#### Thermal Systems HW #4

# Quantify and Compare Refrigeration Cycles

### Table of Values

|   | COP_Summer | COP_Winter | Mass_Flow_Summer (kg/s) | Mass_Flow_Winter (kg/s) |
|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ī | 4.82       | 10.5       | .030                    | .025                    |

| Compressor_Power_Summer (J/s) | Compressor_Power_Winter (J/s) |  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1,037                         | 475.4                         |  |

# Description of Values

From the values calculated above, we are able to analyze the outcome of the refrigeration cycle during the Summer and Winter months in Durham, NH. The outside environment during the summer months was calculated to be 303 Kelvin, while the winter was 283 Kelvin. From this difference in outside temperature, it changed the overall refrigeration cycle, altering heavily the COP, Mass Flow Rate needed, and the compressor power. The data shows that the COP from the summer to the winter more than doubles when the outside temperature is closer to the temperature desired for cooling. By having a better COP, it is expected that the mass flow rate needed decreases to still maintain the same desired cooled temperature. This also alters the required power the compressor needs to experience, allowing the amount of J/s to decrease in the winter months due to less of a temperature difference from the outside environment. The graphs below detail the overall cycle change for the variation of outside temperatures Durham, NH could encounter during a whole year.



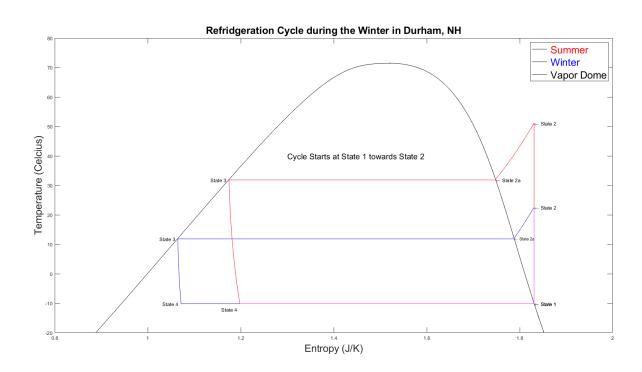


Figure 1- The Temperature vs. Entropy graph for two different refrigeration cycles during the Summer and Winter months in Durham, NH.

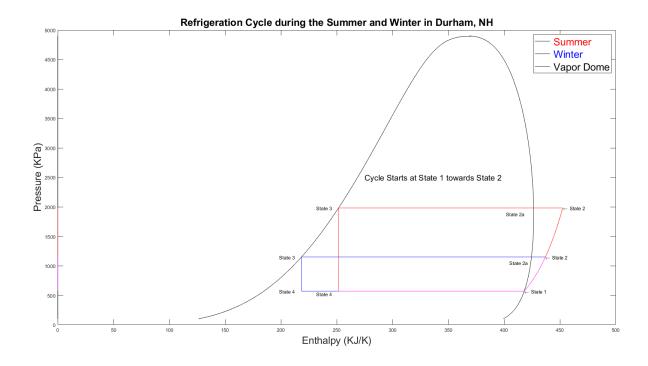


Figure 2- The Pressure vs. Enthalpy graph for two different refrigeration cycles during the Summer and Winter months in Durham, NH.

# MATLAB CODE

```
clear all; close all
clc;
%Problem Statement
% %A refrigerator in a meat warehouse located in Durham, NH has a cooling capacity of 5kW. It must
maintain
% the cold space at -15?C throughout the entire year. Quantify and compare the flow rate required,
compressor
% power, and coefficient of performance (COP) for the best and worst case scenarios, assuming an
ideal, standard
% vapor compression refrigeration cycle with ?TL = 5?C and ?TH = 2?C. Plot the two scenarios on
both a T-s
% and a P-h diagram (include the vapor dome). Label the state points and indicate the cycle
direction. Note that
% ?TL and ?TH refer to the temperature differences between the cycle and environments needed for
the heat transfer.
% Please submit a single pdf file with the solution. You need to include all the figures and the
entire code in the file.
% The code should follow the solution.
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% Constants for the Refridgeration Cycle for Durham, NH
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```

