World of Adventure House Rules Guide – DM Version

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Contents

1	Intr	roduction 1						
	1.1	What's Different?	1					
	1.2	Wealth and Resources	2					
	1.3	Industries	3					
2	Cha	racter Generation	5					
	2.1	Concept	5					
	2.2	Pathfinder Classes in a Civilized Setting	6					
	2.3	Picking a Race and Generating Ability Scores	7					
	2.4	Finishing Touches	9					
		2.4.1 Languages	9					
		2.4.2 Alignment	9					
		2.4.3 Skills	10					
		2.4.4 Starting Funds	10					
		2.4.5 Older Characters	10					
3	Skil	ls 1	12					
	3.1	Modified Skills	12					
	3.2	New Skills	12					
1	Foat	ta 1	12					

	4.1	Modifi	ed Feats	13
	4.2	New F	eats	13
5	\mathbf{Spe}	lls		14
	5.1	Modifi	ed Spells	14
		5.1.1	Ant Haul	14
		5.1.2	Calm Animals	14
		5.1.3	Calm Emotions	14
		5.1.4	Charm Animal	15
		5.1.5	Charm Monster	15
		5.1.6	Charm Person	15
		5.1.7	Clairvoyance	15
		5.1.8	Command	15
		5.1.9	Comprehend Languages	16
		5.1.10	Daylight	16
		5.1.11	Detect Evil	16
		5.1.12	Dominate Animal	16
		5.1.13	Dominate Person	17
		5.1.14	Endure Elements	17
		5.1.15	Expeditious Retreat	17
		5.1.16	Geas	17
		5.1.17	Hide from Animals	18
		5.1.18	Light	18
		5.1.19	Longstrider	18
		5.1.20	Magic Fang	18
		5.1.21	Nondetection	19

	5.1.22	Scrying	19
	5.1.23	See Alignment	19
	5.1.24	See Invisible	19
	5.1.25	Sending	20
	5.1.26	Suggestion	20
5.2	New S	pells	20
	5.2.1	Bardic Masterpiece: Scare	20
	5.2.2	Binding Contract	21
	5.2.3	Detect Background	22
	5.2.4	Know Alignment	22
	5.2.5	Padded Weapon	22
	5.2.6	Protection from Background	22
	5.2.7	Scrying Focus	23
	5.2.8	Sending Focus	23

Introduction

1.1 What's Different?

The most important points:

- This is *realistic* high-fantasy. The economy works and magic is used everywhere it makes economic sense to do so.
- House rules have overhauled crafting/profession work, item prices, and the way several spells work.

The setting:

- Magic is widely used where it makes economic sense to do so. It's a skilled profession like any other.
- Magical production of staple foods means that there's a large urban population (instead of 90% of the population farming, only half of it does).
- Urbanization and the shift to a manufacturing economy means there's no longer a feudal system. The default setting is the city-state of Harbourton, governed by a council of guildmasters, with adjacent city-states having their own governing structures (Ville Lumière having nobility, Dwarven Canada having parliament, and the Orcish Federation being a militocracy).
- Adventuring is handled by guilds, which issue "adventurer licenses" along the same lines as the "hero licenses" from the 2001 "Tick" series. Adventurer guilds work closely with and do contract work for their cities' governments and law enforcement.
- Gunpowder, steam power, and internal combusion don't work. Electricity and magnetism exist but electric motors and generators don't work. Magic, muscle power, wind power, and water power are the main drivers of industry. The only way of getting mechanical power from point A to point B is an aqueduct, and it's usually easier to move the factory to the water source. Moving wood or charcoal to where industrial heat is needed is doable.
- There are lots of still-wild areas to have adventures in. These have strong background magic, which is about as healthy as strong background radiation and which tends to generate wonders and monsters.

Variant rules with important effects:

- There is no teleport magic. There would be enough people able to cast it that physical security would be nearly impossible.
- There is no dimensional magic (Bag of Holding, Portable Hole, Rope Trick, etc). For moving goods, a "freight pallet" version of Floating Disc is used. For camping, people use tents (mundane or conjured).
- The planes as described in the CRB do not exist. The only ones known are the "Material Realm" (the every-day universe) and the "Immaterial Realm" (containing thought, emotion, magic, and the gods). The realms influence each other but physical travel between them is not possible (the Immaterium isn't even a physical "place" as such).
- Magic items are cheaper (to make them possible to afford at all). There are several options for how *much* cheaper they are, with different consequences.
- We're using 2d10 instead of 1d20. This makes extreme results much less likely, and a +1 bonus makes a big difference when you're trying to do something difficult.
- We're using a variant of the "wounds and vigor" system. You gain vigor points when you level up but not wound points. Some types of damage (like fall damage) go straight to wounds.
- We're using a variant of the "armour as damage reduction" rules. Most forms of protection give a bonus to "armour rating", which gets split between AC and DR.

