

# MCP Server Implementation - Pseudocode Template

## Overview

This pseudocode template provides a complete, language-agnostic reference implementation for building a production-ready MCP (Model Context Protocol) server with OAuth 2.1 + PKCE authentication. The template expands on the pseudocode examples in the presentation and implementation documentation, providing comprehensive coverage of all server components.

**Purpose:** Serve as a blueprint for translating core MCP server logic into any programming language.

**Target Audience:** Developers and architects building ServiceNow MCP integrations or other enterprise MCP server implementations.

---

## Table of Contents

1. [Configuration and Constants](#)
  2. [Data Structures](#)
  3. [Server Initialization](#)
  4. [OAuth 2.1 Endpoints](#)
    - Dynamic Client Registration (DCR)
    - Authorization Endpoint
    - Token Endpoint
    - Token Revocation Endpoint
  5. [JWT Token Management](#)
  6. [PKCE Validation](#)
  7. [Token Blacklist Management](#)
  8. [Rate Limiting](#)
  9. [Authentication Middleware](#)
  10. [MCP Protocol Handlers](#)
  11. [Metadata Endpoints](#)
  12. [Health Check Endpoint](#)
  13. [Audit Logging](#)
-

## 1. Configuration and Constants

pseudocode

```
// Server Configuration
CONSTANT SERVER_PORT = 3000
CONSTANT SERVER_HOST = "0.0.0.0"
CONSTANT JWT_ISSUER = "https://mcp-server.example.com"

// Token Lifetimes (in seconds)
CONSTANT AUTHORIZATION_CODE_LIFETIME = 300 // 5 minutes
CONSTANT ACCESS_TOKEN_LIFETIME = 3600 // 1 hour
CONSTANT REFRESH_TOKEN_LIFETIME = 2592000 // 30 days

// Security Configuration
CONSTANT JWT_ALGORITHM = "HS256"
CONSTANT JWT_SECRET = getEnvironmentVariable("JWT_SECRET") // Load from secure environment
CONSTANT DCR_REGISTRATION_TOKEN = getEnvironmentVariable("DCR_TOKEN") // Optional

// Rate Limiting Configuration
CONSTANT RATE_LIMIT_WINDOW_MS = 900000 // 15 minutes
CONSTANT RATE_LIMIT_MAX_REQUESTS = 100 // Max requests per window
CONSTANT OAUTH_RATE_LIMIT_MAX = 10 // More restrictive for OAuth endpoints

// MCP Protocol Configuration
CONSTANT MCP_PROTOCOL_VERSION = "2025-06-18"
CONSTANT MCP_SERVER_NAME = "mcp-oauth21-server"
CONSTANT MCP_SERVER_VERSION = "3.3.0"

// PKCE Configuration
CONSTANT SUPPORTED_PKCE_METHODS = ["S256", "plain"]
CONSTANT RECOMMENDED_PKCE_METHOD = "S256"
```

## 2. Data Structures

pseudocode

```
// In-memory storage structures (replace with persistent storage in production)
GLOBAL registeredClients = Map()    // Map<client_id, ClientRecord>
GLOBAL authorizationCodes = Map()    // Map<code, AuthCodeRecord>
GLOBAL activeRefreshTokens = Set()   // Set<refresh_token_jti>
GLOBAL revokedTokens = Set()        // Set<token_jti> - Token blacklist
```

STRUCTURE ClientRecord:

```
client_id: string
client_secret: string
client_name: string
redirect_uris: array of string
grant_types: array of string
response_types: array of string
use_pkce: boolean
created_at: timestamp
```

END STRUCTURE

STRUCTURE AuthCodeRecord:

```
code: string
client_id: string
redirect_uri: string
scope: string
code_challenge: string
code_challenge_method: string
user_id: string
expires_at: timestamp
used: boolean
```

END STRUCTURE

STRUCTURE JWTAcessTokenPayload:

```
sub: string      // user_id
client_id: string
scope: string
type: "access"
iat: timestamp
exp: timestamp
iss: string
jti: string      // Unique token identifier for revocation
```

END STRUCTURE

STRUCTURE JWTRefreshTokenPayload:

```
sub: string      // user_id
client_id: string
```

```
scope: string
type: "refresh"
rotation_count: integer
iat: timestamp
exp: timestamp
iss: string
jti: string      // Unique token identifier for revocation
END STRUCTURE
```

### 3. Server Initialization

pseudocode

```

FUNCTION initializeServer()
  LOG "Starting MCP OAuth 2.1 Server"
  LOG "Issuer: " + JWT_ISSUER
  LOG "Protocol Version: " + MCP_PROTOCOL_VERSION

  // Validate required configuration
  IF JWT_SECRET is empty THEN
    ERROR "JWT_SECRET environment variable is required"
    EXIT
  END IF

  // Initialize storage connections (if using persistent storage)
  initializeTokenBlacklist()

  // Register routes
  registerOAuthRoutes()
  registerMCPRoutes()
  registerMetadataRoutes()
  registerHealthCheckRoute()

  // Start HTTP server
  startHTTPServer(SERVER_HOST, SERVER_PORT)

  LOG "Server listening on " + SERVER_HOST + ":" + SERVER_PORT
END FUNCTION

FUNCTION initializeTokenBlacklist()
  // Initialize connection to token blacklist storage
  // This could be Redis, database, or in-memory for development
  LOG "Initializing token blacklist storage"

  // Example: Connect to storage backend
  // revokedTokens = connectToStorageBackend()
END FUNCTION

