# Array Questions

# 1.WAP to input the elements in 1-d Array from user then print it?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int size:
    printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
    //declaring array
    int arr[size];
    printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
    for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    }
     //printing the array arr
    printf("the input array is : \n");
     for(int i=0;i \le size;i++){
    printf("%d ",arr[i]);
return 0;
}
```

```
C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
Enter the size of array :
5
enter the values in the array:
1 2 3 4 5
the input array is :
1 2 3 4 5
```

# 2.WAP to make a print function to print elements of 1d array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
void print(int* array);
int main(){
    int size:
    printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
    scanf("%d",&size);
    //declaring array
    int arr[size];
    printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
    //taking input in the array arr
    for(int i=0;i \le ize;i++)
    scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    print(arr);
return 0;
}
void print(int* array){
    //printing the array arr
    int size=sizeof(array);
    printf("the input array is : \n");
    for(int i=0; i \le size; i++){
    printf("%d ",array[i]);
}
                     C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
```

```
C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
Enter the size of array:
5
enter the values in the array:
1 2 3 4 5
the input array is:
1 2 3 4 5
```

# 3. Wap to search the element in the array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int size:
     printf("Enter the size of array: \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
     int target;
     printf("Enter target value: ");
     scanf("%d",&target);
     //declaring array
     int arr[size];
     printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0;i < size;i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
     //searching in array
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){}
     if(arr[i]==target)
      printf("\nthe element %d is found at index: %d ",arr[i],i);
```

C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe

```
Enter the size of array:

5
Enter target value: 24
enter the values in the array:
1 23 50 24 46

the element 24 is found at index: 3
C:\himanshu\c>
```

# 4. Wap to make a search function to search element in the array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
void search(int ,int *array);
int main(){
     int size:
     printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
     int target;
     printf("Enter target value : ");
     scanf("%d",&target);
     //declaring array
     int arr[size];
     printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
     search(target,arr);
     return 0:
void search(int target,int *array){
//searching in array
     int size=sizeof(array);
     for(int i=0;i \le size;i++){
     if(array[i]==target)
      printf("\nthe element %d is found at index: %d ",array[i],i);
                               C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
```

## Output:

Enter target value : 45
enter the values in the array:
12 34 45 56 67
the element 45 is found at index: 2

Enter the size of array :

# 5. Wap to input elements in an array then find the minimum element present in the array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int size:
     printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
     //declaring array
     int arr[size];
     printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
     //searching minimum element in array
     //let min = arr[0]
     int min=arr[0];
     for(int i=1;i \le size;i++){
     if(arr[i]<min){
          min=arr[i];
     }
  //printing minimum no of the array
  printf("The minimum element in the array is: %d",min);
return 0:
```

## Output:

```
Enter the size of array:
5
enter the values in the array:
34
67
78
90
2
The minimum element in the array is: 2
```

C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe

# 6. Wap to make a min function to find the minimum element present in the array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int min(int *newarray);
int main(){
     int size;
     printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
     //declaring array
     int arr[size];
     printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
  //printing minimum no of the array
  printf("The minimum element is: %d",min(arr));
return 0:
//searching minimum element in array
int min(int *newarray){
     int size=sizeof(newarray);
     //let minimum=nwarray[0]
     int minimum=newarray[0];
     for(int i=1;i \le size;i++)
     if(newarray[i]<minimum){</pre>
          minimum=newarray[i];
     }
                      C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
return minimum:
                      Enter the size of array :
                       5
                      enter the values in the array:
```

Output:

```
67
78
90
2
The minimum element in the array is : 2
```

# 7. Wap to input elements in an array then find the maximum element present in the array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int size:
     printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
     //declaring array
     int arr[size];
     printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
     //searching maximum element in array
     //let max = arr[0]
     int max=arr[0];
     for(int i=1;i \le size;i++){
     if(arr[i] >= max){
          max=arr[i];
     }
  //printing maximum no of the array
  printf("The maximum element in the array is: %d",max);
return 0:
```

```
C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
Enter the size of array :
5
enter the values in the array:
12 23 34 45 100 56
The maximum element in the array is : 100
C:\himanshu\c>
```

# 8. Wap to make a max function to find the maximum element present in the array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int max(int *newarray);
int main(){
     int size:
     printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
     //declaring array
     int arr[size];
     printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
     }
  //printing maximum no of the array
  printf("The maximum element is: %d",max(arr));
return 0:
//searching maximum element in array
int max(int *newarray){
     int size=sizeof(newarray);
     //let maximum=nwarray[0]
    int maximum=newarray[0];
     for(int i=1;i \le size;i++){
     if(newarray[i]>maximum){
         maximum=newarray[i];
     }
                   C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
return maximum;
                   Enter the size of array :
```

```
Enter the size of array:

5
enter the values in the array:

12 23 34 45 100 56
The maximum element in the array is: 100
C:\himanshu\c>
```

