

Real-time Machine Monitoring using Edge Analytics to Determine Operation and Condition Prediction

Everett Mason, Jr., Dr. Eunseob Kim, Dr. Ali Shakouri

Mechanical Engineering, *College of Engineering*, Tuskegee University

Elmore Family School of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Purdue University

July 25, 2024



Elmore Family School of Electrical
and Computer Engineering

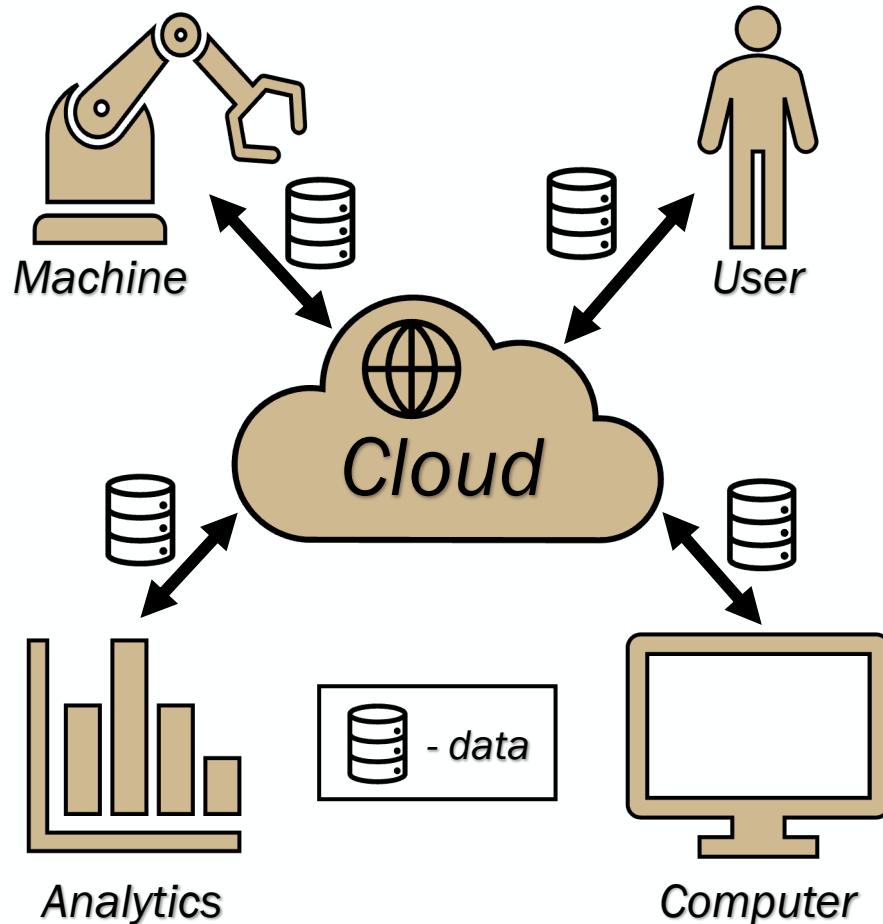


ENGINEERING
UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH OFFICE

SURF

SUMMER UNDERGRADUATE
RESEARCH FELLOWSHIP

Industrial Internet of Things



Internet of Things (IoT): an ecosystem of devices/machines that can transfer and exchange data by means of internet

- Allows *remote monitoring* of machines

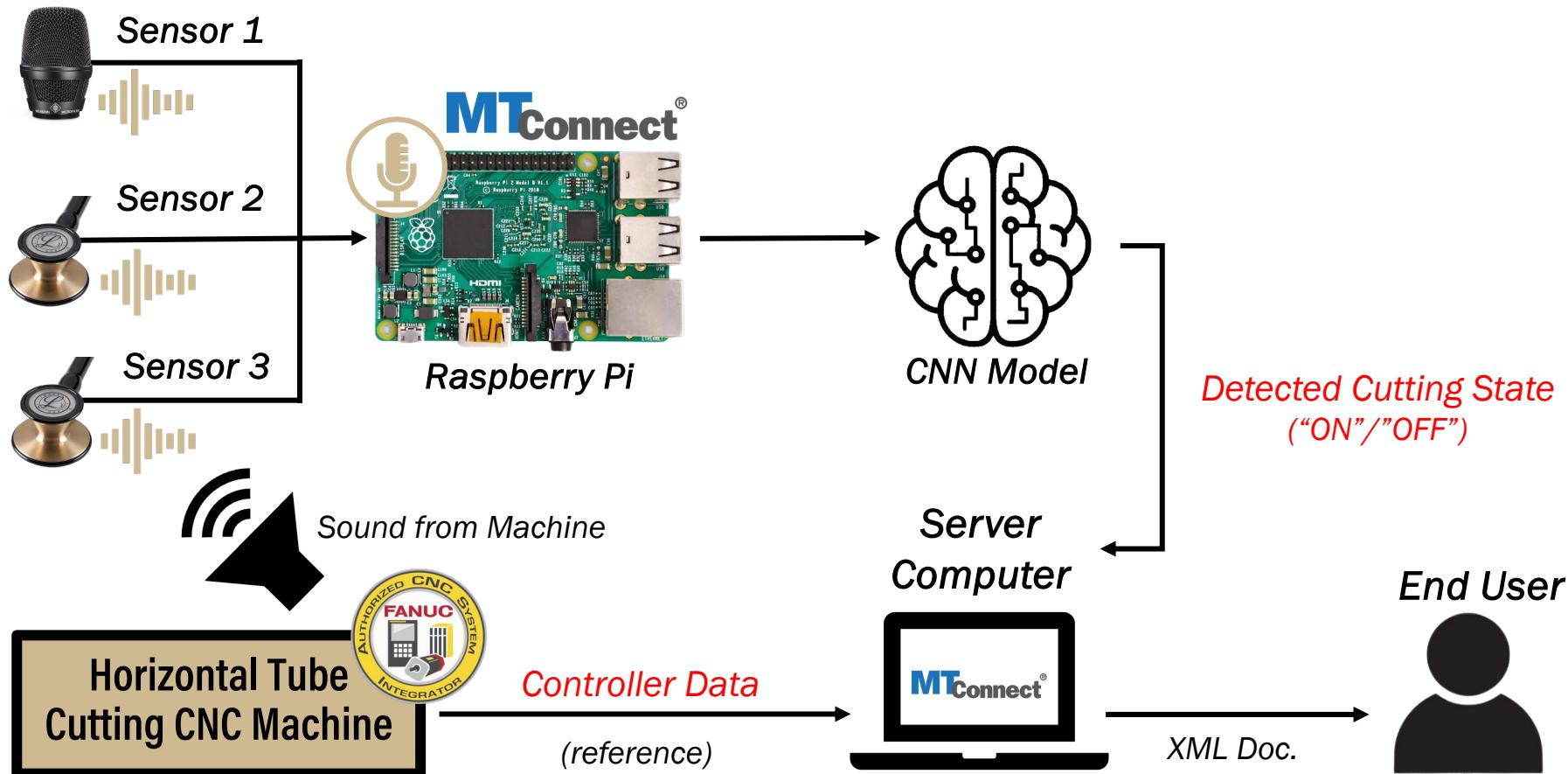
Conventional IoT downfalls

- Bandwidth
- Latency
- Economics
- Privacy
- Reliability

Edge Computing: reduces the proximity of computing to be closer to the target machine/device (where data is generated)

Prior Work

Evaluated use of *real-time smart machine monitoring by means of sound recognition*