```

## 4. OAuth 2.1 Endpoints

### 4.1 Dynamic Client Registration (DCR)

pseudocode

```

ROUTE POST "/register"

FUNCTION handleDynamicClientRegistration(request, response)
  LOG "==== DCR REQUEST ==="

  // Optional: Validate DCR authorization token
  IF DCR_REGISTRATION_TOKEN is configured THEN
    authHeader = request.headers["authorization"]

    IF NOT authHeader THEN
      RETURN response(401, {
        error: "invalid_token",
        error_description: "Missing authorization header"
      })
    END IF

    IF NOT authHeader.startsWith("Bearer ") THEN
      RETURN response(401, {
        error: "invalid_token",
        error_description: "Invalid authorization format"
      })
    END IF

    providedToken = authHeader.substring(7) // Remove "Bearer "

    IF providedToken != DCR_REGISTRATION_TOKEN THEN
      RETURN response(401, {
        error: "invalid_token",
        error_description: "Invalid registration token"
      })
    END IF

    LOG "œ DCR token validated"
  END IF

  // Extract client registration details
  client_name = request.body.client_name OR "Unnamed Client"
  redirect_uris = request.body.redirect_uris OR []
  grant_types = request.body.grant_types OR ["authorization_code", "refresh_token"]
  use_pkce = request.body.use_pkce OR false

  // Validate redirect URIs (required)
  IF redirect_uris.length = 0 THEN
    RETURN response(400, {

```

```

        error: "invalid_redirect_uri",
        error_description: "At least one redirect_uri is required"
    })
END IF

// Generate unique client credentials
client_id = generateUUID()
client_secret = generateSecureToken(32)

// Create client record
clientRecord = ClientRecord {
    client_id: client_id,
    client_secret: client_secret,
    client_name: client_name,
    redirect_uris: redirect_uris,
    grant_types: grant_types,
    response_types: ["code"],
    use_pkce: use_pkce,
    created_at: currentTimestamp()
}

// Store client (persistent storage in production)
registeredClients.set(client_id, clientRecord)

LOG "Client registered: " + client_id
LOG "Client name: " + client_name
LOG "PKCE enabled: " + use_pkce

// Return credentials (RFC 7591 format)
RETURN response(201, {
    client_id: client_id,
    client_secret: client_secret,
    client_name: client_name,
    redirect_uris: redirect_uris,
    grant_types: grant_types,
    response_types: ["code"],
    token_endpoint_auth_method: "client_secret_post"
})
END FUNCTION
END ROUTE

```

## 4.2 Authorization Endpoint

pseudocode

```

ROUTE GET "/oauth/authorize"
FUNCTION handleAuthorization(request, response)
LOG "==== AUTHORIZATION REQUEST ==="

// Extract OAuth 2.1 parameters
client_id = request.query.client_id
redirect_uri = request.query.redirect_uri
response_type = request.query.response_type
scope = request.query.scope OR "openid email profile"
state = request.query.state
code_challenge = request.query.code_challenge
code_challenge_method = request.query.code_challenge_method

// Validate response_type
IF response_type != "code" THEN
    errorParams = "error=unsupported_response_type"
    IF state THEN
        errorParams = errorParams + "&state=" + state
    END IF
    RETURN redirect(redirect_uri + "?" + errorParams)
END IF

// Validate required parameters
IF NOT client_id OR NOT redirect_uri THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
        error: "invalid_request",
        error_description: "Missing required parameters: client_id and redirect_uri"
    })
END IF

// PKCE validation (mandatory in OAuth 2.1)
IF NOT code_challenge OR NOT code_challenge_method THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
        error: "invalid_request",
        error_description: "PKCE required: code_challenge and code_challenge_method must be provided"
    })
END IF

// Validate PKCE method
IF code_challenge_method NOT IN SUPPORTED_PKCE_METHODS THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
        error: "invalid_request",
        error_description: "code_challenge_method must be S256 or plain"
    })
END IF

```

```
  })  
END IF
```

```
// Validate client exists  
client = registeredClients.get(client_id)  
IF NOT client THEN  
  RETURN response(400, {  
    error: "invalid_client",  
    error_description: "Client not found"  
  })  
END IF
```

```
LOG "Client validated: " + client_id
```

```
// Validate redirect URI is registered  
IF NOT client.redirect_uris.includes(redirect_uri) THEN  
  RETURN response(400, {  
    error: "invalid_request",  
    error_description: "redirect_uri not registered for this client"  
  })  
END IF
```

```
LOG "Redirect URI validated"  
LOG "PKCE parameters validated"  
LOG "Method: " + code_challenge_method
```

```
// NOTE: In production, display user consent screen here  
// For service-to-service integration, auto-approve  
// ServiceNow handles user authentication, so simulate approved user  
user_id = generateUUID() // Simulated authenticated user
```

```
LOG "SIMULATED USER AUTHENTICATION - user_id: " + user_id  
LOG "In production, implement real user authentication here"
```

```
// Generate authorization code  
authCode = generateSecureToken(32)
```

```
// Store authorization code with PKCE parameters  
authCodeRecord = AuthCodeRecord {  
  code: authCode,  
  client_id: client_id,  
  redirect_uri: redirect_uri,  
  scope: scope,  
  code_challenge: code_challenge,
```

```

    code_challenge_method: code_challenge_method,
    user_id: user_id,
    expires_at: currentTimestamp() + AUTHORIZATION_CODE_LIFETIME,
    used: false
}

authorizationCodes.set(authCode, authCodeRecord)

LOG "Authorization code generated"
LOG "Code expires in " + AUTHORIZATION_CODE_LIFETIME + " seconds"

// Redirect back to client with authorization code
redirectParams = "code=" + authCode
IF state THEN
    redirectParams = redirectParams + "&state=" + state
END IF

redirectURL = redirect_uri + "?" + redirectParams

LOG "Redirecting to: " + redirectURL

RETURN redirect(redirectURL)
END FUNCTION
END ROUTE

