; ++i )
            p[ i ] = i;
    }
    int Find( int x ) {
        return x == p[ x ] ? x : p[ x ] = Find( p[ x ] );
    }
    void Union( int x, int y ) {
        p[ Find( x ) ] = Find( y );
    }
};</pre>
```

3.2 Segement Tree with Lazy Tag

```
#define L(X) (X<<1)
#define R(X) ((X<<1)+1)
#define mid ((l+r)>>1)

class SegmentTree {
  public:
    static const int N = 1e5 + 10;
    int arr[ N ], st[ N << 2 ], lazy[ N << 2 ];

  inline void Pull( int now ) {
    st[ now ] = max( st[ L( now ) ], st[ R( now ) ] );
  }
}</pre>
```

```
inline void Push( int now, int l, int r ) {
  if ( lazy[ now ] != 0 ) {
        if ( l != r ) {
          st[ L( now ) ] += lazy[ now ];
st[ R( now ) ] += lazy[ now ];
lazy[ L( now ) ] += lazy[ now ];
          lazy[ R( now ) ] += lazy[ now ];
        lazy[now] = 0;
     }
   void Build( int now, int l, int r ) {
     if ( l == r ) {
        st[ now ] = arr[ l ];
        return;
     Build( L( now ), l, mid );
Build( R( now ), mid + 1, r );
     Pull( now );
   void Update( int ql, int qr, int value, int now, int
        l, int r ) {
     if ( ql > qr | l | l > qr | l | r < ql )
        return;
     Push( now, l, r );
if ( l == ql && qr == r ) {
  st[ now ] += value;
        lazy[ now ] += value;
        return;
     if ( qr <= mid ) Update( ql, qr, value, L( now ), l</pre>
          , mid );
     else if ( mid < ql ) Update( ql, qr, value, R( now</pre>
     ), mid + 1, r );
else {
        Update( ql, mid, value, L( now ), l, mid );
        Update( mid + 1, qr, value, R(now), mid + 1, r
     Pull( now );
   int Query( int ql, int qr, int now, int l, int r ) {
  if ( ql > qr || l > qr || r < ql )</pre>
        return 0;
     Push( now, 1, r );
     if (l == ql \& qr == r)
        return st[ now ];
     if ( qr <= mid )
     return Query( ql, qr, L( now ), l, mid );
else if ( mid < ql )</pre>
        return Query( ql, qr, R( now ), mid + 1, r );
     else {
        int left = Query( ql, mid, L( now ), l, mid );
        int right = Query( mid + 1, qr, R( now ), mid +
        1, r );
int ans = max( left, right );
        return ans;
|};
```

Copy on Write Segement Tree

```
// tested with ASC 29 B
#define mid ((l+r)>>1)
class Node {
  public:
    int value, l, r, who;
    Node() {}
    Node( int _v ): value(_v) { l = r = who = 0; }
class SegmentTree {
  public:
    static const int N = 1e9;
    vector< Node > st;
    inline void Pull( int now ) {
      int lchild = st[ now ].1;
      int rchild = st[ now ].r;
if ( lchild != 0 ) {
```

```
st[ now ].value = st[ lchild ].value;
st[ now ].who = st[ lchild ].who;
  if ( rchild != 0 and st[ rchild ].value > st[ now
        ].value ) {
    st[ now ].value = st[ rchild ].value;
    st[ now ].who = st[ rchild ].who;
  }
void Build() {
  st.push_back( Node() ); // Null Node st.push_back( Node( 0 ) );
void Update( int ql, int qr, int value, int who,
   int now = 1, int l = 1, int r = N ) {
  if (ql > qr or qr < l or ql > r)
    return;
  if ( l = ql and qr = r ) {
    st[ now ].value = value;
    st[ now ].who = who;
    return;
  if ( qr <= mid ) {
   if ( st[ now ].l == 0 ) {</pre>
      st[ now ].l = st.size();
       st.push_back( Node( 0 ) );
    Update( ql, qr, value, who, st[ now ].l , l,
         mid );
  else if ( mid < ql ) {
    if ( st[now].r == 0 ) {
      st[now].r = st.size()
       st.push_back( Node( 0 ) );
    Update( ql, qr, value, who, st[ now ].r, mid +
         1, r);
  else {
    if ( st[ now ].l == 0 ) {
       st[ now ].l = st.size();
       st.push_back( Node( 0 ) );
    if ( st[ now ].r == 0 ) {
       st[now].r = st.size();
       st.push_back( Node( 0 ) );
    Update( ql, mid, value, who, st[ now ].l, l,
         mid);
    Update( mid + 1, qr, value, who, st[ now ].r,
         mid + 1, r);
  Pull( now );
pair< int, int > Query( int ql, int qr, int now =
    1, int l = 1, int r = N ) {
  if (ql > qr or qr < l or ql > r)
    return { 0, 0 };
  if ( l == ql and qr == r ) {
    return { st[ now ].value, st[ now ].who };
  if ( qr <= mid ) {
   if ( st[ now ].l == 0 )
      return { 0, 0 };
    return Query( ql, qr, st[ now ].l, l, mid );
  else if ( mid < ql ) {
    if ( st[ now ].r == 0 )
  return { 0, 0 };
    return Query( ql, qr, st[ now ].r, mid + 1, r )
  else {
    pair< int, int > lchild = { 0, 0 };
if ( st[ now ].l != 0 )
       lchild = Query( ql, mid, st[ now ].l, l, mid
    pair< int, int > rchild = { 0, 0 };
    if ( st[ now ].r != 0 )
       rchild = Query( mid + 1, qr, st[ now ].r, mid
             +1, r);
    pair< int, int > ans = \{0, 0\};
```

3.4 Persistent Segement Tree