I'd like to thank Anthony Nardelli for his work with the "Düanor" setting, which had similar variant rules and a working economy, directly inspiring this setting.

1.2 Wealth and Resources

- Large purchases tend to be counted in silver pieces. 1 sp is about \$50 USD in 2025 funds. These are large silver coins. Smaller silver coins and bronze coins of various sizes are used for day-to-day transactions. Tokens issued by various vendors are usually tin (sometimes brass).
- Income is a profession or craft check made weekly, with a profession-specific multiplier. The check result is that week's income in silver pieces. Income rolls also grant experience (half the check result before the profession multiplier).
- Different professions have different multipliers. Unskilled labour is x1/2, skilled trades are x1, and professionals are x2. Hazard pay is typically x2 on top of that. These are commodity rates; someone with skills that can't easily be found can often get more.
- Living expenses are abstracted as "upkeep". This can range from 6 sp/week for working-poor to 24 sp/week for upper-middle-class professionals. It affects where you live and what you can buy before having to track purchases explicitly. This is usually deducted monthly to make paperwork easier.
- A worker fresh out of apprenticeship who is not particularly talented can average 15 on a profession roll. Someone with talent and Skill Focus can manage 20 out of apprenticeship. Someone with talent, Skill Focus, good tools, and experience can manage 25. Late-career professionals who invested in equipment and accessories can manage an average roll of 30 (acting solo).

- The default calendar has 5 weeks to the month and 40 working weeks per year. Since lifestyle (and upkeep) tends to scale with income, most people have 50–100 sp/year of disposable income, which tends to get spent during the year on perks (fancy restaurant trips, going to a festival, buying a nice piece of equipment, etc). Dedicated career-types may instead save it to invest in job-related equipment.
- About 1% of the population are wealthy, with ten times the amount of money flowing through their hands. 1% of *that* are extravagently wealthy, with a hundred times that amount of money. Above that are rulers and oligarchs.

1.3 Industries

The technology level is "fantasy Renaissance":

- Swords and bows are the dominant weapons of war (no gunpowder).
- Water, animals, and people are the main source of motive power (no engines). If magic is *extremely* cheap, (see below) it takes over as the main source of motive power.
- Baseline food production is magical, via variants of "Create Food and Water" with a number of cantrips used to re-flavour, re-texture, and preserve conjured food. This allowed the transition from an agricultural economy to a manufacturing economy.
- Light sources are magical (typically using the "light" cantrip).
- Freight transport is by carts and wagons drawn by horses that are conjured using variants of the "mount" spell.
- Factories exist, typically driven by water power (and built where water power can be harnessed). Textile mills are a typical example. For situations where less motive power is needed, a factory may use a "prime mover" powered by the "unseen oxen" wheel-turning spell (either cast by wizards or as a device, depending on how cheap magic is). Animal power (such as via the "mount" spell) is sometimes used but needs more space.
- Industries that either do not require or do not benefit from large machinery use machines driven by treadle-power (as with pole lather and treadle-based sewing machines). These may also, where appropriate, be driven by spells cast by the user ("apprentice's spinner" or "wizard's wheel").
- Alchemy exists, and works much like the modern chemical industry. Many specialized spells are used
 to augment non-magical tools. This is similar to but explicitly not the same as real-world chemistry,
 to avoid metagaming based on real-world knowledge.
- Clockwork exists. Screws and bolts exist. Standardization of these is iffy at best, and nonexistant at worst, so if you need repairs or replacement parts you'll need to get them from the original manufacturer.
- Several types of printing press exist. This is mainly limited by the fact that paper production competes with several other uses for farmland, and the fact that the master engravings (or dies, for typeset print) are hand-made.