```
T L = 5; % Kelvin - Amount of temperature away from the Evaporator Process
T H = 2; % Kevlin - Amount of temperature away from the second part of the Condensor Process
Cold Space = 273-15; % Kelvin - Temperature of Cold Space of Refridgerator
Hot Space Summer = 273 + 30; % Hottest recorded temperature of Durham NH in the Summer
Hot Space Winter = 273 + 10; % Hottest recorded temperature of Durham NH in the Winter
T Outside = linspace(250, Hot Space Summer, 1000); % Kelvin - Record high and low temperatures in
Durham that the outside temperature would reach, 1000 Length Array
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% Location 1 - Between Evaporator and Compressor
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% Finding all values of the fluid at location 1
Q 1 = 1; % Saturated Vapor
T 1 = Cold Space + T L; % Temperature from 4 to 1
P 1 = CoolProp.PropsSI('P', 'T', T 1, 'Q', Q 1, 'R410a');
H 1 = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'T', T 1, 'Q', Q 1, 'R410a');
U 1 = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'T', T 1, 'Q', Q 1, 'R410a');
S_1 = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'T', T_1, 'Q', Q_1, 'R410a');
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% Location 3 - Between Condensor and Expansion Valve - Saturated Liquid
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% Finding all values of the fluid at location 3
Q 3 = 0; % Saturated Liquid
T 3 Summer = Hot Space Summer + T H; % Temperature from 4 to 1
P_3_Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('P', 'T', T_3_Summer, 'Q', Q_3, 'R410a');
H 3 Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'T', T 3 Summer, 'Q', Q 3, 'R410a');
U 3 Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'T', T_3_Summer, 'Q', Q_3, 'R410a');
S 3 Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'T', T 3 Summer, 'Q', Q 3, 'R410a');
T 3 Winter = Hot Space Winter + T H; % Temperature from 4 to 1
P 3 Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('P', 'T', T_3_Winter, 'Q', Q_3, 'R410a');
H 3 Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'T', T 3 Winter, 'Q', Q 3, 'R410a');
U_3_Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'T', T_3_Winter, 'Q', Q_3, 'R410a');
S 3 Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'T', T 3 Winter, 'Q', Q 3, 'R410a');
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% Location 2 - Between Condensor and Expansion Valve Super-Heated Vapor
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% Finding all values of the fluid at location 2
S 2 Summer = S 1; % Constant Entropy
P 2 Summer = P 3 Summer; % Constant Pressure Isobar
T 2 Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('T', 'P', P 2 Summer, 'S', S 2 Summer, 'R410a');
H 2 Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'P', P 2 Summer, 'S', S 2 Summer, 'R410a');
U 2 Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'P', P 2 Summer, 'S', S 2 Summer, 'R410a');
```