# 9. Wap to input elements in an array then find the reverse of the array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int size;
     printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
     //declaring array
     int arr[size];
     int last=size-1:
     printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
     //the input array is :
     printf("The array before reverse:\n");
     for(int i=0;i < size;i++){
     printf("%d",arr[i]);
     //reversing the array
     for(int i=0;i \le ize/2;i++){
     int temp=arr[i];
     arr[i]=arr[last];
     arr[last]=temp;
     last--:
     //printing the reversed array
     printf("\nthe array after reverse: \n");
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     printf("%d",arr[i]);
                                           D:\programming\c>.\a.exe
                                           Enter the size of array :
return 0;
                                           enter the values in the array:
```

Output:

The array before reverse:

the array after reverse:

D:\programming\c>\_

5 4 3 2 1

# 10. Wap to make a reverse function to find the reverse of the array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
void reverse(int *array);
int main(){
     int size;
     printf("Enter the size of array : \n");
     scanf("%d",&size);
     //declaring array
     int arr[size];
     printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
     //the input array is :
     printf("The array before reverse:\n");
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     printf("%d ",arr[i]);
     reverse(arr);
     //printing the reversed array
     printf("\nthe array after reverse: \n");
     for(int i=0; i < size; i++){
     printf("%d ",arr[i]);
return 0;
void reverse(int *array){
     int size=sizeof(array);
     int last=size;
//reversing the array
     for(int i=0;i \le ize/2;i++){
     int temp=array[i];
                                D:\programming\c>.\a.exe
  array[i]=array[last];
                                Enter the size of array :
     array[last]=temp;
                                5
     last--;
                                enter the values in the array:
     }
```

```
Enter the size of array :

5
enter the values in the array

5 4 3 2 1
The array before reverse:

5 4 3 2 1
the array after reverse:

1 2 3 4 5

D:\programming\c>_
```

#### 11. Wap to input elements in 2d array then print it?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int rows, cols;
     printf("Enter the length of row:");
     scanf("%d",&rows);
     printf("Enter the length of cols:");
     scanf("%d",&cols);
     int arr[rows][cols];
     printf("enter the elements in an 2d array: \n ");
     for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
          for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
               scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
          }
     }
     //printing the array
     printf("the input elements in an 2d array are: \n");
     for(int i=0;i< rows;i++){
          for(int j=0; j<cols; j++){
               printf("%d ",arr[i][j]);
          }printf("\n");
return 0:
```

```
D:\programming\c>gcc b.c

D:\programming\c>.\a.exe
Enter the length of row : 3
Enter the length of cols: 3
enter the elements in an 2d array:
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
the input elements in an 2d array are:
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
```

# 12. Wap to input elements in an 2d array then find its transpose?

#### Method 1

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
      int rows, cols;
      printf("Enter the row length of array : \n");
      scanf("%d",&rows);
      printf("Enter the cols length of array: \n");
      scanf("%d",&cols);
      //declaring array
      int arr[rows][cols];
      printf("enter the values in the array: \n");
      //taking input in the array arr
      for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
      scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
      }
}
      printf("Array before tanspose: \n");
      for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
      printf("%d ",arr[i][j]);
      }printf("\n");
}
                                                C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
      printf("Array after tanspose: \n");
                                                Enter the row length of array :
      for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
      for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
      printf("%d ",arr[j][i]);
     }printf("\n");
                                                enter the values in the array:
                                                1 2 3
}
                                                4 5 6
```

#### **Output:**

return 0;

}

```
Enter the cols length of array:

3
enter the values in the array:

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Array before tanspose:

1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Array after tanspose:

1 4 7
2 5 8
3 6 9
```

