cisco.

USER GUIDE



Cisco UCS PowerTool, Release 1.x

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1 Overview

Cisco UCS PowerTool is a PowerShell module which helps automate all aspects of Cisco UCS Manager including server, network, storage and hypervisor management. PowerTool enables easy integration with existing IT management processes and tools.

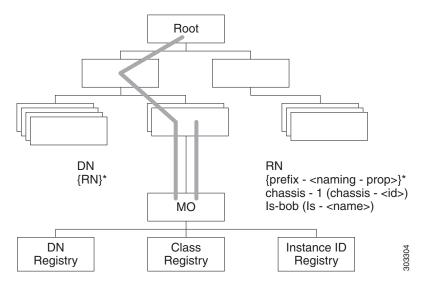
The PowerTool cmdlets work on the UCS Manager's Management Information Tree (MIT), performing create, modify or delete actions on the Managed Objects (MO) in the tree. The next chapter provides an overview of the Cisco UCS Management Information Model (MIM) and relation of PowerTool cmdlets with it.

One of the easiest ways to learn UCS configuration through PowerTool is to generate PowerTool cmdlets, for configuration actions performed with the GUI, using the ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet described in "PowerTool Cmdlet Generation" section on page 12 section.

2 Management Information Model

All the physical and logical components that comprise a Cisco UCS domain are represented in a hierarchical Management Information Model (MIM), referred to as the Management Information Tree (MIT). Each node in the tree represents a Managed Object (MO), uniquely identified by its Distinguished Name (DN). Figure 1 illustrates the MIM.

Figure 1 Management Information Model



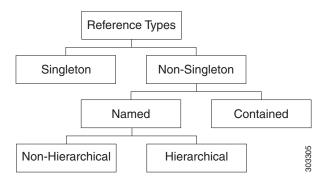
The following illustration shows a sample (partial) MIT for three chassis.

Tree (topRoot)	Distinguished Name	
l— sys	sys	
l— chassis-1	sys/chassis-1	
I— chassis-2	sys/chassis-2	
I— chassis-3	sys/chassis-3	
I— blade-1	sys/chassis-3/blade-1	
l l— adaptor-1	sys/chassis-3/blade-1/adaptor-1	
I— blade-2	sys/chassis-3/blade-2	
l— adaptor-1	sys/chassis-3/blade-2/adaptor-1	
l— adaptor−2	sys/chassis-3/blade-2/adaptor-2	

Managed Objects

Managed Objects (MO) are abstractions of Cisco UCS domain resources, such as fabric interconnects, chassis, blades, and rack-mounted servers. Managed Objects represent any physical or logical entity that is configured / managed in the Cisco UCS MIT. For example, physical entities such as Servers, Chassis, I/O cards, Processors and logical entities such as resource pools, user roles, service profiles, and policies are represented as managed objects.

Figure 2 Managed Objects



Every managed object is uniquely identified in the tree with its Distinguished Name (Dn) and can be uniquely identified within the context of its parent with its Relative Name (Rn). The Dn identifies the place of the MO in the MIT. A Dn is a concatenation of all the relative names starting from the root to the MO itself. Essentially, Dn = [Rn]/[Rn]/[Rn]/.../[Rn].

In the example below, Dn provides a fully qualified name for adaptor-1 in the model.

```
< dn = "sys/chassis-5/blade-2/adaptor-1" />
```

The above written Dn is composed of the following Rn:

```
topSystem MO: rn="sys" equipmentChassis MO: rn="chassis-<id>" computeBlade MO: rn ="blade-<slotId>" adaptorUnit
MO: rn="adaptor-<id>"
```

A Relative Name (Rn) may have the value of one or more of the MO's properties embedded in it. This allows in differentiating multiple MOs of the same type within the context of the parent. Any properties that form part of the Rn as described earlier are referred to as Naming properties.

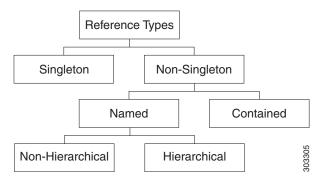
For instance, multiple blade MOs reside under a chassis MO. The blade MO contains the blade identifier as part of its Rn (blade-[Id]), thereby uniquely identifying each blade MO in the context of a chassis.

References to Managed Objects

The contents of the managed objects are referred to during the operation of Cisco UCS. Some of the MOs are referred to implicitly (PreLoginBanner during login) or as part of deployment of another MO (The Service Profile MO may refer to a template or a VNIC refers to a number of VLAN MOs).

The different types of references can be classified as shown below:

Figure 3 References to Managed Objects



A singleton MO type is found at most once in the entire MIT and is typically referred to implicitly.

Non-Singleton MO type may be instantiated one or more times in the MIT. In many cases, when an MO refers to another, the reference is made by name. Depending on the type of the referenced MO, the resolution may be hierarchical. For instance, a service profile template is defined under an org. Since an org may contain sub-orgs, a sub org may have a service profile template

defined with the same name. Now, when a service profile instance refers to a service profile template (by name), the name is looked up hierarchically from the org of the service profile instance up until the root org. The first match is used. If no match is found, the name "default" is looked up in the similar way and the first such match is used.

Reference Type	Example
Singleton	ChassisDiscoveryPolicy
	PreLoginBanner
Non-Singleton / Named / Non-Hierarchical	CallHomePolicy
Non-Singleton / Named / Hierarchical	BiosPolicy
	BootPolicy
Non-Singleton / Contained	BootDefinition under LsServer (ServiceProfile)
	VnicEtherIf under VnicEther

Properties of Managed Objects

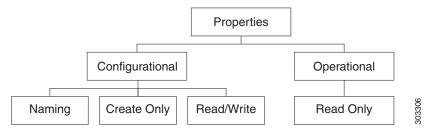
Properties of Managed Objects may be classified as Configuration or Operational.

Configuration properties may be classified as:

- Naming properties: Form part of the Rn. Needs to be specified only during MO creation and cannot be modified later.
- Create-Only properties: May be specified only during MO creation and cannot be modified later. If the property is not specified, a default value is assumed.
- Read / Write properties: May be specified during MO creation and can also be modified subsequently.

Operational properties indicate the current status of the MO / system and are hence read-only.

Figure 4 Properties of Managed Objects



The table below lists the examples of the various property types.

Property Type Example	
Naming	Name in LsServer (Service Profile MO)
Create-Only	Type in LsServer
Read / Write	Description in LsServer
Read-Only	OperState in LsServer

Methods

Methods are Cisco UCS XML APIs used to manage and monitor the system. There are methods supported for:

- Authentication
- AaaLogin
- AaaRefresh

- AaaLogout
- Configuration
- ConfigConfMo(s)
- LsClone
- LsInstantiate*
- FaultAckFaults
- Query
- ConfigResolveDn(s)
- ConfigResolveClass(es)
- ConfigResolveChildren
- Event Monitor
- EventSubscribe

The class query methods (ConfigResolveClass(es), ConfigResolveChildren) allow a filter to be specified so that a specific set of MOs are matched and returned by the method.

The supported filters are:

• Property Filters:

Supported Filter	Definition
allbits	Match if all specified values present in a multi-valued property
anybit	Match if any of the specified values present in a multi-valued property
bw	Match if the property's value lies between the two values specified
eq	Match if property's value is the same as the specified value
ge	Match if property's value is greater than or equal to the specified value
gt	Match if property's value is greater than the specified value
le	Match if property's value is lesser than or equal to the specified value
lt	Match if property's value is lesser than the specified value
ne	Match if property's value is not equal to the specified value
wcard	Match if property's value matches the pattern specified

• Composite Filters (Acts on sub-filters)

Composite Filter	Definition
not	Negates result of sub-filter
and	True, if all the sub-filters return true
or	True, if any of the sub-filters return true

PowerTool Mapping

All but about 30 of the PowerTool cmdlets are generated from the MO specification. A convenient noun is used in place of the type (ServiceProfile instead of LsServer etc.). Get, Add, Set, Remove cmdlets or a subset is generated for the various MO types. All cmdlets support the Xml parameter, which dumps the Xml request and response on the screen.

Add Cmdlet—Uses the ConfigConfMo(s) method with MO status "created" along with the specified property values. If the ModifyPresent parameter is specified, status "created, modified" is specified instead. If the Force parameter is specified, there will be no prompt for confirmation.

Get Cmdlet—Use the ConfigResolveClass method to retrieve MOs. If any property parameters are specified, they are used to generate "eq" filters. If multiple property parameters are specified, the multiple "eq" filters are combined with a "and" filter.

Set Cmdlet—Uses the ConfigConfMo(s) method with MO status "modified" along with the specified property values. If the Force parameter is specified, there will be no prompt for confirmation.

Remove Cmdlet—Uses the ConfigConfMo(s) method with MO status "deleted". If the Force parameter is specified, there will be no prompt for confirmation.