Data Pipeline

Data Collection

Database & Visualization

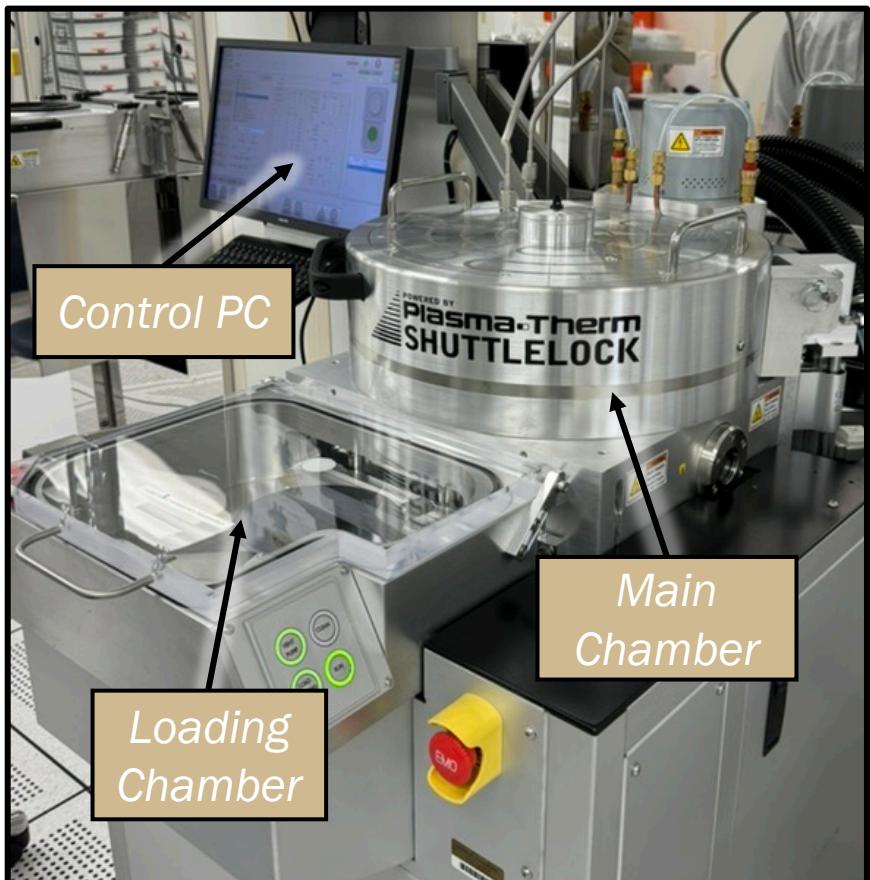
Machine Learning

Objectives

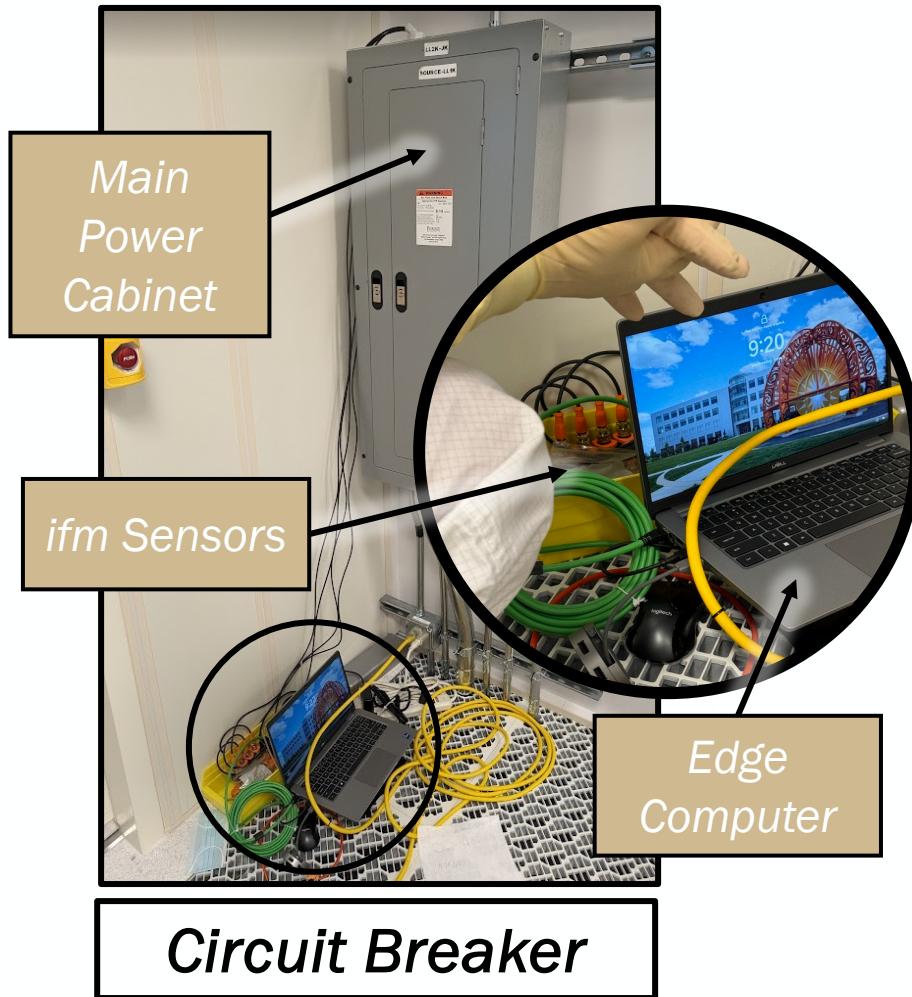
Can we *implement real-time machine monitoring using current data?*

- Collect **electrical current consumption data in non-invasive method** from Birck Nanotechnology Center (BNC) plasma etching machine 
- Analyze current data to **determine significant trends** indicative of machine operation/condition 
- Implement web dashboard and edge computing methods** for real-time machine monitoring 

Data Collection



PlasmaTherm Apex Machine



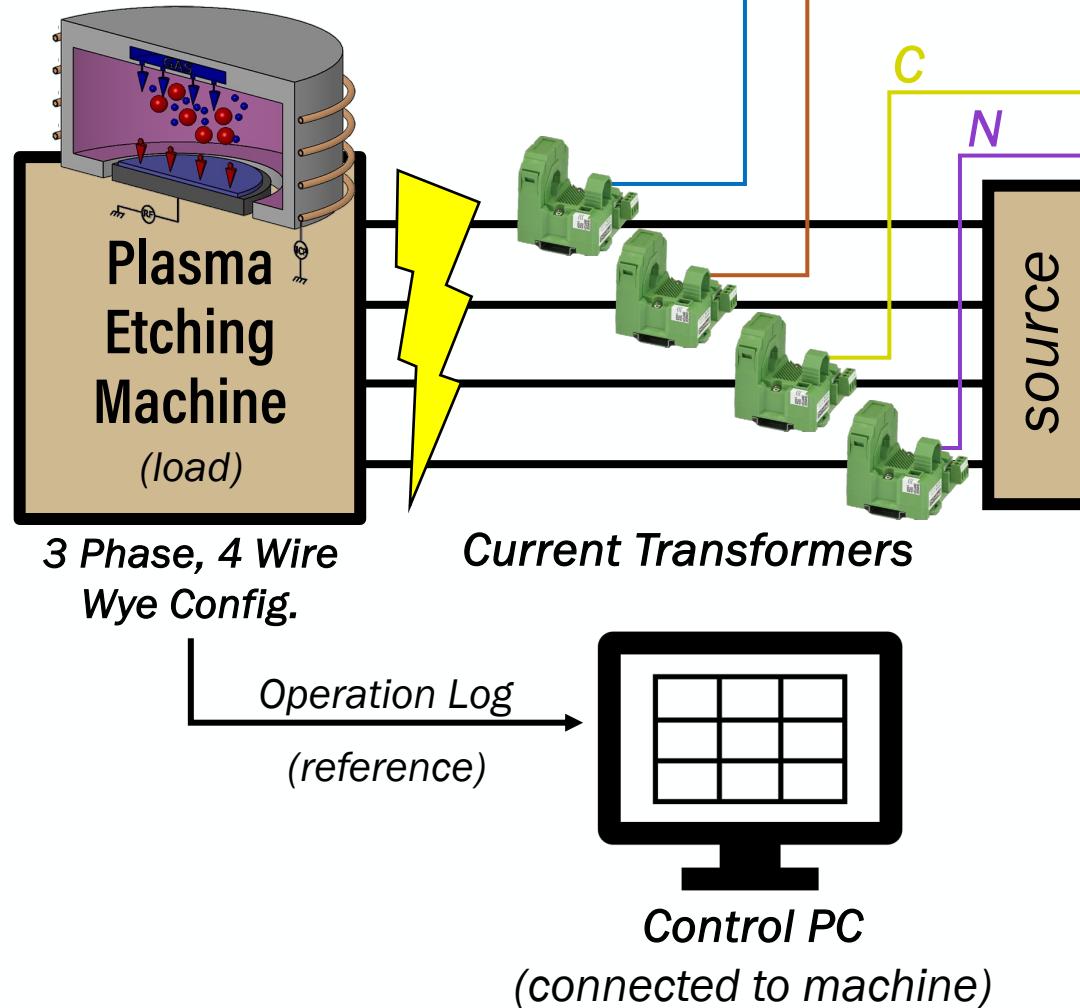
Data Pipeline

Data Collection

Database & Visualization

Machine Learning

Data Collection



Database & Visualization

Python – Raw Current Data

- Cleaning, formatting, and merging current data information
- Converting ADC readings to actual current values
- ***Calculating total power consumption over time based on current data***



