Chris Kasper CS 383-002 Homework #1

Theory Questions

1a.

Group data together

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -5 & -4 \\ -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \\ -8 & 11 \\ -2 & 5 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 5 & -1 \\ -1 & -3 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute information gain for feature 1

Split into subsets

$$\dot{f_1} = \{-2, -5, -3, 0, -8, 1, 5, -1, 6\}$$

$$s_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $s_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $s_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $s_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$s_5 = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad s_6 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad s_7 = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad s_8 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$s_9 = [6 \quad 1][0]$$

Entropy of Initial System

$$H\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{5}{10} * \log_2\left(\frac{5}{10}\right) + -\frac{5}{10} * \log_2\left(\frac{5}{10}\right) = 1$$

Entropy of subsets

$$H(s_1) = H\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{1}{2} * \log_2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + -\frac{1}{2} * \log_2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 1$$

$$H(s_2) = H(s_3) \dots = H(s_9) = H(0,1) = -0 * \log_2(1) + -1 * \log_2(1) = 0$$

 $s_2 - s_9$ have entropy of 0 (all deterministic), each with weight of $\frac{1}{10}$

 s_1 has entropy of 1 (equally random), with a weight of $\frac{2}{10}$

$$E(H(f_1)) = \frac{2}{10} * 1 + \frac{1}{10} * 0 + \frac{1}{10} * 0$$

$$E(H(f_1)) = 0.2$$

$$IG(f_1) = 1 - 0.2 = 0.8$$

Compute information gain for feature 2

Split into subsets

$$f_2 = \{1, -4, 3, 11, 5, 0, -1, -3\}$$

$$s_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $s_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $s_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $s_4 = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$s_5 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $s_6 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $s_7 = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $s_8 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Entropy of Initial System

$$H\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{5}{10} * \log_2\left(\frac{5}{10}\right) + -\frac{5}{10} * \log_2\left(\frac{5}{10}\right) = 1$$

Entropy of subsets

$$H(s_1) = H\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right) = -\frac{2}{3} * \log_2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + -\frac{1}{3} * \log_2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = 0.9182$$

$$H(s_2) = H(s_3) \dots = H(s_8) = H(0,1) = -0 * \log_2(1) + -1 * \log_2(1) = 0$$

 $s_2 - s_8$ have entropy of 0 (all deterministic), each with weight of $\frac{1}{10}$

 s_1 has entropy of 0.9182, with a weight of $\frac{3}{10}$

$$E(H(f_2)) = \frac{3}{10} * 0.9182 + \frac{1}{10} * 0 + \frac{1}{10} * 0$$

$$E(H(f_2)) = 0.2754$$

$$IG(f_2) = 1 - 0.2754 = 0.7246$$

1b. Feature 1 is more discriminating then Feature 2 because Feature 1 has more information gain.

2. Using equation:

$$w^{T}(\mu_{1} - \mu_{2})^{T}(\mu_{1} - \mu_{2})w - \lambda(w^{T}(\sigma_{1}^{T}\sigma_{1} + \sigma_{2}^{T}\sigma_{2})w)$$

Take derivative with respect to w

Use rule:
$$\frac{d}{dw}(X^T A^T A X) = 2A^T A X$$

Split into 2 sections

Left section:

$$\frac{d}{dw} \left(w^T (\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T (\mu_1 - \mu_2) w \right) = > 2(\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T (\mu_1 - \mu_2) w$$

Right section:

$$\frac{d}{dw} \left(\lambda \left(w^T (\sigma_1^T \sigma_1 + \sigma_2^T \sigma_2) w \right) \right)$$

$$= \lambda \frac{d}{dw} (w^T (\sigma_1^T \sigma_1 + \sigma_2^T \sigma_2) w)$$

$$= \lambda \frac{d}{dw} (w^T \sigma_1^T \sigma_1 w + w^T \sigma_2^T \sigma_2 w)$$

$$= \lambda (2\sigma_1^T \sigma_1 w + 2\sigma_2^T \sigma_2 w)$$

Combine both:

$$2(\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T(\mu_1 - \mu_2)w - \lambda(2\sigma_1^T\sigma_1w + 2\sigma_2^T\sigma_2w)$$

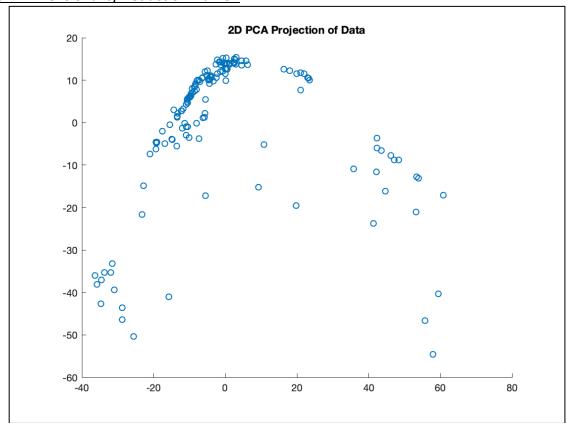
$$2(\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T (\mu_1 - \mu_2) w = \lambda (2\sigma_1^T \sigma_1 w + 2\sigma_2^T \sigma_2 w)$$

$$2(\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T (\mu_1 - \mu_2) w = (\lambda * \sigma_1^T \sigma_1 + \lambda * \sigma_2^T \sigma_2) 2w$$

$$(\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T (\mu_1 - \mu_2) w = (\lambda * \sigma_1^T \sigma_1 + \lambda * \sigma_2^T \sigma_2) w$$

Which is in the form of... Aw = bw

Part 2: Dimensionality Reduction via PCA



Part 3: Eigenfaces

Number of principle components needed to represent 95% of information, k = 37

Primary Principle Component



Original Image



Single PC Reconstruction



k PC Reconstruction