- An entertainment industry exists. Spells for public address and for sound manipulation are common
 and widely used, and illusion magic supplements many live performances. Recording technology
 exists (using wax cylinders or wax-coated discs), but nobody has managed to invent a good highfidelity duplication method. First-generation copies from a master recording are expensive, with
 second-generation copies being less expensive and sounding worse. Recordings wear out quickly with
 playback.
- The existence of golems (magitek robots) is optional. They are described in their own section.
- There is a well-established medical profession. Treatment costs money, because any given professional can only cast a few spells per day, and they need to make a living at it. There are a large number of specialized spells for healing, treating disease, and treating poison (lower-level than the general-purpose spells for these things).
- A contraception cantrip exists and is widely available and widely used. This is a metagame choice: I wanted a setting with societies that can exist for centuries without having a Malthusian collapse. Without contraception population growth would instead be stabilized by war or famine.

Character Generation

2.1 Concept

Before starting to build your character, it's important to settle on a *concept*. You'll probably think about several different concepts before picking one, and you'll probably fine-tune it during character generation, but the concept is the starting point for everything else.

- Your character idea should be something that **you find interesting**, so that you have fun playing it.
- Your character idea should be something that works well with the group. The other players' character concepts will usually suggest a shared theme or set of shared goals (e.g. police team, pirates on the high seas, etc).

Keep in mind that even with high-fantasy elements such as magic and dragons, characters need to be able to function as real people. That dragon can hold down a job (he runs the banking guild and his daughter is a police officer).

To help refine your concept, here are some questions you might ask about your character:

- What do they want to do, or want to be, down the road?
- How do they plan to get there?
- What do they do for a living now, and what do they do for fun?
- What are a few small things that they like or enjoy?
- What are a few small things that they don't like or try to avoid?
- How did they get to know the other player-characters? (Boring is fine for this.)
- How does joining the group bring them closer to their personal goals?

2.2 Pathfinder Classes in a Civilized Setting

In the "World of Adventure" setting, the player characters are probably members of the Adventurers' Guild. "Adventuring" is what people do when they think a normal job is too boring. This works the same way superhero licenses from the first live-action "Tick" series did (2001).

Normal jobs that each of the Pathfinder Core Rulebook classes typically have are as follows:

- Barbarian Talented but untrained warrior; common among criminals.
- Bard Entertainment industry and media.
- Cleric Medical professionals.
- Druid Forest rangers and rural veterinarians. Also have spells to increase crop yields.
- Monk (Not common; they'd either be performers or adventurers.)
- Paladin Police officer (the good kind).
- Ranger Forest rangers and animal control.
- Rogue Very common among criminals. Police have a few, and a few are adventurers.
- Sorcerer (Not common; usually from living in high magical background.)
- Wizard Alchemy (industrial chemistry), cosmetic illusion industry, other specialists.
- Most people in normal jobs have one of the NPC classes (such as "Expert") rather than a playable class.

About one person in a thousand decides to pursue an adventuring career; in a city of half a million people, there are a few thousand. The authorities fund and license this because it gives these people something to do instead of causing trouble.

Adventuring activities are normally more-dangerous versions of normal activities:

- Working with the police as a SWAT team.
- Escorting civilians through extremely dangerous wilderness.
- Animal control for very dangerous creatures.
- Self-funded adventuring expeditions (looking for cool/valuable things in dangerous high-background wilderness).

2.3 Picking a Race and Generating Ability Scores

Ability scores are bought using the point-buy system from the Pathfinder Core Rulebook (pages 15–16). You get 20 points to spend, and the cost for a given score is as follows:

Score	8 (-1)	10 (-)	12 (+1)	14 (+2)	16 (+3)	18 (+4)
Cost	-2	0	2	5	10	17

(Odd numbers omitted because the bonus or penalty only changes on even values.)

Racial adjustments to ability scores happen after they're bought.

General guidelines:

- Don't have any ability lower than 8.
- Don't have Cha or Con lower than 10.
- Your most important ability score should be at least 16 (after racial adjustment).

Your race will change your ability scores (usually boosting one or two and dropping a third). Races from the Core Rulebook, from other Paizo sources, and from third-party sources may be used with DM permission. Races used in previous "World of Adventure" campaigns are summarized below.

All races age at the same speed as humans (no centuries-old elves).

As races are different species, they cannot normally interbreed (despite lots of college kids trying). This means that half-elves aren't a thing, and the CRB's "half-orc" race is retconned to be full orc (using the half-orc racial attributes).