```
// tested with spoj MKTHNUM - K-th Number
#define mid ((l+r)>>1)
class Node {
  public:
     int value, l, r;
     Node() { value = l = r = 0; }
class SegmentTree {
  public:
     static const int N = 1e5 + 10;
     int ver_size, st_size;
     vector< int > ver;
     vector< Node > st;
     SegmentTree() {
       ver_size = st_size = 0;
       ver.resize( N );
st.resize( 70 * N );
       ver[ ver_size++ ] = 1;
st[ 0 ] = st[ 1 ] = Node(); st_size = 2;
     void AddVersion()
       ver[ ver_size++ ] = st_size++;
       st[ver[ver_size - 1]] = st[ver[ver_size - 2]
     inline void Pull(_int now_) {
       int lchild = st[ now ].l, rchild = st[ now ].r;
       st[ now ].value = st[ lchild ].value + st[ rchild
              ].value;
     void Build( int now = 1, int l = 1, int r = N ) {
       if ( l == r ) return;
       st[ now ].l = st_size++;
       st[ now ].r = st_size++;
Build( st[ now ].l, l, mid );
Build( st[ now ].r, mid + 1, r );
       Pull( now );
     void Update( int prv_now, int now, int pos, int l =
       1, int r = N ) {
if ( l == r ) {
          st[ now ].value += 1;
          return;
       if ( pos <= mid ) {</pre>
          st[ now ].l = st_size++;
          st[ st[ now ].l ] = st[ st[ prv_now ].l ];
Update( st[ prv_now ].l, st[ now ].l, pos, l,
               mid );
       else {
          st[ now ].r = st_size++;
st[ st[ now ].r ] = st[ st[ prv_now ].r ];
          Update( st[ prv_now ].r, st[ now ].r, pos, mid
               + 1, r );
       Pull( now );
    pair< int, bool > Query( int prv_now, int now, int
   k, int l = 1, int r = N ) {
   int prv_value = st[ prv_now ].value, now_value =
             st[ now ].value;
       if ( l == r and now_value - prv_value == k )
  return make_pair( l, true );
```

3.5 Rope

```
#include<ext/rope>
using namespace __gnu_cxx;
// inserts c before p.
iterator insert(const iterator& p, charT c) :
// inserts n copies of c before p.
iterator insert(const iterator& p, size_t n, charT c) :
// inserts the character c before the ith element.
void insert(size_t i, charT c) :
\ensuremath{//} erases the element pointed to by p.
void erase(const iterator& p) :
// erases the range [f, 1)
void erase(const iterator& f, const iterator& l) :
// Appends a C string.
void append(const charT* s) :
void replace(const iterator& f, const iterator& l,
    const rope& x)
void replace(const iterator& f, const iterator& l,
    const charT* s)
void replace(const iterator& f1, const iterator& l1,
    const iterator& f2, const iterator& 12)
void replace(const iterator& p, const rope& x)
void replace(size_t i, size_t n, const rope& x)
void replace(size_t i, size_t n, charT c)
void replace(size_t i, size_t n, const charT* f, const
    charT* 1)
void replace(size_t i, size_t n, const iterator& f,
    const iterator& 1)
rope substr(iterator f, iterator l) const
rope substr(const_iterator f, const_iterator l) const
rope substr(size_t i, size_t n = 1) const
```

4 graph

4.1 Dijkstra's Algorithm

