

# AON6758

## 30V N-Channel AlphaMOS

## **General Description**

- Latest Trench Power AlphaMOS (αMOS LV) technology
- Integrated Schottky Diode (SRFET)
   Very Low RDS(on) at 4.5V<sub>GS</sub>
- Low Gate Charge
- High Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

#### **Application**

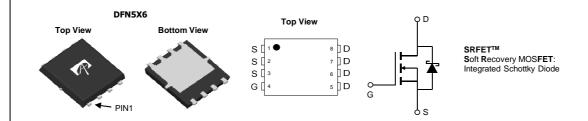
- DC/DC Converters in Computing, Servers, and POL
- Isolated DC/DC Converters in Telecom and Industrial

## **Product Summary**

30V I<sub>D</sub> (at V<sub>GS</sub>=10V) 32A  $R_{DS(ON)}$  (at  $V_{GS}$ =10V) < 3.6m $\Omega$  $R_{DS(ON)}$  (at  $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )  $<5 \text{m}\Omega$ 

100% UIS Tested 100% R<sub>g</sub> Tested





Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25℃ unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units			
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	30	V			
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±20	V			
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃	1	32				
Current <sup>G</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	I <sub>D</sub>	25	A			
Pulsed Drain Current	C	I <sub>DM</sub>	128				
Continuous Drain Current	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	1	27	A			
	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	IDSM	21				
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>AS</sub>	50	A			
Avalanche energy L=0.05mH <sup>C</sup>		E <sub>AS</sub>	63	mJ			
V <sub>DS</sub> Spike	100ns	V <sub>SPIKE</sub>	36	V			
	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃	P <sub>D</sub>	41	W			
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	r <sub>D</sub>	16	VV			
	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	В	4.1	W			
Power Dissipation A	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	P <sub>DSM</sub>	2.6	VV			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	C			

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Units					
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	D	24	30	€/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	53	64	€/M			
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.6	3	€/M			



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units			
STATIC PARAMETERS										
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =10mA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		30			V			
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}$ =30V, $V_{GS}$ =0V				0.5	mA			
.099	Zoro Cato Tottago Ziam Carroni		T <sub>J</sub> =125℃			100				
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ = ±20V				100	nA			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS,}I_{D}=250\mu A$		1.4	1.8	2.4	V			
		$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_{D}$ =20A			3	3.6	mΩ			
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance		T <sub>J</sub> =125℃		3.9	4.7				
		$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =20A			3.9	5	mΩ			
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_D$ =20A			85		S			
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.48	0.6	V			
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>					32	Α			
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS									
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz			1975		pF			
Coss	Output Capacitance				913		pF			
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			92		pF				
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		0.7	1.5	2.3	Ω			
SWITCHII	NG PARAMETERS									
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A			29.0	40	nC			
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge				13.6	19	nC			
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				5.8		nC			
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				5.3		nC			
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				7.9		ns			
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_L$ =0.75 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			4.0		ns			
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				27.3		ns			
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				6.5		ns			
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs			19		ns			
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs			36.7		nC			

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°  $\,$  C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

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B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C.

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

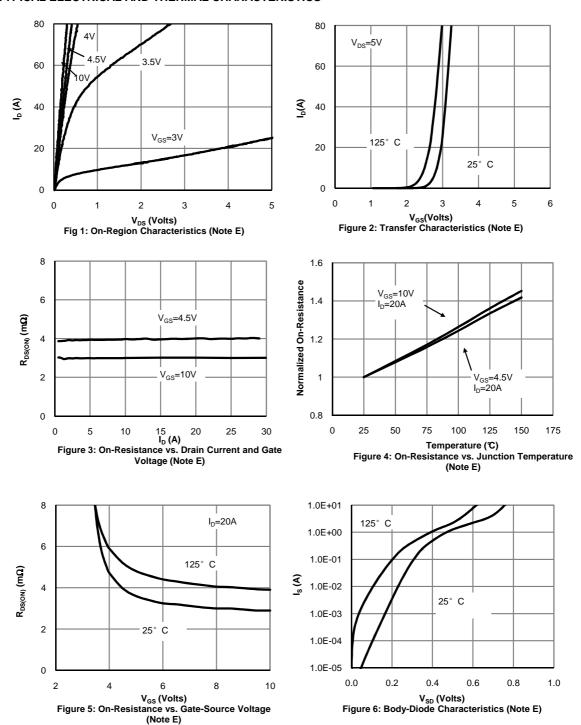
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}\!\!=\!\!150^\circ\,$  C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.