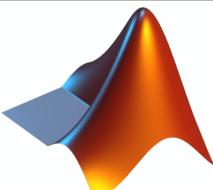
Microsoft Excel – Operation Status Log

- Manually converting photos of operation status log into CSV file
- Adjusting timestamps
- Conducting statistics of recipe and status occurrences and elapsed time



MATLAB – Visualization

- Visualizing each phase of raw current data
- Visualizing total power consumption



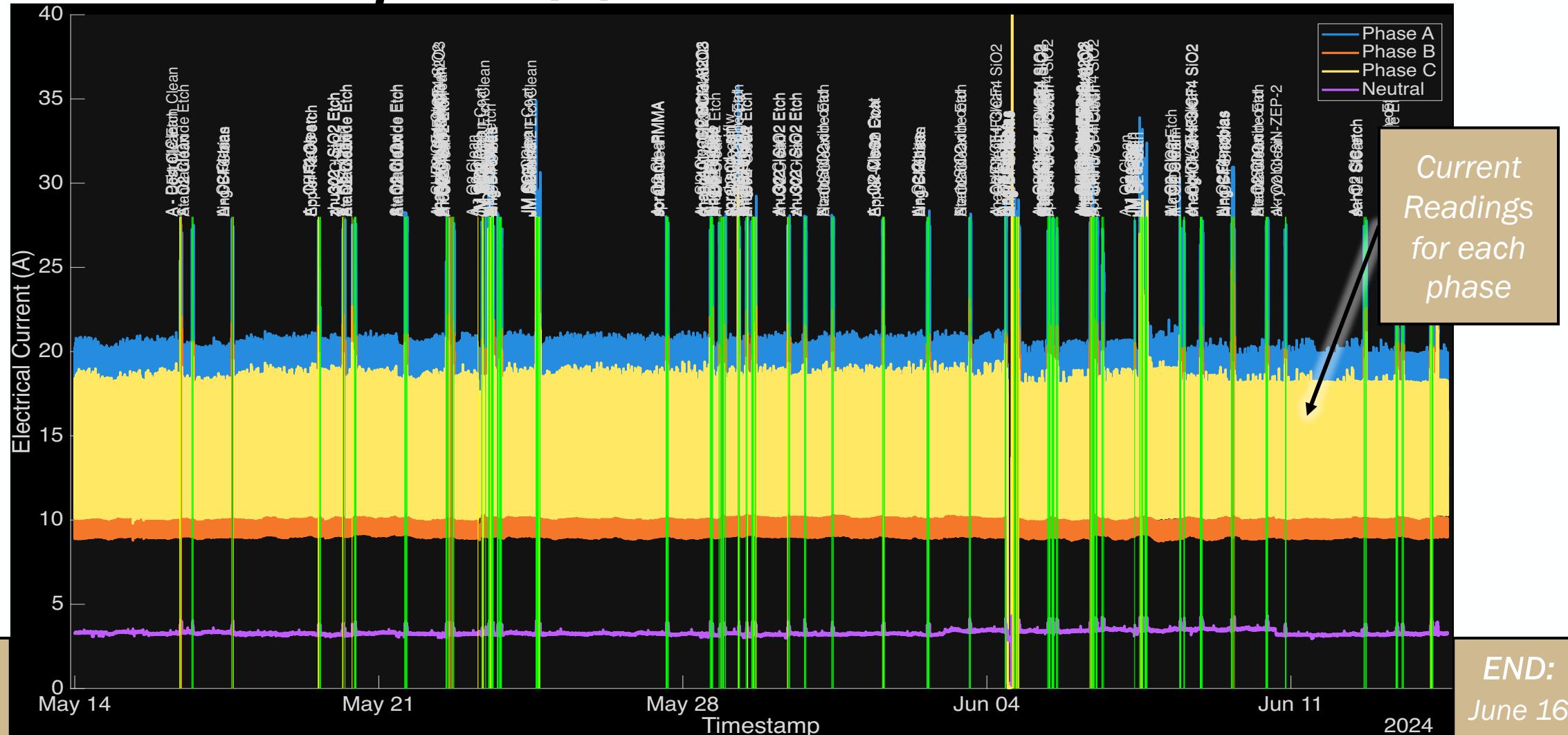
Data Pipeline

Data Collection

Database & Visualization

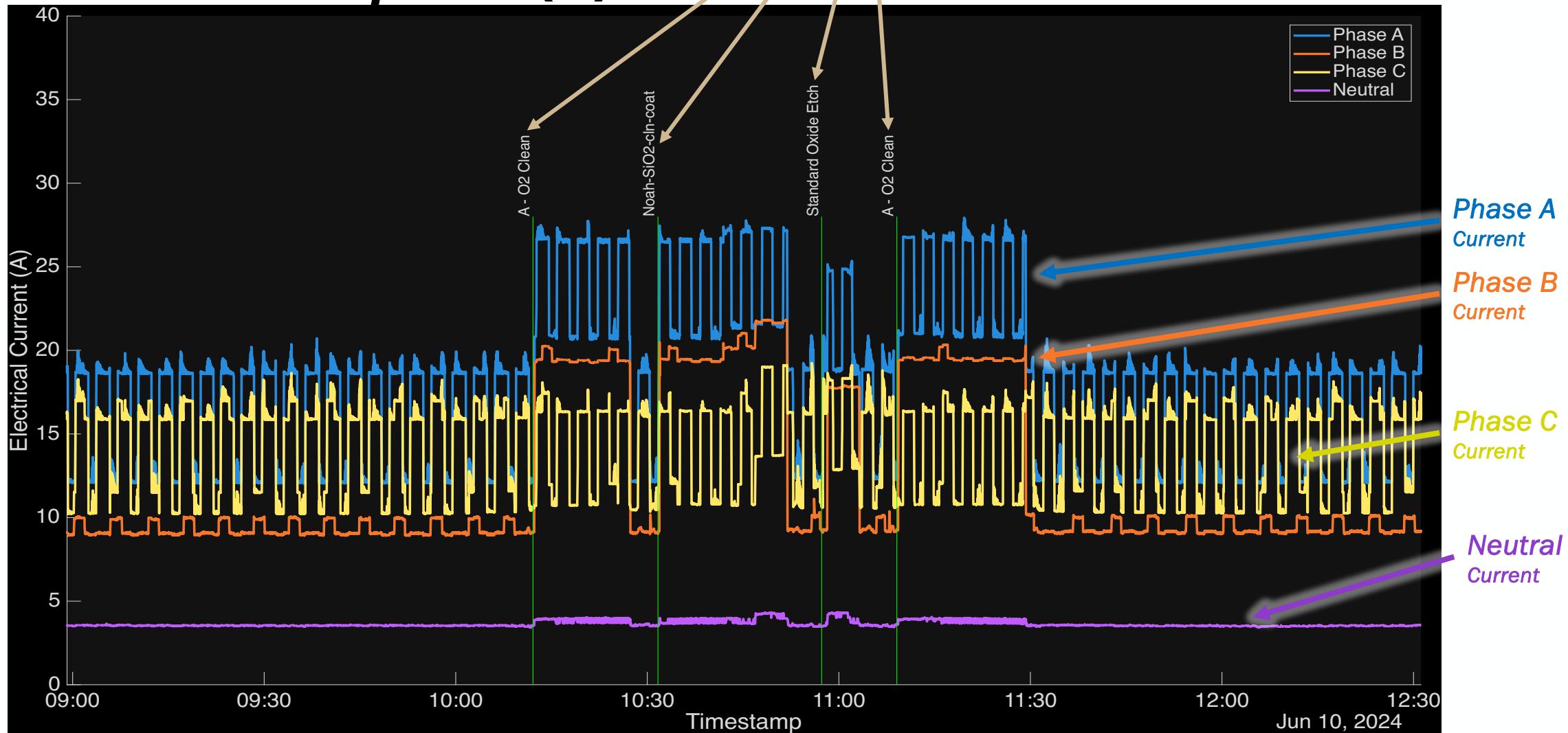
Machine Learning

Current Consumption (A)



