

## Project 5: Confidence Intervals

## 1. Effect of Sample Size on Confidence Intervals

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

mu = 50
sigma = 10
n = 25
numSamples = 500
z = 1.96

np.random.seed(42)
samples = np.random.normal(mu, sigma, (numSamples, n))

sampleMeans = samples.mean(axis=1)
standardError = sigma / np.sqrt(n)
lowerBounds = sampleMeans - z * standardError
upperBounds = sampleMeans + z * standardError

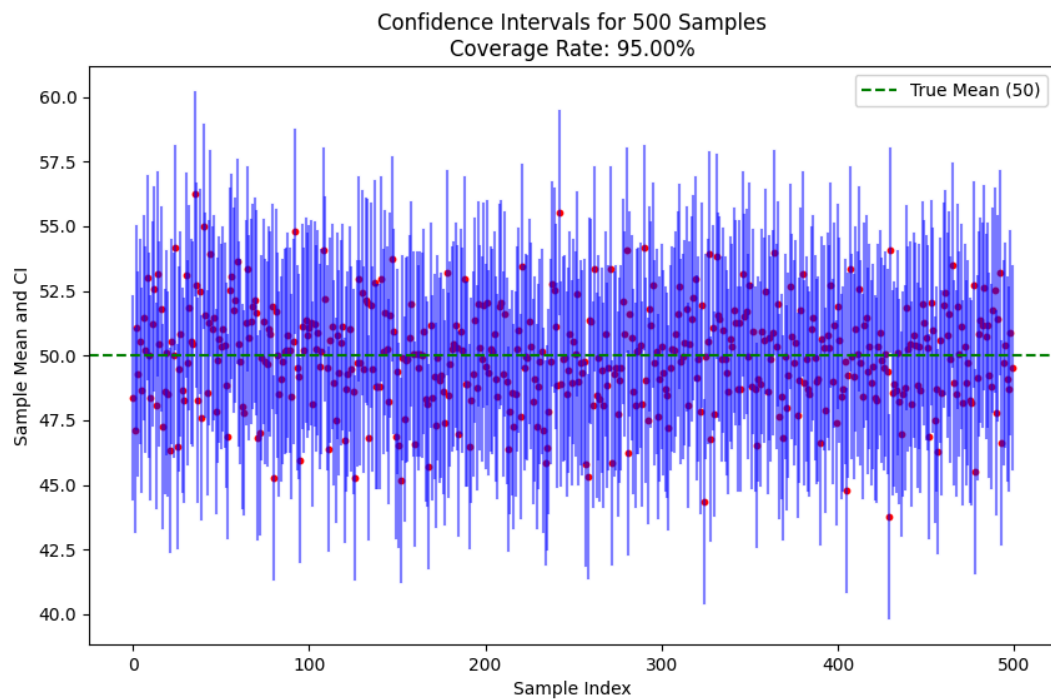
containsMu = (lowerBounds <= mu) & (upperBounds >= mu)
coverageRate = containsMu.mean() * 100

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
for i in range(numSamples):
    plt.plot([i, i], [lowerBounds[i], upperBounds[i]], color='blue', alpha=0.5)
    plt.scatter(i, sampleMeans[i], color='red', s=10)

plt.axhline(mu, color='green', linestyle='--', label="True Mean (50)")
plt.title(f"Confidence Intervals for {numSamples} Samples\nCoverage Rate: {coverageRate:.2f}%")
plt.xlabel("Sample Index")
plt.ylabel("Sample Mean and CI")
```

```
plt.legend()
plt.show()

print(f"Out of {numSamples} confidence intervals, {containsMu.sum()} contain the true mean.")
print(f"Coverage rate: {coverageRate:.2f}%")
```



## 2. Using the Sample Mean to Estimate the Population Mean

