PSP0201 Week 3 Writeup

Group Name: ikun no 1

Members

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<u>Day 6 - [Web Exploitation] Be careful with what you wish on a Christmas night</u>

Tool used: OWASP ZAP, firefox

Solution/Walkthrough:

Q1, Q2

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Input validation strategies
Input validation should be applied on both syntactical and Semantic level.

Syntactic validation should enforce correct syntax of structured fields (e.g. SSN, date, currency symbol).

Semantic validation should enforce correctness of their values in the specific business context (e.g. start date is before end date, price is within expected range).

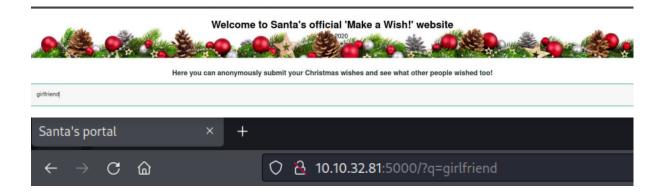
Validating a U.S. Zip Code (5 digits plus optional -4)
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Research from owasp cheat sheet.

Q3.

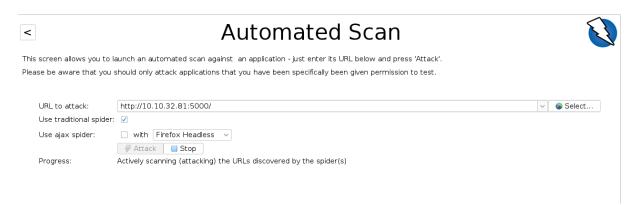
Inspect the site using inspect tools. The vulnerability can be found in the title tag.

Q4.

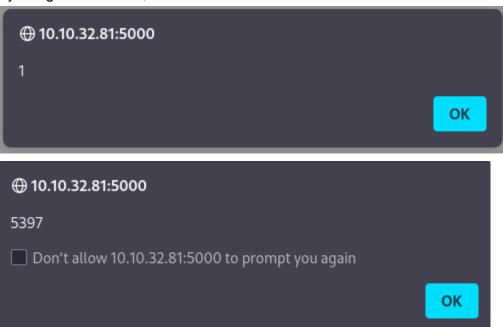


Put a random word in the make a wish section after it initiates, a q can be found on top of the address.

Q5.



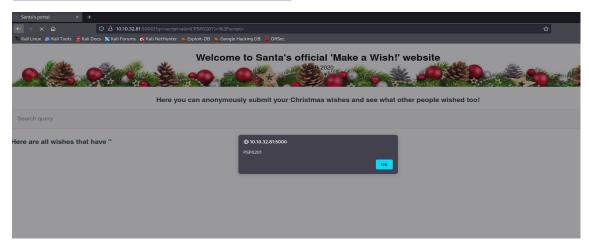
By using OWASP ZAP, scan the site and attack it.



2 pop out will prompt out after the scan is finished.

Q6.

A search query is put after this keyword parameter. The XSS can be exploited by putting a payload **instead** of the search query. The url starts with 10.10.100.27/reflected?keyword= By adding text onto the keyword, we can perform reflected XSS like 10.10.27/reflected?keyword=<script>alert(1)</script> Which results in an alert box with 1 on our screen.



From THM, we can know the way to prompt our own custom word. Copy the script and change the content inside the alert and it will show us the results. In this case I put in PSP0201 and it will prompt out an alert box.

Q7.

Close the page and open the page again. The xss attack can be experienced again.