Racial attributes that are not consistent with a civilized setting (such as dwarves having "animosity" towards orcs) are retconned out or replaced.

Weapon and armour familiarity depend on career, not race.

Typical races, from the Pathfinder Core Rulebook (modified), from the Advanced Race Guide (modified), and from previous games are as follows. Feel free to add more:

Race	Stats	Skills	Other
Dwarf	+2 Con	+2 Appraise (metal/gems)	+2 save vs poison
	+2 Wis	+2 Perception (stonework)	+2 save vs magic
	-2 Cha		speed 20' indep. of load
Elf	+2 Dex	+2 Perception	low-light vision
	+2 Int	+2 Spellcraft (identifying)	+5 save vs sleep
	-2 Con		+2 save vs enchantment

Race	Stats	Skills	Other
Gnome	+2 Con	+2 chosen Craft/Profession	low-light vision
	+2 Cha	+2 Perception	small size
	-2 Str		+2 save vs illusion
			+1 save DC for own illusion spells
			innate spells per CRB p23
Goblin	+2 Int	+2 chosen Craft/Profession	darkvision
	-2 Wis	make a reflex save to escape disas-	small size
		trous skill botches without injury	
Halfling	+2 Dex	+2 Acrobatics	small size
	+2 Cha	+2 Climb	+2 save vs fear
	-2 Str	+2 Perception	+1 all saves
Human	+2 any	one extra skill point per level	one extra feat at L1
Kobold	+2 Dex	+2 chosen Craft/Profession	small size
	-2 Str		fast (30' base speed)
			darkvision
			natural armour 1
Lizardfolk	+2 Str	+8 Swim	bite (1d3 P)
	+2 Con		claws (1d4 S)
	-2 Wis		natural armour 1
Orc	+2 any	+2 Intimidate	darkvision
			fight one round below 0 hp
Rat-folk	+2 Dex	+2 Perception	small size
	+2 Int	+2 Craft (alchemy)	low-light vision
	-2 Str		Scent ability
Tengu	+2 Dex	+4 Linguistics	bite (1d3 P)
	+2 Wis	+2 Perception	low-light vision
	-2 Con	+2 Stealth	
Wolf-folk	+2 Con	+2 Survival	low-light vision
			Scent ability

Ogres were an NPC race in at least one "World of Adventure" campaign, but they are difficult to balance as player characters. It was also very challenging to work out the logistics of a setting with size S and size L people using the same buildings.

Goblins are re-imagined as being very much like Kerbals. The NPC versions were "born lucky", giving them a skewed view of safe workplace practices for things like alchemy.

2.4 Finishing Touches

2.4.1 Languages

Your character starts knowing the local language (usually named after the region). This replaces the "Common" language in the Core Rules. Depending on background, at the DM's discretion you may also know one additional language (usually due to racial or cultural background), even if you don't have the Int bonus normally needed for an additional language.

A character's Int bonus, as well as ranks put into Linguistics, gives them additional "language points" to spend. These may be spent learning other languages common to the region, or may be spent to "master" languages already known.

You do not have to spend all of your language points at character generation. You can keep spare slots around and spend them later when you need to learn a language. You'll still have to spend time learning the language but won't have to take ranks in Linguistics.

Mastery in a language gives a +2 competence bonus to appropriate rolls relating to that language (such as Profession: Writer checks and Diplomacy checks with native speakers) and lets the character speak a second language without an accent (or with a fabricated accent, with a Bluff check).

Each nation typically has a national language. If a nation has a majority population of a given race (such as Ville Lumière being an elven-majority nation), then members of that race in nearby countries are likely to have the first country's language either as their mother tongue or as a second language (such as the elves in Harbourton speaking Elvish in addition to Harbourtonian).

Some races may also have their own language for practical reasons. In Harbourton, most kelolds know Harbourtonian, but Draconic is much easier for them to pronounce (which means it's usually what kelolds speak amongst themselves, and it's usually a kelold's first language).

There are no innately known languages (e.g. Sylvan) or alignment-based languages (e.g. Celestial) or secret languages (e.g. Thieves' Tongue, Druidic). The only known exception is that dragons and greater dragon-kin (such as wyverns) know Draconic without having to be taught it.

2.4.2 Alignment

I don't use alignment as-such; someone truly chaotic would not be able to function in society, and someone truly evil would have to be very good at masking to be able to hide for long.

