ORM Normative Abstract Syntax and Semantics: non-normative glossary

ORM.net Proposed Recommendation

Version: Public BETA 2 - 9 March 2020 **Editors:** Enrico Franconi, Terry Halpin

Abstract

Object-Role Modeling (ORM) is a rigorous approach to modeling and querying at the conceptual level the information semantics of arbitrary domains. This glossary document lists key terms and symbols used in ORM, and briefly explains their meaning by means of examples. It shows examples of the main graphical conceptual model constructs - namely declarations, constraints, and derivation rules - together with their corresponding abstract syntactic expressions, and their semantics specified as closed first-order logic formulas. This non-normative document makes use of the definitions specified in the normative document defining the abstract syntax and formal semantics of ORM conceptual models. The semantics of an ORM conceptual model is defined by transforming the model to first-order logic axioms, whose finite models denote the legal abstract information structures of the conceptual specification.

Status of this Document

This section describes the status of this document at the time of its publication. Other documents may supersede this document. A list of the revisions of this technical report can be found in the ORM.net Technical Recommendations index at https://gitlab.com/orm-syntax-and-semantics-docs.git.

This document is part of the ORM document suite. It summarizes the abstract syntax of the main graphical symbols used in ORM by means of examples. The companion document "ORM Abstract Syntax and Semantics: normative specifications" formally defines the core ORM concepts. Both documents of the ORM document suite can be found at https://gitlab.com/orm-syntax-and-semantics-docs.git.

This document is published on ORM.net as a Proposed Recommendation. If you wish to make comments regarding this document, please send them to < orm-semantics@googlegroups.com >, after having registered at < https://groups.google.com/group/orm-semantics>. All comments are welcome.

Once this document becomes an ORM.net Recommendation, it will be a stable document and may be used as reference material or cited from other documents. ORM.net's role in making the Recommendation is to draw attention to the specification and to promote its widespread deployment. This enhances the functionality and interoperability of data models based on ORM or other fact-based modeling approaches.

Change History

None.

Signature: Entity type name



Signature:

Entity Type name: Country

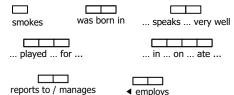
Signature: Value type name



Signature:

Value Type name: CountryCode

Signature: Predicate name



Signature:

Unary predicate name: smokes

Binary predicate names: wasBornIn,?speaks?veryWell,

reportsTo, employs

Ternary predicate name: ?played?for?

Quaternary predicate name: ?in?on?ate?

Alternate predicate name:

AlternatePredicate(reportsTo, manages (2 1))

Signature: Role name



Signature:

 ${\it Role\ identifier\ for\ the\ unary\ predicate\ {\tt smokes}:}$

smokes.1

Role identifiers for the binary predicate employs:

employs.1, employs.2

Role names:

RoleNaming(smokes.1, smokes.isSmoker)

RoleNaming(employs.1, employs.employer)

RoleNaming(employs.2, employs.employee)

Unary fact type



FactType(smokes (Person))

 $\forall x. \, \text{smokes} \, x \rightarrow \text{Person} \, x$

Construct and Examples Binary fact type

was born in

Country

Company [employer] | made

Product

Car

Person

drives ▲

Normative Abstract Syntax of Examples

Normative Semantics of Examples

FactType(wasBornIn (Person Country))

FactType(employs (Company Person))

 $\forall xy.$ wasBornIn $xy \rightarrow Person x & Country y$ $\forall xy. \text{ employs } xy \rightarrow \text{Company } x \& \text{Person } y$

FactType(made (Company Product))

FactType(drives (Person Car))

 $\forall xy. \, \text{drives} \, xy \rightarrow \text{Person} \, x \, \& \, \text{Car} \, y$ FactType(reportsTo (Person Person))

 $\forall xy$. reportsTo $xy \rightarrow \text{Person } x \& \text{Person } y$

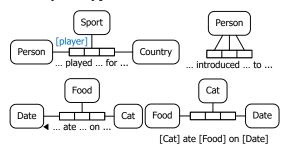
 $\forall xy. \, \text{made} \, x \, y \rightarrow \text{Company} \, x \, \& \, \text{Product} \, y$

Ternary fact type

Person

reports to / manages

Person



FactType(?played?for?

(Person Sport Country))

FactType(?introduced?to?