```
P 2 Winter = P 3 Winter; % Constant Pressure Isobar
S 2 Winter = S 1; % Constant Entropy
T 2 Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('T', 'P', P 2 Winter, 'S', S 2 Winter, 'R410a');
H 2 Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'P', P 2 Winter, 'S', S 2 Winter, 'R410a');
U_2_Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'P', P_2_Winter, 'S', S_2_Winter, 'R410a');
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% Location 2a - On Vapor Dome During the process 2 to 3 in condensor
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% Finding all values of the fluid at location 2a
Q 2a=1; % On Vapor Dome as Saturdated Vapor
P_2a_Summer = P_2_Summer; % Isobar = Constant Pressure
T 2a Summer = T 3 Summer; % Constant Temperature from T3
S 2a Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'P', P 2a Summer, 'Q', Q 2a, 'R410a');
H_2a_Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'P', P_2a_Summer, 'Q', Q 2a, 'R410a');
U 2a Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'P', P 2a Summer, 'Q', Q 2a, 'R410a');
P 2a Winter = P 2 Winter; % Isobar = Constant Pressure
T 2a Winter = T 3 Winter; % Constant Temperature from T3
S 2a Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'P', P 2a Winter, 'Q', Q 2a, 'R410a');
H 2a Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'P', P 2a Winter, 'Q', Q 2a, 'R410a');
U 2a Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'P', P_2a_Winter, 'Q', Q_2a, 'R410a');
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% Location 4 - Mixture between the expansion valve and evaporator
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% Finding all values of the fluid at location 4
T 4 = T 1; % Constant Temperature from 4 to 1 Process
H_4\_Summer = H_3\_Summer; % Expansion Valve is ~ constant enthalpy process
P 4 Summer = P 1; % Isobaric Process
U 4 Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'P', P 4 Summer, 'H', H 4 Summer, 'R410a');
S 4 Summer = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'P', P 4 Summer, 'H', H 4 Summer, 'R410a');
H 4 Winter = H 3 Winter; % Expansion Valve is ~ constant enthalpy process
P 4 Winter = P 1; % Isobaric Process
U 4 Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('U', 'P', P 4 Winter, 'H', H 4 Winter, 'R410a');
S 4 Winter = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'P', P 4 Winter, 'H', H 4 Winter, 'R410a');
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% Calculations of the Vapor Dome for the Refridgeration Cycle
% Will be plotted as a T-s and P-h Diagram
% Two curves will be plotted for each graph, one for the Saturated Liquid and one for Saturdated
Vapor Sections
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% Constant Variables and Pressure Array to Calculate Graph Values
Q SL = 0; % Saturated Liquid
Q SV = 1; % Saturated Vapor
P SL SV = linspace(100000,4900000,1000); % Pressures for the Saturated Liquid Curve
T SL = zeros(length(P SL SV));
S SL = zeros(length(P SL SV));
H SL = zeros(length(P SL SV));
T SV = zeros(length(P SL SV));
S SV = zeros(length(P SL SV));
H SV = zeros(length(P SL SV));
% Looping 1000 times to provide values for the Vapor Dome Curves for T, s and h. P array will be
graphed with them
for index=1:1000
    T SL(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('T', 'P', P SL SV(index), 'Q', Q SL, 'R410a') -273;
    S SL(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'P', P SL SV(index), 'Q', Q SL, 'R410a');
    H SL(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'P', P SL SV(index), 'Q', Q SL, 'R410a');
    T SV(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('T', 'P', P SL SV(index), 'Q', Q SV, 'R410a') -273;
    S SV(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'P', P SL SV(index), 'Q', Q SV, 'R410a');
    H SV(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'P', P SL SV(index), 'Q', Q SV, 'R410a');
end
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% Calculations of Every Point during the Refridgeration Cycle
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% Compressor Points - Points 1 to 2 - Constant Entropy
S Compressor = S 1; % Constant Entropy Process
P Compressor Summer = linspace(P 1, P 2 Summer, 1000);
P Compressor Winter = linspace(P 1, P 2 Winter, 1000);
T Compressor Summer = zeros(length(P Compressor Summer));
T Compressor Winter = zeros(length(P Compressor Summer));
S Compressor Summer = zeros(length(P Compressor Summer));
S Compressor Winter = zeros(length(P Compressor Summer));
H Compressor Summer = zeros(length(P Compressor Summer));
H_Compressor_Winter = zeros(length(P_Compressor_Summer));
for index = 1:1000
    T_Compressor_Summer(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('T', 'P', P_Compressor_Summer(index), 'S',
S Compressor, 'R410a') - 273;
    T Compressor Winter(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('T', 'P', P Compressor Winter(index), 'S',
S Compressor, 'R410a') - 273;
    S_Compressor_Summer(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'P', P_Compressor_Summer(index), 'S',
S Compressor, 'R410a');
    S Compressor Winter(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'P', P Compressor Winter(index), 'S',
S Compressor, 'R410a');
    H Compressor Summer(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'P', P Compressor Summer(index), 'S',
S Compressor, 'R410a');
    H Compressor Winter(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'P', P Compressor Winter(index), 'S',
S Compressor, 'R410a');
end
```

