

02/28/14 09:08:27 /Users/Clayton/Desktop/Repos/Comp-Org/Assignment 1/RieckSPIM1.a

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1  #-----+
2  # Author: Clayton Rieck |
3  #-----+
4  # DESCRIPTION: |
5  # This program finds the MIN, MAX, MEAN and VARIANCE |
6  # of given an array of up to 20 integers. It also displays |
7  # a bar graph of frequencies of numbers in the array. |
8  #-----+
9  # INPUT: |
10 # The user will input up to 20 integers and will end |
11 # input once a negative value is entered. The integers |
12 # may not be 0 and greater than 15 (Range = [1,15]) |
13 #-----+
14 # OUTPUT: |
15 # The program will output the MIN, MAX, MEAN, and VARIANCE |
16 # of the array of integers and will also output a bar graph |
17 # of the frequencies of numbers in the array |
18 #-----+
19 .data
20 myArray: .word 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
21 prompt: .asciiz "Please enter up to 20 positive integers and
a negative to end input"
22 var_div: .asciiz "VARIANCE: "
23 graph_div: .asciiz "BAR GRAPH"
24 endl: .asciiz "\n"
25 endl2: .asciiz "\n\n"
26 space: .asciiz ": "
27 space2: .asciiz ": "
28 complete: .asciiz "Program complete"
29 array_err: .asciiz "Out of 1-15 range. Terminating program"
30 min: .asciiz "MIN: "
31 max: .asciiz "MAX: "
32 mean: .asciiz "MEAN: "
33 .text
34 .globl main
35
36 main:
37 # ask user to input numbers
38 la $a1, myArray # load pointer into a1
39 la $a0, prompt # load prompt into a0
40
41 li $v0, 4 # print out prompt
42 syscall
43
44 la $a0, endl
45 li $v0, 4
46 syscall
47
48 li $t0, 0 # MIN
49 li $t1, 0 # MAX
50 li $t2, 0 # ARRAY OFFSET
51 li $t3, 0 # ARRAY LENGTH
52 li $t5, 0 # SUM

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53
54 #-----
55 # Starts the input prompt and stores numbers in array \
56 # while also computing/finding the MIN, MAX, SUM and \
57 # ARRAY LENGTH \
58 #-----
59 gather_numbers:
60
61     bgt     $t3,    20,    three_ms    # if we've filled our list
62
63     li      $v0,    5                    # read integer into $v0
64     syscall
65
66     move    $t4,    $v0                    # $t4 holds the value that
the user inputted
67
68     beq     $t4,    0,    array_error    # if enter a number less than
1
69     bgt     $t4,    15,    array_error    # if enter a number above 15
70
71     bltz    $t4,    three_ms              # if enter negative then stop
populating list
72
73     sw      $t4,    myArray($t2)          # store current element in
$t4
74
75     add     $t3,    $t3,    1              # add 1 to array length
76
77     add     $t5,    $t5,    $t4            # add input number to sum
78
79     add     $t2,    $t2,    4              # go to next index in array
80
81     beqz    $t0,    set_min                # initialize min with first
number entered
82
83     blt     $t4,    $t0,    set_min        # if input less than MIN, set
new min
84
85 #-----
86 # Checks to see if input is bigger than current MAX \
87 #-----
88 check_max:
89     bgt     $t4,    $t1,    set_max
90     j       gather_numbers
91
92 #-----
93 # Sets current MAX to inputted number \
94 #-----
95 set_max:
96     move    $t1,    $t4
97     j       gather_numbers
98
99 #-----
100 # Checks to see if input is smaller than current MIN \
101 #-----
102 set_min:
103     move    $t0,    $t4

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103     j            check_max
104
105     #-----
106     # Prints out the MAX, MIN, and MEAN of the inputted \
107     # integers in the array \
108     #-----
109     three_ms:
110
111     la            $a0,    endl
112
113     li            $v0,    4
114     syscall
115
116     # print out MIN
117     la            $a0,    min
118     li            $v0,    4
119     syscall
120
121     li            $v0,    1
122     addi          $a0,    $t0,    0
123     syscall
124
125     la            $a0,    endl
126     li            $v0,    4
127     syscall
128
129     # print out MAX
130     la            $a0,    max
131     li            $v0,    4
132     syscall
133
134     li            $v0,    1
135     addi          $a0,    $t1,    0
136     syscall
137
138     # print out MEAN
139     la            $a0,    endl
140     li            $v0,    4
141     syscall
142
143     la            $a0,    mean
144     li            $v0,    4
145     syscall
146
147     # calculates and then prints mean
148     li            $v0,    1
149     div           $t5,    $t3          # divide sum of numbers by length
150     of array
151     mflo          $a0
152     syscall
153
154     la            $a0,    endl2
155     li            $v0,    4
156     syscall