(Person Person))

FactType(?ate?on? (Cat Food Date))

 $\forall xyz$. ?played?for? xyz

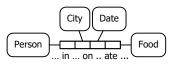
 \rightarrow Person x & Sport y & Country z

 $\forall xyz$. ?introduced?to? xyz

 \rightarrow Person x & Person y & Person z

 $\forall xyz$. ?ate?on? $xyz \rightarrow \text{Cat } x \& \text{Food } y \& \text{Date } z$

Quaternary fact type

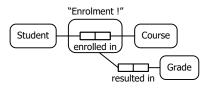


FactType(?in?on?ate? (Person City Date Food))

 $\forall xyzk$. ?in?on?ate? x y z k

 \rightarrow Person x & City y & Date z & Food k

Objectification



FactType(enrolledIn (Student Course))

Objectifies(Enrolment enrolledIn)

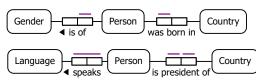
FactType(resultedIn (Enrolment Grade))

 $\forall xy. \, \text{enrolledIn} \, xy \rightarrow \text{Student} \, x \, \& \, \text{Course} \, y$

 $\forall xy. \, \text{enrolledIn} \, x \, y \, \leftrightarrow \, \text{Enrolment} \, \left(\ell_{enrolledIn}(x \, y) \right)$

 $\forall xy. \, \text{resultedIn} \, xy \rightarrow \text{Enrolment} \, x \, \& \, \text{Grade} \, y$

UCs on a binary fact type



Unique(isOf.1) $\forall x_1x_2$. isOf $x_1x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{=1}y$. isOf x_1y

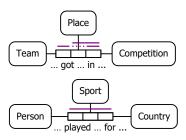
Unique(wasBornIn x_1x_2 wasBornIn $x_1x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{=1}y$. wasBornIn x_1y

Unique(speaks.1 speaks.2) $\forall x_1x_2$. speaks $x_1x_2 \rightarrow$ speaks x_1x_2

Unique(isPresidentOf.1) $\forall x_1x_2$. isPresidentOf $x_1x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{=1}y$. ispresidentOf x_1y

Unique(isPresidentOf.2) $\forall x_1 x_2$. isPresidentOf $x_1 x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{=1} y$. isPresidentOf $y x_2$

UCs on ternaries



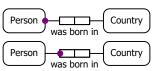
Unique(?got?in?.1 ?got?in?.3)

Unique(?got?in?.2 ?got?in?.3)

 $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$.?got?in? $x_1 x_2 x_3 \rightarrow \exists^{=1} y$.?got?in? $x_1 y x_3 \forall x_1 x_2 x_3$.?got?in? $x_1 x_2 x_3 \rightarrow \exists^{=1} y$.?got?in? $y x_2 x_3$

 $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. ?played?for? $x_1 x_2 x_3 \rightarrow$?played?for? $x_1 x_2 x_3$

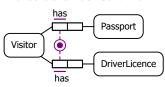
Simple mandatory role constraint



Mandatory(Person wasBornIn.1)

 $\forall x. \, \text{Person} \, x \rightarrow \exists y. \, \text{wasBornIn} \, xy$

Inclusive-or constraint

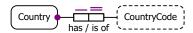


Mandatory(Visitor

hasPassport.1 hasDriverLicence.1)

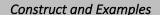
 $\forall x. \, \text{Visitor} \, x \rightarrow (\exists y. \, \text{hasPassport} \, xy) \, \text{V}$ $(\exists y. \, \text{hasDriverLicence} \, xy)$

Preferred internal UC



Identification(Country has.1 (has.2))

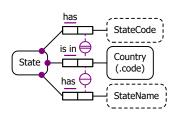
 $\forall x_1x_2$. has $x_1x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{=1}y$. has x_1y $\forall x$. Country $x \rightarrow \exists y$. has xy $\forall x_1x_2$. has $x_1x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{=1}y$. has y x_2 well-founded (has)



Normative Abstract Syntax of Examples

Normative Semantics of Examples

External UC



ExternalIdentification(State

(hasStateCode.2 isIn.2))

 $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. JP1 $x_1 x_2 x_3 \leftrightarrow \exists y$. hasStateCode $x_3 x_1$ & isIn $x_3 x_2$ $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. JP1 $x_1 x_2 x_3 \rightarrow \exists^{=1} y$. JP1 $x_1 x_2 y$

 $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. JP1 $x_1 x_2 x_3 \rightarrow \exists^{=1} y_1 y_2$. JP1 $y_1 y_2 x_3$

