## IL-1β Inhibits BKV Replication in Human Renal Proximal Tubular Cells

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### **OUTLINE**

- Background knowledge of BK virus (BKV)
- Materials / Methods
- Results
- Conclusions

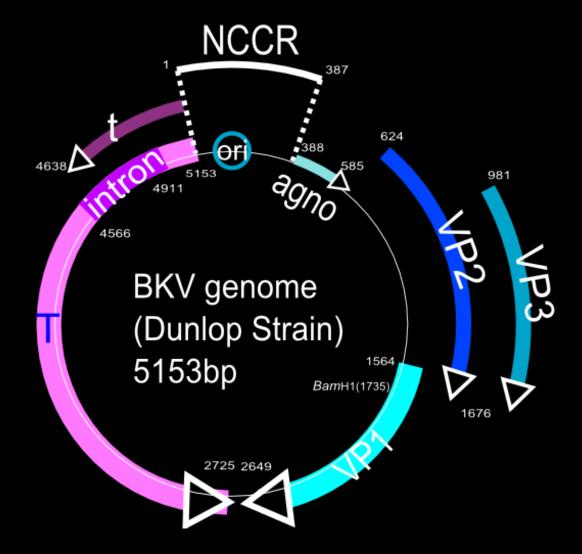
## INTRODUCTION

- Polyomaviridae family
  - -BKV
    - Viral nephritis and nephropathy

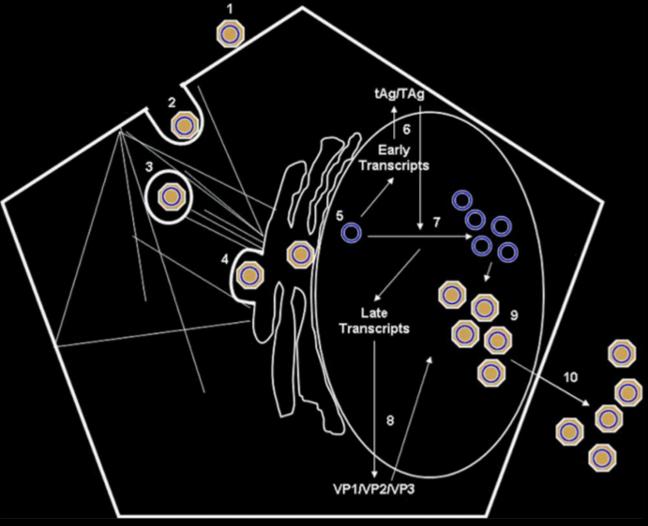
Hirsch H et al. The Lancet 2003

- -JCV
  - Viral encephalopathy
- Simian virus SV40
  - Hemorrhagic cystitis

### Structure



## Life Cycle



Adapted from Abend J., *Cytokine-mediated Regulation of BK virus Replication*, (2008)

### **BKV** Infection

Almost 90% people has exposed to BKV in childhood

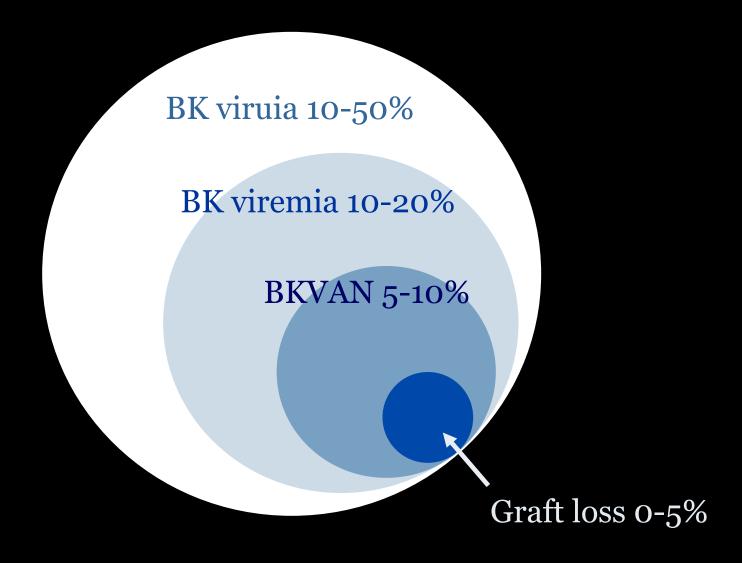
Kean, Rao et al. 2009

- Infects and replicates rapidly in the kidney tubular epithelial cells, uroepithelial cells (Renourinary tract)
- Primary BKV infection is subclinical or unspecific, poorly characterized

### **BKV** Infection

- Host over-immunosuppression causes BKV reactivation
  - Organ transplant patients
  - Autoimmune disease patients (ex: SLE)
- BKV-associated nephropathy (BKVAN) is often caused by BKV reactivation
  - Graft function loss in 50% of renal transplant patients with BKVAN within 1 year

Vasudev B et al. Kidney Int, 2005.



