

Package ‘helpRs’

June 2, 2025

Title Helper functions for high-quality presentation of quantitative research

Version 0.0

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Description Helper functions for high-quality presentation of quantitative research.

Depends R (>= 3.3.3)

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Imports akima,

fields,

lmtest,

MASS,

missForest,

plyr,

sandwich,

stargazer,

stringr,

viridis

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RoxygenNote 7.3.2

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cols2numeric	<i>Convert data frame columns to numeric when possible</i>
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Description

Attempts to coerce each column to numeric; non-convertible columns are left unchanged.

Usage

```
cols2numeric(x)
```

Arguments

x A data frame.

Value

A data frame with the same shape as x.

Examples

```
## Not run: cols2numeric(data.frame(a = c("1","2"), b = letters[1:2]))
```

colSummary	<i>Summarise each column of a data frame</i>
------------	--

Description

Numeric columns are replaced by their mean while non-numeric columns are replaced by their mode.

Usage

```
colSummary(x)
```

Arguments

x A data frame.

Value

A vector of summary values with one entry per column of x.

Examples

```
## Not run: colSummary(data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[1:3]))
```

f2n	<i>Convert factors to numeric</i>
-----	-----------------------------------

Description

Converts input to character and then to numeric.

Usage

```
f2n(x)
```

Arguments

x	Vector to convert.
---	--------------------

Value

Numeric vector.

Examples

```
## Not run: f2n(factor(c("1", "2")))
```

fixZeroEndings	<i>Ensure numbers have a fixed number of decimal places</i>
----------------	---

Description

Pads numeric strings with trailing zeros to enforce a fixed number of decimal places.

Usage

```
fixZeroEndings(zr, roundAt = 2)
```

Arguments

zr	A character or numeric vector.
roundAt	Desired number of decimal places.

Value

Character vector with padded values.

Examples

```
fixZeroEndings(c("1", "1.2"), roundAt = 2)
```

FullTransformer	<i>Clean and reorder regression tables</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Performs string replacements and reordering so the table is suitable for LaTeX.

Usage

```
FullTransformer(t_FULL, COLNAMES_VEC)
```

Arguments

t_FULL	Matrix or data frame containing the raw table.
COLNAMES_VEC	Character vector of column names to apply.

Value

A transformed data frame.

Examples

```
## Not run: FullTransformer(my_table, c("A","B"))
```

GetTableEntry	<i>Extract regression results as a table row</i>
---------------	--

Description

Builds a table row summarising a fitted model with clustered or bootstrap standard errors.

Usage

```
GetTableEntry(my_lm, clust_id, iv_round = 2, NAME = "", iv = FALSE,
              inParens = "tstat", seType = "analytical",
              bootDataLocation = "./", bootDataNameTag = "Data",
              bootFactorVars = NULL, bootExcludeCovars = NULL,
              superunit_covariateName = "country",
              superunit_label = "Countries")
```

Arguments

my_lm	A fitted model object.
clust_id	Optional clustering variable name.
iv_round	Number of digits to round.
NAME	Column name for the returned row.
iv	Logical; set to TRUE for IV models.
inParens	"tstat" or "se".

seType "analytical" or "boot".

bootDataLocation Folder containing bootstrap data.

bootDataNameTag Prefix of bootstrap files.

bootFactorVars Factor variables to treat as factors when bootstrapping.

bootExcludeCovars Variables to exclude when bootstrapping.

superunit_covariateName Grouping variable for super-units.

superunit_label Label for the super-unit count.

Value

A one-row data frame with formatted coefficients and metadata.

Examples

```
## Not run: GetTableEntry(lm(y~x,data), NULL)
```

heatMap	<i>Interpolate scattered data and draw a heat map</i>
---------	---

Description

Create an interpolated heat map of irregularly spaced data.

Usage

```
heatMap(x, y, z, main = "", N, yaxt = NULL, xlab = "",
        ylab = "", horizontal = FALSE, useLog = "",
        legend.width = 1, ylim = NULL, xlim = NULL, zlim = NULL,
        add.legend = TRUE, legend.only = FALSE, vline = NULL,
        col_vline = "black", hline = NULL, col_hline = "black",
        cex.lab = 2, cex.main = 2, myCol = NULL,
        includeMarginals = FALSE, marginalJitterSD_x = 0.01,
        marginalJitterSD_y = 0.01, openBrowser = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x, y, z Numeric vectors of coordinates and values.

main Plot title.

N Number of grid cells per dimension.

yaxt Optional y axis labels.

xlab, ylab Axis labels.

horizontal Logical; draw legend horizontally.

useLog Axes to log-transform.

`legend.width` Width of the colour legend.
`ylim, xlim, zlim` Plot limits.
`add.legend` Logical; draw the legend.
`legend.only` Logical; draw only the legend.
`vline, hline` Reference lines.
`col_vline, col_hline` Colours for reference lines.
`cex.lab, cex.main` Character expansion for labels and title.
`myCol` Optional colour palette.
`includeMarginals` Add marginal rugs if TRUE.
`marginalJitterSD_x, marginalJitterSD_y` Jitter scales for rugs.
`openBrowser` Logical; enter `browser()` for debugging.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL.

Examples