 $\forall x. \, \text{State} \, x \rightarrow \exists y_1 y_2. \, \text{K1} \, y_1 y_2 \, x$

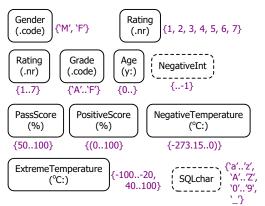
well-founded(hasStateCode) well-founded(isIn)

ExternalUnique(hasStateName.2 isIn.2)

 $\forall x_1x_2x_3. \, \mathtt{JP2} \; x_1x_2x_3 \leftrightarrow \mathtt{hasStateName} \; \; x_3 \; x_1 \; \& \; \mathtt{isIn} \; x_3 \; x_2$

 $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. JP2 $x_1 x_2 x_3 \rightarrow \exists^{=1} y$. JP2 $x_1 x_2 y$

Object type value constraint

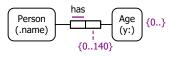


ValuesOf(GenderCode (M F))

...

 $\forall x. \, \text{GenderCode} \, x \rightarrow x = M \, \vee \, x = F$

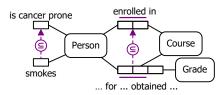
Role value constraint



ValuesOf(has.2 (0 ... 140))

 $\forall x_1 x_2$. has $x_1 x_2 \to x_2 = 0 \ \lor \dots \lor x_2 = 140$

Subset constraint



Subset((smokes.1 isCancerProne.1))
Subset((2for2obtained2 1 onrolledIn 1

 $\forall x. \, \text{smokes} \, x \rightarrow \text{isCancerProne} \, x$

 $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. ?for?obtained? $x_1 x_2 x_3 \rightarrow \text{enrolledIn } y_1 x_2$

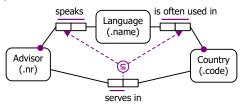
Construct and Examples

Normative Abstract Syntax of Examples

Normative Semantics of Examples

 $\forall x_1 x_2. P x_1 x_2 \leftrightarrow \exists y. \text{ speaks } x_1 y \& \text{ isOftenUsedIn } y x_2$

Join subset constraint

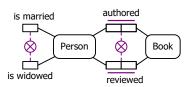


JoinPath(P	(speaks.1 speaks.2)
	<pre>(isOftenUsedIn.1 isOftenUsedIn.2);</pre>

Subset((servesIn.1 P.1)(servesIn.2 P.2))

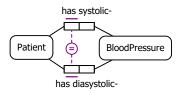
 $\forall xy. \, \text{servesIn} \, xy \rightarrow Pxy$

Exclusion constraint



 $\forall x$. isWidowed $x \rightarrow \sim$ isMarried x $\forall xy$. reviewed $xy \rightarrow \sim$ authored xy

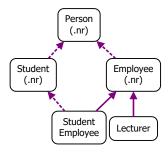
Equality constraint



Equal((hasSystolic.1 hasDiasystolic.1))

 $(\forall xy. \text{ hasSystolic } xy \rightarrow \exists z. \text{ hasDiasystolic } xz) \land (\forall xy. \text{ hasDiasystolic } xy \rightarrow \exists z. \text{ hasSystolic } xz)$

Subtyping



Subtype(Lecturer Employee) $\forall x. \text{Lecturer } x \rightarrow \text{Employee } x$ Subtype(Employee Person) $\forall x. \text{Employee } x \rightarrow \text{Person } x$ Subtype(Student Person) $\forall x. \text{Student } x \rightarrow \text{Person } x$

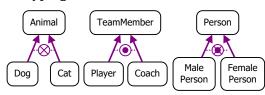
Subtype(StudentEmployee Student) $\forall x. \text{StudentEmployee } x \rightarrow \text{Student } x$ Subtype(StudentEmployee Employee) $\forall x. \text{StudentEmployee } x \rightarrow \text{Employee } x$

Construct and Examples

Normative Abstract Syntax of Examples

Normative Semantics of Examples

Subtyping constraints



ExclusiveSubtypes((Dog Cat) Animal)

ExhaustiveSubtypes((Player Coach) TeamMember)

 $(\forall x. \text{Dog } x \to \text{Animal } x \& \sim \text{Cat } x) \& (\forall x. \text{Cat } x \to \text{Animal } x)$

 $(\forall x. \, \mathtt{Player} \, x \, \rightarrow \, \mathtt{TeamMember} \, x) \, \&$