That said, it's still important to know where your character stands on moral issues, both for roleplay purposes and to help the DM run the game. Your character will have interacted with many people over the years, and those people will remember you and will remember how you act.

The following questions are good ones to think about:

• Does your character like having a structured environment, or hate being told what to do, or not care?

- Does your character go out of their way to help their friends? What about helping strangers?
- Would your character steal something from someone they know? What about from a stranger? What if that stranger was a jerk or tried to fight them?
- What would it take to get your character angry enough to kill someone? Would your character kill someone without being angry?
- What are your character's "red lines" things that they consider important enough to hurt someone over, or to go to war over?

Sharing the answers to this sort of question with the DM and with other players will help a lot.

2.4.3 Skills

Your character gets **one extra skill point** per level, beyond what the Core Rulebook describes. This **replaces** the "favoured class" bonus (which grants either one skill point or a few hit points per level taken in a "favoured class"). This happens for all level-ups; I am removing the concept of a "favoured class".

Your character should have a Profession skill, since they have a day-job. Money earned during downtime will usually be from Profession rolls.

2.4.4 Starting Funds

Your character started earning a living at around age 16 (earlier than in our world), or perhaps 18 if they are in a career that required extensive training. Prior to that (from about age 10 or 12), they were an apprentice training under established professionals, or (for highly trained careers) doing the equivalent of attending university or vocational training for part of that time.

A character at the beginning of their career (in a career with an x1 income multiplier) will start with about 200 sp worth of equipment, representing what the've managed to accumulate while getting established. At the DM's discretion, character background or higher or lower income multipliers may modify this amount.

FIXME: Sanity check this against revised equipment costs for each class.

2.4.5 Older Characters

Characters working ordinary careers at x1 income who are making an effort to save money to invest in equipment will have an additional 200 sp of equipment per year spent working. Higher or lower income multipliers will raise or lower this amount.

Character level progression from work experience is as follows (skilled NPC average):

Level	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Age	16	22	30	40	50	65	90

Player-characters are exceptional: They've been picked up by the "Winds of Destiny", growing in skill far faster than most other people (due to adventure XP awards). So, when starting at higher level, the DM might let you start younger than most NPCs of that level would be.

Skills

3.1 Modified Skills

FIXME: NYI

3.2 New Skills

FIXME: NYI

Feats

4.1 Modified Feats

FIXME: NYI

4.2 New Feats

FIXME: NYI

Spells

5.1 Modified Spells

5.1.1 Ant Haul

Per the CRB, this triple's the target's carrying capacity for land travel, for 2 hours/level.

There is a version that's SL2 that triples the carrying capacity of a flying creature, for 1 hour/level.

5.1.2 Calm Animals

Calm Animals works on anything with the "animal" or "magical beast" type that does not have full sapience (i.e. Int less than 3). Be advised that most things with Int 0 are immune to mind-affecting spells due to being mindless (they're mostly vermin or oozes or the like, not animals). The DM can adjudicate special cases (things that are animal-like but don't have "animal" or "magical beast" type might still be affected).

5.1.3 Calm Emotions

This spell is also available as a Wizard 2 spell.

There is a version that's SL3 that lasts 1 minute per level and does not require concentration.

There is a SL 4 version lasting 1 round per level and a SL 5 version lasting 1 minute per level that give targets a -5 penalty to the saves to resist the spell.

5.1.4 Charm Animal

Charm Animal works on anything with the "animal" or "magical beast" type that does not have full sapience (i.e. Int less than 3). Be advised that most things with Int 0 are immune to mind-affecting spells due to being mindless (they're mostly vermin or oozes or the like, not animals). The DM can adjudicate special cases (things that are animal-like but don't have "animal" or "magical beast" type might still be affected).

Rather than making the caster a "trusted friend", this spell improves the target's attitude towards the caster by 2 steps. That's still probably good enough, especially if you try using Handle Animal to improve it further immediately afterward.

There is a version that's SL3 that gives the recipient a -5 penalty to their Will save to resist the spell.

5.1.5 Charm Monster

This spell does not exist. Use Charm Animal for non-sapient targets and Charm Person for sapient targets.

5.1.6 Charm Person

Charm Person works on anything sapient (from a human to a unicorn to a dragon). The target *does* not need to understand your language to be affected. Bear in mind that powerful creatures typically have very good Will saves.