```
## Not run: heatMap(rnorm(10), rnorm(10), rnorm(10), N = 25)
```

<code>image2</code>	<i>Plot a matrix as an image with optional axis labels</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Plot a matrix with the first row at the top and optional axis labels.

Usage

```
image2(mat, xaxt = NULL, yaxt = NULL, col = NULL, main = NULL,
       scale_vec = c(1, 1.04), cex.axis = 1)
```

Arguments

`mat` Matrix to display.
`xaxt, yaxt` Optional character vectors of axis labels.
`col` Colour palette passed to `image`.
`main` Optional title.
`scale_vec` Numeric vector controlling axis tick placement.
`cex.axis` Character expansion for axis tick labels.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL.

Examples

```
## Not run:
image2(matrix(1:4, 2))

## End(Not run)
```

MakeHeatMap	<i>Visualise a two-way predictor effect as a heat map</i>
-------------	---

Description

Create a grid over two predictors, predict the outcome and draw a heat map.

Usage

```
MakeHeatMap(factor1, factor2, outcome, dat, lm_obj, pdf_path,
             extrap_factor1 = 1, extrap_factor2 = 1, useLog = "",
             OUTCOME_SCALER = 1, OutcomeTransformFxn = function(x) x,
             openBrowser = FALSE)
```

Arguments

factor1, factor2	Names of the predictor variables to vary.
outcome	Outcome variable name.
dat	Data frame used to fit the model.
lm_obj	Fitted linear model.
pdf_path	File path for the PDF output.
extrap_factor1, extrap_factor2	Factors controlling extrapolation range.
useLog	Axes to log-transform.
OUTCOME_SCALER	Scaling factor applied to predictions.
OutcomeTransformFxn	Function applied to predictions before plotting.
openBrowser	Enter browser() if TRUE.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL. A PDF is written to pdf_path.

Examples

```
## Not run: MakeHeatMap("x", "y", "z", dat, lm(z~x+y, dat), "out.pdf")
```

Stargazer2FullTable	<i>Convert a stargazer table to a self-contained longtable</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Converts stargazer output to a longtable environment.

Usage

```
Stargazer2FullTable(stargazer_text, fontsize = "footnotesize")
```

Arguments

`stargazer_text` Character vector of raw lines produced by `stargazer()`.
`fontsize` LaTeX font size environment to wrap the table in.
`continued_note` Logical indicating whether to print the continued banner.

Value

A character vector ready to be written to a .tex file.

Examples

```
## Not run: tex <- Stargazer2FullTable(txt)
```

Tables2Tex	<i>Generate publication-ready regression tables</i>
------------	---

Description

Collates regression results and writes LaTeX tables using stargazer.

Usage

```
Tables2Tex(reg_list, clust_id, seType = "analytical",
            checkmark_list = NULL, addrow_list = NULL,
            saveFolder = "./", nameTag = "Table", saveFull = TRUE,
            tabCaption = "", model.names = NULL, NameConversionMat = NULL,
            DoFullTableKey = TRUE, superunit_covariateName = "country",
            superunit_label = "Countries", font.size = "footnotesize",
            inParens = "tstat", font.size.full = "footnotesize")
```


Arguments

<code>reg_list</code>	List of fitted models or character strings.
<code>clust_id</code>	Clustering variable name.
<code>seType</code>	Type of standard errors.
<code>checkmark_list</code>	Optional list of binary indicators.
<code>addrow_list</code>	Optional named list of additional rows.
<code>saveFolder</code>	Directory for output files.
<code>nameTag</code>	Base name for files.
<code>saveFull</code>	Produce the full table as well.
<code>tabCaption</code>	Caption for the condensed table.
<code>model.names</code>	Column headings for models.
<code>NameConversionMat</code>	Two-column matrix for renaming rows.
<code>DoFullTableKey</code>	Mention the full table in the caption.
<code>superunit_covariateName</code>	Variable used to count higher level units.
<code>superunit_label</code>	Label for that count.
<code>font.size</code>	Font size for the short table.
<code>inParens</code>	"tstat" or "se" for entries in parentheses.
<code>font.size.full</code>	Font size for the full table.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL. Files are written to disk.

Examples

```
## Not run: Tables2Tex(list(lm(y~x,data)), NULL)
```

vcovCluster

Cluster-robust covariance matrix estimator

Description

Computes a clustered sandwich covariance matrix for a fitted model.

Usage

```
vcovCluster(fm, clvar)
```

Arguments

<code>fm</code>	A fitted model object.
<code>clvar</code>	Name of the clustering variable.

Value

A covariance matrix.

Examples

```
## Not run: vcovCluster(lm(y~x,data), "group")
```

WidenMargins	<i>Wrap a LaTeX table in an adjustwidth environment</i>
--------------	---

Description

Adds an adjustwidth environment around a table to slightly widen the margins.

Usage

```
WidenMargins(x)
```

Arguments

`x` Character vector containing the LaTeX table.

Value

Modified character vector.

Examples

```
## Not run: WidenMargins(readLines("table.tex"))
```

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