The table below lists the properties that can be specified for a given Verb:

Property	Get	Add	Set	
Naming	Yes (Positional)	Yes (Positional	No	
Create-Only	Yes	Yes	No	
Read-Write	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Operational / Read-Only	Yes	No	No	

The table below lists the types that can come down the pipeline for corresponding cmdlets:

Verb / Type	Pipeline Input
Get	Singleton – none Non-singleton – Parent Type
Add	Singleton – none Non-singleton – Parent Type
Set	MO has naming property – Same Type MO has no naming property – Same or Parent Type
Remove	Same Type

The table below lists the methods invoked to generate the required XML requests:

Cmdlet	Method
Add-Ucs ¹	ConfigConfMos
Set-Ucs1 ¹	
Get-Ucs ¹	ConfigResolveClass with filters
Get-UcsManagedObject -ClassId	ConfigResolveClass
Get-UcsManagedObject -ClassId -Dnlist	ConfigFindDnsByClassId
Get-UcsManagedObject –Dn	ConfigResolveDns
Connect-Ucs	AaaLogin
Disconnect-Ucs	AaaLogout
Background ¹	AaaRefresh
Copy-UcsServiceProfile	LsClone
Add-UcsServiceProfileFromTemplate	LsInstantiateTemplate,
	LsInstantiateNTemplate,
	LsInstantiateNNamedTemplate
Get-UcsChild	ConfigResolveChildren
Acknowledge-UcsFault	FaultAckFaults
Start-UcsKvmSession	AaaGetNComputeAuthTokenByDn
Watch-Ucs	EventSubscribe (First Watcher)

Clear-UcsStatistics	StatsClearInterval
Get-UcsTransactionImpact	ConfigEstimateImpact

^{1.} This is not a cmdlet. It is a background service.

Get-UcsCmdletMeta is useful cmdlet to explore the MO types, the corresponding nouns, supported Verbs, properties of the MOs, the details of properties including the type (Naming, Read/Write etc.) and the version of UCS Manager the property was introduced in etc.

3 Installation

Before You Begin

- Ensure you have PowerShell v2.0 or above installed in your system.
- Uninstall all versions of Cisco UCS Power Tool that are older than Cisco UCS PowerTool, Release 0.9.1.0.
- Close any instances of PowerShell running with the PowerTool module loaded.

Installation

- Step 1 Download and launch the installer.
- **Step 2** (Optional) Select Create Shortcut to add a shortcut on the desktop.

Getting Started

- **Step 1** Launch Cisco UCS PowerTool from the desktop shortcut.
- Step 2 View all cmdlets, functions, and aliases supported by the Cisco UCS PowerTool.

```
Get-Command -Module CiscoUcsPS
Get-Command -Module CiscoUcsPS | group CommandType
Get-Command -Module CiscoUcsPS | measure
```

Step 3 Connect to a Cisco UCS domain.

```
$handle = Connect-Ucs <ip or hostname> -NotDefault
```



After logging on, by default, the Cisco UCS handle is added to the default Cisco UCS domain list, unless the -NotDefault option is specified. Every cmdlet that operates on a Cisco UCS domain takes the -Ucs parameter, where the handle can be specified.

Step 4 Connect to a Cisco UCS domain using a proxy.

```
$proxy = New-Object System.Net.WebProxy
$proxy.Address = "http:\\<url>:<port>"
$proxy.UseDefaultCredentials =
$false
$proxy.Credentials = New-Object System.Net.NetworkCredential("<user name>", "<password>")
$handle = Connect-Ucs <ip or hostname> -Proxy
$proxy
```

- **Step 5** Use the following cmdlets:
 - **a.** Get Cisco UCS domains consolidated status information.

```
Get-UcsStatus -Ucs $handle
```

b. Get chassis objects.

Get-UcsChassis -Ucs \$handle

c. Get list of service profile Instances.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Ucs \$handle -Type instance

d. Disconnect.

Disconnect-Ucs -Ucs \$handle

Default UCS

If no handle or name is specified, the Cisco UCS domain handle is added to a DefaultUcs domain list unless the -ucs parameter is specified, the first cmdlet in the pipeline operates on the default Ucs list.

Connect-Ucs <ip or hostname>

Get the Default Ucs list.

Get-UcsPSSession

Get UCS's consolidated status information.

Get-UcsStatus

Get the set of all chassis objects.

Get-UcsChassis

Get the object pertaining to chassis 1.

Get-UcsChassis -Id 1

Get the set of blades, pertaining to chassis 1.

Get-UcsChassis -Id 1 | Get-UcsBlade

Enable HTTP on the FI.

Get-UcsHttp | Set-UcsHttp -AdminState enabled

Disable HTTP on the Fl.

Get-UcsHttp | Set-UcsHttp -AdminState disabled

Disconnect.

Disconnect-Ucs

Default UCS List with Multiple UCS

PowerTool cmdlets can work with multiple Cisco UCS domains by specifying multiple handles.

Connect to a Cisco UCS domain.

```
$handle1 = Connect-Ucs <ip1> -NotDefault
$handle2 = Connect-Ucs <ip2> -NotDefault
Get-UcsStatus -Ucs $handle1, $handle2
Disconnect-Ucs -Ucs $handle1, $handle2
```

By default, multiple Cisco UCS handles are not allowed in DefaultUcs. This can be overridden using the set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration cmdlet.

Get-UcsPowerToolConfiguration

```
Set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration -SupportMultipleDefaultUcs $true
```

```
Connect-Ucs <ip1>
Connect-Ucs <ip2>
Get-UcsStatus
Disconnect-Ucs
```

Connect to multiple Cisco UCS domains using the same login credentials.

```
$user = "<username>"
$password = "<password>" |
ConvertTo-SecureString -AsPlainText -Force
$cred = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential($user, $password)
$servers = @("<ucs1>", "<ucs2>", "<ucs3>")
Connect-Ucs $servers -Credential $cred
```

Credentials to/from File

```
Connect-Ucs <ip1>
Connect-Ucs <ip2>
```

Credentials can be stored to a file. The stored credentials are encrypted with a specified Key.

```
Export-UcsPSSession -LiteralPath C:\work\labs.xml
Disconnect-Ucs
```

Login can be initiated from credentials stored in a file.

Connect-Ucs -LiteralPath C:\work\labs.xml

Specify proxy while logging in with credentials stored in a file.

```
$proxy = New-Object System.Net.WebProxy
$proxy.Address = "http:\\<url>:<port>"
$proxy.UseDefaultCredentials = $false
$proxy.Credentials = New-Object System.Net.NetworkCredential("<user name>", "<password>")
Connect-Ucs -LiteralPath C:\work\lab.xml -Proxy $proxy
```

Login to an additional system and add the credentials to the file.

```
Connect-Ucs <ip3>
Export-UcsPSSession -Path C:\work\lab?.xml -Merge
```

IPv6 Support

- Allows connectivity to Cisco UCS Manager using IPv6 addresses.
- Provides access to external client applications such as, scp, ftp, tftp, ntp, dns, and external client services such as, sshd, httpd, snmpd over IPv6 addresses.

```
Connect-Ucs [2001::0202:*3F*:*E1*:8**9]
```

SSL Handling

When a user connects to a Cisco UCS server and the server cannot recognize any valid certificates; connection establishment depends on InvalidCertificateAction.InvalidCertificateAction is set to Ignore by default. By default PowerTool is configured to establish the connection without taking into account if the certificate is invalid.

You can override this using the Set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration cmdlet.

```
Get-UcsPowerToolConfiguration
Set-UcsPowerToolConfiguration -InvalidCertificateAction Fail
```

	Description
Fail	The cmdlet will not establish connection if the certificate is not valid.
Ignore	The cmdlet will establish the connection without taking into account that the certificate is invalid.
Default	(Windows default) The cmdlet will establish connection if the certificate is valid.

Register/Unregister Cisco UCS Central

If you want to have Cisco UCS Central manage a Cisco UCS domain, you need to register that domain. When you register, you need to choose the types of policies and other configurations, such as backups and firmware, that will be managed by Cisco UCS Central and which will be managed by Cisco UCS Manager.

Before you register a Cisco UCS domain with Cisco UCS Central, do the following:

- **Step 1** Configure an NTP server and the correct time zone in both Cisco UCS Manager and Cisco UCS Central to ensure that they are in sync. If the time and date in the Cisco UCS domain and Cisco UCS Central are out of sync, the registration may fail.
- Step 2 Obtain the hostname or IP address of Cisco UCS Central
- Step 3 Obtain the shared secret that you configured when you deployed Cisco UCS Central

```
$password = "SharedSecret" | ConvertTo-SecureString -AsPlainText -Force
Register-UcsCentral -Name 10.10.10.10 -SharedSecret $password
```

Step 4 Unregister from UCS Central

Get-UcsCentral | Unregister-UcsCentral

Aliases

Some aliases have been defined for convenience.

```
gal | ? {$_.Name -like "*-Ucs*" } | select Name
Name
Acknowledge-UcsBlade
Acknowledge-UcsChassis
Acknowledge-UcsFault
Acknowledge-UcsFex
Acknowledge-UcsRackUnit
Acknowledge-UcsSlot
Associate-UcsServiceProfile
Decommission-UcsBlade
Decommission-UcsChassis
Decommission-UcsFex
Decommission-UcsRackUnit
Disassociate-UcsServiceProfile
Get-UcsMo
Recommission-UcsRackUnit
Recommission-UcsBlade
Recommission-UcsChassis
Recommission-UcsFex
Remove-UcsBlade
Remove-UcsChassis
Remove-UcsFex
Remove-UcsMo
Remove-UcsRackUnit
Sync-UcsMo
```