Rather than making the caster a "trusted friend", this spell improves the target's attitude towards the caster by 2 steps. That's still probably good enough, especially if you try using Diplomacy to improve it further immediately afterward.

There is a version that's SL3 that gives the recipient a -5 penalty to their Will save to resist the spell.

5.1.7 Clairvoyance

See notes at "Scrying".

5.1.8 Command

Command works on anything that can understand you. This usually means human-level intelligence, but Speak with Animals can circumvent that that.

The command is limited to one simple action, not one word. Typical examples might be "drop your weapons", "get out", "go away", "lie down", and so forth.

5.1.9 Comprehend Languages

Comprehend Languages with written material works by accessing the Immaterium.

This means it will work on living languages, but won't be able to translate dead languages (no fluent speakers within the last 50-100 years).

It also means that it can only translate codes and ciphers that are widely known and that don't require keys or other message-specific information.

There's a SL3 version of the spell that can translate writing that only a few people know how to read, but the information still has to be around somewhere.

5.1.10 Daylight

Daylight normally lasts for 10 minutes per level, but if cast on an object made of gold (or plated in gold), it lasts for 1 hour per level.

This is sometimes used for household and industrial lighting, in the same manner as the Light cantrip, but the Light cantrip is much more common (since one person can cast it on a large number of lamps).

5.1.11 Detect Evil

Superseded by "Know Alignment".

5.1.12 Dominate Animal

Dominate Animal works on anything with the "animal" or "magical beast" type that does not have full sapience (i.e. Int less than 3). Be advised that most things with Int 0 are immune to mind-affecting spells due to being mindless (they're mostly vermin or oozes or the like, not animals). The DM can adjudicate special cases (things that are animal-like but don't have "animal" or "magical beast" type might still be affected).

This spell lasts 1 minute per caster level, and the target gets a new saving throw each minute.

There is a Wizard 3 version of this spell.

There is a version that's SL5 that lasts 1 day per caster level, with a new saving throw each day. It also gives the recipient a -5 penalty on the Will save to resist the spell.

5.1.13 Dominate Person

Dominate Person works on anything sapient (from a human to a unicorn to a dragon). Bear in mind that powerful creatures typically have very good Will saves.

This spell lasts 1 day per caster level, and the target gets a new saving throw each day.

There is a version that's SL7 that gives the recipient a -5 penalty on the Will save to resist the spell.

5.1.14 Endure Elements

The "Mass" version of this spell is SL2, rather than the usual SL3.

5.1.15 Expeditious Retreat

Expeditious Retreat gives a land speed bonus equal to your base speed. Per the CRB it's 1 minute/level and bard/wizard 1.

There is a version that's SL3 that gives a speed bonus to all movement modes (equal to each mode's base speed).

This is slightly less useful than Haste (which is also SL3), but lasts longer.

5.1.16 Geas

Geas works on anything sapient (from a human to a unicorn to a dragon). The target must be able to understand you to be affected. Bear in mind that powerful creatures typically have very good Will saves.

These spells give an instruction to do or refrain from doing some general task or activity. There is an implicit "to the extent that you are able" added to instructions (pausing to eat and sleep are okay), and there is an implicit "to the extent that you can without it being suicide" as well. One or both of these is often made explicit (e.g. "from sunrise to sunset, six days out of seven, you will labour towards X").

On breaking the direction, the subject is immediately Sickened and gets a penalty to all ability scores (without delay). The penalty gets worse (by the spell's penalty increment) every 24 hours, up to the spell's penalty limit. This cannot reduce an ability score below 3. When the spell's duration expires, or when the subject sincerely attempts to abide by its terms again, symptoms reduce in severity every 24 hours (with the Sickened condition disappearing when the last of the ability penalties do).

Instructions that are prohibitions (such as "don't kill anyone") usually include terms of restitution, so killing someone in anger and then resolving not to do it again isn't enough to remove the penalty – the recipient has to sincerely intend to make restitution (or to accept a pre-specified alternate punishment) as well.

Lesser Geas is Bard 3, Cleric 4, Wizard 4. Greater Geas is Bard 5, Cleric 6, Wizard 6.

Both spells have a casting time of 1 minute (long enough to spell out the task or prohibition). Both spells allow a Will save; for Greater Geas, the save has a -5 penalty. There is no hit dice limit; if an ancient dragon fails its saving throw (and fails to kill you while you're casting the spell), it's affected.