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156 # -----
157 # Start Standard Deviation
158
159     li      $t2,    0           # array offset
160     li      $t6,    1           # current index in the array
161     li      $s0,    0           # result of summation
162     li      $s3,    1           # CONSTANT 1 (used for 1/(n-1))
163
164     div      $t5,    $t3         # calculate x bar (mean)
165     mflo     $t0         # store mean in $t0
166
167 #-----
168 # Loops through array and subtracts each element by \
169 # the MEAN and then squares the result \
170 #-----
171 sum:
172
173     bgt      $t6,    $t3, variance # if current index is greater
    than length of list
174
175     lw      $t4,    myArray($t2) # load current element
176
177     sub      $t1,    $t4,    $t0   # subtract list element by mean
178     mul      $t1,    $t1,    $t1   # square difference
179     add      $s0,    $s0,    $t1   # add terms of summation
180
181     add      $t6,    $t6,    1     # increment index by 1
182     add      $t2,    $t2,    4     # increment offset by 4
183     j        sum
184
185 #-----
186 # Takes the result of the summation (from above) and \
187 # multiplies that by 1/(n-1) giving us s^2 (VARIANCE) \
188 #-----
189 variance:
190
191     sub      $s1,    $t3,    1     # get n - 1
192     div      $s0,    $s1         # do sum/(n-1)
193     mflo     $s1         # store answer in $s1
194
195     # print out variance
196     la      $a0,    var_div
197     li      $v0,    4
198     syscall
199
200     move     $a0,    $s1         # move variance to $a0 for
printing
201     li      $v0,    1
202     syscall
203
204     la      $a0,    endl2
205     li      $v0,    4
206     syscall
207 # -----
208 # Start Bar Graph
209

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210 #-----
211 # Initializes counters for the bar graph (range number \
212 # and offset constant for finding end index of the array\
213 #-----
214 set_graph_counter:
215     la      $a0,    graph_div
216     li      $v0,    4
217     syscall
218
219     la      $a0,    endl
220     li      $v0,    4
221     syscall
222
223     li      $t6,    1                # keep counter for bar graph
range
224     li      $s0,    4                # used as constant for finding
end index of array
225
226 #-----
227 # Does 1 iteration through the array for each number \
228 # the 1-15 range our integers are within \
229 #-----
230 graph_loop:
231
232     bgt     $t6,    15,    finish    # if at end of our range
233
234     li      $t2,    0                # reset array index counter to 0
235     li      $t7,    0                # keep track of number of
occurrences
236
237     # print out number in range
238     li      $v0,    1
239     add     $a0,    $t6,    0
240     syscall
241
242     blt     $t6,    10,    double_space # if number in range > 9
243     # print a ': ' after number in range
244     la      $a0,    space
245     li      $v0,    4
246     syscall
247     j      set_graph
248
249 #-----
250 # Formats bar graph output to do 2 spaces so that \
251 # the bars line up for the single digits and double \
252 # digits \
253 #-----
254 double_space:
255     la      $a0,    space2
256     li      $v0,    4
257     syscall
258
259 #-----
260 # Conducts checks on if a number was encountered in \
261 # the array and if on the last index of the array. \

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262 # Also jumps to beginning of loop
263 #-----
264 set_graph:
265
266     lw      $t4,    myArray($t2)    # load current element
267
268     beq     $t4,    $t6,    add_bar # if current item in array equals
number
269                                     # we're checking go to add_bar
label
270     add     $t2,    $t2,    4        # loop through list
271
272     div     $t2,    $s0                # divide the array offset by 4 to
get current index number
273     mflo    $s1                        # move quotient to $s1
274     beq     $s1,    $t3,    increment_number # if the array length
and quotient are
275                                     # equal then we are at
the end of the list and
276                                     # need to start again
277     j       set_graph
278
279 #-----
280 # Outputs a 0 next to a number denoting that it was \
281 # found \
282 #-----
283 add_bar:
284
285     # print out 0 for bar
286     li      $v0,    1
287     li      $a0,    0
288     syscall
289
290
291     add     $t2,    $t2,    4        # loop through list
292
293     # check to see if at end of the list (same as above)
294     div     $t2,    $s0
295     mflo    $s1
296     beq     $s1,    $t3,    increment_number
297
298     j       set_graph
299
300 #-----
301 # Increments the range number by 1 \
302 #-----
303 increment_number:
304
305     addi    $t6,    $t6,    1        # increment range number by 1
306
307     # new line for new bar
308     la      $a0,    endl
309     li      $v0,    4
310     syscall
311

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311
312     j      graph_loop
313
314 #-----
315 # Outputs a program completed message          \
316 #-----
317 finish:
318
319     la      $a0,    endl2          # 2 new line characters
320     li      $v0,    4
321     syscall
322
323     la      $a0,    complete      # ending message
324     li      $v0,    4
325     syscall
326
327     li      $v0,    10
328     syscall
329
330 #-----
331 # Displays an error when user enters number outside \
332 # of 1-15 range                                     \
333 #-----
334 array_error:
335     la      $a0,    endl
336     li      $v0,    4
337     syscall
338
339     la      $a0,    array_err
340     li      $v0,    4
341
342     syscall
343
344     li      $v0,    10
345     syscall
```