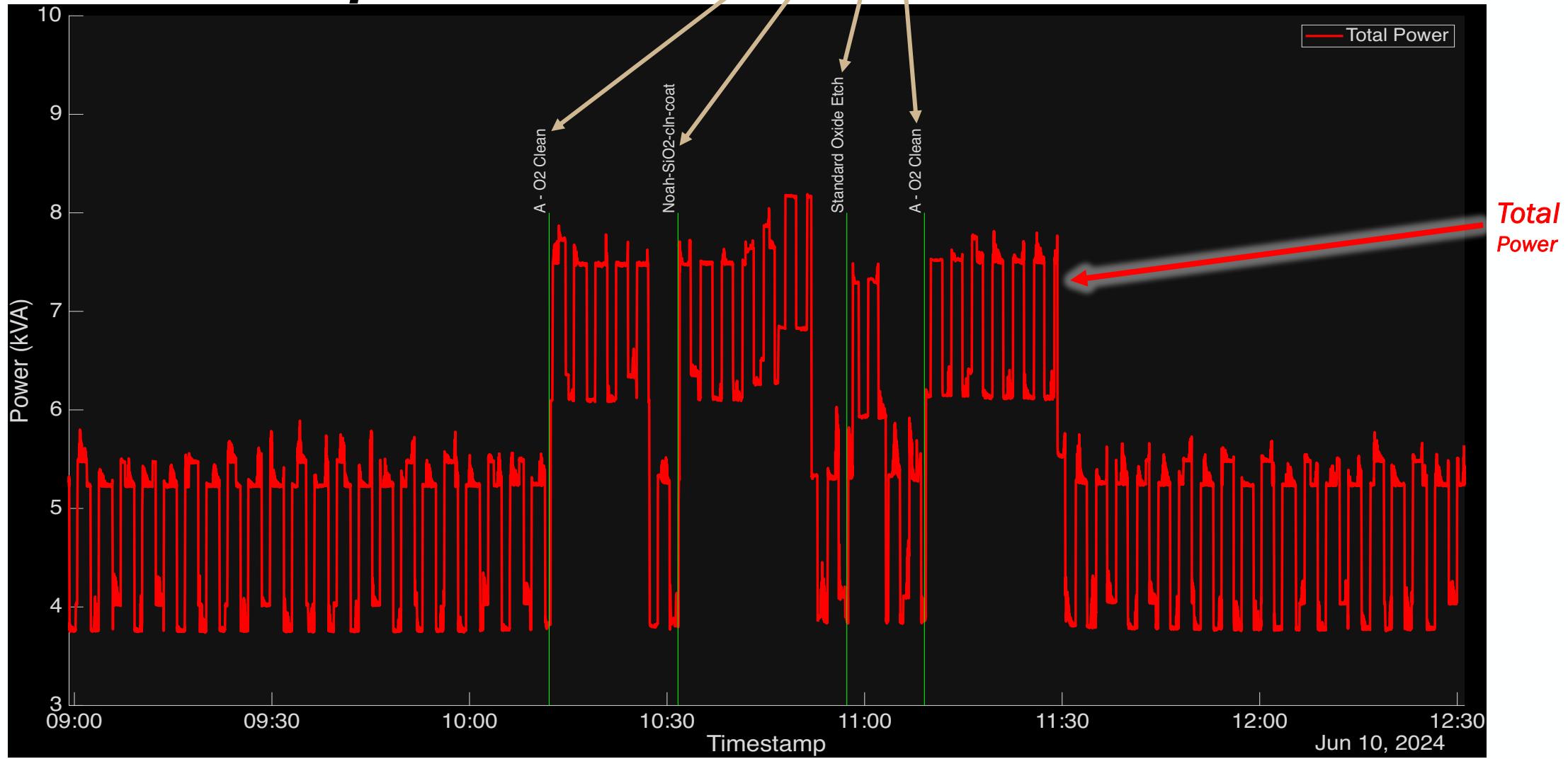
Current Consumption (A)