Lesser Geas lasts 2 days per caster level, and applies an ability score penalty of -2 to 24 hours, to a limit of -8.

Greater Geas lasts 2 weeks per caster level, and applies an ability score penalty of -3 per 24 hours, to a limit of -12.

5.1.17 Hide from Animals

Hide from Animals works on anything with animal intelligence or less that could be described as a "critter". This includes insects, magical beasts, and oozes, but not including undead, outsiders, or aberrations.

5.1.18 Light

Light normally lasts for 10 minutes per level, but if cast on an object made of gold (or plated in gold), it lasts for 1 hour per level.

This is widely used for household lighting, and handheld objects with plated fiddly-bits and reflectors are readily available in "flashlight" and "lantern" form-factors.

5.1.19 Longstrider

Longstrider gives a land speed bonus of half your base speed, rounded down to the next multiple of 5'. Per the CRB it's 1 hour/level and druid/ranger 1.

There is a version that's SL2 that gives a speed bonus to all movement modes (equal to half each mode's base speed, rounded down per above).

5.1.20 Magic Fang

Magic Fang works as-described in the CRB (giving +1 to a single natural weapon).

There is a version that's SL2 that affects all natural weapons.

Greater Magic Fang works on all natural weapons and gives a scaling bonus (+1 per two full levels, to a maximum of +5).

5.1.21 Nondetection

There is a "Greater" version of Nondetection that increases the DC by 5, and is also more effective at degrading scrying. See notes at "Scrying". Greater Nondetection is Wizard 5.

5.1.22 Scrying

Sending and Scrying can operate at long range, but are limited by interference from high-background areas (with a useful range of 100-200 miles). The spells can also be attenuated by lead.

Signal levels are Decent, Degraded, Very Bad, and None.

There are higher-level ("Greater") versions of Sending, Scrying, and Clairvoyance that operate more effectively. These are two levels higher than the corresponding standard spells.

Certain spells (or enchanted devices with those spells) at the target can be used to enhance the signal. These are used as communications aids (for Sending) and for espionage (Scrying and Clairvoyance). See "Sending Focus" and "Scrying Focus" for details.

Summary of spells and countermeasures affecting signal:

Effect	Conditions
baseline	Sending (C4/W5), Scrying (D4/C5/W5), Clairvoyance (W3)
+1 signal	Greater version of the spell.
+1 signal	Sending or scrying focus at the target.
+2 signal	Greater focus at the target.
-1 signal	Lead foil.
-2 signal	Heavy lead plates.
-2 signal	Nondetection (W3) (Scrying/Clairvoyance only).
-3 signal	Heavy multi-layer shielding.
-4 signal	Greater Nondetection (W5) (Scrying/Clairvoyance only).

5.1.23 See Alignment

Superseded by "Know Alignment".

5.1.24 See Invisible

In addition to seeing invisible things, the user can also see through illusions of the "figment" or "glamer" type, such as those produced by Disguise Self or Minor Image. The user perceives both the illusion and whatever's under the illusion, and knows which is which.

Illusions of the "pattern" type (such as Colour Spray) are identified as illusions but still do their thing (mind-affecting).

Illusions of the "phantasm" type (all in your head) function normally.

Illusions of the "shadow" type (conjuring in shadow-matter) are identified as what they are (typically resulting in reduced damage).

5.1.25 Sending

This has a casting time of 1 minute, rather than 10 minutes.

The recipient of a "Sending" call can choose to reject the call. The person making the call can't tell if the all was rejected or if the contact attempt failed for some other reason.

See also the notes at "Scrying".

5.1.26 Suggestion

Suggestion works on anything that can understand you. This usually means human-level intelligence, but Speak with Animals can circumvent that that. Bear in mind that powerful creatures typically have very good Will saves.

5.2 New Spells

5.2.1 Bardic Masterpiece: Scare

Flavoured as "Terrifying Tale" or "Haunting Melody" or similar.

Prerequisite: Perform (6 ranks)

Cost: Buy it with a feat, or as a L3 Bard spell.

Effect:

At the end of the round in which you initiate the performance, a set of targets that you specify must make a Will saving throw. On failure, the creatures become Frightened; on success, they become Shaken. You can affect a number of targets equal to your Charisma modifier. Targets must be able to hear and understand your performance.