```
% Condensor - Points 2 to 2a - Constant Pressure
P Condensor Summer = P 2 Summer; % Constant Pressure Process
P Condensor Winter = P 2 Winter; % Constant Pressure Process
T_Condensor_Summer = linspace(T_2_Summer, T_2a_Summer+.25,1000); % Added constant .5 so it does not
go to the mixture
T Condensor Winter = linspace(T 2 Winter, T 2a Winter+.25,1000); % Added constant .5 so it does not
go to the mixture
S Condensor Summer = zeros(length(P Condensor Summer));
S Condensor Winter = zeros(length(P Condensor Summer));
H Condensor Summer = zeros(length(P Condensor Summer));
H Condensor Winter = zeros(length(P Condensor Summer));
for index = 1:1000
    S Condensor Summer(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'T', T Condensor Summer(index), 'P',
P Condensor Summer, 'R410a');
    S Condensor Winter(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'T', T Condensor Winter(index), 'P',
P Condensor Winter, 'R410a');
    H Condensor Summer(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'T', T Condensor Summer(index), 'P',
P Condensor Summer, 'R410a');
    H Condensor Winter(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('H', 'T', T Condensor Winter(index), 'P',
P Condensor Winter, 'R410a');
% Condensor - Points 2a to 3 - Constant Pressure - Straight Line inside Vapor Dome
T Condensora Summer = [T 2a Summer, T 3 Summer]; % Constant Temperature
T Condensora Winter = [T 2a Winter, T 3 Winter]; % Constant Temperature
P Condensora Summer = [P 2a Summer, P 3 Summer];
P Condensora Winter = [P 2a Winter, P 3 Winter];
S Condensora Summer = [S 2a Summer, S 3 Summer];
S Condensora Winter = [S 2a Winter, S 3 Winter];
H Condensora Summer = [H 2a Summer, H 3 Summer];
H Condensora Winter = [H 2a Winter, H 3 Winter];
% Expansion Valve - Points 3 to 4 - Constant Enthalpy
H Valve Summer = H 3 Summer; % Constant Enthlpy Process
H Valve Winter = H 3 Winter; % Constant Enthlpy Process
P Valve Summer = linspace(P 3 Summer, P 4 Summer, 1000); % Added constant .5 so it does not go to the
mixture
P_Valve_Winter = linspace(P_3_Winter,P_4_Winter,1000); % Added constant .5 so it does not go to the
mixture
S Valve Summer = zeros(length(P Valve Summer));
S Valve Winter = zeros(length(P_Valve_Summer));
T Valve Summer = zeros(length(P Valve Summer));
T_Valve_Winter = zeros(length(P_Valve_Summer));
for index = 1:1000
    S Valve Summer(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'H', H Valve Summer, 'P', P Valve Summer(index),
'R410a');
```

