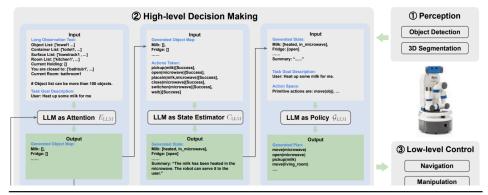
[NUS'23] LLM-State: Expandable State Representation for Longhorizon Task Planning in the Open World

- 1. Link: https://arxiv.org/pdf/2311.17406
- 2. Arthurs and institution: Siwei Chen, Anxing Xiao, David Hsu from NUS **TL;DR** we propose a novel state representation for task planning with LLM in the open-world, constructed and updated automatically by LLM for object state tracking and reasoning

comments and critisims

- 1. implicitly handling errors in a close loop (in LLM)
- 2. the system did not consider achieving optimal solution from the prompt setting

Key points



Algorithm 1 Task Planning Execution Flow

```
Require: I: Goal Instruction, A: Primitive Actions
              O: Observed Objects, E_{LLM}: LLM as Attention
              C_{\text{LLM}}: LLM as State Estimator, \mathcal{G}_{\text{LLM}}: LLM as Policy
 1: Initialize history action list A_h \leftarrow []
 2: Initialize key objects \hat{s}_0 \leftarrow []
 3: while not done do
          Update key objects \hat{s}_t \leftarrow E_{\text{LLM}}(O_t, I) + \hat{s}_{t-1}
 4:
          Update state representation s_t \leftarrow C_{\text{LLM}}(\hat{s}_t, A_h, O_t)
 5:
          Generate n actions a_{t:t+n} \leftarrow \mathcal{G}_{LLM}(s_t, O_t, I)
 6:
 7:
          for a_t in a_{t:t+n} do
              O_t, r_t \leftarrow \text{execute}(a_t) \# r_t: binary success indicator
 8:
 9:
              Append actions, A_h \leftarrow A_h + (a_t, r_t)
10:
              if not r_t then
                   break # action failed, re-plan
11:
              end if
12:
13:
          end for
14: end while
```

Inputs

- 1. Goal Instruction in text
- 2. Step-wise Observation
 - 1. current location
 - 2. observed objects
 - 3. rooms
 - 4. pre-defined primitave actions

Outputs

1. Step-wise Primitive Action Commands

State representation

1. structured obj entry

- a dictionary of objects, where key is the object name and values are attributions of objects (status, location, condition)
- 2. Unstructured Retrospective Summary Entry
 - 1. action histroy of robot
 - 1. helps to predict attributes of objects
 - 2. recent failures
 - 1. unknown preconditions
 - 2. unexpected transitions

Modules

LLM as Attention

- 1. extend the list of key objects relevant to the task based on the latest observed object list
- 2. functions
 - 1. add_related_object()

LLM as state estimator

- 1. uses the key objects list, historically executed action with binary success indicator, and observation to generate the state representation with state change for the object in the key objects list and the summary
- 2. functions
 - 1. generate summary(text)
 - 2. add_attributes(obj, attr)

LLM as Policy

1. generates the action sequences based on the current state representation, observation and instruction.

Exploration

1. For objects not present in the current state but required to complete a task, the LLM policy actively generates hypotheses using common sense.

Details

1. perception

- 1. 6 angles to fully cover 360 degree
- 2. Recognize anything + GroundingDINO
- 3. SAM
- 4. back-projetion
- 2. low-level control
 - 1. navigation
 - 1. use grid map and Ros-build-in motion planning
 - 2. manipulation
 - 1. imitation learning with VR controller
 - 2. 30 trajectories per primitave skill
- 3. hardware
 - 1. running in a 4090 GPU
 - 2. stop by human monitor if the generated action is not callable
- 4. simulation: virtualhome