When the performance ends, affected creatures may make new saving throws. Saving throws are made at the start of a creature's turn. A successful save ends the condition. Attempts may be made each round until successful.

Use:

2 Bardic Performance rounds to initiate, plus 2 Bardic Performance rounds per target per round that

the effect is maintained. This includes the round in which the performance is initiated.

For purposes of computing the save DC, this is a L2 effect (not L3).

5.2.2 Binding Contract

Cleric 3, Wizard 3

V/S/M, one living creature, indefinite, n/a save (see below) Material component is 5000 sp worth of diamonds.

Casting time is anywhere from a few rounds to several minutes; it involves reading out the contract and making sure it's understood.

This spell enforces the terms of a contract on the recipient. The recipient must understand and willingly agree to abide by the terms of the contract for the spell to take effect; no saving throw is made (they voluntarily failed it). If the recipient does not agree to be bound by the contract, the spell is expended but the material components are not.

The recipient has a general idea if a given action or inaction would break the contract; this makes it hard to accidentally break it.

The contracting parties both know the current compliance state and are updated about changes to compliance.

Immediately upon breaching the terms of the contract, the recipient is Sickened, and gets a -2 penalty to all ability scores (without delay). The penalty gets worse (by -2) every 24 hours, to a maximum of -8. This cannot reduce an ability score below 3. The penalty remains until restitution for all outstanding breaches is made. When no outstanding breaches remain, symptoms reduce in severity every 24 hours (with the Sickened condition disappearing when the last of the ability penalties do).

Terms of restitution for breaches are usually spelled out in the contract. The person who offered the contract can forgive the recipient of one or more breaches at their discretion.

The contract remains in force indefinitely, irrespective of whether penalties have occurred and of whether breaches are outstanding or forgiven. The contract ends when the recipient dies (which the offerer immediately knows about), or when the person who offered the contract explicitly ends the contract or dies (both of which the recipient immediately knows about).

There is a version that's SL 5 that affects a number of recipients up to the caster level (with one set of shared terms). The material component for this version of the spell is 20,000 sp worth of diamonds (beakeven point vs the SL 3 spell is 4 recipients).

The Harbourton version of this spell traditionally involves reading out the offered terms, asking "do you understand the offer?", and then asking "do you agree to this contract?". Replying "yes" to both completes the spell.

5.2.3 Detect Background

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Cleric 0, Druid 0, Wizard 0
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This tells the caster what the level of background magic around them is (none, low, medium, high, or extreme).

5.2.4 Know Alignment

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Bard 1, Cleric 1, Wizard 1
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60' cone, concentration 1 minute/level, Will negates

This spell produces an emanation similar to that of "Detect Thoughts". The caster can focus on any person that they can see or otherwise perceive within the target area, and learn about their world-view on the good/evil and law/chaos axes.

Information starts off very vague and gets more precise with continued inspection (up to 3 rounds).

5.2.5 Padded Weapon

Cleric 1, Wizard 1

touch, 1 weapon or 10 projectiles, 1 hour per caster level

This makes a normally-lethal weapon function deal nonlethal damage.

The damage type becomes "bludgeoning", and the damage die size is reduced by one step (1d8 becomes 1d6, etc).

Most versions of this spell cause a visible aura around the weapon, so that people on the receiving end know that they are being attacked with nonlethal force. This spell is widely used for police work.

It is normally more cost-effective to buy a purpose-built nonlethal weapon, but when flexibility is desired, this spell provides a nonlethal option.

5.2.6 Protection from Background

Cleric 1, Druid 1, Ranger 1, Wizard 1

touch, 24 hours, Will negates (harmless)

This protects a person from background magic, reducing its effective strength by one step.

The "Mass" version is SL2, rather than the usual SL3.

There is a version that's SL2 that reduces the effective background strength by two steps. The "Mass" version of that spell is SL3.

5.2.7 Scrying Focus

Druid 2, Cleric 2, Wizard 2

touch, 24 hours, Will negates

This makes a person, place, or object easier to target with the "Scrying" and "Clairvoyance" spells, per notes at "Scrying".

There is a "Greater" version at SL4 that is even more effective.

5.2.8 Sending Focus

Cleric 2, Wizard 2

touch, 24 hours, Will negates

This makes a person, place, or object easier to target with the "Sending" spell, per notes at "Sending". Signal quality is improved, mitigating interference.

There is a "Greater" version at SL4 that is even more effective.