 $(\forall x. \operatorname{Coach} x \rightarrow \operatorname{TeamMember} x) \&$

 $(\forall x. \texttt{TeamMember } x \rightarrow \texttt{Coach } x \lor \texttt{Player } x)$

 $(\forall x. \, \text{MalePerson} \, x \rightarrow \text{Person} \, x \, \& \, \sim \text{FemalePerson} \, x) \, \&$

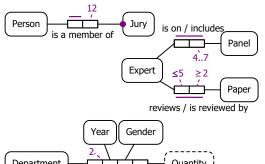
 $(\forall x. \text{Femaleperson } x \rightarrow \text{Person } x)$

 $(\forall x. \, \text{MalePerson} \, x \rightarrow \, \text{Person} \, x) \, \&$

 $(\forall x. \, \text{FemalePerson} \, x \rightarrow \, \text{Person} \, x) \, \&$

 $(\forall x. \texttt{Person} \, x \rightarrow \texttt{FemalePerson} \, x \, \lor \, \texttt{MalePerson} \, x)$

Internal frequency constraint



Frequency(isAMemberOf.2 (12))

Frequency(isOn.2 (4, 7))

Frequency(reviews.1 (..5))

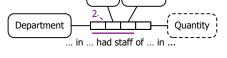
Frequency(reviews.2 (2..))

 $\forall x_1 x_2$. isAMemberOf $x_1 x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{=12} y$. isAMemberOf $x_1 y$

 $\forall x_1 x_2$. isOn $x_1 x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{\geq 4, \leq 7} y$. isOn $x_1 y$

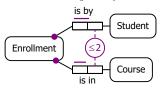
 $\forall x_1 x_2$. reviews $x_1 x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{\leq 5} y$. reviews $y x_2$

 $\forall x_1 x_2$. reviews $x_1 x_2 \rightarrow \exists^{\geq 2} y$. reviews $x_1 y$



 $\forall x_1x_2x_3x_4. ? \texttt{in?hadStaffOf?in?} \ x_1x_2x_3x_4 \rightarrow \\ \exists^{=2}y_1y_2. ? \texttt{in?hadStaffOf?in?} \ y_1y_2x_3x_4$

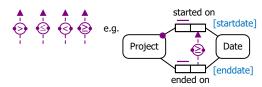
External frequency constraint



ExternalFrequency(isBy.2 isIn.2 (..2))

 $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. JP $x_1 x_2 x_3 \leftrightarrow \exists y$. isBy $x_3 x_1$ & isIn $x_3 x_2$ $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. JP $x_1 x_2 x_3 \rightarrow \exists^{\leq 2} y_1 y_2$. JP $y_1 y_2 x_3$

Value-comparison constraint

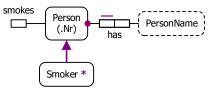


≥(endedOn.2 startedOn.2)

 $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3$. JP $x_1 x_2 x_3 \leftrightarrow \exists y$. startedOn $x_3 x_1$ & endedOn $x_3 x_2$ $\forall x_1 x_2 x_3 y_1 y_2 y_3$. $Px_1 x_2 x_3$ & $Py_1 y_2 y_3 \rightarrow y_{Date}(x_2) \ge y_{Date}(y_1)$

etc.

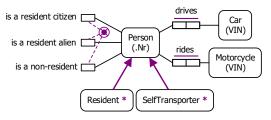
Derivation Rules



* Each Smoker is a Person who smokes.

```
SubTypeRule(Smoker (Person \( \) smokes))
```

 $\forall x$. Smoker $x \leftrightarrow \text{Person } x \& \text{smokes } x$



- * Each Resident is a Person who is a resident citizen or is a resident alien.
- * Each SelfTransporter is a Person who drives a Car or rides a Motorcycle.

```
SubTypeRule(Resident
```

SubTypeRule(SelfTransporter

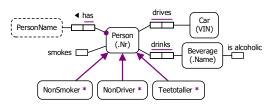
(Person ∧
 ((drives.1 ➤ [drives.2 ⋈ Car]) ∨
 (rides.1 ➤ [rides.2 ⋈ Motorcycle]))))

 $\forall x. \text{Resident } x \leftrightarrow$

Person x & (isAResidentCitizen x V isAResidentAlien x)

$\forall x. \texttt{SelfTransporter} \ x \leftrightarrow$

(Person x &
 ((∃y. drives xy & Car y) ∨
 (∃y. rides xy & Motorcycle y)))



- * Each NonSmoker is a Person where it is not true that that Person smokes.
- * Each NonDriver is a Person who drives no Car.
- * Each Teetotaller is a Person who drinks no Beverage that is alcoholic.