```

#### 4.3 Token Endpoint

pseudocode

```

ROUTE POST "/oauth/token"
APPLY rateLimitMiddleware(OAUTH_RATE_LIMIT_MAX)

FUNCTION handleTokenExchange(request, response)
  LOG "==== TOKEN REQUEST ===="
  LOG "Grant type: " + request.body.grant_type

  grant_type = request.body.grant_type

  // Validate grant_type
  IF NOT grant_type THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
      error: "invalid_request",
      error_description: "grant_type is required"
    })
  END IF

  // Route to appropriate grant handler
  IF grant_type = "authorization_code" THEN
    RETURN handleAuthorizationCodeGrant(request, response)
  ELSE IF grant_type = "refresh_token" THEN
    RETURN handleRefreshTokenGrant(request, response)
  ELSE
    RETURN response(400, {
      error: "unsupported_grant_type",
      error_description: "Supported grant types: authorization_code, refresh_token"
    })
  END IF
END FUNCTION

// Authorization Code Grant Handler
FUNCTION handleAuthorizationCodeGrant(request, response)
  LOG "==== AUTHORIZATION CODE GRANT ===="

  // Extract parameters
  code = request.body.code
  redirect_uri = request.body.redirect_uri
  client_id = request.body.client_id
  client_secret = request.body.client_secret
  code_verifier = request.body.code_verifier

  // Validate required parameters
  IF NOT code OR NOT redirect_uri OR NOT client_id OR NOT client_secret THEN

```

```

RETURN response(400, {
  error: "invalid_request",
  error_description: "Missing required parameters"
})
END IF

// Validate client credentials
client = registeredClients.get(client_id)
IF NOT client OR client.client_secret != client_secret THEN
  RETURN response(401, {
    error: "invalid_client",
    error_description: "Invalid client credentials"
  })
END IF

LOG "Client authenticated: " + client_id

// Retrieve authorization code
authCodeRecord = authorizationCodes.get(code)
IF NOT authCodeRecord THEN
  RETURN response(400, {
    error: "invalid_grant",
    error_description: "Authorization code not found"
  })
END IF

// Check if code has been used (prevent replay attacks)
IF authCodeRecord.used THEN
  RETURN response(400, {
    error: "invalid_grant",
    error_description: "Authorization code already used"
  })
END IF

// Check if code has expired
IF currentTimestamp() > authCodeRecord.expires_at THEN
  authorizationCodes.delete(code)
  RETURN response(400, {
    error: "invalid_grant",
    error_description: "Authorization code expired"
  })
END IF

// Validate client_id matches

```

```
IF authCodeRecord.client_id != client_id THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
        error: "invalid_grant",
        error_description: "Authorization code was issued to a different client"
    })
END IF
```

```
// Validate redirect_uri matches
IF authCodeRecord.redirect_uri != redirect_uri THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
        error: "invalid_grant",
        error_description: "redirect_uri does not match"
    })
END IF
```

```
LOG "Authorization code validated"
```

```
// PKCE VALIDATION - code_verifier is MANDATORY
IF NOT code_verifier THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
        error: "invalid_request",
        error_description: "code_verifier is required (PKCE)"
    })
END IF
```

```
LOG "==== PKCE VALIDATION ===="
LOG "Method: " + authCodeRecord.code_challenge_method
LOG "Stored challenge: " + authCodeRecord.code_challenge
```

```
// Validate code_verifier against stored challenge
isValid = validatePKCE(
    code_verifier,
    authCodeRecord.code_challenge,
    authCodeRecord.code_challenge_method
)
```

```
IF NOT isValid THEN
    LOG "— PKCE validation failed"
    RETURN response(400, {
        error: "invalid_grant",
        error_description: "Invalid code_verifier"
    })
END IF
```

```
LOG "PKCE validation successful"
```

```
// Mark authorization code as used and delete
authCodeRecord.used = true
authorizationCodes.delete(code)
```

```
// Issue access token and refresh token
access_token = createAccessToken(
    authCodeRecord.user_id,
    client_id,
    authCodeRecord.scope
)
```

```
refresh_token = createRefreshToken(
    authCodeRecord.user_id,
    client_id,
    authCodeRecord.scope,
    0 // Initial rotation_count
)
```

```
LOG "Tokens issued successfully"
```

```
// Return token response (RFC 6749 format)
RETURN response(200, {
    access_token: access_token,
    token_type: "Bearer",
    expires_in: ACCESS_TOKEN_LIFETIME,
    refresh_token: refresh_token,
    scope: authCodeRecord.scope
})
```

```
END FUNCTION
```

```
// Refresh Token Grant Handler
```

```
FUNCTION handleRefreshTokenGrant(request, response)
```

```
LOG "==== REFRESH TOKEN GRANT ==="
```

```
// Extract parameters
```

```
refresh_token = request.body.refresh_token
client_id = request.body.client_id
client_secret = request.body.client_secret
scope = request.body.scope // Optional - can request reduced scope
```

```
// Validate required parameters
```

```
IF NOT refresh_token OR NOT client_id OR NOT client_secret THEN
```

```

RETURN response(400, {
  error: "invalid_request",
  error_description: "Missing required parameters"
})
END IF

// Validate client credentials
client = registeredClients.get(client_id)
IF NOT client OR client.client_secret != client_secret THEN
  RETURN response(401, {
    error: "invalid_client",
    error_description: "Invalid client credentials"
  })
END IF

LOG "Client authenticated: " + client_id

// Validate refresh token
TRY
  decoded = verifyJWT(refresh_token, JWT_SECRET, {
    algorithms: [JWT_ALGORITHM],
    issuer: JWT_ISSUER
  })
  LOG "Refresh token signature valid"
CATCH error
  LOG "— Refresh token validation failed: " + error.message
  RETURN response(400, {
    error: "invalid_grant",
    error_description: "Invalid refresh token"
  })
END TRY

// Verify token type
IF decoded.type != "refresh" THEN
  RETURN response(400, {
    error: "invalid_grant",
    error_description: "Token is not a refresh token"
  })
END IF

// Check if token has been revoked
IF isTokenRevoked(decoded.jti) THEN
  LOG "— Refresh token has been revoked"

