UCSD all seasons simplified

December 7, 2022

1 All Seasons - Simplifed(long time frame - UCSD)

1.1 Import libraries and dataset

0 2000-01-01 Rain, Partially cloudy

```
[]: import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    from datetime import datetime
    date_format = "%Y-%m-%d"
[]: all_seasons_UCSD = pd.read_csv('Datasets/all_seasons_UCSD.csv')
    all_seasons_UCSD = all_seasons_UCSD[['datetime', 'conditions']]
    all_seasons_UCLA = pd.read_csv('Datasets/all_seasons.csv')
    all_seasons_UCLA = all_seasons_UCLA[['datetime', 'conditions']]
[]: all_seasons_UCSD.head()
                                conditions
[]:
         datetime
    0 2000-01-01 Rain, Partially cloudy
    1 2000-01-02
                         Partially cloudy
    2 2000-01-03
                                     Clear
    3 2000-01-04
                                     Clear
    4 2000-01-05
                                     Clear
    1.2 Classify and separate data
```

```
[]: simplifier = {'Snow':'rain', 'Snow, Rain, Overcast':'rain', 'Snow, Rain, U

→Partially cloudy':'rain', 'Snow, Rain':'rain', 'Overcast':'no_rain', u

→'Partially cloudy':'no_rain', 'Clear':'no_rain', 'Rain, Partially cloudy':

→'rain', 'Rain':'rain', 'Rain, Overcast':'rain'}

all_seasons_UCSD['condition'] = all_seasons_UCSD['conditions'].map(simplifier)

all_seasons_UCLA['condition'] = all_seasons_UCLA['conditions'].map(simplifier)

[]: all_seasons_UCSD.head()
```

rain

```
1 2000-01-02
                         Partially cloudy
                                            no_rain
    2 2000-01-03
                                     Clear
                                            no_rain
    3 2000-01-04
                                     Clear
                                            no_rain
    4 2000-01-05
                                     Clear
                                            no_rain
[]: all_seasons_UCSD = all_seasons_UCSD[['datetime', 'condition']]
    all_seasons_UCLA = all_seasons_UCLA[['datetime', 'condition']]
[]: all_seasons_UCSD.head()
[]:
         datetime condition
    0 2000-01-01
                       rain
    1 2000-01-02
                    no rain
    2 2000-01-03
                    no_rain
    3 2000-01-04
                    no rain
    4 2000-01-05
                    no_rain
[]: train_start_date = '2002-01-01'
    train end date = '2017-12-31'
    all seasons UCLA train = all seasons UCLA.loc[all seasons UCSD['datetime'].
     →between(train_start_date, train_end_date)]
    all_seasons_UCLA_train = all_seasons_UCLA_train.reset_index()
    test start date = '2018-01-01'
    test_end_date = '2021-12-31'
    all_seasons_UCSD_test = all_seasons_UCSD.loc[all_seasons_UCSD['datetime'].
     ⇒between(test_start_date, test_end_date)]
    all_seasons_UCSD_test = all_seasons_UCSD_test.reset_index()
```