4 Examples

The examples in this section show how to execute the cmdlets. This following examples are included in this section:

- PowerTool Cmdlet Generation
- Org
- Faults
- Get Cmdlet -Hierarchy Flag
- Get Cmdlet -LimitScope Flag
- Transaction Support
- VLANs (Creation & Deletion)
- MAC Pools & Blocks
- Server Pools
- UUID Suffix Pools & Blocks
- WWNN Pools & Blocks
- WWPN Pools & Blocks
- IQN Suffix Pools & Blocks
- Port Roles
- Port Channel
- VLANs (Assignment)
- Blade Power & Temperature Statistics
- Configuration Backup
- Import Configuration
- Managed Object Synchronization
- Monitoring UCS Managed Object Transitions
- Tech Support
- Service Profile
- Service Profile Components
- Service Profile Association
- Filters
- iSCSI Boot
- vNIC Template
- vHBA Template
- Boot Policy
- Adapter Policy
- BIOS Policy
- Host Firmware Package
- IPMI Access Profile
- Management Firmware Package
- Power Control Policy
- Server Pool Policy QualificationsDynamic vNIC connection Policy
- Network Control Policy
- Privileges
- User Roles
- Locales

- User Accounts
- Remote Authentication RADIUS
- Remote Authentication TACACS
- Remote Authentication LDAP
- RADIUS Provider
- TACACS Provider
- LDAP Provider
- Authentication Domains
- Communication Services
- Communication Services Telnet
- Communication Services CIM XML
- Communication Services SNMP
- Communication Services HTTP
- Communication Services HTTPS
- Generic Managed Object Queries
- Generic Managed Object Cmdlets
- Generic Cmdlet -XmlTag
- XtraProperty in Get/Add/Set cmdlets
- CCO Integration
- Upload Firmware
- Export to XML
- Import from XML
- KVM
- Launch the UCSM GUI
- UCS Statistics
- Transaction Impact
- Cmdlet Meta Information
- Compare-UcsManagedObject Dn Translation
- Compare-UcsManagedObject GetPropertyDiff()
- Add Cmdlet -ModifyPresent Flag

PowerTool Cmdlet Generation

Generate cmdlets for the specified actions in UCS GUI.

ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet

Get xml request along with generated cmdlets.

ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet -Verbose

Generate cmdlets for action in the specified GUI log.

```
ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet -GuiLog -LiteralPath 'C:\Work\centrale_7128.log.1'
ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet -GuiLog -Path 'C:\Work\centrale_71*.log.?'
```

Generate cmdlets for the specified xml request.

ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet -Xml -Request `<lsClone dn="org-root/ls-sp1" inTargetOrg="org-root" inServerName="sp2" inHierarchical="false"></lsClone>'

Generate cmdlets for the specified xml requests in file.

ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet -Xml -LiteralPath 'C:\Work\config.xml'

Generate cmdlets for the specified MO

From the version 1.2(1), you can pipe a manage object to the ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet, and get the cmdlets required to create the managed object.

```
Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp1 | ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet
Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp1 -Hierarchy | ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet
```

The Cisco UCS Manager GUI considers a few XML snippets as secure and does not log them. So, the ConvertTo-UcsCmdlet does not find the logs to do the translation.

To log the xml snippets of all the user actions in the GUI, launch the UCSM GUI by using the following PowerTool cmdlet: Start-UcsGuiSession -LogAllXml

Org

Get a list of orgs across Cisco UCS domains, in the Default UCS list,

```
Get-UcsOrg | select Ucs, Name, Dn
```

Get a handle to the root level Org.

Get-UcsOrg -Level root

Add 5 orgs to UCS.

```
1..5 | % { Add-UcsOrg -Ucs <handle or name> qwerty$_ }
```

Faults

Retrieve faults, group them by severity.

```
Get-UcsFault | group Severity
```

Retrieve critical faults.

```
Get-UcsFault -Severity critical | select Ucs, Dn, Cause
```

Acknowledge all unacknowledged faults.

```
Get-UcsFault | ? {$_.Ack -eq "no" } | Acknowledge-UcsFault
```

Get Cmdlet -Hierarchy Flag

Get Managed Object including all children.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name -Hierarchy

Get Cmdlet –LimitScope Flag

Get service profile at the root level without descending into org root children.

```
Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name -LimitScope
```

Get service profile from org Finance without descending into org Finance children.

```
Get-UcsOrg -Name Finance | Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name -LimitScope
```

Get VLAN from LanCloud.

Get-UcsLanCloud | Get-UcsVlan -LimitScope

Transaction Support

Start a transaction.

Start-UcsTransaction

Perform an operation.

. .

End a transaction.

Complete-UcsTransaction

Undo a transaction.

Undo-UcsTransaction

VLANs (Creation & Deletion)

VLANs in Cisco UCS domains are referred to by name and VLAN definitions can be created under four nodes in the MIT.

	Description
LanCloud	This is a global VLAN and is applicable to both FIs.
FabricLanCloud	This is a Fabric Specific VLAN and is applicable to either Fabric A or Fabric B.
ApplianceCloud	This is a global VLAN and is applicable to both FIs.
FabricApplianceCloud	This is a fabric specific VLAN applicable to either Fabric A or Fabric B, used during configuration of Appliance Ports.

Create a VLAN under the Global LAN Cloud.

Get-UcsLanCloud | Add-UcsVlan -Name lan_cloud_vlan -Id 500

Create a VLAN under Fabric A LAN Cloud.

Get-UcsFiLanCloud -Id A | Add-UcsVlan -Name fi_a_vlan -Id 500

Create a VLAN under Fabric B LAN Cloud.

Get-UcsFiLanCloud -Id B | Add-UcsVlan -Name fi_b_vlan -Id 500

Create a VLAN under the Global Appliance Cloud.

Get-UcsApplianceCloud | Add-UcsVlan -Name appliance_vlan -Id 500

Create a VLAN under the Fabric A Appliance Cloud.

Get-UcsFabricApplianceCloud -Id A | Add-UcsVlan -Name fi_a_appliance_vlan -Id 500

Create a VLAN under the Fabric B Appliance Cloud.

Get-UcsFabricApplianceCloud -Id B | Add-UcsVlan -Name fi_b_appliance_vlan -Id 500

Import a list of VLANs from a csv file and create the VLANs under the LAN cloud. (This example creates the csv file as well.)

Create VLANs on 1 device

 $("Name,Id";foreach ($vlan in 501..550) { "vlan}($vlan), $(vlan)" }) > C:\work\Demo\vlans.csv$

```
$1c=(Get-UcsLanCloud)
$1c | Get-UcsVlan | select Ucs, Name, Id
Start-UcsTransaction
import-csv C:\work\Demo\vlans.csv | % {$1c | Add-UcsVlan -Name $_.Name -Id $_.Id } Complete-UcsTransaction
$1c | Get-UcsVlan | select Ucs, Name, Id
```

Remove the added VLANs.

```
$1c | Get-UcsVlan | ? {$_.Id -ge 501 -and $_.Id -le 550 } | Remove-UcsVlan -Force
```

MAC Pools & Blocks

Add a MAC Block to the default MAC Pool.

Get-UcsMacPool -Ucs default | Add-UcsMacMemberBlock 00:25:B5:00:A0:00 00:25:B5:00:A0:00

Check for any clashes in MAC Pool assignments across all Cisco UCS domains in default list.

Get-UcsMacPoolAddr | group Id | where {\$_.Count -ne 1 } | select -ExpandProperty Group | select Ucs, Id, Assigned, AssignedToDn

Server Pools

Create a server pool.

\$server_pool = Add-UcsServerPool -Name server_pool

Add Blade 1/4 to the server pool.

\$server_pool | Add-UcsComputePooledSlot -ChassisId 1 -SlotId 4

Add Rack 1 to the server pool.

\$server_pool | Add-UcsComputePooledRackUnit -Id 1

Remove Server pool.

\$server_pool | Remove-UcsServerPool

UUID Suffix Pools & Blocks

Create a UUID Suffix pool.

\$uuid_pool = Add-UcsUuidSuffixPool -Name uuid_pool -Prefix 3864EB9A-89A2-11DF

Add a block of UUID Suffixes to the suffix pool.

\$uuid_pool | Add-UcsUuidSuffixBlock -From 0000-00000000001 -To 0000-0000000002C

Remove a UUID Suffix pool.

\$uuid_pool | Remove-UcsUuidSuffixPool

WWNN Pools & Blocks

Get all WWNN pool in UCS.

Get-UcsWwnPool -Purpose node-wwn-assignment

Create a WWNN pool.

\$wwnn_pool = Add-UcsWwnPool -Name wwnn_pool -Purpose node-wwn-assignment

Add a WWN block to the WWNN pool.

\$wwnn_pool | Add-UcsWwnMemberBlock -From 20:00:00:24:B5:00:00:00 -To 20:00:00:24:B5:00:00:09

Add a WWNN initiator to the WWNN pool.

\$wwnn_pool | Add-UcsWwnInitiator -Id 20:00:00:25:B5:00:00:2C -Name wwnn_initiator

Remove a WWNN initiator.

