### Week 4 solutions

#### What was the task?

Let's remind ourselves of the task:

Please draw a ridgeline plot of the prices of a Big Mac in each country in the world, expressed as price in dollars as a fraction of GDP per head in dollars in each of those countries, sorted highest-to-lowest.

In order to do that, let's get set up, by loading some packages and some data.

```
library(tidyverse)
library(ggridges)
library(lubridate)
maccas <- read.csv("https://bit.ly/bigmac-data-csv")</pre>
```

## Making some variables

This question requires you to generate two variables from the maccas dataset:

- 1. The price of a Big Mac in dollars we showed you this in the lab. Divide the price of a Big Mac in local currency (local\_price) by the exchange rate (dollar\_ex); in my example I've called this variable **price\_dollars**
- 2. The price in dollars as a percentage of GDP. So we have to divide the first variable we've generated (price\_dollars) by GDP\_dollar; in my example I've called this second variable **GDP\_percent**

If you're making *two* new variables, you can either run two separate mutate commands, or you can run a single mutate command where you make two new variables, separated by commas.

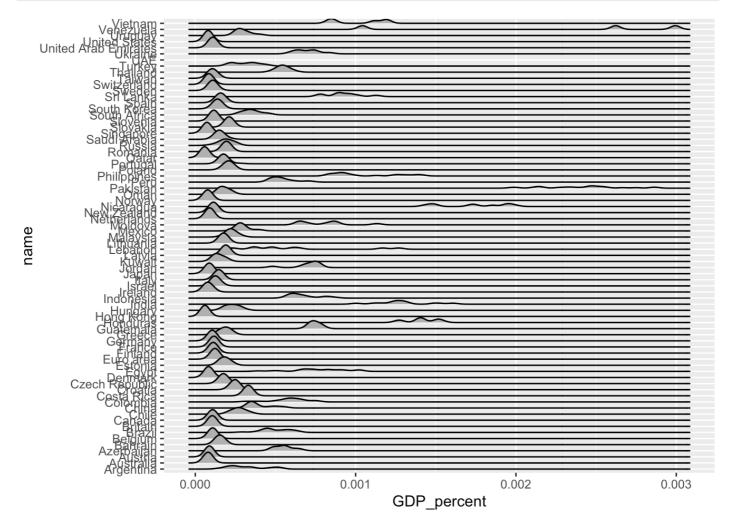
To run two separate mutate commands, you could do this:

```
maccas %>%
  mutate(price_dollars = local_price / dollar_ex) %>%
  mutate(GDP_percent = price_dollars/GDP_dollar) %>%
  na.omit
```

To run a single mutate command where you make two new variables, you could do this:

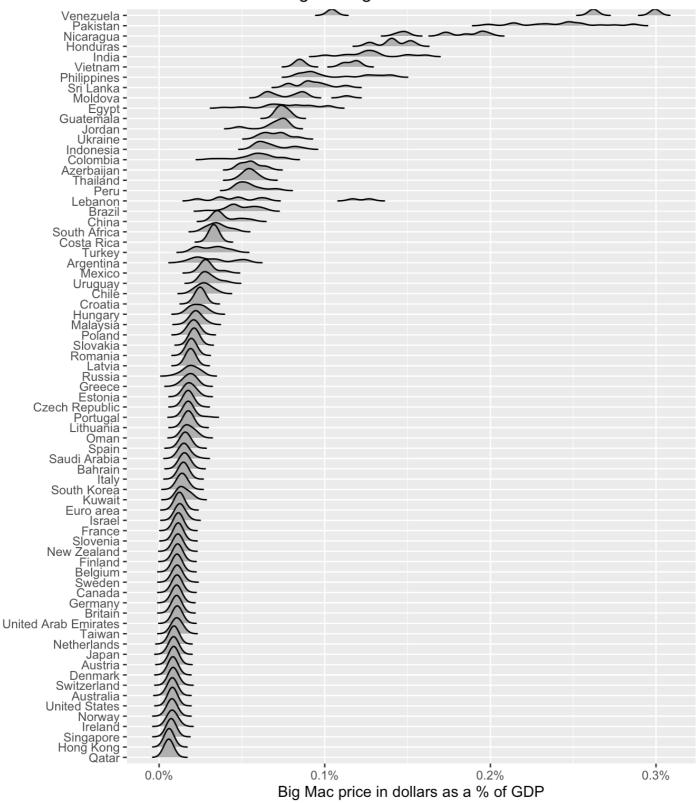
OK, so our data now has the key variable we need. Let's use it to make a first graph:

# Making an initial graph



This looks OK. But the x-axis is hard to interpret, and the countries aren't ranked highest-to-lowest. Let's change that; let's also add a title, subtitle, and caption, and get rid of any missing values.

#### Remind me never to get a Big Mac in Pakistan



Data from The Economist

There's one new thing here: I've specified that I want the scale on the x-axis to be percent, rather than scientific notation. I don't expect you to have done this, don't worry!