## Question 5

Find a function f(n) that counts the number of times that fnc() is called as a function with the input n.

- (1) Assume  $n \geq 3$  and  $\exists a \in \mathbb{N}, n = 3^a$ .
- (2) From the loop invariant, we know that  $x = 3^r$ .
- (3) The outer loop starts at x=3 and is then multiplied by 3 each iteration until it is executed for the last time when x=n, since  $\exists a \in \mathbb{N}, n=3^a$  from (1). So,  $x=3,9,27,81,...,3^a$ . Similarly, r starts at r=1 and increases by one each iteration, and by (2),  $x=3^r \implies r=\log_3 x$ , so we get  $x=3^1,3^2,3^3,...,3^a$ , and thus r=1,2,3,...,a. But, from (1),  $n=3^a \implies a=\log_3(n)$ . So the number of iterations from the outer loop is

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\log_3 n} (1)$$

- (4) Now, from (2), since  $x = 3^r$ , clearly x must be odd.
- (5) Next, the inner loop starts at j=0 and increases by 2 until it executes for the last time when j=x-1, since, from (4), x is odd. So, j=0,2,4,...,x-1. But, from (2), we get  $j=0,2,4,...,3^r-1$ . Now, let k=j/2, then  $k=0,1,2,3,...,(3^r-1)/2$ . Thus, the number of iterations of the inner loop is

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\frac{3^r-1}{2}} (1) = \frac{3^r-1}{2} - 0 + 1 = \frac{3^r+1}{2}$$

(6) Finally, since the loops are nested, and fnc() is called once every inner loop iteration, the number of times fnc() is called is

$$\sum_{r=1}^{\log_3 n} \left(\frac{3^r + 1}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\sum_{r=1}^{\log_3 n} (3^r) + \sum_{r=1}^{\log_3 n} (1)\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{3^{\log_3(n) + 1} - 1}{2} - 3^0 + \log_3(n)\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{(3^{\log_3(n)})(3^1) - 1}{2} - 1 + \log_3(n)\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{3n - 1}{2} - 1 + \log_3(n)\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{3n-3}{2} + \log_3(n) \right]$$

(7) Thus, a function f(n) that counts the number of times that fnc() is called as a function with the input n is

$$f(n) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{3n-3}{2} + \log_3(n) \right]$$