```
S Valve Winter(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('S', 'H', H Valve Winter, 'P', P Valve Winter(index),
'R410a');
    T Valve Summer(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('T', 'H', H Valve Summer, 'P', P Valve Summer(index),
'R410a');
    T Valve Winter(index) = CoolProp.PropsSI('T', 'H', H Valve Winter, 'P', P Valve Winter(index),
'R410a');
end
% Evaporator - Points 4 to 1 - Constant Temperature - Straight Line inside Vapor Dome
T Evaporator Summer = [T 4,T 1]; % Constant Temperature
T Evaporator Winter = [T 4,T 1]; % Constant Temperature
P Evaporator Summer = [P 4 Summer, P 1];
P_Evaporator_Winter = [P_4_Winter,P_1];
S Evaporator Summer = [S 4 Summer, S 1];
S Evaporator Winter = [S 4 Winter, S 1];
H Evaporator Summer = [H 4 Summer, H 1];
H Evaporator Winter = [H 4 Winter, H 1];
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% Graphing the T-s and P-h Graphs with Vapor Dome and Labels
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% T-s Graph for the Summer
figure(1)
% Vapor Dome
plot(S SL/1000, T SL, 'k', S SV/1000, T SV, 'k')
hold on
% Processes
% Winter
plot(S Compressor Winter/1000, T Compressor Winter, 'b', S Condensor Winter/1000, T Condensor Winter-
273.15, 'b', S Condensora Winter/1000, T Condensora Winter-
273.15, 'b', S Valve Winter/1000, T_Valve_Winter-273.15, 'b', S_Evaporator_Winter/1000,
T Evaporator Winter-273.15, 'b')
text(S 1/1000,T 1-273.15, '\leftarrow State 1')
text(S 2 Winter/1000,T 2 Winter-273.15, '\leftarrow State 2')
text(S_2a_Winter/1000,T_2a_Winter-273.15, '\leftarrow State 2a','FontSize', 8)
text(S 3 Winter/1000-.04,T 3 Winter-273.15, 'State 3')
text(S 4 Winter/1000-.04,T 4-273.15, 'State 4')
% Summer
plot(S Compressor Summer/1000, T Compressor Summer, 'r', S Condensor Summer/1000, T Condensor Summer-
273.15, 'r', S_Condensora_Summer/1000, T_Condensora_Summer-
273.15, 'r', S Valve Summer/1000, T Valve Summer-273.15, 'r', S Evaporator Summer/1000,
T Evaporator Summer-273.15, 'm')
plot(S Compressor Winter/1000,T Compressor Winter, 'm') % plotting winter 1 to 2 for color
correction
text(S 1/1000,T 1-273.15, '\leftarrow State 1')
text(S 2 Summer/1000,T 2 Summer-273.15, '\leftarrow State 2')
text(S 2a Summer/1000,T 2a Summer-273.15, '\leftarrow State 2a')
text(S 3 Summer/1000-.04, T 3 Summer-273.15, 'State 3')
text(S 4 Summer/1000-.04,T 4-273.15-2, 'State 4')
```

```
text(1.3,40,'Cycle Starts at State 1 towards State 2','FontSize',16)
title('Refrigeration Cycle during the Summer in Durham, NH')
xlabel('Entropy (KJ/K)')
ylabel('Temperature (Celcius)')
xlim([.8 2])
ylim([-20 80])
hold off
% Syntax
title('Refridgeration Cycle during the Winter in Durham, NH', 'FontSize', 20)
xlabel('Entropy (J/K)', 'FontSize', 20)
ylabel('Temperature (Celcius)', 'FontSize', 20)
lgd = legend('\color{red} Summer','\color{blue} Winter','\color{black} Vapor Dome');
lgd.FontSize = 20;
xlim([.8 2])
ylim([-20 80])
hold off
% P-h Graph for the Summer
figure(2)
% Vapor Dome
plot(H SL/1000, P SL SV/1000, 'k', H SV/1000, P SL SV/1000, 'k')
hold on
% Processes
%Winter
P Condensor Winter = [P 2 Winter, P 2a Winter];
H Condensor Winter = [H 2 Winter, H 2a Winter];
P Valve Winter = [P 3 Winter, P 4 Winter];
H Valve Winter = [H 3 Winter, H 4 Winter];
plot(H Compressor Winter/1000, P Compressor Winter/1000, 'b', H Condensor Winter/1000,
P_Condensor_Winter/1000, 'b', H_Condensora_Winter/1000,
P Condensora Winter/1000, 'b', H Valve Winter/1000, P Valve Winter/1000, 'b', H Evaporator Winter/1000,
P Evaporator Winter/1000, 'b')
text(H 1/1000, P 1/1000, '\leftarrow State 1')
text(H_2_Winter/1000,P_2_Winter/1000, '\leftarrow State 2')
text(H 2a Winter/1000-20,P 2a Winter/1000-100, 'State 2a')
text(H_3_Winter/1000-20,P_3_Winter/1000, 'State 3')
text(H 4 Winter/1000-20,P 4 Winter/1000, 'State 4')
% Summer
P_Condensor_Summer = [P_2_Summer, P_2a_Summer];
H Condensor Summer = [H 2 Summer, H 2a Summer];
P Valve Summer = [P 3 Summer, P 4 Summer];
H Valve Summer = [H 3 Summer, H 4 Summer];
plot(H Compressor Summer/1000, P Compressor Summer/1000, 'r', H Condensor Summer/1000,
P Condensor Summer/1000, 'r', H Condensora Summer/1000,
P Condensora Summer/1000, 'r', H Valve Summer/1000, P Valve Summer/1000, 'r', H Evaporator Summer/1000,
P Evaporator Summer/1000, 'm')
plot(H Compressor Winter/1000,P Compressor Winter/1000,'m') % plotting winter 1 to 2 for color
correction
```

