

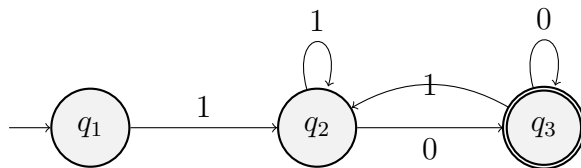
CS 360: Assignment 1

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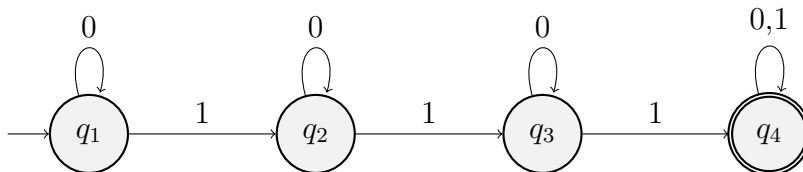
September 6, 2024

1. Give the state diagrams of the DFAs recognizing the following languages. In all parts the alphabet $\Sigma = \{1, 0\}$:

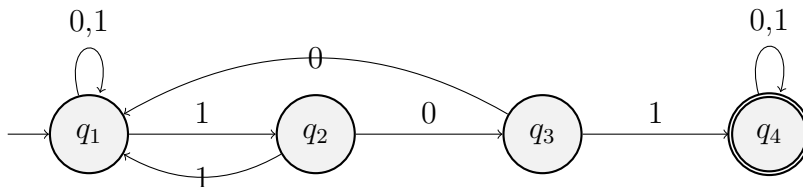
(a) $\{w \mid w \text{ begins with a 1 and ends with a 0}\}$ [4 pts]



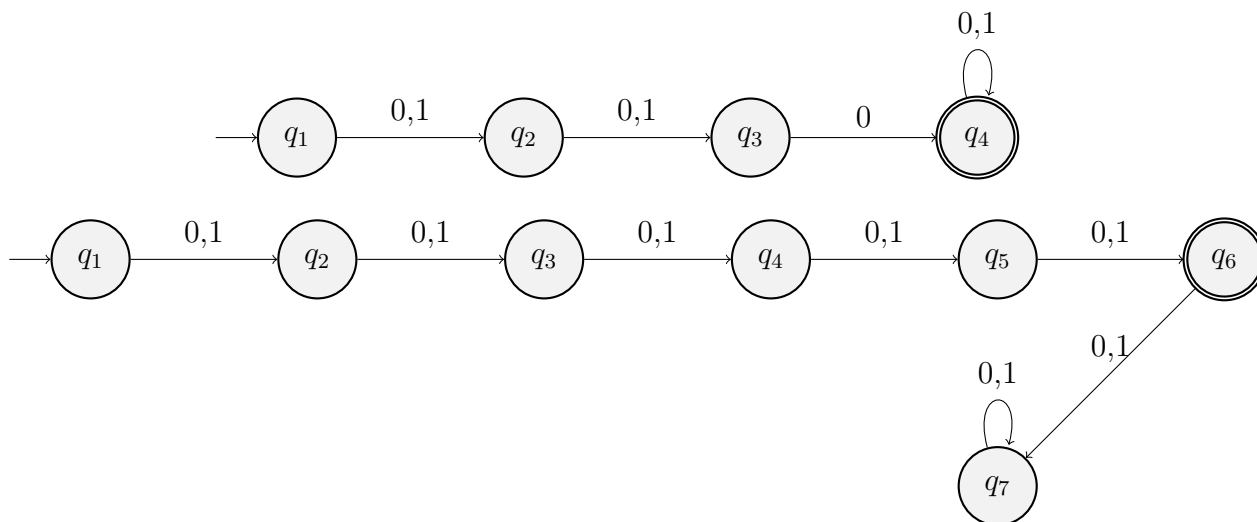
(b) $\{w \mid w \text{ contains at least three 1s}\}$ [4 pts]



(c) $\{w \mid w \text{ contains the substring 101}\}$ [4 pts]



(d) $\{w \mid w \text{ has length at least three and the third symbol is 0}\}$ [4 pts]



(e) $\{w \mid \text{the length of } w \text{ is at most } 5\}$ [4 pts] Above question, Latex positioned wrong.

Demonstrate the computations of these machines formally on the following strings. Please point out which strings are accepted by which of these finite machines. [10 pts]

(a) 10001

- a) $q1(1) \rightarrow q2(0) \Rightarrow q3(0) \rightarrow q3(0) \rightarrow q2(1) \rightarrow q2 \text{ -- NO}$
- b) $q1(1) \rightarrow q2(0) \Rightarrow q2(0) \rightarrow q2(0) \rightarrow q3(1) \rightarrow q3 \text{ -- NO}$
- c) $q1(1) \rightarrow q2(0) \Rightarrow q3(0) \rightarrow q1(0) \rightarrow q1(1) \rightarrow q2 \text{ -- NO}$
- d) $q1(1) \rightarrow q2(0) \Rightarrow q3(0) \rightarrow q4(0) \rightarrow q4(1) \rightarrow q4 \text{ -- YES}$
- e) $q1(1) \rightarrow q2(0) \Rightarrow q3(0) \rightarrow q4(0) \rightarrow q5(1) \rightarrow q6 \text{ -- YES}$

(b) 010011

- a) $q1(0) \rightarrow q1 \text{ -- NO}$
- b) $q1(0) \rightarrow q2(1) \rightarrow q2(0) \Rightarrow q2(0) \rightarrow q3(1) \rightarrow q4(1) \rightarrow q4 \text{ -- YES}$
- c) $q1(0) \rightarrow q1(1) \rightarrow q2(0) \Rightarrow q3(0) \rightarrow q1(1) \rightarrow q2(1) \rightarrow q1 \text{ -- NO}$
- d) $q1(0) \rightarrow q2(1) \rightarrow q3(0) \Rightarrow q4(0) \rightarrow q4(1) \rightarrow q4(1) \rightarrow q4 \text{ -- YES}$
- e) $q1(0) \rightarrow q2(1) \rightarrow q3(0) \Rightarrow q4(0) \rightarrow q5(1) \rightarrow q6(1) \rightarrow q7 \text{ -- NO}$

Consider the alphabet $\sigma = 1, 2, 3$. Write down the members of the set Σ^2 . [2 pts]

Answer: $\Sigma^2 = \{11, 12, 13, 21, 22, 23, 31, 32, 33\}$

A finite automaton is a 5-tuple $(Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$. Consider the finite automaton that recognizes and empty language. Write down F (the set of accepting states) for this finite automaton.

Answer: $F = \{q_0\}, F \subseteq Q$

Every deterministic finite automaton is also a non-deterministic finite automaton. Justify the statement.

Answer: NFA has multiple options for acceptance as well as unable to determine which final state as there might be more than one. DFAs are a subset of a possible NFA and only have one final state.