\$wwnn_pool | Get-UcsWwnInitiator -Id 20:00:00:25:B5:00:00:2C | Remove-UcsWwnInitiator

Remove a WWNN pool.

\$wwnn_pool | Remove-UcsWwnPool

WWPN Pools & Blocks

Get all WWPN pool in UCS. Get-UcsWwnPool -Purpose port-wwn-assignment

Create a WWPN pool.

\$wwpn_pool = Add-UcsWwnPool -Name wwpn_pool -Purpose port-wwn-assignment

Add a WWN block to the WWPN pool.

\$wwpn_pool | Add-UcsWwnMemberBlock -From 20:00:00:24:B5:00:00:00 -To 20:00:00:24:B5:00:00:09

Add a WWPN initiator to the WWPN pool.

\$wwpn_pool | Add-UcsWwnInitiator -Id 20:00:00:25:B5:00:00:2D -Name wwpn_initiator

Set descr for WWPN initiator.

\$wwpn_pool | Get-UcsWwnInitiator -Id 20:00:00:25:B5:00:00:2D | Set-UcsWwnInitiator -Descr "WWPN initiator modified"

Remove a WWPN pool.

\$wwpn_pool | Remove-UcsWwnPool

IQN Suffix Pools & Blocks

Get IQN pool in UCS.

Get-UcsIqnPoolPool -Name iqnSuffixPool

Create IQN pool.

\$iqn_pool = Get-UcsOrg -Level root | Add-UcsIqnPoolPool -Name iqn_pool -Prefix I

Create IQN pool block.

\$iqn_pool_block =

\$iqn_pool | Add-UcsIqnPoolBlock -Suffix B -From 0 -To 10

Remove IQN pool block.

\$iqn_pool_block | Remove-UcsIqnPoolBlock

Remove IQN pool.

\$iqn_pool | Remove-UcsIqnPoolPool

Port Roles

Make Fabric A's Slot 1 (Fixed Ports Slot) Port 19 a server port.

Get-UcsFabricServerCloud -Id A | Add-UcsServerPort -PortId 19 -SlotId 1

Unconfigure Fabric A's Slot 1 (Fixed Ports Slot) Port 19 from being a server port.

Get-UcsFabricServerCloud -Id A | Get-UcsServerPort -PortId 19 -SlotId 1 | Remove-UcsServerPort -Force

Make Fabric A's Slot 1 (Fixed Ports Slot) Port 15 an appliance port.

Get-UcsFabricApplianceCloud -Id A | Add-UcsAppliancePort -PortId 15 -SlotId 1

Unconfigure Fabric A's Slot 1 (Fixed Ports Slot) Port 15 from being an appliance port.

Get-UcsFabricApplianceCloud -Id A | Get-UcsAppliancePort -PortId 15 -SlotId 1 | Remove-UcsAppliancePort -Force

Make Fabric A's Slot 1 (Fixed Ports Slot) Port 16 an uplink port.

Get-UcsFiLanCloud -Id A | Add-UcsUplinkPort -PortId 16 -SlotId 1

Unconfigure Fabric A's Slot 1 (Fixed Ports Slot) Port 16 from being an uplink port.

Get-UcsFiLanCloud -Id A | Get-UcsUplinkPort -PortId 16 -SlotId 1 | Remove-UcsUplinkPort -Force

Port Channel

Create an Appliance Port Channel on Fabric A with ports 19 & 20.

```
$ap_pc = Get-UcsFabricApplianceCloud -Id A | Add-UcsAppliancePortChannel -PortId 55
$ap_pc | Add-UcsAppliancePortChannelMember -SlotId 1 -PortId 19
$ap_pc | Add-UcsAppliancePortChannelMember -SlotId 1 -PortId 20
```

Add Port Channel to the Appliance VLAN.

Get-UcsApplianceCloud | Get-UcsVlan -Name ApplianceVlan | Add-UcsVlanMemberPortChannel -SwitchId A -PortId \$ap_pc.PortId

Remove Port Channel from Appliance VLAN.

Get-UcsApplianceCloud | Get-UcsVlan -Name ApplianceVlan | Get-UcsVlanMemberPortChannel -SwitchId A -PortId 55 | Remove-UcsVlanMemberPortChannel -Force

Remove Appliance Port Channel.

Get-UcsFabricApplianceCloud -id A | Get-UcsAppliancePortChannel -PortId 55 | Remove-UcsAppliancePortChannel -Force

VLANs (Assignment)

Add Appliance port A/1/15 to an Appliance VLAN.

Get-UcsApplianceCloud | Get-UcsVlan -name ApplianceVlan | Add-UcsVlanMemberPort -SwitchId A -SlotId 1 -PortId 15

Remove Appliance port A/1/15 from Appliance VLAN.

Get-UcsApplianceCloud | Get-UcsVlan -name ApplianceVlan | Get-UcsVlanMemberPort -SwitchId A -SlotId 1 -PortId 15 | Remove-UcsVlanMemberPort -Force

Blade Power & Temperature Statistics

View Power Statistics of all blades.

Get-UcsBlade | Get-UcsComputeBoard | Get-UcsComputeMbPowerStats | Out-GridView

View Temperature Statistics of all blades.

Get-UcsBlade | Get-UcsComputeBoard | Get-UcsComputeMbTempStats | Out-GridView

Configuration Backup

Remove any previously stored backups in UCS.

Get-UcsMgmtBackup | Remove-UcsMgmtBackup

The PathPattern can be auto-filled, allowing the cmdlet to be used with multiple Cisco UCS domains. Create and download full-state system backup of UCS. This creates a binary file that includes a snapshot of the entire system. You can use the file generated from this backup to restore the system during disaster recovery. This file can restore or rebuild the configuration on the original fabric interconnect, or recreate the configuration on a different fabric interconnect. You cannot use this file for an import.

```
 \label{localized-backup-Ucs-Type full-state -PathPattern 'C:\Backups\$\{ucs\}-\$\{yyyy\}\$\{MM\}\$\{dd\}-\$\{HH\}\$\{mm\}-full-state.tar.gz'\} . \\
```

Create and download logical backup of UCS. This creates an XML file that includes all logical configuration settings such as service profiles, VLANs, VSANs, pools, and policies. You can use the file generated from this backup to import these configuration settings to the original fabric interconnect or to a different fabric interconnect. You cannot use this file for a system restore.

Create and download system backup of UCS. This creates an XML file that includes all system configuration settings such as usernames, roles, and locales. You can use the file generated from this backup to import these configuration settings to the original fabric interconnect or to a different fabric interconnect. You cannot use this file for a system restore.

Create and download config-all backup of UCS. This creates an XML file that includes all system and logical configuration settings. You can use the file generated from this backup to import these configuration settings to the original fabric interconnect or to a different fabric interconnect. You cannot use this file for a system restore. This file does not include passwords for locally authenticated users.

Import Configuration

The import function is available for all configuration, system configuration, and logical configuration files. You can perform an import while the system is up and running.

Import all configuration xml (An XML file that includes all system and logical configuration settings. The current configuration information is replaced with the information in the imported configuration file one object at a time.

```
Import-UcsBackup -LiteralPath 'C:\Backups\config-all.xml'
```

Import all configuration xml. The information in the imported configuration file is #compared with the existing configuration information. If there are conflicts, the import operation overwrites the information on the Cisco UCS domain with the information in the import configuration file.

```
Import-UcsBackup -LiteralPath 'C:\Backups\config-all.xml' -Merge
```

Managed Object Synchronization

Sync a set of MOs from SYSA to SYSB.

Sync-UcsManagedobject -Ucs SYSB (Compare-UcsManagedobject (Get-UcsOrg -ucs SYSB) (Get-UcsOrg -ucs SYSA)) -whatif Sync-UcsManagedobject -Ucs SYSB (Compare-UcsManagedobject (Get-UcsOrg -ucs SYSB) (Get-UcsOrg -ucs SYSA)) -Force

Sync a set of MOs from SYSA to all systems in the default list.

Get-UcsPSSession | % {Sync-UcsManagedobject -Ucs \$_ (Compare-UcsManagedObject (Get-UcsOrg -ucs \$_) (Get-UcsOrg -ucs SYSA)) -Force}

Monitoring UCS Managed Object Transitions

Watch Cisco UCS domains for all events for 60 seconds.

Watch-Ucs -TimeoutSec 60

Watch Cisco UCS domains for any changes in faults for 60 seconds.

Watch-Ucs -TimeoutSec 60 -ClassId FaultInst

Watch UCS for a particular field in MO to attain a success value.

Send-UcsFirmware -LiteralPath C:\work\Images\ucs-k9-bundle-b-series.1.4.2b.B.bin | Watch-Ucs -Property TransferState -SuccessValue downloaded -PollSec 30 -TimeoutSec 600

Tech Support

Technical support data for the entire UCSM instance will be created and downloaded to the specified file.

Get-UcsTechSupport -PathPattern 'C:\\${ucs}-techsupp-ucsm.tar' -UcsManager -RemoveFromUcs -TimeoutSec 600

Technical support data for the UCSM management services(excluding fabric interconnects) will be created and downloaded to the specified file.