```

```
RETURN response(400, {
  error: "invalid_grant",
  error_description: "Refresh token has been revoked"
})
END IF

// Validate client_id matches token
IF decoded.client_id != client_id THEN
  RETURN response(400, {
    error: "invalid_grant",
    error_description: "Refresh token was issued to a different client"
  })
END IF

LOG "Refresh token validated"

// Revoke old refresh token (token rotation)
addTokenToBlacklist(decoded.jti, decoded.exp)

LOG "Old refresh token revoked"

// Issue new tokens with incremented rotation count
new_access_token = createAccessToken(
  decoded.sub,
  client_id,
  scope OR decoded.scope
)

new_refresh_token = createRefreshToken(
  decoded.sub,
  client_id,
  scope OR decoded.scope,
  decoded.rotation_count + 1
)

LOG "New tokens issued (rotation count: " + (decoded.rotation_count + 1) + ")"

// Return token response
RETURN response(200, {
  access_token: new_access_token,
  token_type: "Bearer",
  expires_in: ACCESS_TOKEN_LIFETIME,
  refresh_token: new_refresh_token,
  scope: scope OR decoded.scope
})
```

```
})  
END FUNCTION  
END ROUTE
```

#### 4.4 Token Revocation Endpoint

pseudocode

```

ROUTE POST "/oauth/revoke"
FUNCTION handleTokenRevocation(request, response)
LOG "==== TOKEN REVOCATION REQUEST ==="

// Extract parameters
token = request.body.token
client_id = request.body.client_id
client_secret = request.body.client_secret

// RFC 7009: token parameter is required
IF NOT token THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
        error: "invalid_request",
        error_description: "token is required"
    })
END IF

// Optional: Validate client credentials
IF client_id AND client_secret THEN
    client = registeredClients.get(client_id)
    IF NOT client OR client.client_secret != client_secret THEN
        RETURN response(401, {
            error: "invalid_client",
            error_description: "Invalid client credentials"
        })
    END IF
    LOG "Client authenticated"
END IF

// Decode token to get jti (token identifier)
TRY
    decoded = decodeJWT(token) // Decode without verification

    IF decoded.jti THEN
        // Add token to blacklist
        addTokenToBlacklist(decoded.jti, decoded.exp)
        LOG "Token revoked: " + decoded.jti
    END IF
CATCH error
    // Token might be malformed, but still return 200 per RFC 7009
    LOG "Error: Could not decode token: " + error.message
END TRY

```

```
// RFC 7009: Always return 200 OK (even if token not found)
RETURN response(200)
END FUNCTION
END ROUTE
```

---

## 5. JWT Token Management

pseudocode

```
FUNCTION createAccessToken(user_id, client_id, scope)
  LOG "Creating access token for user: " + user_id

  // Generate unique token identifier
  token_jti = generateUUID()

  // Create token payload
  payload = JWTAccessTokenPayload {
    sub: user_id,
    client_id: client_id,
    scope: scope,
    type: "access",
    iat: currentTimestamp(),
    exp: currentTimestamp() + ACCESS_TOKEN_LIFETIME,
    iss: JWT_ISSUER,
    jti: token_jti
  }

  // Sign token
  access_token = signJWT(payload, JWT_SECRET, JWT_ALGORITHM)

  RETURN access_token
END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION createRefreshToken(user_id, client_id, scope, rotation_count)
  LOG "Creating refresh token for user: " + user_id

  // Generate unique token identifier
  token_jti = generateUUID()

  // Create token payload
  payload = JWTRefreshTokenPayload {
    sub: user_id,
    client_id: client_id,
    scope: scope,
    type: "refresh",
    rotation_count: rotation_count,
    iat: currentTimestamp(),
    exp: currentTimestamp() + REFRESH_TOKEN_LIFETIME,
    iss: JWT_ISSUER,
    jti: token_jti
  }
```

```

// Sign token
refresh_token = signJWT(payload, JWT_SECRET, JWT_ALGORITHM)

RETURN refresh_token
END FUNCTION

FUNCTION validateToken(token)
TRY
    // Verify JWT signature and decode claims
    payload = verifyJWT(token, JWT_SECRET, {
        algorithms: [JWT_ALGORITHM],
        issuer: JWT_ISSUER
    })

    // Check if token has been revoked
    IF isTokenRevoked(payload.jti) THEN
        LOG "Token has been revoked"
        RETURN null
    END IF

    // Token is valid
    LOG "Token validated for client: " + payload.client_id
    RETURN payload

CATCH error
    // Invalid signature, expired, or malformed
    LOG "Token validation failed: " + error.message
    RETURN null
END TRY
END FUNCTION