Status Log
Operation Data



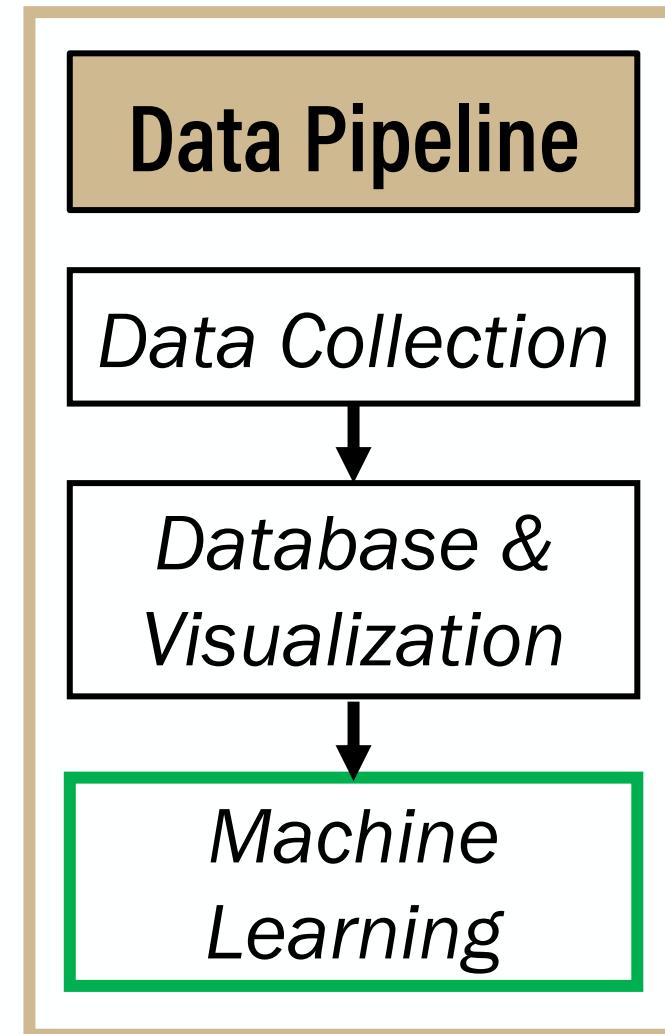
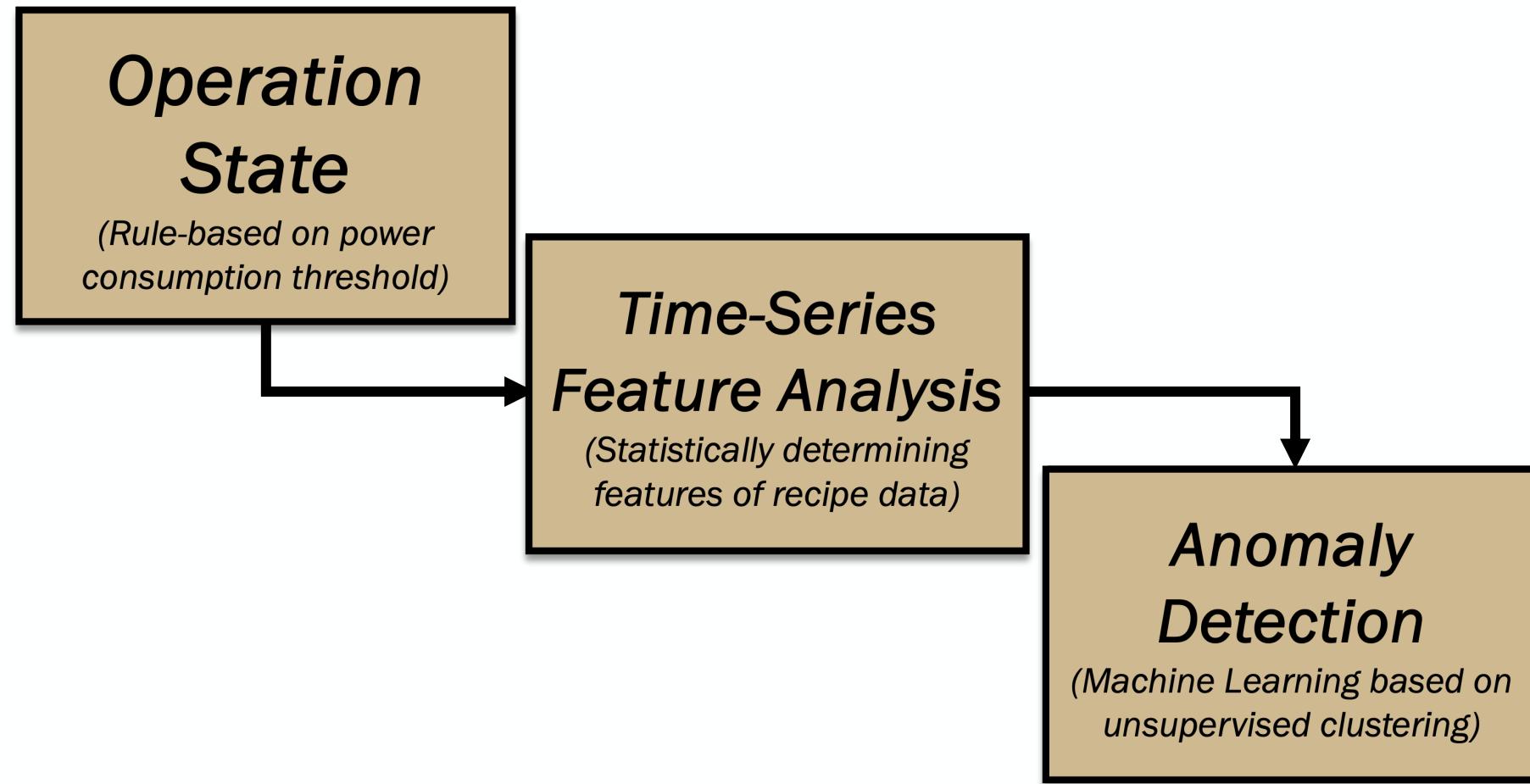
Power Consumption (kVA)

Status Log
Operation Data



Machine Learning Pipeline

3-Step Fingerprinting Algorithm



Operation State Detection

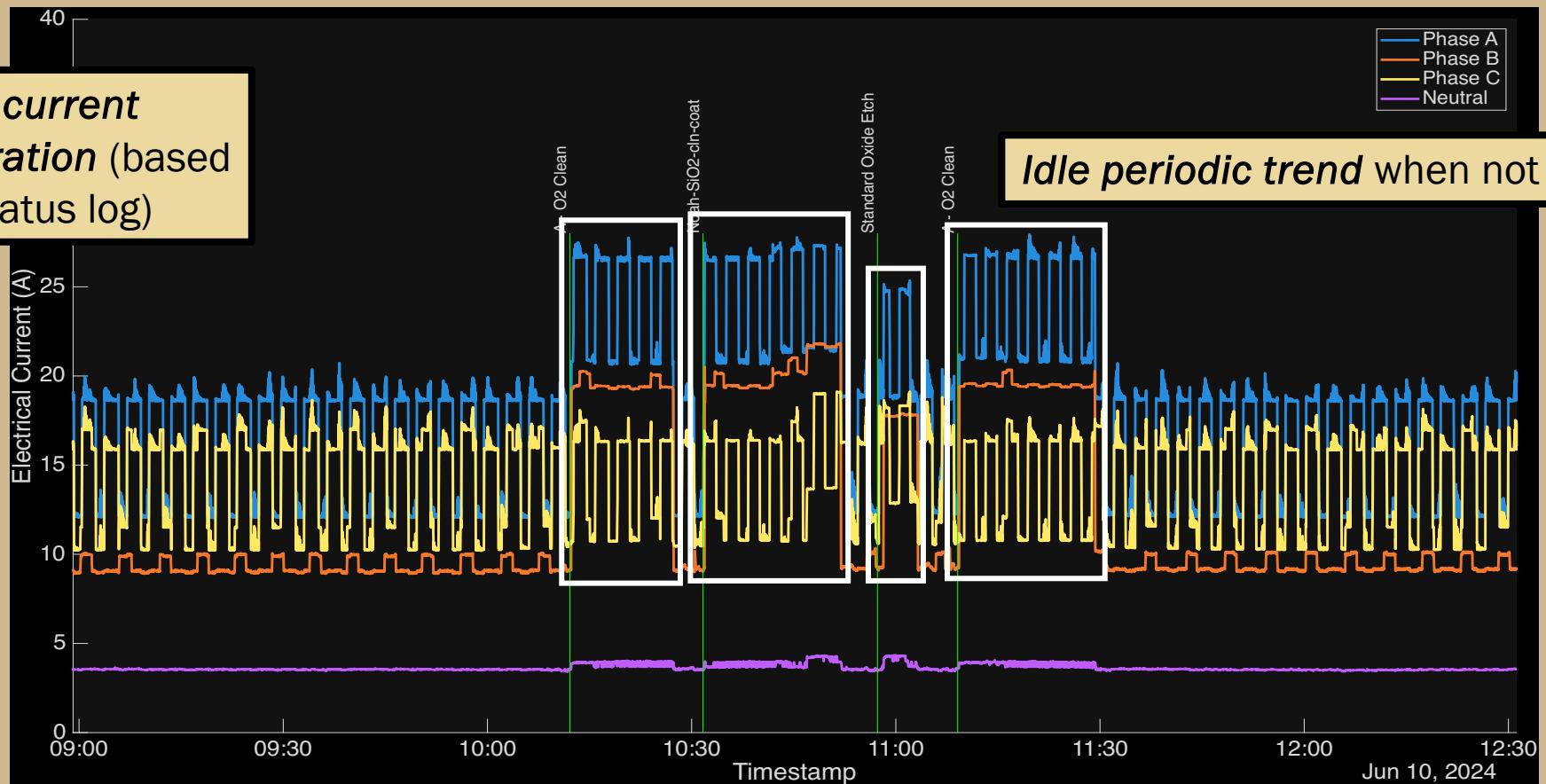
Rule-based on power consumption threshold

Based on *magnitude increase/decrease* of Phase B

Noticeable *spikes in current consumption during operation* (based on start times from status log)