# 13. Wap to input elements in an 2d array then find its transpose?

#### Method 2

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int rows, cols;
     printf("Enter the row length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&rows);
     printf("\nEnter the cols length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&cols);
     //declaring array
     int arr[rows][cols],newarray[rows][cols];
     printf("\nenter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
     }
}
      //transposing an array
     for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){</pre>
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
     newarray[i][j]=arr[j][i];
     }
}
     printf("Array after tanspose: \n");
     for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
                                       C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
     printf("%d ",newarray[i][j]);
                                       Enter the row length of array : 3
     }printf("\n");
}
                                       Enter the cols length of array : 3
     return 0;
                                       enter the values in the array:
}
                                       1 2 3
                                       4 5 6
                                       789
                   Output:
                                       Array after tanspose:
                                       1 4 7
```

#### 14. Wap to print multiplication of 2 matrix?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int m,n,z;
    printf("Enter no of rows in array1 : ");
    scanf("%d",&m);
    printf("Enter no of cols in array1: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("No of rows in array2 : %d\n",n);
    printf("Enter no of cols in array2: ");
    scanf("%d",&z);
    int first[m][n];
    int second[n][z];
    int third[m][z];
    //taking input to the first array
    printf("Enter the elements in array1 : \n");
    for(int i=0;i < m;i++){
        for(int j=0;j< n;j++){
            scanf("%d",&first[i][j]);
    }
//taking input to the second array
    printf("Enter the elements in array2 : \n");
    for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
        for(int j=0; j< z; j++){}
            scanf("%d",&second[i][j]);
        }
    }
```

```
//storing values in third array
    int sum=0:
    for(int i=0;i < m;i++){
        for(int j=0;j< z;j++){
             for(int k=0;k< n;k++){
                 sum+=first[i][k]* second[k][j];
             third[i][j]=sum;
             sum=0;
        }
printf("The multiplication of first and second array is: \n");
    for(int i=0;i < m;i++){
        for(int j=0;j< n;j++){
             printf("%d",third[i][j]);
        }printf("\n");
    }
return 0; C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
         Enter no of rows in array1:
         Enter no of cols in array1 :
                                            4
         No of rows in array2:
         Enter no of cols in array2:
                                            3
         Enter the elements in array1 :
         1 1 1 1
         2 2 2 2
         3 3 3 3
         Enter the elements in array2 :
  P
         1 1 1
         2 2 2
         3 3 3
         444
         The multiplication of first and second array is
         10 10 10
          20 20 20
          30 30 30
```

#### 15. Wap to print diagonal of array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int rows, cols;
     printf("Enter the row length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&rows);
     printf("\nEnter the cols length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&cols);
     //declaring array
     int arr[rows][cols];
     printf("\nenter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0;i< rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
}
  //printing daigonal elements
  printf("The diagonal elements of the array are: \n");
     for(int i=0;i< rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
          if(i==j)
                printf("%d",arr[i][j]);
          else
                printf(" ");
                                  C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
     }printf("\n");
                                  Enter the row length of array : 3
                                  Enter the cols length of array: 3
     return 0;
                                  enter the values in the array:
```

1

5

9

The diagonal elements of the array are:

**OUTPUT:** 

#### 16 Wap to print lower triangular elements of array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int rows, cols;
     printf("Enter the row length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&rows);
     printf("\nEnter the cols length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&cols);
     //declaring array
     int arr[rows][cols];
     printf("\nenter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0;i< rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
}
  //printing daigonal elements
  printf("The lower triangular elements of the array are: \n");
     for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
          if(i \ge = j)
               printf("%d",arr[i][j]);
          else
               printf("0");
     }printf("\n");
                            C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
                            Enter the row length of array : 3
                            Enter the cols length of array: 3
                             enter the values in the array:
                            4 5 6
     return 0:
}
                            The lower triangular elements of the array are:
           OUTPUT
                            4 5 0
```

#### 17 Wap to print lower triangular elements of array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int rows, cols;
     printf("Enter the row length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&rows);
     printf("\nEnter the cols length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&cols);
     //declaring array
     int arr[rows][cols];
     printf("\nenter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0;i< rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
}
  //printing daigonal elements
  printf("The lower triangular elements of the array are: \n");
     for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
          if(i \ge = j)
               printf("%d",arr[i][j]);
          else
               printf("0");
     }printf("\n");
                            C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
                            Enter the row length of array : 3
                            Enter the cols length of array: 3
                             enter the values in the array:
                            4 5 6
     return 0:
}
                            The lower triangular elements of the array are:
           OUTPUT:
                            4 5 0
```

#### 18 Wap to print upper triangular elements of array?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
     int rows, cols;
     printf("Enter the row length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&rows);
     printf("\nEnter the cols length of array : ");
     scanf("%d",&cols);
     //declaring array
     int arr[rows][cols];
     printf("\nenter the values in the array: \n");
     //taking input in the array arr
     for(int i=0;i<rows;i++){
     for(int j=0;j<cols;j++){
     scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
}
  //printing daigonal elements
  printf("The upper triangular elements of the array are: \n");
     for(int i=0;i< rows;i++){
     for(int j=0; j < cols; j++){
          if(i \le j)
                printf("%d",arr[i][j]);
          else
                printf("0");
     }printf("\n");
                             C:\himanshu\c>.\a.exe
}
                             Enter the row length of array : 3
                             Enter the cols length of array : 3
                              enter the values in the array:
     return 0;
                             4 5 6
}
                              The upper triangular elements of the array are:
```

**OUTPUT:** 

0 0 9