## Cytokines Effect on BKV Infection

- Host cells
  - Human renal proximal tubular cells (HK-2 cells)
- IFN-γ
  - Suppressive effect for BKV
- IL-6 / TGF- $\beta$  / TNF- $\alpha$  / IL-15 / MCP-1 / RANTES

Abend, Low et al. 2007

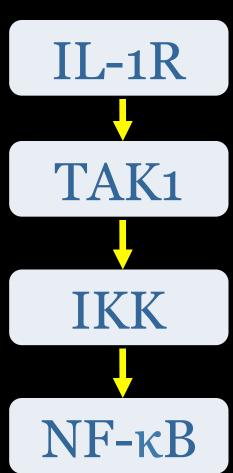
- IL-1β
  - Promote reactivation of CMV and HBV

Cook, Trgovcich et al. 2006, Chen et al. 2006, Zhang et al. 2004

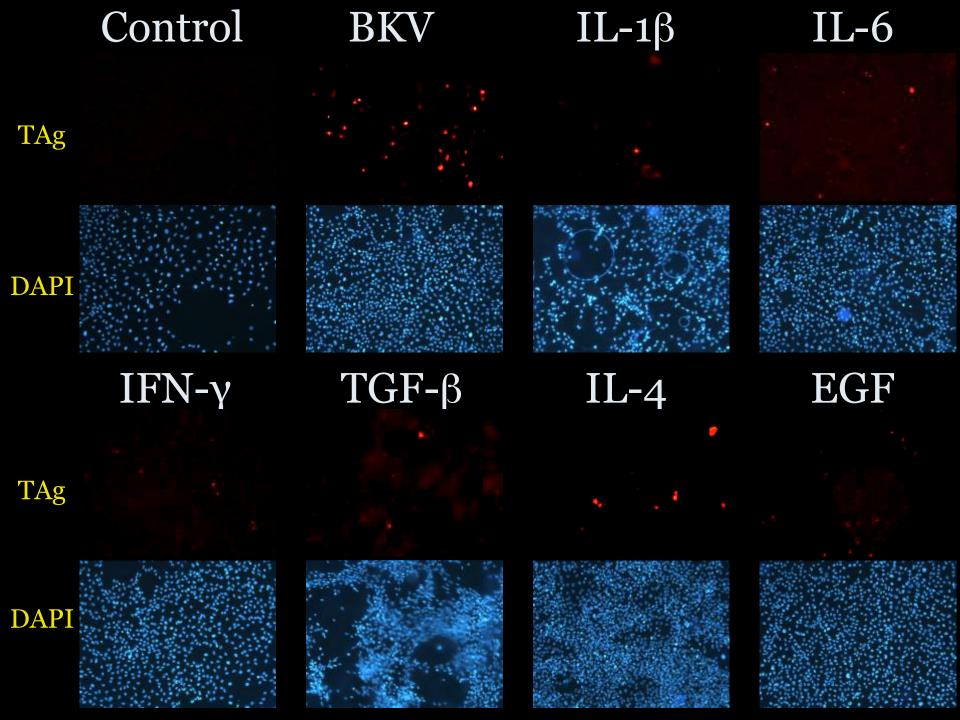
No research for BKV infection

## METHODS (in vitro study)

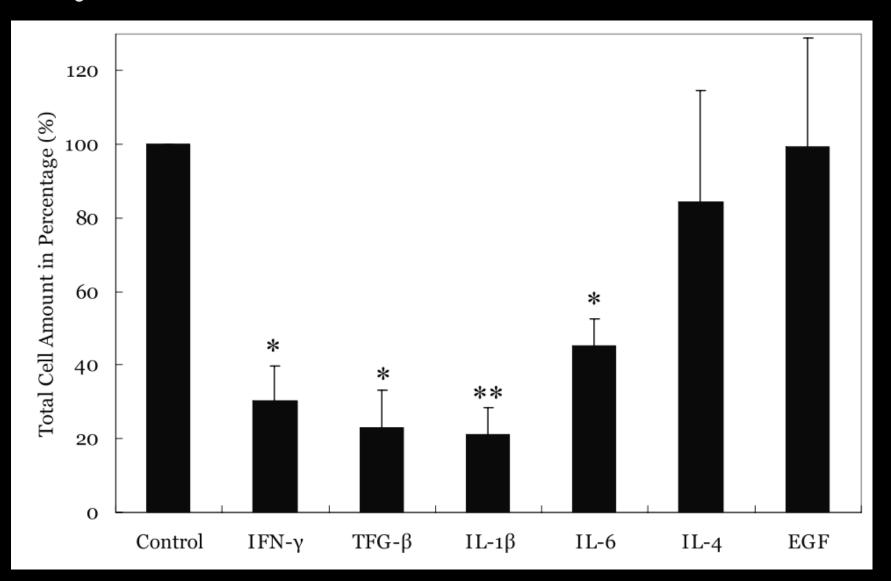
- Evaluation of protein expression
  - Immunofluorescent stain
  - Western blotting
- Evaluation of gene transcripts
  - Real-time PCR
- Gene sliencing
  - -siRNA