Get-UcsTechSupport -PathPattern 'C:\\${ucs}-techsupp-ucsmmgmt.tar' -UcsMgmt -RemoveFromUcs -TimeoutSec 600

Technical support data for Chassis id 1 and Cimc id 1 will be created and downloaded to specified file.

Get-UcsTechSupport -PathPattern 'C:\\${ucs}-techsupp-chassis.tar' -RemoveFromUcs -TimeoutSec 600 -ChassisId 1 -CimcId 1

Technical support data for Chassis id 1 and lom id 1 will be created and downloaded to specified file.

Get-UcsTechSupport -PathPattern 'C:\\${ucs}-techsupp-iom.tar' -RemoveFromUcs -TimeoutSec 600 -ChassisId 1 -IomId 1

Technical support data for RackServer id 1 and RackAdapter id 1 will be created and downloaded to specified file.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Get-UcsTechSupport -PathPattern 'C:\supp-rack.tar' -RemoveFromUcs -TimeoutSec 600 -RackServerId 1 -RackAdapterId 1 \\ \end{tabular}$

Technical support data for FEX id 1 will be created and downloaded to specified file.

Get-UcsTechSupport -PathPattern 'C:\\${ucs}-techsupp-fex.tar' -RemoveFromUcs -TimeoutSec 600 -FexId 1

Service Profile

Get all service profile instances in UCS.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Type instance

Get all service profile updating templates in UCS.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Type updating-template

Get all service profile initial templates in UCS.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Type initial-template

Add a new service profile sp_name from service profile template sp_template

Add-UcsServiceProfile -SrcTemplName sp_template -Name sp_name

Add a service profile.

Add-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name -BootPolicyName boot_policy -BiosProfileName bios_policy -HostFwPolicyName 1.4-3i -MgmtFwPolicyName 1.4-3i -MgmtFwPolicyName 1.4-3i -MgmtFwPolicyName ipmi_policy -PowerPolicyName power_policy -ScrubPolicyName scrub_policy -SolPolicyName sol_policy -StatsPolicyName stats_policy -AgentPolicyName agent_policy -DynamicConPolicyName vNIC_policy -ExtIPState static -IdentPoolName UUID_pool -LocalDiskPolicyName disk_policy -Uuid "00000000-0000-0000-00000000000000000" -UsrLbl "serviceprofile"

Get power state of a service profile.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name | Get-UcsServerPower

Bind service profile to a template.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name | Set-UcsServiceProfile -SrcTemplName sp_template

Remove a service profile.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name | Remove-UcsServiceProfile

Service Profile Components

Create a service profile.

\$sp = Add-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name

Create a vNIC with reference to QoS Policy.

\$eth0 = \$sp | Add-UcsVnic -Name eth0 -QosPolicyName qos_policy

Add a VLAN for vNIC, make it Native VLAN.

\$eth0 | Add-UcsVnicInterface -Name fi_a_vlan -DefaultNet true

Add a VLAN for vNIC.

\$eth0 | Add-UcsVnicInterface -Name fi_b_vlan

Create a vNIC and instantiate from template.

\$sp | Add-UcsVnic -Name eth1 -NwTemplName vnic_template

Create a vHBA.

\$fc0 = \$sp | Add-UcsVhba -Name fc0 -IdentPoolName wwpn_pool

Add a VSAN for vHBA.

\$fc0 | Set-UcsVhbaInterface -Name fi_b_vsan

Add a WWNN pool.

\$sp | Add-UcsVnicFcNode -IdentPoolName node_default

Service Profile Association

Associate a service profile to a blade.

Get-UcsServiceProfile sp_name -LimitScope | Associate-UcsServiceProfile -Blade (Get-UcsBlade -Chassis 1 -SlotId 1)

Associate service profile to a rack.

Get-UcsServiceProfile sp_name -LimitScope | Associate-UcsServiceProfile -RackUnit (Get-UcsRackUnit -ServerId 1)

Associate service profile to a server pool.

Get-UcsServiceProfile sp_name -LimitScope | Associate-UcsServiceProfile -ServerPoolName FileServerPool

Associate a service profile to a server pool along with server pool qualification policy.

Get-UcsServiceProfile sp_name -LimitScope | Associate-UcsServiceProfile -ServerPoolName file_server_pool -ServerPoolQualificationPolicyName file_server_pool

Disassociate a service profile.

Get-UcsServiceProfile sp_name -LimitScope | Disassociate-UcsServiceProfile

Create a copy of a service profile.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name -LimitScope | Copy-UcsServiceProfile -NewName copy_sp_name

Rename a service profile.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name | Rename-UcsServiceProfile -NewName rename_sp_name

Filters

#Get all Service Profile Templates.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Filter 'Type -clike *-template' | select Ucs, Dn, Name

Get all Service Profiles with Name containing string 'SJC'.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Filter 'Name -cmatch SJC' | select Ucs, Dn, Name

Get all Service Profiles with Name beginning with string 'SJC'.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Filter 'Name -clike SJC' | select Ucs, Dn, Name

Get all VLANs with Id between 8 and 50.

Get-UcsVlan -Filter 'Id -cbw 8,50' | select Ucs, Dn, Name, Id

Get all Roles that have the fault privilege.

 ${\tt Get-UcsRole\ -Filter\ 'Priv\ -ccontains\ fault'\ |\ select\ Ucs,\ Dn,\ Name}$

Get all Roles that have the fault or operations privilege.

 ${\tt Get-UcsRole\ -Filter\ 'Priv\ -canybit\ fault, operations'\ |\ select\ Ucs,\ Dn,\ Name}$

Get all Roles that have the fault and operations privilege.

Get-UcsRole -Filter 'Priv -callbits fault, operations' | select Ucs, Dn, Name

Get a list of blades/rack units with temperature greater than 45.

Get-UcsProcessorEnvStats -Filter 'Temperature -cgt 45' | Get-UcsParent | Get-UcsParent | Get-UcsParent | select Ucs, Dn

Get a list of faults generated between 4/18/2012 9:00 and 4/19/2012 9:30.

Get-UcsFault -Filter 'Created -cbw "4/18/2012 9:00", "4/19/2012 9:30" | select Ucs, Cause, Dn, Created

Get Service Profiles with Name equals 'SJC'.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Filter 'Name -ceq SJC' | select Ucs, Dn, Name

Get all Service Profiles with Name equals 'SJC/sjc/SjC' etc.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Filter 'Name -ieq sjc' | select Ucs, Dn, Name

Get all Service Profiles with Name beginning with string 'SJC/sjc/SjC' etc.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Filter 'Name -ilike SJC*' | select Ucs, Dn, Name

Get all Service Profiles with Name except 'SJC/sjc/SjC' etc.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Filter 'Name -ine SJC' | select Ucs, Dn, Name

iSCSI Boot

Start Ucs Transaction.

Start-UcsTransaction

Create a service profile.

\$sp = Add-UcsServiceProfile -Type instance -Name iscsiboot

Add a static IP b(not related to iSCSI boot).

\$staticIp = Add-UcsVnicIpV4StaticAddr - ServiceProfile \$sp - Addr 10.65.224.161 - DefGw 10.65.224.1 - Subnet 255.255.255.0

Create the required vNIC and add VLAN.

\$vnic = Add-UcsVnic -ServiceProfile \$sp -Name enic1 -SwitchId A -Addr 00:25:B5:07:80:00 \$vlan605 =
Add-UcsVnicInterface -Vnic \$vnic -Name vlan605 -DefaultNet yes

Create iSCSI vNIC and map it to the vNIC created above.

Add iSCSI Initiator Parameters - VLAN and IP address.

\$enic = Add-UcsVnicIScsi -ServiceProfile \$sp -Name iscsienic1 -InitiatorName iqn.1995-05.com.broadcom.iscsiboot
-VnicName enic1 \$vlan = Add-UcsVnicVlan -VlanName vlan605 -VnicIScsi \$enic \$ipv4if = Add-UcsVnicIPv4If -VnicVlan
\$vlan \$ipv4iscsi = Add-UcsVnicIPv4IscsiAddrp -VnicIPv4If \$ipv4if -Addr 10.65.224.157

Add target parameters.

\$primaryTarget = Add-UcsVnicIScsiStaticTargetIf -VnicVlanp \$vlan -IpAddress 10.65.224.16 -Name
iqn.1992-08.com.netapp:sn.135037408 -Priority 1 \$primaryLun = Add-UcsVnicLunp -VnicIScsiStaticTargetIf
\$primaryTarget -Id 2

Create a specific boot policy.

\$bootPolicy = Add-UcsBootDefinition -ServiceProfile \$sp

If installation is required, create a LsbootVirtualMedia.

\$vmedia = Add-UcsLsbootVirtualMedia -BootDefinition \$bootPolicy -Access read-only -Order 1

Add iSCSI enic in the boot path.

\$iscsiBoot = Add-UcsLsbootIScsi -BootDefinition \$bootPolicy -Order 2 \$iscsiBootImagePath =
Add-UcsLsbootIScsiImagePath -LsbootIscsi \$iscsiBoot -Type primary -ISCSIVnicName iscsienic1

Complete Ucs Transaction.