```
vector< pair< int, int > > v[ N ];
vector< int > Dijkstra( int s ) {
  // n: number of nodes
  vector< int > d(n + 1, 1e9);
  vector< bool > visit( n + 1, false );
  d[s] = 0;
  priority_queue< pair< int, int >, vector< pair< int,</pre>
      int > >, greater< pair< int, int > > > pq;
  pq.push( make_pair( d[ s ], s ) );
  while (1) {
    int now = -1;
    while ( !pq.empty() and visit[ now = pq.top().
        second ] )
      pq.pop();
    if ( now == -1 or visit[ now ] )
      break;
    visit[ now ] = true;
    for ( int i = 0 ; i < v[ now ].size() ; ++i ) {
      int child = v[ now ][ i ].first;
int w = v[ now ][ i ].second;
```

4.2 Tarjan's Algorithm

```
// Build: 0( V^2 ), Query: 0( 1 )
// n: the number of nodes
int graph[ N ][ N ], lca[ N ][ N ];
vector< bool > visit( N, false );

void tarjan( int now ) {
   if ( visit[ now ] )
      return;
   visit[ now ] = true;

   for ( int i = 1 ; i <= n ; ++i )
      if ( visit[ i ] )
        lca[ now ][ i ] = lca[ i ][ now ] = st.Find( i );

   for ( int i = 1 ; i <= n ; ++i )
      if ( g[ now ][ i ] < le9 and !visit[ i ] ) {
        tarjan( i );
        st.Union( i, now );
    }
}</pre>
```

4.3 Jump Pointer Algorithm

```
// Build: O( VlogV ), Query: O( logV )
int tin[ N ], tout[ N ], ancestor[ N ][ 20 ];
vector< int > v[ N ];
void dfs( int now, int pnow ) {
  tin[ now ] = ++now_time;
  ancestor[ now ][ 0 ] = pnow;
  for ( int i = 1 ; i < 20 ; ++i )
    ancestor[ now ][ i ] = ancestor[ ancestor[ now ][ i - 1 ] ][ i - 1 ];
  for ( auto child : v[ now ] )
     if ( child != pnow )
       dfs( child, now );
  tout[ now ] = ++now_time;
bool check_ancestor( int x, int y ) {
  return ( tin[ x ] <= tin[ y ] and tout[ x ] >= tout[
       y ] );
int find_lca( int x, int y ) {
  if ( check_ancestor( x, y ) ) return x;
if ( check_ancestor( y, x ) ) return y;
  for ( int i = 19 ; i >= 0 ; --i )
     if ( !check_ancestor( ancestor[ x ][ i ], y ) )
       x = ancestor[x][i];
  return ancestor[ x ][ 0 ];
```

5 Flow

5.1 Bipartite Matching

```
// O( ( V + E ) * sqrt( V ) )
class BipartiteMatching {
  public:
```

```
static const int N = 1e5 + 10; // total number of
         nodes, n + m
     static const int NIL = 0;
     static const int INF = ( 1 << 28 );</pre>
     vector< int > G[N];
     int n, m, match[N], dist[N];
     // n: number of nodes on left side, nodes are
         numbered 1 to n
     // m: number of nodes on right side, nodes are
         numbered n+1 to n+m
     // G = NIL[0] v G1[G[1---n]] v G2[G[n+1---n+m]]
     bool BFS() {
       int i, u, v, len;
       queue < int > Q;
       for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
         if(match[i]==NIL) {
           dist[i] = 0;
           Q.push(i);
         else dist[i] = INF;
       dist[NIL] = INF;
       while(!Q.empty()) {
         u = Q.front(); Q.pop();
         if(u!=NIL)
           len = G[u].size();
           for(i=0; i<len; i++) {</pre>
             v = G[u][i];
             if(dist[match[v]]==INF) {
               dist[match[v]] = dist[u] + 1;
               Q.push(match[v]);
           }
         }
       return (dist[NIL]!=INF);
     bool DFS(int u) {
       int i, v, len;
if(u!=NIL) {
         len = G[u].size();
for(i=0; i<len; i++) {</pre>
           v = G[u][i];
           if(dist[match[v]]==dist[u]+1) {
             if(DFS(match[v])) {
               match[v] = u;
               match[u] = v;
               return true;
             }
           }
         dist[u] = INF;
         return false;
       return true;
     int HopcroftKarp() {
       int matching = 0, i;
       // match[] is assumed NIL for all vertex in G
       while(BFS())
         for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
           if(match[i]==NIL && DFS(i))
             matching++;
       return matching;
     void AddEdge( int u, int v ) {
       G[u].push_back(n + v);
     int Solve() {
       return HopcroftKarp();
};
```

5.2 MaxFlow (ISAP)