- BKV infects renal proximal tubular cells, HK2 cells
- IL-1β reduces BKV protein expression in dose-dependent manner
- IL-1β reduces BKV gene transcription in time and dose-dependent manners
- TAK1 and NF-κB are indispensable for IL-1β-mediated suppression

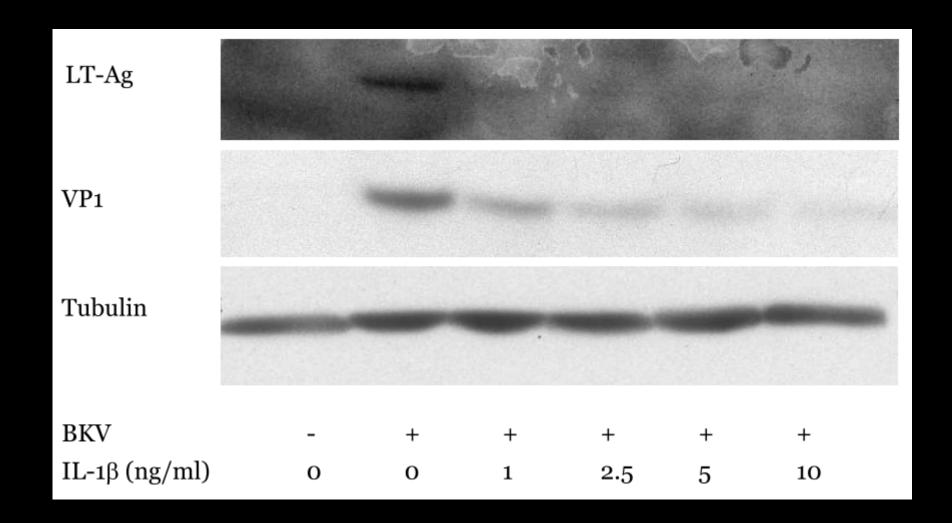


## Cytokines Effect on BKV Infection



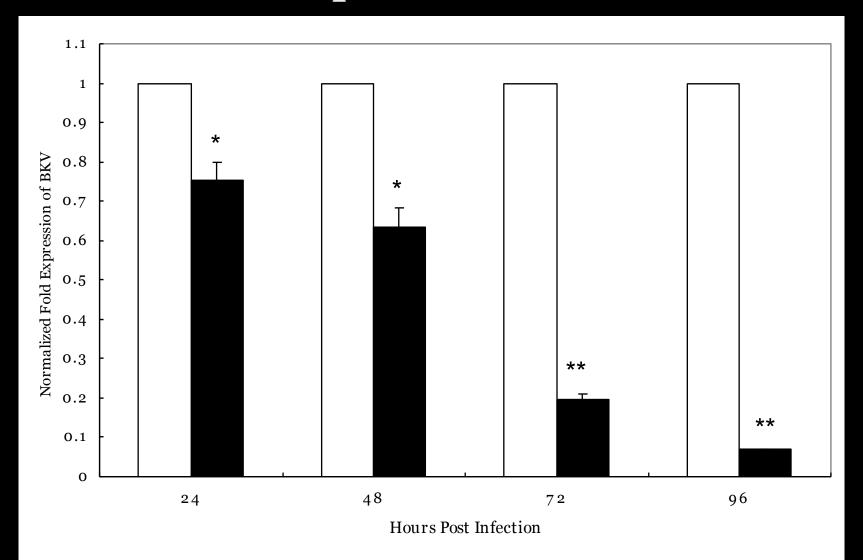
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## IL-1β has Dose-dependent Suppressive Effect on BKV Replication