```

## 6. PKCE Validation

pseudocode

```

FUNCTION validatePKCE(code_verifier, code_challenge, method)
  // Validate using S256 method (RECOMMENDED)
  IF method = "S256" THEN
    // Hash the code_verifier using SHA-256
    computed_challenge = base64URLEncode(sha256(code_verifier))

    // Compare with stored challenge
    IF computed_challenge = code_challenge THEN
      RETURN true
    ELSE
      RETURN false
    END IF

  // Validate using plain method (ALLOWED but discouraged)
  ELSE IF method = "plain" THEN
    // Direct comparison (no hashing)
    IF code_verifier = code_challenge THEN
      RETURN true
    ELSE
      RETURN false
    END IF

  // Invalid method
  ELSE
    LOG "Invalid code_challenge_method: " + method
    RETURN false
  END IF
END FUNCTION

```

```

FUNCTION base64URLEncode(data)
  // Encode data in base64url format (RFC 4648)
  // This is URL-safe base64 encoding:
  // - Replace '+' with '-'
  // - Replace '/' with '_'
  // - Remove '=' padding

  base64 = base64Encode(data)
  base64url = base64.replace('+', '-').replace('/', '_').replace('=', "")

  RETURN base64url
END FUNCTION

```

## 7. Token Blacklist Management

pseudocode

```
FUNCTION addTokenToBlacklist(token_jti, expiration_timestamp)
    // Add token identifier to blacklist
    // Store with expiration time for automatic cleanup
```

```
    LOG "Adding token to blacklist: " + token_jti
```

```
    // Add to blacklist storage
```

```
    revokedTokens.add(token_jti)
```

```
    // Optional: Schedule automatic removal after expiration
```

```
    // This prevents blacklist from growing indefinitely
```

```
    scheduleTokenCleanup(token_jti, expiration_timestamp)
```

```
    LOG "Token blacklisted until: " + expiration_timestamp
```

```
END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION isTokenRevoked(token_jti)
```

```
    // Check if token identifier exists in blacklist
```

```
    RETURN revokedTokens.has(token_jti)
```

```
END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION scheduleTokenCleanup(token_jti, expiration_timestamp)
```

```
    // Calculate delay until token expires
```

```
    current_time = currentTimestamp()
```

```
    delay = expiration_timestamp - current_time
```

```
    IF delay > 0 THEN
```

```
        // Schedule removal after expiration
```

```
        scheduleTask(delay, FUNCTION()
```

```
            revokedTokens.delete(token_jti)
```

```
            LOG "Expired token removed from blacklist: " + token_jti
```

```
        END FUNCTION)
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        // Already expired, remove immediately
```

```
        revokedTokens.delete(token_jti)
```

```
    END IF
```

```
END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION cleanupExpiredTokens()
```

```
    // Periodic cleanup task for token blacklist
```

```
    // Run this on a schedule (e.g., every hour)
```

```
    LOG "Running blacklist cleanup"
```

```

current_time = currentTimestamp()
removed_count = 0

FOR EACH token_jti IN revokedTokens DO
    // Decode token to get expiration
    // In production, store expiration with blacklist entry
    // to avoid needing to decode

    TRY
        decoded = decodeJWT(getTokenByJTI(token_jti))

        IF decoded.exp < current_time THEN
            revokedTokens.delete(token_jti)
            removed_count = removed_count + 1
        END IF

        CATCH error
            // Token no longer valid, remove from blacklist
            revokedTokens.delete(token_jti)
            removed_count = removed_count + 1
        END TRY
    END FOR

    LOG "Cleanup complete: " + removed_count + " expired tokens removed"
END FUNCTION

```

## 8. Rate Limiting

pseudocode

```

// Rate limit storage
GLOBAL rateLimitStore = Map() // Map<client_key, RateLimitRecord>

STRUCTURE RateLimitRecord:
    count: integer
    reset_time: timestamp
END STRUCTURE

FUNCTION rateLimitMiddleware(max_requests)
    RETURN FUNCTION(request, response, next)
        // Identify client (by IP address or client_id)
        client_key = getClientIdentifier(request)

        // Get current rate limit record
        record = rateLimitStore.get(client_key)
        current_time = currentTimestamp()

        IF NOT record OR current_time >= record.reset_time THEN
            // Start new window
            record = RateLimitRecord {
                count: 1,
                reset_time: current_time + RATE_LIMIT_WINDOW_MS
            }
            rateLimitStore.set(client_key, record)

            // Add rate limit headers to response
            response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Limit", max_requests)
            response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Remaining", max_requests - 1)
            response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Reset", record.reset_time)

            RETURN next() // Allow request
        ELSE
            // Increment counter
            record.count = record.count + 1

            IF record.count > max_requests THEN
                // Rate limit exceeded
                LOG "⚠, Rate limit exceeded for: " + client_key

                response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Limit", max_requests)
                response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Remaining", 0)
                response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Reset", record.reset_time)
                response.setHeader("Retry-After", record.reset_time - current_time)
            END IF
        END IF
    END FUNCTION