1.3 Calculate proportions of conditions & Create transition matrix

We will refer to rain is 'R' and no rain as 'N'

```
[]: # Initialize count variables
R_after_R_count = 0.0
N_after_R_count = 0.0

R_after_N_count = 0.0
N_after_N_count = 0.0
```

```
[]: all_seasons_UCLA_train
```

```
[]:
           index
                    datetime condition
     0
             731 2002-01-01
                               no rain
     1
             732 2002-01-02
                                  rain
     2
             733 2002-01-03
                                  rain
     3
             734
                  2002-01-04
                               no_rain
```

```
4
            735 2002-01-05
                              no_rain
           6570 2017-12-27 no_rain
     5839
     5840
            6571 2017-12-28
                              no_rain
     5841
            6572 2017-12-29
                              no_rain
     5842
            6573 2017-12-30
                              no_rain
     5843
           6574 2017-12-31
                              no_rain
     [5844 rows x 3 columns]
[]: # Count conditions
     all seasons UCLA train['condition shift'] = all seasons UCLA train['condition'].
     \rightarrowshift(-1)
     for i in range(len(all_seasons_UCLA_train)):
         if all_seasons_UCLA_train.loc[i, 'condition'] == 'rain' and_
     →all_seasons_UCLA_train.loc[i, 'condition_shift'] == 'rain':
            R after R count += 1
         elif all seasons UCLA train.loc[i, 'condition'] == 'no rain' and |
     →all_seasons_UCLA_train.loc[i, 'condition_shift'] == 'rain':
             N_after_R_count += 1
         elif all_seasons_UCLA_train.loc[i, 'condition'] == 'rain' and__
     →all_seasons_UCLA_train.loc[i, 'condition_shift'] == 'no_rain':
            R after N count += 1
         elif all_seasons_UCLA_train.loc[i, 'condition'] == 'no_rain' and_
      →all_seasons_UCLA_train.loc[i, 'condition_shift'] == 'no_rain':
             N_after_N_count += 1
[]: current_R_total = R_after_R_count + N_after_R_count
     current_N_total = R_after_N_count + N_after_N_count
[]: R_after_R_prob = R_after_R_count / current_R_total
     N_after_R_prob = N_after_R_count / current_R_total
     R_after_N_prob = R_after_N_count / current_N_total
     N_after_N_prob = N_after_N_count / current_N_total
[]: # Printing our probabilities for 2x2 transition matrix:
     print(R_after_R_prob)
     print(N_after_R_prob)
     print(R_after_N_prob)
     print(N_after_N_prob)
    0.4674887892376682
    0.5325112107623319
    0.09594021409816199
```

0.904059785901838

```
[]: # Checking that each row in the transition matrix adds up to 1:
     print(R_after_R_prob + N_after_R_prob)
     print(R_after_N_prob + N_after_N_prob)
    1.0
    1.0
[]: # Creating the transition matrix:
     transition_name = [['RR', 'RN'], ['RN', 'NN']]
     transition_matrix = [[R_after_R_prob, N_after_R_prob], [R_after_N_prob,_
     →N_after_N_prob]]
    print(transition_matrix)
    [[0.4674887892376682, 0.5325112107623319], [0.09594021409816199,
    0.904059785901838]]
[]: t_array = np.array(transition_matrix)
    print(t_array)
    [[0.46748879 0.53251121]
     [0.09594021 0.90405979]]
    First Day of 2018: No Rain
[]: def predict_weather_simplified(test_data):
         state = {0:'rain', 1:'no_rain'}
         n = len(test_data) #how many steps to test
         start_state = 1 #1 = No Rain
         test_result = test_data.copy()
         prev_state = start_state
         result = []
         result.append(state[start_state])
         while n-1:
             curr_state = np.random.choice([0,1], p=t_array[prev_state]) #taking the_
      →probability from the transition matrix
             result.append(state[curr_state])
             prev_state = curr_state
             n = 1
         # curr_state = np.random.choice([0,1], p=t_array[prev_state]) #taking the
     →probability from the transition matrix
         # result.append(state[curr_state])
         test_result['predicted_condition'] = result
```

```
return test_result
    def find_accuracy(predicted_result):
        correct_count = 0.0
        for i in range(len(predicted_result)):
            if predicted_result.loc[i, 'condition'] == predicted_result.loc[i,__
     correct_count += 1
        correct_prop = correct_count / len(predicted_result)
        return correct_prop
    def run_predictions_return_avg_accuracy(test_data, trial_count):
        accuracy_sum = 0.0
        for i in range(trial_count):
            predicted_result = predict_weather_simplified(test_data)
            accuracy = find_accuracy(predicted_result)
            accuracy_sum += accuracy
        avg_accuracy = accuracy_sum / trial_count
        return avg_accuracy
[]: # Sample prediction (for table graphic)
    sample_prediction = predict_weather_simplified(all_seasons_UCSD_test)
    sample_accuracy = find_accuracy(sample_prediction)
    print(sample_prediction.head())
    print(sample_accuracy)
       index
               datetime condition predicted_condition
      6575 2018-01-01 no_rain
    0
                                             no_rain
    1 6576 2018-01-02 no_rain
                                            no_rain
    2 6577 2018-01-03 no_rain
                                            no_rain
    3 6578 2018-01-04 no_rain
                                            {\tt no\_rain}
        6579 2018-01-05 no_rain
                                             no_rain
    0.7535934291581109
[]: run_predictions_return_avg_accuracy(all_seasons_UCSD_test, 100)
```

[]: 0.7351403148528406