```

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy.stats import norm

a, b = 0, 1
popMean = (a + b) / 2
popVariance = ((b - a) ** 2) / 12
popSTD = np.sqrt(popVariance)

n = 100
num_samples = 1000
np.random.seed(42)
samples = np.random.uniform(a, b, (num_samples, n))

sampleMeans = samples.mean(axis=1)

theoreticalMean = popMean
theoreticalSTD = popSTD / np.sqrt(n)

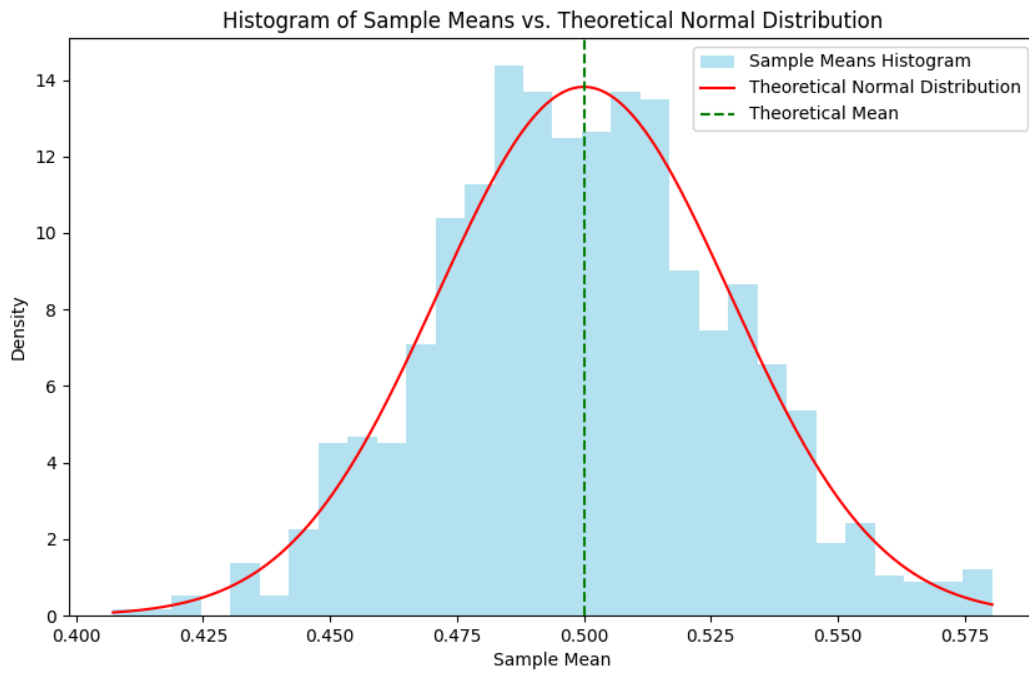
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.hist(sampleMeans, bins=30, density=True, alpha=0.6, color='skyblue', label="Sample Means Histogram")

x = np.linspace(min(sampleMeans), max(sampleMeans), 1000)
pdf = norm.pdf(x, loc = theoreticalMean, scale = theoreticalSTD)
plt.plot(x, pdf, 'r-', label="Theoretical Normal Distribution")

plt.title("Histogram of Sample Means vs. Theoretical Normal Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Sample Mean")
plt.ylabel("Density")
plt.axvline(popMean, color='green', linestyle='--', label="Theoretical Mean")
plt.legend()
plt.show()

print(f"Theoretical Mean of Sample Means: {popMean:.4f}")
print(f"Theoretical Standard Deviation of Sample Means: {theoreticalSTD:.4f}")

```



<b>Sample size (n)</b>	<b>95% Confidence (Using Normal distribution)</b>	<b>99% Confidence (Using Normal distribution)</b>	<b>95% Confidence (Using Student's t distribution)</b>	<b>99% Confidence (Using Student's t distribution)</b>
<b>5</b>	88.3	93.83	94.93	97.87
<b>40</b>	94.18	98.52	94.85	99.06
<b>120</b>	94.99	99.01	94.7	98.94
<b>200</b>	94.59	98.9	94.88	99.0