Complete-UcsTransaction | Out-null

vNIC Template

Create an Initial vNIC template.

\$vnic_init_temp = Add-UcsVnicTemplate -Name vnic_init_temp -TemplType initial-template -SwitchId A

Create an Updating vNIC template.

\$vnic_update_temp = Add-UcsVnicTemplate -Name vnic_update_temp -TemplType updating-template -SwitchId B -Target
adaptor

Add a VLAN to an Initial vNIC template.

\$vnic_init_temp | Add-UcsVnicInterface -Name fi_a_vlan

Add a VLAN to an Initial vNIC template and make it Native VLAN.

\$vnic_init_temp | Add-UcsVnicInterface -Name lan_cloud_vlan -DefaultNet true

Set MAC Pool, Network Control policy and QoS policy for Initial vNIC template.

\$vnic_init_temp | Set-UcsVnicTemplate -IdentPoolName mac_pool -NwCtrlPolicyName network_policy -QosPolicyName qos_policy

Remove an Initial vNIC template.

\$vnic_init_temp | Remove-UcsVnicTemplate

vHBA Template

Create an Initial vHBA template.

\$vhba_init_temp = Add-UcsVhbaTemplate -Name vhba_init_temp -TemplType initial-template -SwitchId A

Create an Updating vHBA template.

\$vhba_update_temp = Add-UcsVhbaTemplate -Name vhba_update_temp -TemplType updating-template -SwitchId B

Add a VSAN to Updating vHBA template.

\$vhba_update_temp | Add-UcsVhbaInterface -Name fi_b_vsan

Set WWN Pool, QoS policy, Pin Group and Stats policy for Updating vHBA template.

\$vhba_update_temp | Set-UcsVhbaTemplate -IdentPoolName wwpn_pool -QosPolicyName qos_policy -PinToGroupName san_pin_group -StatsPolicyName threshold_policy

Remove an Updating vHBA template.

\$vhba_update_temp | Remove-UcsVhbatemplate

Boot Policy

Create a Boot policy and enable Reboot on boot order change and enforce vNIC/vHBA/iSCSI name.

\$boot_policy = Add-UcsBootPolicy -Name boot_policy -EnforceVnicName yes -RebootOnUpdate yes

Add a Floppy.

\$boot_policy | Add-UcsLsbootVirtualMedia -Order 3 -Access read-write

Add a CD-ROM.

\$boot_policy | Add-UcsLsbootVirtualMedia -Order 2 -Access read-only

Add a Local Disk.

\$boot_storage = \$boot_policy | Add-UcsLsbootStorage -Order 1 \$boot_storage | Add-UcsLsbootLocalStorage

Add a SAN boot.

\$boot_storage | Add-UcsLsbootSanImage -VnicName fc0 -Type primary | Add-UcsLsbootSanImagePath -Type primary -Lun 1 -Wwn 20:00:00:25:B5:00:00:00

Add a LAN boot.

\$boot_policy | Add-UcsLsbootLan -Order 4 | Add-UcsLsbootLanImagePath -VnicName eth0 -Type primary

Remove a Boot policy.

\$boot_policy | Remove-UcsBootPolicy

Adapter Policy

Add a custom Eth Adapter policy, that disables receive checksum offload.

\$eth_adap_policy = Add-UcsEthAdapterPolicy -Name eth_adap_policy -Descr "Custom Adapter Policy" \$eth_adap_policy
| Set-UcsEthAdapterOffloadProfile -TcpRxChecksum disabled

Add a FC Adapter policy.

\$fc_adap_policy = Add-UcsFcAdapterPolicy -Name fc_adap_policy -Descr "Fibre Channel Adapter Policy"

Enable FCP error recovery for Fibre Channel Adapter policy.

\$fc_adap_policy | Set-UcsAdaptorFcErrorRecoveryProfile -FcpErrorRecovery enabled

Add an iSCSI Adapter policy.

\$iscsi_adap_policy = Add-UcsIScsiAdapterPolicy -Name iscsi_policy

Enable TCP timestamp, HBA mode and Boot to target for iSCSI Adapter policy.

\$iscsi_adap_policy | Set-UcsIScsiAdapterPolicyProperties -BootToTarget yes -TcpTimeStamp yes -HbaMode yes

BIOS Policy

Create a Bios policy and enable reboot on Bios setting change.

\$bios_policy = Add-UcsBiosPolicy -Name bios_policy -RebootOnUpdate yes

Modify USB system idle power optimizing setting to high-performance.

\$bios_policy | Set-UcsBiosVfUSBSystemIdlePowerOptimizingSetting -VpUSBIdlePowerOptimizing high-performance

Enable Virtulization technology.

\$bios_policy | Set-UcsBiosVfIntelVirtualizationTechnology -VpIntelVirtualizationTechnology enabled

Enable quite boot for Bios policy.

\$bios_policy | Set-UcsBiosVfQuietBoot -VpQuietBoot enabled

Resume Ac on power loss to last-state.

\$bios_policy | Set-UcsBiosVfResumeOnACPowerLoss -VpResumeOnACPowerLoss last-state

Disable boot option retry.

\$bios_policy | Set-UcsBiosVfBootOptionRetry -VpBootOptionRetry disabled

Disable console redirection.

\$bios_policy | Set-UcsBiosVfConsoleRedirection -VpConsoleRedirection disabled

Remove a Bios policy.

\$bios_policy | Remove-UcsBiosPolicy

Host Firmware Package

Create a Host Firmware package and set IgnoreCompCheck to No.

\$host_firm_pack = Add-UcsFirmwareComputeHostPack -Name host_firm_pack -IgnoreCompCheck no

Add a Host Firmware pack item.

\$host_firm_pack | Add-UcsFirmwarePackItem -Type adaptor -HwModel N20-AC0002 -HwVendor "Cisco Systems Inc"
-Version '1.4(1i)'

Set version of Host Firmware pack item.

\$host_firm_pack | Get-UcsFirmwarePackItem -HwModel N20-AC0002 | Set-UcsFirmwarePackItem -Version '2.0(1t)'

Remove Host Firmware package.

\$host_firm_pack | Remove-UcsFirmwareComputeHostPack

IPMI Access Profile

Create an IPMI Access profile.

\$ipmi_profile = Add-UcsIpmiAccessProfile -Name ipmi_profile

Add an IPMI user with Administrator's role.

\$ipmi_profile | Add-UcsAaaEpUser -Name ipmiUser -Priv admin

Modify role for IPMI user.

\$ipmi_profile | Get-UcsAaaEpUser -Name ipmiUser | Set-UcsAaaEpUser -Priv readonly

Remove an IPMI Access profile.

\$ipmi_profile | Remove-UcsIpmiAccessProfile

Management Firmware Package

Create a Management Firmware package and set IgnoreCompCheck to no.

\$mgmt_firm_pack = Add-UcsFirmwareComputeMgmtPack -Name mgmt_firm_pack -IgnoreCompCheck no

Add a Management Firmware pack item.

\$mgmt_firm_pack | Add-UcsFirmwarePackItem -Type blade-controller -HwModel "N20-B6620-1" -HwVendor "Cisco Systems
Inc" -Version '1.4(1i)'

Set version of Management Firmware pack item.

\$mgmt_firm_pack | Get-UcsFirmwarePackItem -HwModel N20-B6620-1 | Set-UcsFirmwarePackItem -Version '2.0(1t)'

Remove Management Firmware package.

\$mgmt_firm_pack | Remove-UcsFirmwareComputeMgmtPack

Power Control Policy

Create a Power Control policy. Priority is ranked on a scale of 1-10, where 1 indicates the highest priority and 10 indicates lowest priority. The default priority is 5.

\$power_policy = Add-UcsPowerPolicy -Name power_policy -Prio 6

Create a Power Control policy with power capping 'no-cap'.

\$power_nocap = Add-UcsPowerPolicy -Name power_nocap -Prio no-cap

Remove Power Control policy.

\$power_policy | Remove-UcsPowerPolicy

Server Pool Policy Qualifications

Create a Server Pool policy qualification.

\$server_pool_qual = Add-UcsServerPoolQualification -Name server_pool_qual

Create an Adaptor qualification.

\$server_pool_qual | Add-UcsAdaptorQualification

Create a Memory qualification policy with memory clock speed of 1067Mhz and 16 memory units.

\$server_pool_qual | Add-UcsMemoryQualification -Clock 1067 -Units 16

Create a CPU/Cores qualification policy with Pentium_4 processor architecture

\$server_pool_qual | Add-UcsCpuQualification -Arch Pentium_4

Create a Diskless Storage qualification policy for servers without a local disk (SAN only configuration).

\$server_pool_qual | Add-UcsStorageQualification -Diskless yes

Create a Rack qualification.

\$server_pool_qual | Add-UcsRackQualification -MaxId 1 -MinId 1[1]

Remove a Server Pool policy qualification.

\$server_pool_qual | Remove-UcsServerPoolQualification

Dynamic vNIC connection Policy

Create a Dynamic vNIC connection policy dy vnic conn with 54 dynamic vNICs and protection enabled for failover mode.

\$dy_vnic_conn = Add-UcsDynamicVnicConnPolicy -Name dy_vnic_conn -AdaptorProfileName Linux -DynamicEth 54 -Protection protected

Remove a Dynamic vNIC connection policy.

