ACS Data Collection and ETL Process & Rationale

Process	Rationale/Note
Python	Nationale/1vote
1. Wrote Python code on Spyder to access the	Importing the census package is the easiest and most
2018 5-year Estimates ACS dataset by importing	efficient way to access the whole dataset. ¹
the censusdata package. Notably, I requested and	• The 5-year Estimates are the data for all areas . It is
used the key from the U.S. Census to prevent "Too	the largest sample size and the most reliable dataset
Many Requests" error. I wrote a code to access	among the other ACS datasets. So, the 5-year estimates
both city- and county-level data. And I mainly	are the best available ACS data now. ²
used the pandas library to manage the data.	I used pandas instead of ohio library because I'm more
	comfortable using this library and when I tried to download
	the data, it took only about a few minutes to get the data.
2. Prompted the users to choose the State and	This is to keep the data collection process modular
level of data granularity .	and generalizable so we can do it for a different state and
2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	level of granularity.
3. Wrote the Python code to download the data ,	I selected the variables that could potentially help us
select the variables of interest and rename them.	predict the likelihood of individual voting turnout in
Then, added the columns to represent the block	general elections: race/ethnicity, gender, and education
group/city.	(18 variables altogether). This to understand the
	socioeconomic status of at the block group-level which
	has an implication to the individual turnout likelihood.
	Adding the columns to represent the block group/city
	would also make each row uniquely identifiable.
4. Save the data frame as a .csv and then save the	Python code as CensusData.py.
DBeaver	
5. Copy the group_students_database and change	Since the connection and the ssh setups are the same
the name to turnout1_database	for the group_students_database, it is easier to just
	duplicate the database and just change the database name.
	This is to prepare the database before uploading the
	data into it.
Terminal commands	
6. Run this script on local path: scp -i "C:\Users\	This script is to copy the Python file from my local
{MY_ID}\.ssh\id_rsa" "{MYPY_PATH}" {MY_	computer to the class server.
ID}@mlpolicylab.dssg.io:~/	
7. Run: ssh ckallaya@mlpolicylab.dssg.io	This script is to connect to the class database.
7. Run: source	• This is to connect to the team's shared python virtual
/data/groups/turnout1/dssg_env/bin/activate	environment (manually).
8. Run: python CensusData.py, then choose the State	• This is to run the Python script and store the .csv file on
(here I'd choose 12 for Florida) and level of granularity	the virtual environment.

¹ We can access the ACS data via other channels such as the API or the U.S. Census advance search tool.

² The 5-yaer Estimates usually provides the least current data, but currently the most current data for other dataset is 2018, which we can get them from the 5-year estimates now.

Data Collection and ETL

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(I'd choose 2 for the block group data). Then Run: Is to	Look for the file named data_county_cleaned.csv
check if the files are stored successfully.	
9. Run: head -n 1000 data_county_cleaned.csv tr	This is to transform the column names of the variables
[:upper:] [:lower:] tr ' ' '_' sed 's/#/num/' csvsql -	into the format that Postgres prefers.
i postgresqldb-schema socioecon_schema1	
tables socioecon_table1	
10. Wrote sql script using command vi followed by the	• The intention of writing this sql script is to allow the script to
name of the file and .sql to create a schema and a table	be run with a single command without doing it manually line-
for the ACS data. Here, I set the role (I checked the role	by-line.
in DBeaver group_students_database), name the schema	Note: I used IF NOT EXISTS and DROP TABLE IF
and the table, and list all the variables, their types (most	EXISTS options for the schema and the table to create the new
are decimal) and "not null". Finally, copy the schema	schema only if it does not exist and check if the table exists
and table from the data_county_cleaned.csv.	prior to the dropping of the table. This should prevent an error.
Postgres	
11. Run: psql -h mlpolicylab.db.dssg.io -U ckallaya	• This is to run the data_county_cleaned.sql script on the
turnout1_database -f data_county_cleaned.sql	turnout1_database.
12. Went back to the DBeaver and saw that the socioecon_schema and the socioecon_table1 was there with	
11,442 rows, consistent with the number on google.	

Location of the database table: In turnout1_database, look into socioecon_schema1 > Tables > socioecon_table1

Github link: https://github.com/ckallaya/Data-Collection-and-ETL