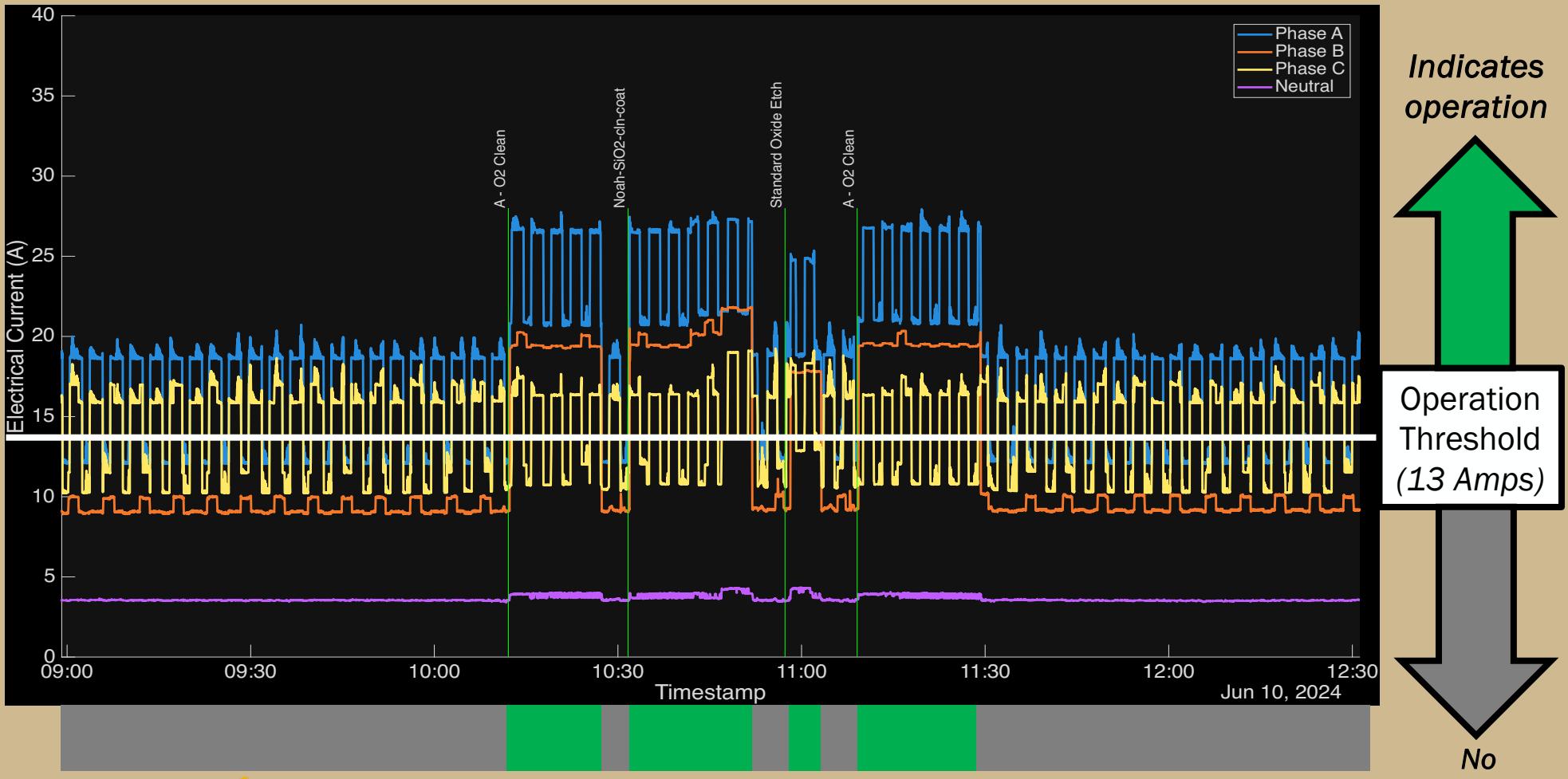
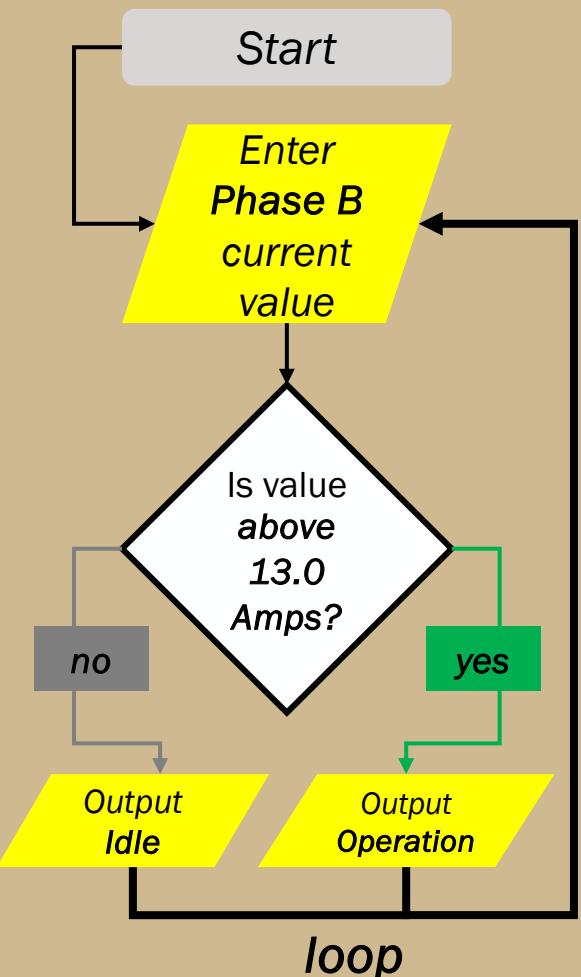
Magnitude Change
Phase A - major change
Phase B - major change
Phase C - minor change
Neutral - minor change

Periodicity
Phase A - periodic
Phase B - not periodic
Phase C - periodic
Neutral - not periodic