```
// O( V^2 * E )
#define SZ(c) ((int)(c).size())
class MaxFlow {
  public:
    static const int MAXV = 5e3 + 10;
```

```
int INF = INF;
int mxf = 0, mnc = 0;
    static const int INF = 1e18;
    struct Edge {
      int v, c, r;
Edge(int _v, int _c, int _r):
                                                                    while(1){
                                                                      fill(d+1, d+1+V, INF);
fill(inqu+1, inqu+1+V, 0);
         v(_v), c(_c), r(_r) {}
                                                                       fill(mom+1, mom+1+V, -1);
    int s, t;
                                                                      mom[s] = s;
    vector<Edge> G[MAXV*2];
                                                                      d[s] = 0;
                                                                      q\bar{l} = 1, qr = 0;
    int iter[MAXV*2], d[MAXV*2], gap[MAXV*2], tot;
    void Init(int x) {
                                                                      qu[++qr] = s;
      tot = x+2;
                                                                       inqu[s] = 1;
                                                                      while(ql <= qr){</pre>
      s = x+1, t = x+2;
      for(int i = 0; i <= tot; i++) {</pre>
                                                                         int u = qu[ql++];
                                                                         inqu[u] = 0;
for(int i = 0; i < (int) g[u].size(); i++){
         G[i].clear();
         iter[i] = d[i] = gap[i] = 0;
                                                                           Edge &e = g[u][i];
                                                                           int v = e.v
                                                                           if(e.cap > 0 \& d[v] > d[u]+e.w){
    void AddEdge(int u, int v, int c) {
      G[u].push_back(Edge(v, ć, SZ(G[v]) ));
G[v].push_back(Edge(u, 0, SZ(G[u]) - 1));
                                                                             d[v] = d[u] + e.w;
                                                                             mom[v] = u;
                                                                             id[v] = i
    int DFS(int p, int flow) {
                                                                             if(!inqu[v]) qu[++qr] = v, inqu[v] = 1;
       if(p == t) return flow;
                                                                           }
       for(int &i = iter[p]; i < SZ(G[p]); i++) {</pre>
                                                                         }
         Edge &e = G[p][i];
         if(e.c > 0 \&\& d[p] == d[e.v]+1)
                                                                       if(mom[t] == -1) break;
           int f = DFS(e.v, min(flow, e.c));
                                                                       int df = INF;
           if(f) {
                                                                       for(int u = t; u != s; u = mom[u])
                                                                      e.c -= f;
             G[e.v][e.r].c += f;
             return f;
           }
                                                                                             -= df;
                                                                         e.cap
        }
                                                                         g[e.v][e.rev].cap += df;
      if((--gap[d[p]]) == 0) d[s] = tot;
                                                                      mxf += df;
                                                                      mnc += df*d[t];
      else {
         d[p]++;
         iter[p] = 0;
                                                                    return mnc;
         ++gap[d[p]];
                                                               };
      return 0;
    int Solve() {
      int res = 0;
      gap[0] = tot;
       for(res = 0; d[s] < tot; res += DFS(s, INF));</pre>
      return res;
};
```

5.3 MinCostMaxFlow

```
// 0( V^2 * F )
class MinCostMaxFlow{
public:
 static const int MAXV = 2000;
  static const int INF = 1e9;
  struct Edge{
    int v, cap, w, rev;
    Edge(){}
    Edge(int t2, int t3, int t4, int t5)
    : v(t2), cap(t3), w(t4), rev(t5) {}
  int V, s, t;
 vector<Edge> g[MAXV];
 void Init(int n){
  V = n+4; // total number of nodes
    s = n+1, t = n+4; // s = source, t = sink
    for(int i = 1; i <= V; i++) g[i].clear();</pre>
 // cap: capacity, w: cost
 void AddEdge(int a, int b, int cap, int w){
    g[a].push_back(Edge(b, cap, w, (int)g[b].size()));
g[b].push_back(Edge(a, 0, -w, (int)g[a].size()-1));
  int d[MAXV], id[MAXV], mom[MAXV];
 bool inqu[MAXV];
  int qu[2000000], ql, qr;
  //the size of qu should be much large than MAXV
 int MncMxf(){
```