#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





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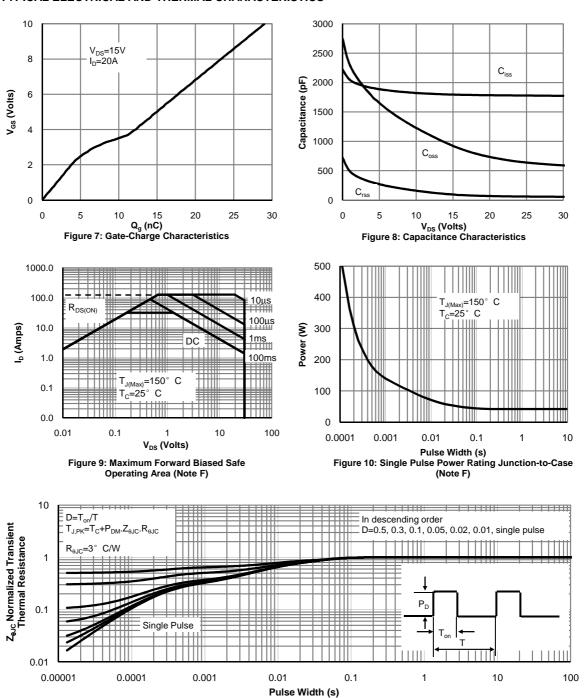
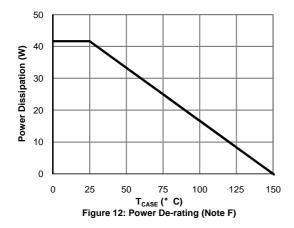
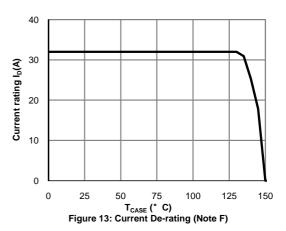


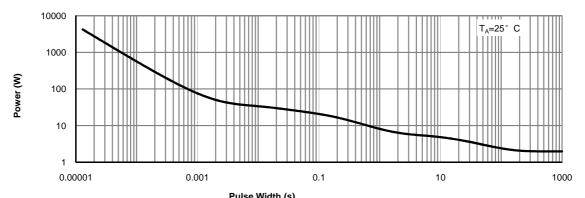
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)



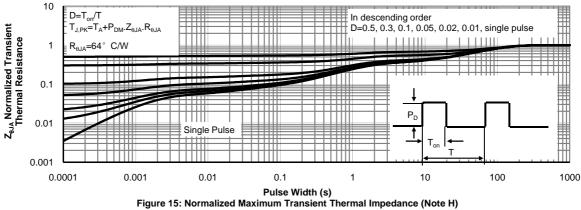
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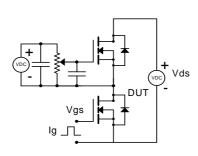


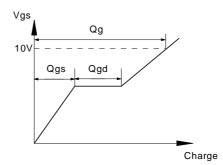
Pulse Width (s)
Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)



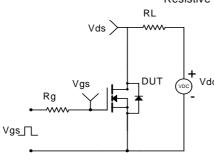


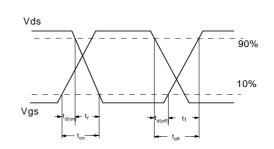
## Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



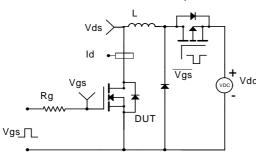


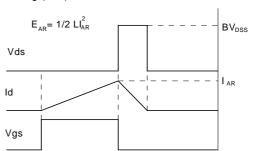
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





## Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





## Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