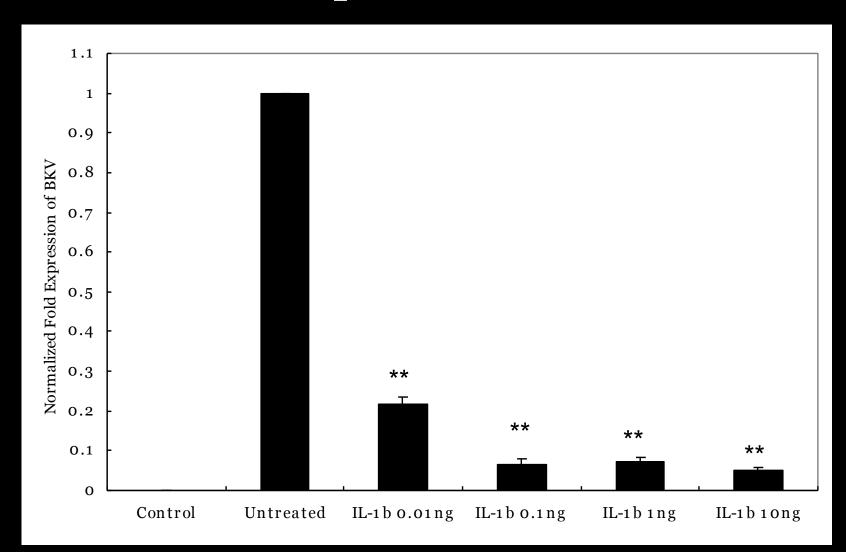


- BKV infects renal proximal tubular cells, HK2 cells
- IL-1 $\beta$  reduces BKV protein expression in dose-dependent manner
- IL-1 $\beta$  reduces BKV gene transcription in time and dose-dependent manners
- TAK1 and NF-κB are indispensable for IL-1β-mediated suppression

## IL-1β Reduces BKV TAg Transcripts in Time-dependent Manner

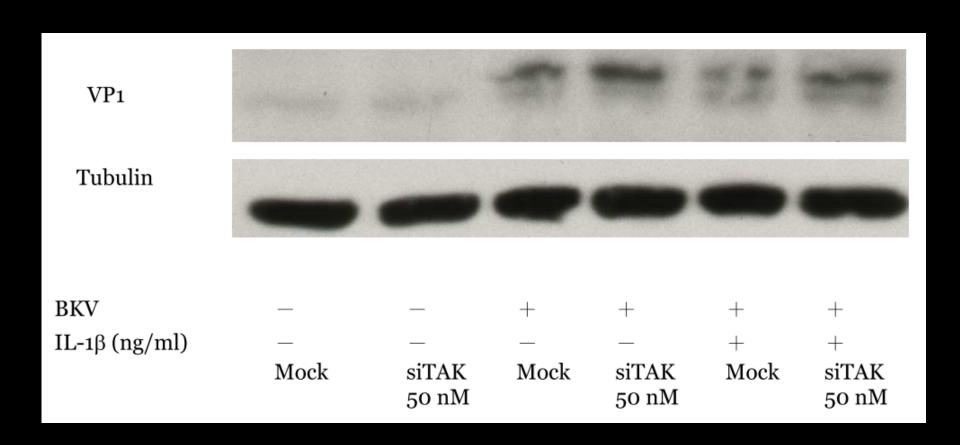


## IL-1β Reduces BKV TAg Transcripts in Dose-dependent Manner

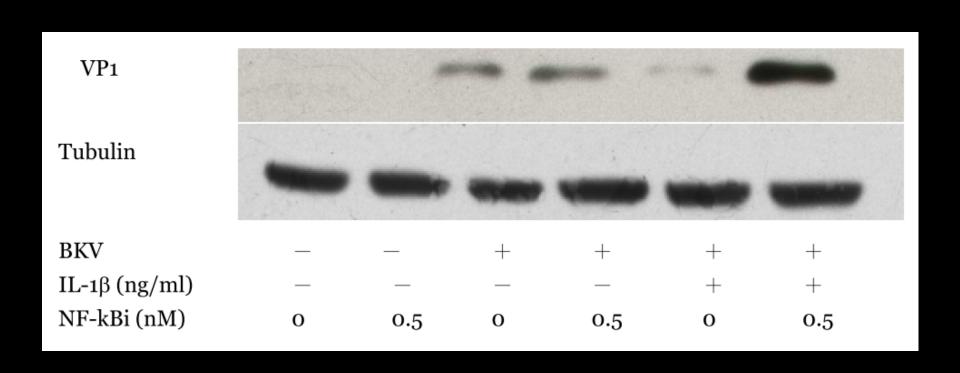


- BKV infects renal proximal tubular cells, HK2 cells
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## TAK1 siRNA Reduces the Inhibitory Effect of IL-1β



# NF-κB Inhibitor Attenuates the Inhibitory Effect of IL-1β



### CONCLUSIONS

- BKV can infect renal proximal tubular cells
- IL-1β reduces BKV TAg and VP1 protein expression in dose-dependent manner
- IL-1β reduces BKV TAg transcription in timeand dose-dependent manners
- TAK1-NF-κB signaling pathway is indispensable for IL-1β-mediated suppression
- → IL-1β has suppressive effect on BKV replication in human renal proximal tubular cells via TAK1-NF-κB signaling pathway