\$dy_vnic_conn | Remove-UcsDynamicVnicConnPolicy

Network Control Policy

Create a Network Control policy network_policy with CDP enabled and VIF configured to change the operational state of a vNIC to down when uplink connectivity is lost on the fabric interconnect.

\$network_policy = Get-UcsOrg -Level root | Add-UcsNetworkControlPolicy -Name network_policy -Cdp enabled
-UplinkFailAction link-down

Set Mac security for Network Control policy to allow forged MAC addresses.

\$network_policy | Set-UcsPortSecurityConfig -Forge allow

Set Mac security for Network Control policy so that after the first packet has been sent to the fabric interconnect, all other packets must use the same MAC address or they will be silently rejected by the fabric interconnect. This enables port security for the associated vNIC.

\$network_policy | Set-UcsPortSecurityConfig -Forge deny

Remove a Network Control policy.

\$network_policy | Remove-UcsNetworkControlPolicy

Privileges

List out all privileges on the UCS.

Get-UcsPrivilege

User Roles

Add a user role "test_role" with admin privileges.

Add-UcsRole -Name user_role -Priv admin

Change privileges for a user role to allow read-and-write access to fabric interconnect infrastructure, network security operations and read access to the rest of the system.

Get-UcsRole -Name user_role | Set-UcsRole -Priv ls-network

Set multiple privileges using Set-UcsRole.

Get-UcsRole -Name multi_priv_role | Set-UcsRole -Priv "ls-network", "ls-qos"

Get all user roles in UCS.

Get-UcsRole

Get a user role by name.

Get-UcsRole -Name multi_priv_role

Remove a user role.

Get-UcsRole -Name multi_priv_role | Remove-UcsRole

Locales

Add a Locale.

Add-UcsLocale -Name asia_pacific -Descr "Locale for Asia Pacific users"

Get all locales.

Get-UcsLocale

Add an org to a locale.

Get-UcsLocale -Name asia_pacific | Add-UcsAaaOrg -Name org_asia_pacific -OrgDn org-root/org-Finance Remove a locale.

Get-UcsLocale -Name asia_pacific | Remove-UcsLocale

User Accounts

Add a local user.

\$user = Add-UcsLocalUser -Name jdoe -Pwd Passw0rdJdoe

Edit a local user.

\$user | Set-UcsLocalUser -FirstName John -Lastname Doe

Add to a user.

\$user | Add-UcsUserRole -Name user_role

Remove a local user.

Get-UcsLocalUser -Name jdoe | Remove-UcsLocalUser

Remote Authentication – RADIUS

Set global configuration for RADIUS authentication.

Set-UcsRadiusGlobalConfig -Descr "RADIUS authentication configuration" -Timeout 20 -Retries 3 -Force

Create a RADIUS server instance with server key "test1234" and maximum 2 retries.

Add-UcsRadiusProvider -Name "192.168.23.84" -Key test1234 -Retries 2

Set RADIUS as default authentication.

Set-UcsDefaultAuth -Realm radius

Remote Authentication – TACACS

Set global configuration for TACACS authentication.

Set-UcsTacacsGlobalConfig -Descr "TACACS authentication configuration" -Timeout 20 -Retries 3

Add a TACACS Provider.

Add-UcsTacacsProvider -Name "192.168.23.84" -Key test1234

Set TACACS as default authentication.

Get-UcsNativeAuth | Set-UcsNativeAuth -DefLogin tacacs

Remote Authentication – LDAP

Set global configuration for LDAP authentication.

Set-UcsLdapGlobalConfig -Descr 'LDAP authentication configuration' -Timeout 20 -Retries 3 -Force

Add a LDAP Provider.

add-UcsLdapProvider -Attribute 'CiscoAVPair' -Basedn 'CN=Users,DC=qasamlab,DC=com' -FilterValue 'cn=\$userid' -Key 'Bbv03515' -Name '10.193.23.84' -Rootdn 'CN=Administrator,CN=Users,DC=qasamlab,DC=com'

Set LDAP as default authentication.

Get-UcsNativeAuth | Set-UcsNativeAuth -DefLogin ldap

RADIUS Provider

Create a RADIUS server instance with server key "test1234" and maximum 2 retries.

Add-UcsRadiusProvider -Name "192.168.23.84" -Key test1234 -Retries 2

Add a RADIUS provider group and set it as the default remote authentication.

```
Get-UcsRadiusGlobalConfig | Add-UcsProviderGroup -Name radiusprovidergroup1 Get-UcsProviderGroup -Name radiusprovidergroup1 | Add-UcsProviderReference -Name "192.168.23.84" Get-UcsNativeAuth | Set-UcsNativeAuth -DefLogin radius Get-UcsDefaultAuth | Set-UcsDefaultAuth -ProviderGroup radiusprovidergroup1
```

TACACS Provider

Add a TACACS provider.

Add-UcsTacacsProvider -Name "192.168.23.84" -Key test1234

Add a TACACS provider group and set it as the default remote authentication.

```
Get-UcsTacacsGlobalConfig | Add-UcsProviderGroup -Name tacacsprovidergroup1
Get-UcsProviderGroup -Name tacacsprovidergroup1 | Add-UcsProviderReference -Name "192.168.23.84"
Get-UcsNativeAuth | Set-UcsNativeAuth -DefLogin tacacs
Get-UcsDefaultAuth | Set-UcsDefaultAuth -ProviderGroup tacacsprovidergroup1
```

LDAP Provider

Add an LDAP provider.

```
add-UcsLdapProvider -Attribute 'CiscoAVPair' -Basedn 'CN=Users, DC=qasamlab, DC=com' -FilterValue 'cn=$userid' -Key 'Bbv03515' -Name '192.168.23.84' -Rootdn 'CN=Administrator, CN=Users, DC=qasamlab, DC=com'
```

Add an LDAP provider group and set it as the default remote authentication.

```
Get-UcsLdapGlobalConfig | Add-UcsProviderGroup -Name ldapprovidergroup1

Get-UcsProviderGroup -Name ldapprovidergroup1 | Add-UcsProviderReference -Name "192.168.23.84"

Get-UcsNativeAuth | Set-UcsNativeAuth -DefLogin ldap

Get-UcsDefaultAuth | Set-UcsDefaultAuth -ProviderGroup ldapprovidergroup1
```

Authentication Domains

Authentication Domains configure simultaneous support for different authentication methods (local, TACACS+, RADIUS, and LDAP/Active Directory) and provider groups.

Configure a TACAS Provider Group with a TACACS Provider.

```
$tp = Add-UcsTacacsProvider -Name "192.168.23.84" -Key test1234
$tpg = Get-UcsTacacsGlobalConfig | Add-UcsProviderGroup -Name tacacs_pg $tpg | Add-UcsProviderReference -Name
$tp.Name
```

Create an Authentication Domain and add a reference to the TACACS Provider group.

```
$ad = Add-UcsAuthDomain -Name adtacacs
$ad | Get-UcsAuthDomainDefaultAuth | pSet-UcsAuthDomainDefaultAuth -Realm
tacacs-ProviderGroup tacacs_pg
```

Now if a user logs in from the console, GUI or XML API with the user name being "ucs-adtacacs\user" the TACACS configuration created above will be used for authentication.

Communication Services

Get UCS Web Session Limits, which define the maximum number of concurrent web sessions (both GUI and xml) permitted access to the system at any one time.

Get-UcsWebSessionLimit

Set Web Session Limit for the user to 30 and an overall session limit of 255.

Set-UcsWebSessionLimit -SessionsPerUser 30 -TotalSessions 255

Communication Services - Telnet

Get UCS telnet configuration.

Get-UcsTelnet

Allow telnet connections.

Set-UcsTelnet -AdminState enabled -Descr "Telnet configuration for UCS"

Communication Services - CIM XML

Get UCS CIM XML configuration.

Get-UcsCimXml

Enable the CIM XML service.

Set-UcsCimXml -AdminState enabled

Communication Services - SNMP

Get UCS SNMP configuration.

Get-UcsSnmp

Enable SNMP with community string being "public", system contact person being "CiscoSystems" and location of the host being "Bangalore".

Set-UcsSnmp -Descr "SNMP config for UCS" -AdminState enabled -SysContact CiscoSystems -SysLocation Bangalore -Community public

Get a UCS SNMP user.

Get-UcsSnmpUser

Add a UCS SNMP user.

Add-UcsSnmpUser -Name joe -Auth md5 -Privpwd Joe@Cisco -Pwd Joe@Cisco -UseAes true

Set a UCS SNMP user.

Get-UcsSnmpUser -Name joe | Set-UcsSnmpUser -Auth sha -UseAes false

Remove a UCS SNMP user.

Get-UcsSnmpUser -Name joe | Remove-UcsSnmpUser

Get a UCS SNMP trap.

Get-UcsSnmpTrap

Add a UCS SNMP trap.

Add-UcsSnmpTrap -Hostname 168.65.120.32 -Community public -NotificationType traps -Port 162 -V3Privilege noauth -Version v3

Set UCS SNMP configuration.