```
text(H 2 Summer/1000,P 2 Summer/1000, '\leftarrow State 2')
text(H 2a Summer/1000-25,P 2a Summer/1000-100, 'State 2a')
text(H_3_Summer/1000-20,P_3_Summer/1000, 'State 3')
text(H 4 Summer/1000-20,P 4 Summer/1000-50, 'State 4')
text(275,2500, 'Cycle Starts at State 1 towards State 2', 'FontSize', 16)
% Plot Syntax
title('Refrigeration Cycle during the Summer and Winter in Durham, NH', 'FontSize', 20)
xlabel('Enthalpy (KJ/K)','FontSize',20)
ylabel('Pressure (KPa)', 'FontSize', 20)
lgd = legend('\color{red} Summer','\color{blue} Winter','\color{black} Vapor Dome');
lgd.FontSize = 20;
xlim([0 500])
ylim([0 5000])
hold off
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% Calculating Flow-Rate Required, Compressor Power and Coefficient of Performance for Summer and
Winter Conditions
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% Co-Efficient of Performance where COP = (QL/Wnet) = ((h1-h4)/(h2-h1))
COP Summer = (H 1 - H 4 Summer)/(H 2 Summer - H 1);
COP Winter = (H 1 - H 4 Winter) / (H 2 Winter - H 1);
\mbox{\%} Mass Flow Rate where flow rate = Cooling Capacity / Q L
dH Evaporator Summer = H 1 - H 4 Summer;
dH Evaporator Winter = H 1 - H 4 Winter;
Cooling Capacity = 5000; % Watts
Mass Flow Rate Summer = Cooling Capacity / dH Evaporator Summer;
Mass_Flow_Rate_Winter = Cooling_Capacity / dH_Evaporator_Winter;
% Compressor Power
Compressor_Power_Summer = Mass_Flow_Rate_Summer * (H_2_Summer - H_1); % [J/s]
Compressor_Power_Winter = Mass_Flow_Rate_Winter * (H_2_Winter - H_1); % [J/s]
Final Data Names = ['COP Summer',' COP Winter',' Mass Flow Rate Summer',' Mass Flow Rate Winter','
Compressor Power Summer',' Compressor Power Winter'];
Final Data Values =
[COP Summer, COP Winter, Mass Flow Rate Summer, Mass Flow Rate Winter, Compressor Power Summer, Compress
or Power Winter];
disp('Final Data'), disp(Final Data Names); disp(Final Data Values)
```

 ${\tt COP\_Summer~COP\_Winter~Mass\_Flow\_Rate\_Summer~Mass\_Flow\_Rate\_Winter~Compressor\_Power\_Summer~Compressor\_Power\_Winter~Compres$ 

1.0e+03 \*