```

```

RETURN response(429, {
  error: "too_many_requests",
  error_description: "Rate limit exceeded"
})
ELSE
  // Update record and allow request
  rateLimitStore.set(client_key, record)

  response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Limit", max_requests)
  response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Remaining", max_requests - record.count)
  response.setHeader("X-RateLimit-Reset", record.reset_time)

RETURN next() // Allow request
END IF
END IF
END FUNCTION
END FUNCTION

FUNCTION getClientIdentifier(request)
  // Identify client by client_id if available, otherwise IP address

  // Try to extract client_id from request
  IF request.body.client_id THEN
    RETURN "client:" + request.body.client_id
  ELSE IF request.query.client_id THEN
    RETURN "client:" + request.query.client_id
  ELSE
    // Fallback to IP address
    ip_address = request.headers["x-forwarded-for"] OR request.connection.remoteAddress
    RETURN "ip:" + ip_address
  END IF
END FUNCTION

```

## 9. Authentication Middleware

pseudocode

```
FUNCTION authenticationMiddleware(request, response, next)
  LOG "==== AUTHENTICATION CHECK ===="

  // Extract Authorization header
  authHeader = request.headers["authorization"]

  IF NOT authHeader THEN
    LOG "œ— Missing Authorization header"
    RETURN response(401, {
      error: "Unauthorized",
      message: "Missing Authorization header"
    })
  END IF

  // Extract token from "Bearer <token>" format
  IF NOT authHeader.startsWith("Bearer ") THEN
    LOG "œ— Invalid Authorization format"
    RETURN response(401, {
      error: "Unauthorized",
      message: "Invalid Authorization header format"
    })
  END IF

  token = authHeader.substring(7) // Remove "Bearer "

  // Validate token
  payload = validateToken(token)

  IF NOT payload THEN
    LOG "œ— Token validation failed"
    RETURN response(401, {
      error: "Unauthorized",
      message: "Invalid or expired token"
    })
  END IF

  // Token is valid - attach user info to request
  request.user = {
    user_id: payload.sub,
    client_id: payload.client_id,
    scope: payload.scope
  }
```

```
LOG "Authentication successful"
LOG "User: " + payload.sub
LOG "Client: " + payload.client_id

// Proceed to route handler
RETURN next()
END FUNCTION
```

## 10. MCP Protocol Handlers

### 10.1 Main MCP Endpoint

pseudocode

```

ROUTE POST "/mcp"
  APPLY authenticationMiddleware // Require authentication
  APPLY rateLimitMiddleware(RATE_LIMIT_MAX_REQUESTS)

FUNCTION handleMCPRequest(request, response)
  LOG "==== INCOMING MCP REQUEST ==="
  LOG "Method: " + request.body.method
  LOG "Request ID: " + request.body.id

  // Extract JSON-RPC parameters
  jsonrpc = request.body.jsonrpc
  method = request.body.method
  params = request.body.params
  request_id = request.body.id

  // Validate JSON-RPC version
  IF jsonrpc != "2.0" THEN
    RETURN response(400, {
      jsonrpc: "2.0",
      id: request_id,
      error: {
        code: -32600,
        message: "Invalid JSON-RPC version"
      }
    })
  END IF

  TRY
    // Handle notifications (no response needed)
    IF NOT request_id AND method.startsWith("notifications/") THEN
      LOG "Notification received: " + method
      RETURN response(200)
    END IF

    // Route to appropriate handler
    IF method = "initialize" THEN
      result = handleInitialize(params)
    ELSE IF method = "tools/list" THEN
      result = handleToolsList(params)
    ELSE IF method = "tools/call" THEN
      result = handleToolsCall(params)
    ELSE IF method = "resources/list" THEN
      result = handleResourcesList(params)
    END IF
  END TRY

```

```

ELSE IF method = "resources/read" THEN
    result = handleResourcesRead(params)
ELSE IF method = "prompts/list" THEN
    result = handlePromptsList(params)
ELSE IF method = "prompts/get" THEN
    result = handlePromptsGet(params)
ELSE
    // Unknown method
    RETURN response(400, {
        jsonrpc: "2.0",
        id: request_id,
        error: {
            code: -32601,
            message: "Method not found: " + method
        }
    })
END IF

// Return success response
RETURN response(200, {
    jsonrpc: "2.0",
    id: request_id,
    result: result
})

CATCH error
    LOG "— MCP request error: " + error.message
    RETURN response(500, {
        jsonrpc: "2.0",
        id: request_id,
        error: {
            code: -32603,
            message: "Internal error: " + error.message
        }
    })
END TRY
END FUNCTION
END ROUTE

```

## 10.2 Initialize Handler

pseudocode

```

FUNCTION handleInitialize(params)
  LOG "==== INITIALIZE ===="
  LOG "Client protocol version: " + params.protocolVersion
  LOG "Client capabilities: " + params.capabilities

  // Return server capabilities and version info
  RETURN {
    protocolVersion: MCP_PROTOCOL_VERSION,
    capabilities: {
      tools: {
        listChanged: false
      },
      resources: {
        subscribe: false,
        listChanged: false
      },
      prompts: {
        listChanged: false
      },
      logging: {}
    },
    serverInfo: {
      name: MCP_SERVER_NAME,
      version: MCP_SERVER_VERSION
    }
  }
END FUNCTION

