

# GNU Emacs Reference Card

(for version 30)

## Key Binding Notation

In the Emacs key binding notation, **C-x** is **Ctrl+X**; **M-x** is usually **Alt+X**; **S-x** is **Shift+X**; and **C-M-x** is **Ctrl+Alt+X**, etc.

## Leaving Emacs

iconify Emacs (or suspend it in terminal)	C-z
exit Emacs permanently	C-x C-c

## Files

<b>read</b> a file into Emacs	C-x C-f
<b>save</b> a file back to disk	C-x C-s
save <b>all</b> files	C-x s
<b>insert</b> contents of another file into this buffer	C-x i
replace this file with the file you really want	C-x C-v
write buffer to a specified file	C-x C-w
toggle read-only status of buffer	C-x C-q

## Getting Help

The help system is simple. Type **C-h** (or **F1**) and follow the directions. If you are a first-time user, type **C-h t** for a **tutorial**.

remove help window	C-x 1
scroll help window	C-M-v
apropos: show commands matching a string	C-h a
describe the function a key runs	C-h k
describe a function	C-h f
get mode-specific information	C-h m

## Error Recovery

<b>abort</b> partially typed or executing command	C-g
<b>recover</b> files lost by a system crash	M-x recover-session
<b>undo</b> an unwanted change	C-x u, C-_ or C-/
restore a buffer to its original contents	M-x revert-buffer
redraw garbaged screen	C-l

## Incremental Search

search forward	C-s
search backward	C-r
regular expression search	C-M-s
reverse regular expression search	C-M-r
select previous search string	M-p
select next search string	M-n
exit incremental search	RET
undo effect of last character	DEL
abort current search	C-g

Use C-s or C-r again to repeat the search in either direction. If Emacs is still searching, C-g cancels only the part not matched.

## Motion

entity to move over	backward	forward
character	C-b	C-f
word	M-b	M-f
line	C-p	C-n
go to line beginning (or end)	C-a	C-e
sentence	M-a	M-e
paragraph	M-{	M>}
page	C-x [	C-x ]
sexp	C-M-b	C-M-f
function	C-M-a	C-M-e
go to buffer beginning (or end)	M-<	M->
scroll to next screen		C-v
scroll to previous screen		M-v
scroll left		C-x <
scroll right		C-x >
scroll current line to center, top, bottom		C-l
goto line		M-g g
goto char		M-g c
back to indentation		M-m

## Killing and Deleting

entity to kill	backward	forward
character (delete, not kill)	DEL	C-d
word	M-DEL	M-d
line (to end of)	M-O C-k	C-k
sentence	C-x DEL	M-k
sexp	M-- C-M-k	C-M-k
kill <b>region</b>		C-w
copy region to kill ring		M-w
kill through next occurrence of char		M-z <i>char</i>
yank back last thing killed		C-y
replace last yank with previous kill		M-y

## Marking

set mark here	C-@ or C-SPC
exchange point and mark	C-x C-x
set mark arg <b>words</b> away	M-@
mark <b>paragraph</b>	M-h
mark <b>page</b>	C-x C-p
mark <b>sexp</b>	C-M-@
mark <b>function</b>	C-M-h
mark entire <b>buffer</b>	C-x h

## Query Replace

interactively replace a text string	M-%
using regular expressions	M-x query-replace-regexp
Valid responses in query-replace mode are	
<b>replace</b> this one, go on to next	SPC or y
replace this one, don't move	,
<b>skip</b> to next without replacing	DEL or n
replace all remaining matches	!
<b>back up</b> to the previous match	^
<b>exit</b> query-replace	RET
enter recursive edit (C-M-c to exit)	C-r

## Multiple Windows

When two commands are shown, the second is a similar command for a frame instead of a window.		
delete all other windows	C-x 1	C-x 5 1
split window, above and below	C-x 2	C-x 5 2
delete this window	C-x 0	C-x 5 0
split window, side by side		C-x 3
scroll other window		C-M-v
switch cursor to another window	C-x o	C-x 5 o
select buffer in other window	C-x 4 b	C-x 5 b
display buffer in other window	C-x 4 C-o	C-x 5 C-o
find file in other window	C-x 4 f	C-x 5 f
find file read-only in other window	C-x 4 r	C-x 5 r
run Dired in other window	C-x 4 d	C-x 5 d
find tag in other window	C-x 4 .	C-x 5 .
grow window taller		C-x ^
shrink window narrower		C-x {
grow window wider		C-x }

## Formatting

indent current <b>line</b> (mode-dependent)	TAB
indent <b>region</b> (mode-dependent)	C-M-\
indent <b>sexp</b> (mode-dependent)	C-M-q
indent region rigidly arg columns	C-x TAB
indent for comment	M-;
insert newline after point	C-o
move rest of line vertically down	C-M-o
delete blank lines around point	C-x C-o
join line with previous (with arg, next)	M-^
delete all white space around point	M-\
put exactly one space at point	M-SPC
fill paragraph	M-q
set fill column to <i>arg</i>	C-x-f
set prefix each line starts with	C-x .