SubTypeRule(NonSmoker (Person \ smokes))

SubTypeRule(NonDriver

(Person \ (drives.1 ➤ [drives.2 ⋈ Car]))

SubTypeRule(TeeTotaller

 $\forall x. \text{NonSmoker } x \leftrightarrow \text{Person } x \& \sim \text{smokes } x$

$\forall x. \text{NonDriver } x \leftrightarrow$

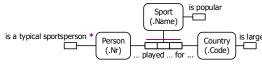
(Person $x \& \sim (\exists y. drives xy \& Car y)$

$\forall x. \, \text{TeeTotaller} \, x \leftrightarrow$

(Person x &

 \sim ($\exists y$. drinks xy &

Beverage y & isAlcoholic y))



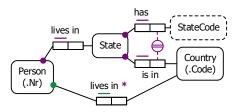
* Person is a typical sportsperson **iff that** Person played **a** Sport **that** is popular for **a** Country **that** is large.

FactTypeRule(isATypicalSportsPerson

(Person ∧ ?played?for?.1 ►
 [?played?for?.2 ⋈ (Sport ∧ isPopular)]
 [?played?for?.3 ⋈ (Country ∧ isLarge)]))

 $\forall x.$ isATypicalSportsPerson $x \leftrightarrow$ (Personx &

 $\exists yz.$?played?for? xyz & Sport y & isAlcoholic y & Country z & isLarge z)



* Person lives in Country iff
that Person lives in a State that is in that Country.

```
FactTypeRule(livesInCountry
  (Person ∧ livesInState.1 ➤
    [livesInState.2 ⋈ (State ∧ isIn.1 ➤
        [isIn.2 ⋈ (Country ∧ ?x)])])
  (Country ∧ ?x))
```

 $\forall xy. \text{ livesInCountry } xy \leftrightarrow$ $(\text{Person } x \& \\ \exists z. \text{ livesInState } xz \& \text{State } z \& \\ \text{isIn } zy \& \text{Country } y)$

```
Person (.Nr) (.Name) can communicate in *
```

- * Person can fully communicate in Language iff that Person can speak that Language and can write in that Language.
- * Person can communicate in Language iff that Person can speak that Language or can write in that Language.

```
uage
me)
```

- Customer (.Nr)

 Region (.Name)

 sold in *
- * CarModel sold in Region iff some Customer lives in that Region and bought a Car that is of that CarModel.
- * Customer in Region bought CarModel iff
 that Customer lives in that Region
 and bought a Car that is of that CarModel.

```
FactTypeRule(canFullyCommunicateIn
                                                                       \forall xy. \text{canFullyCommunicateIn } xy \leftrightarrow
 (Person ∧
                                                                            (Person x &
  (canSpeak.1 \triangleright [canSpeak.2 \bowtie (Language \land ?x)]) \land
                                                                             canSpeak xy &
                                                                             canWrite xy &
  (canWrite.1 ➤ [canwrite.2 ⋈ (Language ∧ ?x)]))
 (Language \land ?x))
                                                                             Language y)
                                                                       \forall xy. \mathtt{canFullyCommunicateIn} \ xy \leftrightarrow
FactTypeRule(canCommunicateIn
 (Person ∧
                                                                            (Person x &
  ((canSpeak.1 \triangleright [canSpeak.2 \bowtie (Language \land ?x)]) \lor
                                                                              (canSpeak xy \lor
                                                                               canWrite xy) &
    (canWrite.1 \triangleright [canwrite.2 \bowtie (Language \land ?x)])))
```

(Language \land ?x))

 $\forall xy. \, \mathtt{soldIn} \, xy \leftrightarrow \\ (\mathtt{CarModel} \, x \, \& \\ \mathtt{Region} \, y \, \& \\ \exists z. \, \mathtt{livesIn} \, zy \, \& \, \mathtt{Customer} \, z \, \& \\ \exists k. \, \mathtt{bought} \, zk \, \& \, \mathtt{Car} \, k \, \& \\ \mathtt{isOf} \, kx)$

Language *y*)

 $\forall xy.$?in?bought? $xyz \leftrightarrow$ (Customer x &livesIn xy & Region y & $\exists k.$ bought xk & Car k &isOf kz & CarModel z)