```

### 10.3 Tools Handlers

pseudocode

```
FUNCTION handleToolsList(params)
LOG "==== TOOLS/LIST ===="

// Define available tools
// Replace with actual tool definitions for your use case
tools = [
  {
    name: "get_weather",
    description: "Get current weather for a location",
    inputSchema: {
      type: "object",
      properties: {
        location: {
          type: "string",
          description: "City name or coordinates"
        }
      },
      required: ["location"]
    }
  },
  {
    name: "send_email",
    description: "Send an email message",
    inputSchema: {
      type: "object",
      properties: {
        to: {
          type: "string",
          description: "Recipient email address"
        },
        subject: {
          type: "string",
          description: "Email subject"
        },
        body: {
          type: "string",
          description: "Email body content"
        }
      },
      required: ["to", "subject", "body"]
    }
  }
]
```

```

LOG "Returning " + tools.length + " tools"

RETURN {
  tools: tools
}

END FUNCTION

FUNCTION handleToolsCall(params)
LOG "==== TOOLS/CALL ==="

tool_name = params.name
tool_args = params.arguments

LOG "Executing tool: " + tool_name
LOG "Arguments: " + tool_args

// Route to appropriate tool implementation
IF tool_name = "get_weather" THEN
  result = executeGetWeather(tool_args)
ELSE IF tool_name = "send_email" THEN
  result = executeSendEmail(tool_args)
ELSE
  THROW Error("Unknown tool: " + tool_name)
END IF

LOG "Tool execution complete"

// Return result in MCP format
RETURN {
  content: [
    {
      type: "text",
      text: result
    }
  ]
}

END FUNCTION

// Example tool implementations
FUNCTION executeGetWeather(args)
location = args.location

// Call weather API or service

```

```

// This is a placeholder - replace with actual implementation
LOG "Fetching weather for: " + location

weather_data = callWeatherAPI(location)

RETURN "Weather in " + location + ": " + weather_data.description +
", Temperature: " + weather_data.temperature + "°C"
END FUNCTION

FUNCTION executeSendEmail(args)
  to = args.to
  subject = args.subject
  body = args.body

  // Call email service
  // This is a placeholder - replace with actual implementation
  LOG "Sending email to: " + to

  success = callEmailService(to, subject, body)

  IF success THEN
    RETURN "Email sent successfully to " + to
  ELSE
    THROW Error("Failed to send email")
  END IF
END FUNCTION

```

## 10.4 Resources Handlers (Optional)

pseudocode

```
FUNCTION handleResourcesList(params)
LOG "==== RESOURCES/LIST ===="

// Define available resources
// Resources are read-only data sources
resources = [
{
  uri: "file:///config/settings.json",
  name: "Server Configuration",
  description: "Current server configuration settings",
  mimeType: "application/json"
},
{
  uri: "db://customers",
  name: "Customer Database",
  description: "Customer records",
  mimeType: "application/json"
}
]
```

```
LOG "Returning " + resources.length + " resources"
```

```
RETURN {
  resources: resources
}
END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION handleResourcesRead(params)
LOG "==== RESOURCES/READ ===="

resource_uri = params.uri

LOG "Reading resource: " + resource_uri

// Route to appropriate resource handler
IF resource_uri.startsWith("file://") THEN
  content = readFileResource(resource_uri)
ELSE IF resource_uri.startsWith("db://") THEN
  content = readDatabaseResource(resource_uri)
ELSE
  THROW Error("Unknown resource URI: " + resource_uri)
END IF
```

```
LOG "Resource read complete"
```

```
// Return resource content
RETURN {
  contents: [
    {
      uri: resource_uri,
      mimeType: "application/json",
      text: content
    }
  ]
}
END FUNCTION
```

## 10.5 Prompts Handlers (Optional)

pseudocode

```
FUNCTION handlePromptsList(params)
LOG "==== PROMPTS/LIST ===="

// Define available prompts
// Prompts are templated workflows
prompts = [
{
  name: "code_review",
  description: "Review code for quality and security",
  arguments: [
    {
      name: "code",
      description: "Code to review",
      required: true
    },
    {
      name: "language",
      description: "Programming language",
      required: false
    }
  ]
}
]
```

```
LOG "Returning " + prompts.length + " prompts"
```

```
RETURN {
  prompts: prompts
}
END FUNCTION
```

```
FUNCTION handlePromptsGet(params)
LOG "==== PROMPTS/GET ===="

prompt_name = params.name
prompt_args = params.arguments

LOG "Getting prompt: " + prompt_name

// Route to appropriate prompt template
IF prompt_name = "code_review" THEN
  messages = generateCodeReviewPrompt(prompt_args)
ELSE
```

```

THROW Error("Unknown prompt: " + prompt_name)
END IF

LOG "Prompt generated"

RETURN {
  messages: messages
}
END FUNCTION

FUNCTION generateCodeReviewPrompt(args)
  code = args.code
  language = args.language OR "unknown"

  // Generate prompt messages
  RETURN [
    {
      role: "user",
      content: {
        type: "text",
        text: "Please review the following " + language + " code for quality, security, and best practices:\n\n" + code
      }
    }
  ]
END FUNCTION