## Case Change

uppercase word	M-u
lowercase word	M-l
capitalize word	M-c
uppercase region	C-x C-u
lowercase region	C-x C-l

## The Minibuffer

The following keys are defined in the minibuffer.	
complete as much as possible	TAB
complete up to one word	SPC
complete and execute	RET
show possible completions	?
fetch previous minibuffer input	M-p
fetch later minibuffer input or default	M-n
regexp search backward through history	M-r
regexp search forward through history	M-s
abort command	C-g
Type C-x ESC ESC to edit and repeat the last command that used the minibuffer. Type F10 to activate menu bar items on text terminals.	

GNU Emacs Reference Card		Regular Expressions		Registers	
Buffers		any single character except a newline		save region in register	
select another buffer	C-x b	zero or more repeats	*	insert register contents into buffer	C-x r s
list all buffers	C-x C-b	one or more repeats	+	save value of point in register	C-x r i
kill a buffer	C-x k	zero or one repeat	?	jump to point saved in register	C-x r j
Transposing		quote special characters	\	Keyboard Macros	
transpose <b>characters</b>	C-t	quote regular expression special character c	\c	<b>start</b> defining a keyboard macro	C-x (
transpose <b>words</b>	M-t	alternative (“or”)	\\	<b>end</b> keyboard macro definition	C-x )
transpose <b>lines</b>	C-x C-t	grouping	\( . . . \)	<b>execute</b> last-defined keyboard macro	C-x e
transpose <b>sexps</b>	C-M-t	shy grouping	\(?: . . . \)	append to last keyboard macro	C-u C-x (
Spelling Check		explicit numbered grouping	\(?:NUM: . . . \)	name last keyboard macro	M-x name-last-kbd-macro
check spelling of current word	M-\$	same text as nth group	\n	insert Lisp definition in buffer	M-x insert-kbd-macro
check spelling of all words in region	M-x ispell-region	at word break	\b	Commands Dealing with Emacs Lisp	
check spelling of entire buffer	m-x ispell-buffer	not at word break	\B	eval <b>sexp</b> before point	C-x C-e
toggle on-the-fly spell checking	m-x flyspell-mode	<b>entity</b>		eval current <b>defun</b>	C-M-x
Tags		line	~	eval <b>region</b>	M-x eval-region
find a tag (a definition)	M-.	word	\<	read and eval minibuffer	M-:
specify a new tags file	M-x visit-tags-table	symbol	\_<	load a Lisp library from <b>load-path</b>	M-x load-library
regex search on all files in tags table	M-x tags-search	buffer	\'	Simple Customization	
run query-replace on all the files	M-x tags-query-replace	<b>class of characters</b>		customize variables and faces	M-x customize
Shells		explicit set	[ . . . ]	Making global key bindings in Emacs Lisp (example):	
execute a shell command	M-!	word-syntax character	\w	(global-set-key (kbd "C-c g") 'search-forward)	
execute a shell command asynchronously	M-&	character with syntax c	\sc	(global-set-key (kbd "M-#") 'query-replace-regexp)	
run a shell command on the region	M-	character with category c	\cc	Writing Commands	
filter region through a shell command	C-u M-	International Character Sets		(defun <i>command-name</i> ( <i>args</i> )	
start a shell in window *shell*	M-x shell	specify principal language	C-x RET l	" <i>documentation</i> " (interactive " <i>template</i> ")	
Rectangles		show all input methods	M-x list-input-methods	<i>body</i> )	
copy rectangle to register	C-x r r	enable or disable input method	C-\	An example:	
kill rectangle	C-x r k	set coding system for next command	C-x RET c	(defun this-line-to-top-of-window (line)	
yank rectangle	C-x r y	show all coding systems	M-x list-coding-systems	"Reposition current line to top of window.	
open rectangle, shifting text right	C-x r o	choose preferred coding system	M-x prefer-coding-system	With prefix argument LINE, put point on LINE."	
blank out rectangle	C-x r c	Info		(interactive "P")	
prefix each line with a string	C-x r t	enter the Info documentation reader	C-h i	(recenter (if (null line)	
Abbrevs		find specified function or variable in Info	C-h S	0	
add global abbrev	C-x a g	Moving within a node:		(prefix-numeric-value line))))	
add mode-local abbrev	C-x a l	scroll forward	SPC	The interactive spec says how to read arguments interac-	
add global expansion for this abbrev	C-x a i g	scroll reverse	DEL	tively. Type C-h f <b>interactive</b> RET for more details.	
add mode-local expansion for this abbrev	C-x a i l	beginning of node	b	Copyright © 2025 Free Software Foundation, Inc.	
explicitly expand abbrev	C-x a e	Moving between nodes:		For GNU Emacs version 30	
expand previous word dynamically	M-/	<b>next</b> node	n	Designed by Stephen Gildea, Dark Mode by Denny Henke	
Miscellaneous		<b>previous</b> node	p	Released under the terms of the GNU General Public License version 3 or later.	
numeric argument	C-u <i>num</i>	move <b>up</b>	u	For more Emacs documentation, and the T <sub>E</sub> X source for this card, see	
negative argument	M--	select menu item by name	m	the Emacs distribution, or https://www.gnu.org/software/emacs	
quoted insert	C-q <i>char</i>	select nth menu item by number (1–9)	n		
		follow cross reference (return with l)	f		
		return to last node you saw	l		
		return to directory node	d		
		go to top node of Info file	t		
		go to any node by name	g		
		Other:			
		run Info <b>tutorial</b>	h		
		look up a subject in the indices	i		
		search nodes for regexp	s		
		<b>quit</b> Info	q		