Operation State Detection

Rule-based on power consumption threshold



Time-Series Feature Analysis

Statistically determining features of recipe data

**Principal Component
Analysis**
(recipe features)

Mean

Root Mean Square

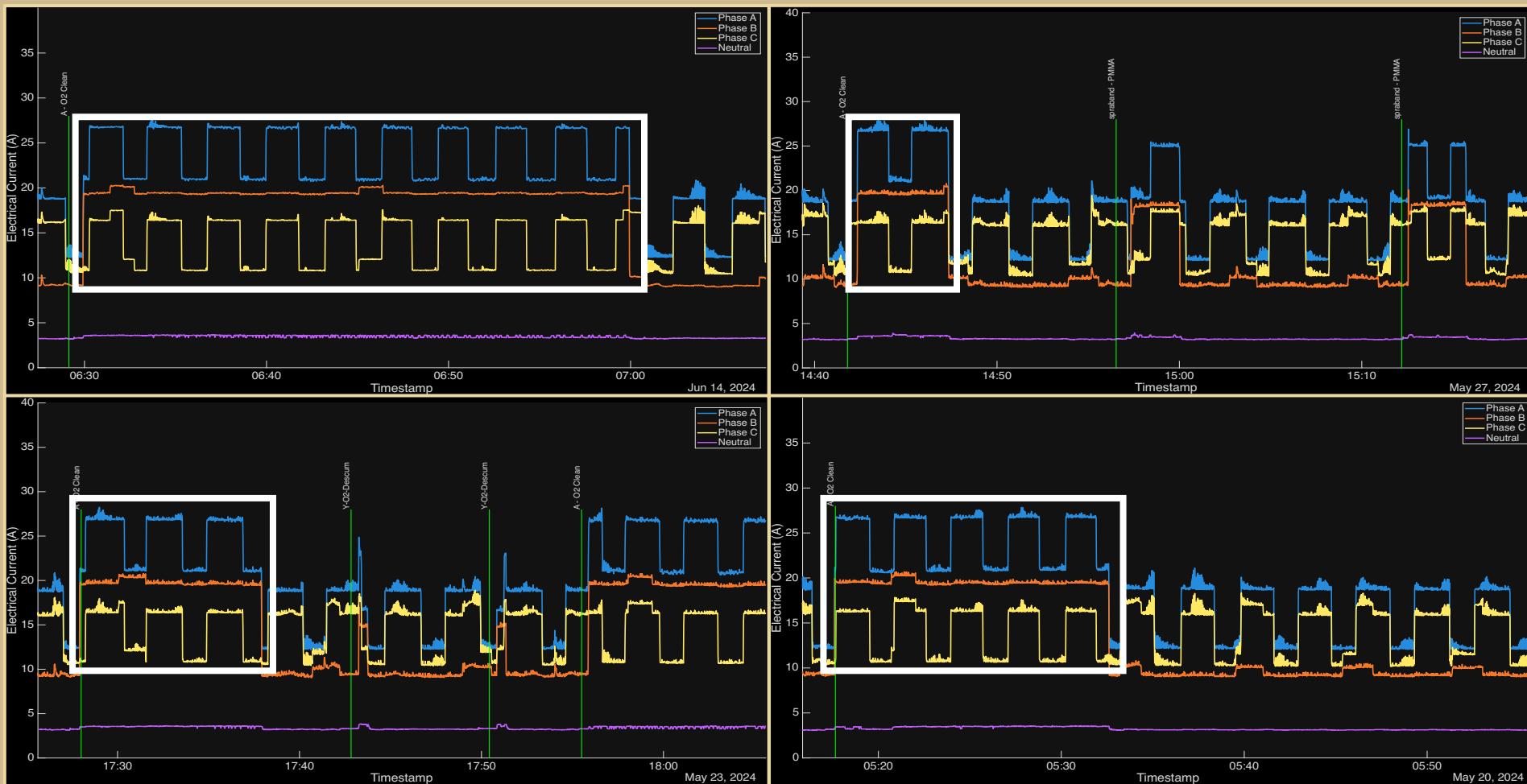
Standard Deviation

Maximum

Minimum

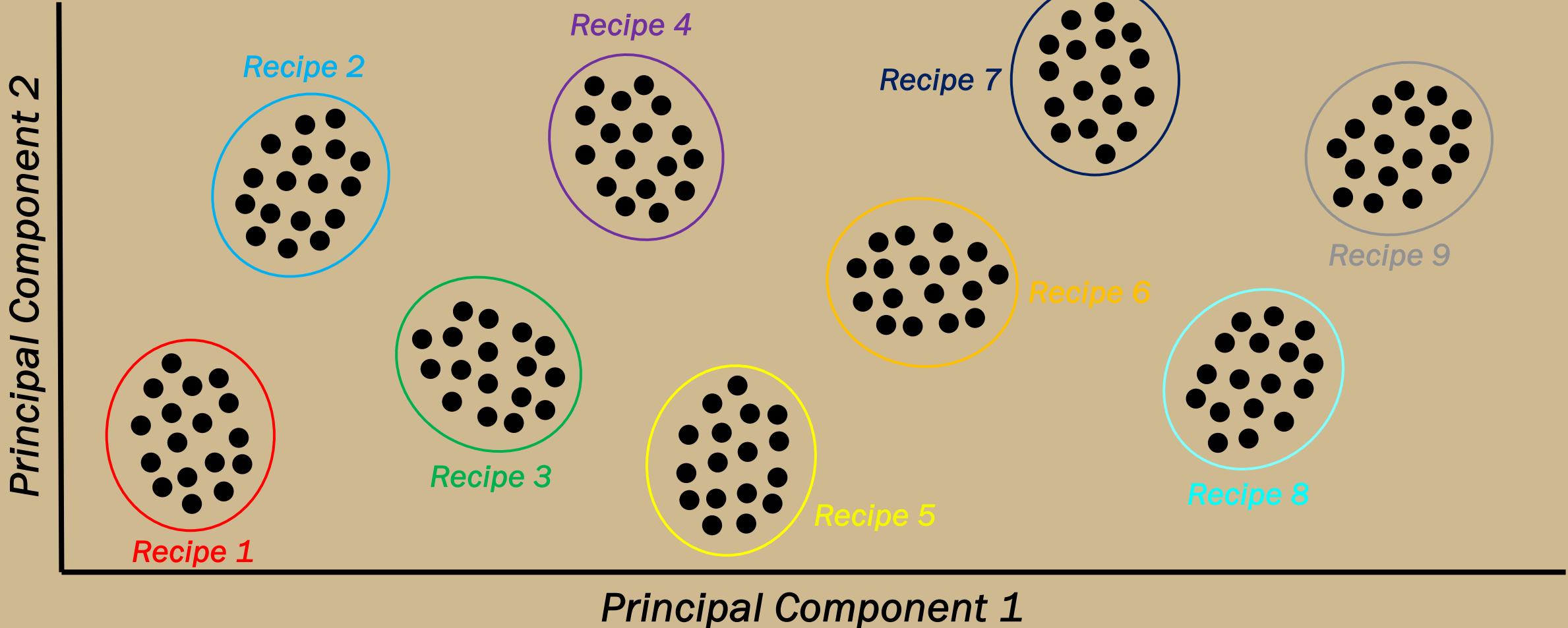
Skewness

Kurtosis



Time-Series Feature Analysis

Statistically determining features of recipe data



Unsupervised Data Clustering

(visualization purposes only,
not based on data)

Anomaly Detection

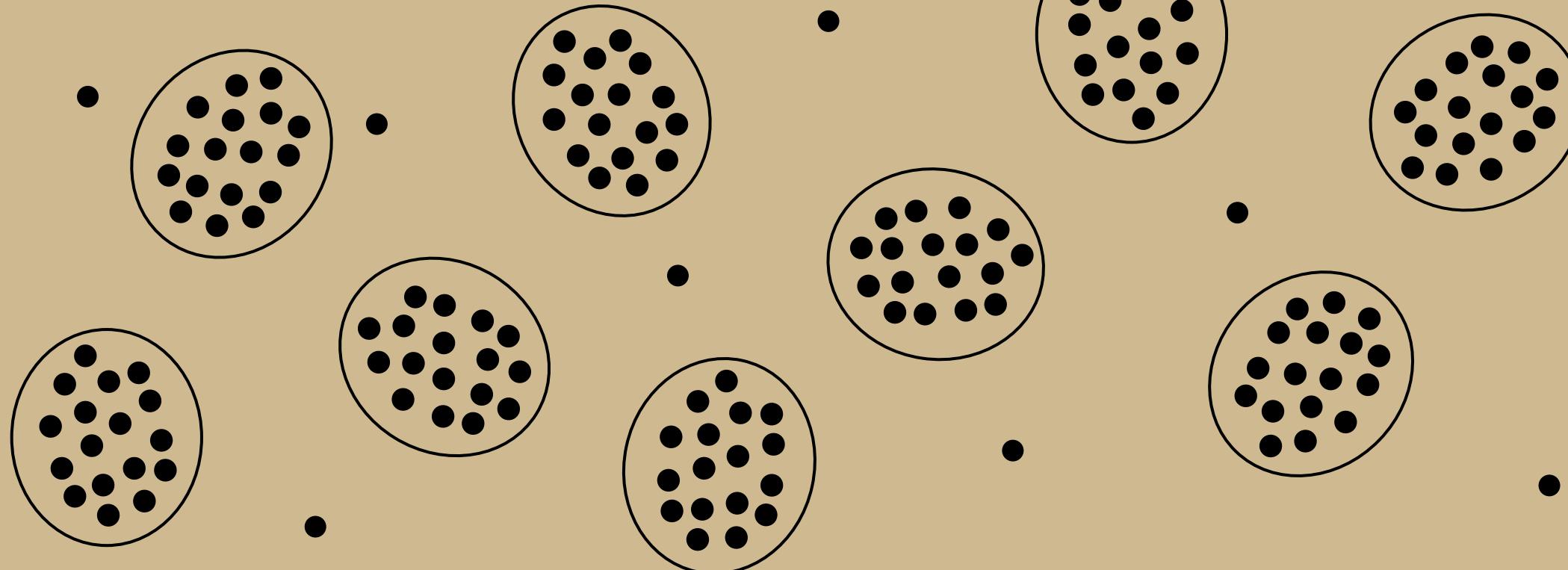
Machine Learning based on unsupervised clustering