```

## 11. Metadata Endpoints

pseudocode

```
ROUTE GET "/.well-known/oauth-authorization-server"
FUNCTION handleAuthorizationServerMetadata(request, response)
// RFC 8414 - Authorization Server Metadata
LOG "==== AUTHORIZATION SERVER METADATA REQUEST ==="

metadata = {
  issuer: JWT_ISSUER,
  authorization_endpoint: JWT_ISSUER + "/oauth/authorize",
  token_endpoint: JWT_ISSUER + "/oauth/token",
  revocation_endpoint: JWT_ISSUER + "/oauth/revoke",
  registration_endpoint: JWT_ISSUER + "/register",
  response_types_supported: ["code"],
  grant_types_supported: ["authorization_code", "refresh_token"],
  token_endpoint_auth_methods_supported: ["client_secret_post"],
  code_challenge_methods_supported: ["S256", "plain"],
  scopes_supported: ["openid", "email", "profile"],
  service_documentation: "https://github.com/your-org/mcp-server"
}
```

```
  RETURN response(200, metadata)
```

```
END FUNCTION
```

```
END ROUTE
```

```
ROUTE GET "/.well-known/oauth-protected-resource"
```

```
FUNCTION handleProtectedResourceMetadata(request, response)
```

```
// RFC 8414 - Protected Resource Metadata
```

```
LOG "==== PROTECTED RESOURCE METADATA REQUEST ==="
```

```
metadata = {
  resource: JWT_ISSUER,
  authorization_servers: [JWT_ISSUER],
  scopes_supported: ["openid", "email", "profile"],
  bearer_methods_supported: ["header"],
  resource_documentation: "https://github.com/your-org/mcp-server"
}
```

```
  RETURN response(200, metadata)
```

```
END FUNCTION
```

```
END ROUTE
```

## 12. Health Check Endpoint

pseudocode

```
ROUTE GET "/health"
FUNCTION handleHealthCheck(request, response)
    // Basic health check endpoint
    // Does not require authentication

    health_status = {
        status: "healthy",
        timestamp: currentTimestamp(),
        version: MCP_SERVER_VERSION,
        uptime: getServerUptime()
    }

    RETURN response(200, health_status)
END FUNCTION
END ROUTE
```

## 13. Audit Logging

pseudocode

```
STRUCTURE AuditLogEntry:
```

```
    timestamp: timestamp  
    event_type: string  
    client_id: string  
    user_id: string  
    method: string  
    status: string  
    ip_address: string  
    details: object
```

```
END STRUCTURE
```

```
FUNCTION logAuditEvent(event_type, client_id, user_id, method, status, ip_address, details)
```

```
    // Create audit log entry  
    entry = AuditLogEntry {  
        timestamp: currentTimestamp(),  
        event_type: event_type,  
        client_id: client_id OR "unknown",  
        user_id: user_id OR "unknown",  
        method: method,  
        status: status,  
        ip_address: ip_address,  
        details: details  
    }
```

```
    // Write to audit log
```

```
    // This could be written to file, database, or logging service  
    writeAuditLog(entry)
```

```
    LOG "[AUDIT] " + event_type + " | " + status + " | " + client_id
```

```
END FUNCTION
```

```
// Example audit logging in endpoints
```

```
FUNCTION handleTokenExchangeWithAudit(request, response)
```

```
    client_id = request.body.client_id  
    ip_address = request.connection.remoteAddress
```

```
TRY
```

```
    result = handleTokenExchange(request, response)
```

```
    // Log successful token exchange
```

```
    logAuditEvent(  
        "TOKEN_EXCHANGE",  
        client_id,
```

```

    null,
    "authorization_code",
    "SUCCESS",
    ip_address,
    { grant_type: request.body.grant_type }
)

RETURN result
CATCH error
// Log failed token exchange
logAuditEvent(
    "TOKEN_EXCHANGE",
    client_id,
    null,
    "authorization_code",
    "FAILURE",
    ip_address,
    { error: error.message, grant_type: request.body.grant_type }
)

THROW error
END TRY
END FUNCTION

```

## Implementation Notes

### Storage Considerations

This pseudocode uses in-memory data structures (Map, Set) for simplicity. In production:

1. **Client Registry** - Store registered clients in a persistent database
2. **Authorization Codes** - Use Redis or similar with automatic expiration
3. **Token Blacklist** - Use Redis with TTL for automatic cleanup
4. **Rate Limiting** - Use Redis for distributed rate limiting across servers

### Security Considerations

1. **JWT\_SECRET** - Must be cryptographically secure, minimum 256 bits
2. **HTTPS Required** - All endpoints must use TLS in production
3. **CORS** - Configure CORS headers appropriately for your deployment

4. **Input Validation** - Validate all user inputs before processing
5. **Error Messages** - Don't leak sensitive information in error responses

## Performance Optimization

1. **Token Validation** - Cache decoded tokens briefly to reduce CPU usage
2. **Client Lookup** - Index client registry by client\_id for fast lookups
3. **Rate Limiting** - Use efficient data structures (sliding window counters)
4. **Blacklist Cleanup** - Run periodic cleanup tasks during off-peak hours

## Testing Recommendations

1. **OAuth Flow** - Test complete authorization code flow with PKCE
  2. **Token Rotation** - Verify refresh token rotation prevents replay attacks
  3. **Rate Limiting** - Verify rate limits are enforced correctly
  4. **Token Revocation** - Test revocation immediately blocks access
  5. **MCP Protocol** - Test all MCP methods with valid and invalid inputs
- 

## Conclusion

This pseudocode template provides a complete reference implementation for building a production-ready MCP server with OAuth 2.1 + PKCE authentication. It demonstrates:

- Complete OAuth 2.1 authorization code flow with PKCE
- JWT token management with rotation and revocation
- Rate limiting and audit logging
- Full MCP protocol support (tools, resources, prompts)
- Security best practices and error handling

Translate this pseudocode into your chosen programming language and framework, adapting the data structures and storage mechanisms to your specific infrastructure requirements.