Anomalies detectable by identifying outlier data

Anomaly detection can predict machine errors

Principal Component 2

Principal Component 1



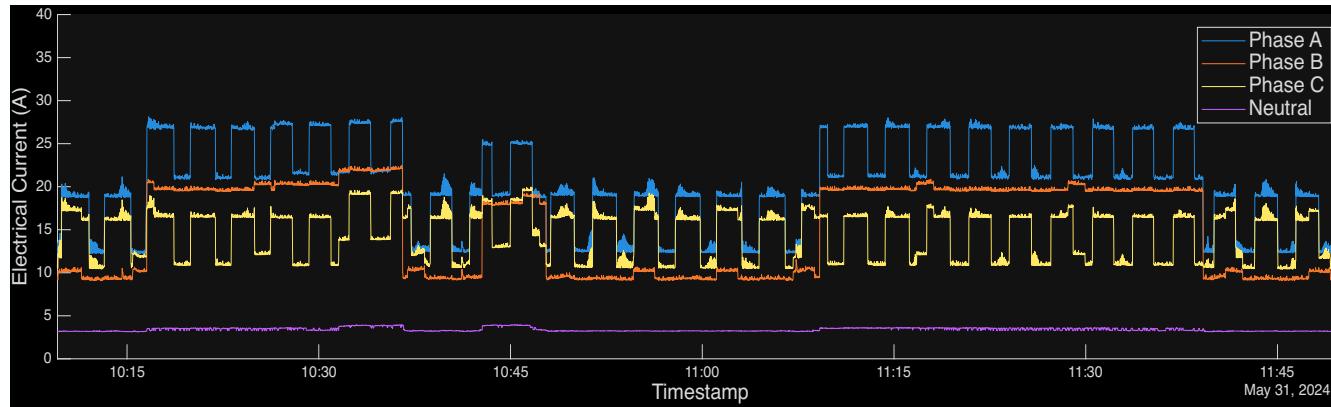
Future Web Dashboard

For visualization purposes only, tentative to change

Live Power Consumption Data

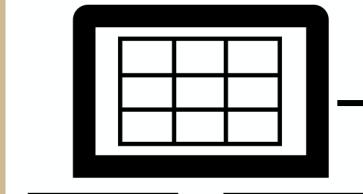
Total Power Consumption: 9.47 kVA

Live Current Consumption Visualization

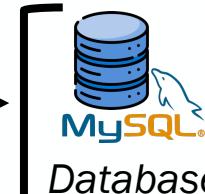


Operation State

Provides *real-time insight* of machine analytics to operators



Edge Computer



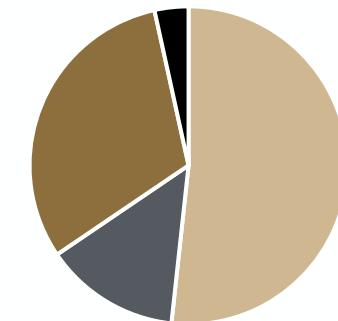
MySQL
Database



Grafana
Webservice

Purdue SENSE Server

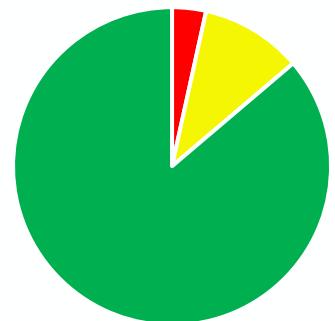
Recipe Occurrences



■ Recipe1 ■ Recipe2 ■ Recipe3 ■ Recipe4

Per-recipe number of occurrences

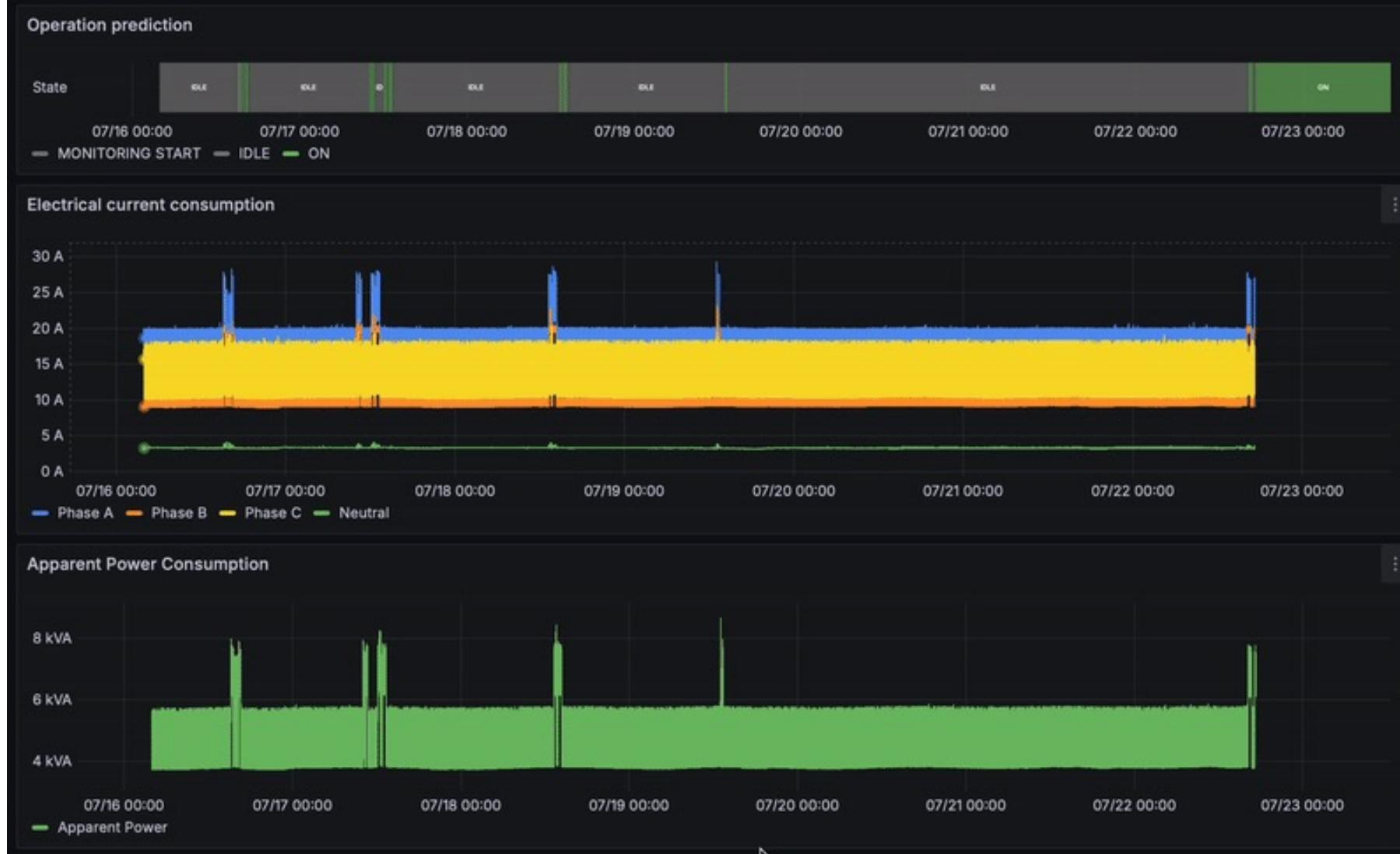
Anomaly Rate



■ Red ■ Yellow ■ Green

Overall status tracking

Zooming of Live Web Dashboard (Grafana) – July 22, 2024



Conclusions

Machine operation and condition information can be *monitored from analytics on non-invasively collected current consumption data.*

IIoT and AI, combined with edge analytics, can be used for **effective real-time remote machine monitoring**.

Electrical current fingerprinting for manufacturing equipment plays an important role in *predicting operation conditions and detecting anomalies*.

Thank You!

- > **Drs. Ali Shakouri and Eunseob Kim** - allowing me to engage in this enlightening research experience and supporting me through this pursuit of knowledge.
- > **Drs. Firas Akasheh and Mandoye Ndoye** - supporting my research journey and strengthening the Tuskegee-Purdue research collaboration.
- > **Dr. Jacqueline McDermott and Nia Keith** - allowing me to engage in the Pathways Scholars programs and learn more about graduate school opportunities and application tips.
- > The **many friends** I have made here at SURF - our shared memories/experiences.



Elmore Family School of Electrical
and Computer Engineering



TUSKEGEE
UNIVERSITY

ENGINEERING
UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH OFFICE



SURF

SUMMER UNDERGRADUATE
RESEARCH FELLOWSHIP