Get-UcsSnmpTrap -Hostname 168.65.120.32 | Set-UcsSnmpTrap -Community public -NotificationType informs -Port 162 -V3Privilege auth -Version v1

Remove UCS SNMP configuration.

Get-UcsSnmpTrap -Hostname 168.65.120.32 | Remove-UcsSnmpTrap

Communication Services – HTTP

Get UCS http configuration.

Get-UcsHttp

Set UCS http configuration to enable http and enable http to https redirection.

Set-UcsHttp -AdminState enabled -RedirectState enabled

Communication Services - HTTPS

Get UCS https configuration.

Get-UcsHttps

Create a keyring with a key size of 1024 bits.

Add-UcsKeyring -Name keyring1024 -Modulus mod1024

Create a certificate request passing the required subject name(hostname of the machine).

Get-UcsKeyRing -Name keyring2048 | Add-UcsCertRequest -SubjName savbu-pti01

Get the certificate for the generated certificate request and have it installed on the client machine. Verify it by running "certmgr.msc"

Add a Trust Point.

Add-UcsTrustPoint -Name TPkeyring1024

Set a certificate chain for TP.

Get-UcsTrustPoint -Name TPkeyring1024 | Set-UcsTrustPoint -CertChain " ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE---- MIIEODCCA4igAwIBAGIQMjE/6XYi/a9CU8PPgR20ZDANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADBU MRIwEAYKCZImiZPyLGQBGRYCaW4xGTAXBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEZFglxYXNhbS1sYWIx FDASBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEZFgR1Y3NtMQ0wCwYDVQQDEwRVQ1NNMB4XDTEwMDcxNjEy MzM1N1oXDTE1MDcxNjEyNDIzNFowVDESMBAGCgmSJomT8ixkARkWAmluMRkwFwYK CZImiZPyLGQBGRYJcWFzYW0tbGFiMRQwEgYKCZImiZPyLGQBGRYEdWNzbTENMAsG A1UEAxMEVUNTTTCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBAOh2Cgcm ${\tt EVzdGCMf8FQy4SpLgeDXAn8DbobDdKbcH7txYRUMPCRmktYeEjV1QhfMPu1hAs5B}$ cDCbAG0wN7InoGexsNQVhdAQpY7S18h0iml/GiR9XWbhcfaanbxDXUBep0ve07UU 6kDnVwxGh9uQrgAgrI5oPatbbiE4zbjUlD2WYjZQ3UH+UGOP+Ub3OcaL+OHteHQh ${\tt dQWt/EuAprJeUp4jVjZwiaTbC8URAedMy8DjzP3WsbxMS+CHtF/TZ/dHBt+Z3ptK}$ syomrXro2/Kv0HW19o921ryXHnz133sSDmFJ//LVbvZLqD2PM2UzZuX/+4C5S+44 ${\tt Hghlv1uiNQ3yRDcCAwEAAaOCAWwwggFoMAsGA1UdDwQEAwIBhjAPBgNVHRMBAf8E}$ $\verb|BTADAQH/MB0GA1UdDgQWBBRG311HsV1u/dVTpUmIc9MNs4r/+DCCARUGA1UdHwSC||$ AQwwggEIMIIBBKCCAQCggf2GgbxsZGFwOi8vL0NOPVVDU00sQ049YmxyLXNhbS1x YS1hYWExLENOPUNEUCxDTj1QdWJsaWMlMjBLZXklMjBTZXJ2aWNlcyxDTj1TZXJ2

aWN1cyxDTj1Db25maWd1cmF0aW9uLERDPXVjc20sREM9cWFzYW0tbGFiLERDPWlu
P2N1cnRpZmljYXRlUmV2b2NhdGlvbkxpc3Q/YmFzZT9vYmplY3RDbGFzcz1jUkxE
aXN0cmlidXRpb25Qb21udIY8aHR0cDovL2Jsci1zYW0tcWEtYWFhMS51Y3NtLnFh
c2FtLWxhYi5pbi9DZXJ0RW5yb2xsL1VDU00uY3JsMBAGCSsGAQQBgjcVAQQDAgEA
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4IBAQBeuIZYIeI07ZhXa1PjCs/YeBdR+S7+i0GKDYJq
nLtyWAua8YMyJQ57vJFB015MbEmHPt2JaKmFGRSYTMfLH417Z7vQUsPkaW5hlkWk
zQ4/VQusHEasioazFHbfSDPVzA9IRd71TNHGp5ruVoaThQJUouavcnYSp5FFeOCM
xQcFUtGTk1/1XHoRv8ROwHjv24YXLPpxC+7DwMtmKLS00MGP8su9+nf4OrLGB2M1
0cVhfAqwliMoVTfg6uzkI6xcss3xI1y7tuFOBZ60CkBvD+1C7ZhYe212RN75Uo6Z
jL77q422uodkMO5TSqj6pbI/wJmIQMsS45NDitoM90x7TpvZ -----END CERTIFICATE-----"

Set a TP and certificate for a key ring.

Get-UcsKeyRing keyring1024 | Set-UcsKeyRing -Tp TPkeyring1024 -Cert " ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE---- MIIFnzCCBlegAwIBAgIKRy4WzAAAAAAADTANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADBUMRIwEAYK CZImiZPyLGQBGRYCaW4xGTAXBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEZFglxYXNhbS1sYWIxFDASBgoJ kiaJk/IsZAEZFqR1Y3NtMQ0wCwYDVQQDEwRVQ1NNMB4XDTExMTIwMTEzMzYwOVoX DTEYMTIwMTEZNDYwOVowFjEUMBIGA1UEAxMLc2F2YnUtdHBpMDEwggEiMA0GCSqG SIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQC4eSJyX6J/I1ZSwSFXu+NmEW0BE0I0EEX/ zpMJ/yxh/SJKsgybicPAr0SRzgDKRhEIoIsMSMXigTFpErMgF4tkT32HNUeL1b5M N+e/lcx3M7ogQfDWUOMBFVP9qMCTkpn7cPAnOEoYaCx4J79XQJ6RyX1+uI1qAiCh tz1jPWnTvzNGTacp/opZYwtJ0f5iY6ERNQ8WKJke56oulzUhcq40y3oKX/i1GfkI ${\tt IG8GT26Yv6a+KPKdRDSO+q+GZSqkmIcghETPYThCt3CWD07AYxRyQtNnGDzN10Ed}$ MIICqzAfBgNVHREBAf8EFTATggtzYXZidS10cGkwMYcECkF4JTAdBgNVHQ4EFgQU ns86LcentpqeJmT814OjcfYt2DQwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAURt5dR7Fdbv3VU6VJiHPT DbOK//gwggEVBgNVHR8EggEMMIIBCDCCAQSgggEAoIH9hoG8bGRhcDovLy9DTj1V Q1NNLENOPWJsci1zYW0tcWEtYWFhMSxDTj1DRFAsQ049UHVibGljJTIwS2V5JTIw U2VydmljZXMsQ049U2VydmljZXMsQ049Q29uZmlndXJhdGlvbixEQz11Y3NtLERD PXFhc2FtLWxhYixEQz1pbj9jZXJ0aWZpY2F0ZVJ1dm9jYXRpb25MaXN0P2Jhc2U/ $\verb|b2JqZWN0Q2xhc3M9Y1JMRG1zdHJpYnV0aW9uUG9pbnSGPGh0dHA6Ly9ibHItc2Ft|\\$ LXFhLWFhYTEudWNzbS5xYXNhbS1sYWIuaW4vQ2VydEVucm9sbC9VQ1NNLmNybDCC AS0GCCsGAQUFBwEBBI1BHzCCARswgawGCCsGAQUFBzAChoGfbGRhcDovLy9DTj1V Q1NNLENOPUFJQSxDTj1QdWJsaWMlMjBLZXklMjBTZXJ2aWNlcyxDTj1TZXJ2aWNl cyxDTj1Db25maWd1cmF0aW9uLERDPXVjc20sREM9cWFzYW0tbGFiLERDPWluP2NB Q2VydGlmaWNhdGU/YmFzZT9vYmplY3RDbGFzcz1jZXJ0aWZpY2F0aW9uQXV0aG9y $\verb|aXR5MGoGCCsGAQUFBzAChl5odHRw0i8vYmxyLXNhbS1xYS1hYWExLnVjc20ucWFz| \\$ YW0tbGFiLmluL0NlcnRFbnJvbGwvYmxyLXNhbS1xYS1hYWExLnVjc20ucWFzYW0t bGFiLmluX1VDU00uY3J0MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4IBAQB01hNPBrDqfu9hrI1E o6Y9GghHNZ4cxwPlhz0U9w4iskWNVHlw7IJdf7U+WUvulGWcyln73i2r2sOeQqy3 Isx/2dKS4n3YX7x1hYpMubPCCL1fHIPqQwh9ddlHyKFtxqMd6/jQJyhLNOX5yz4h HpORfl4xGGWYsv1Jjqqr2jREbV3kE/uOq0NNi+2efWS0YHq9SESKqu1cXgMl5LyC ZKQYolUseboYK90XgLc2yww+75UcgynLZRxgbAPstNeqPTWh12kWogr04zkpo18Y Vz2yB2BA6/ugCbtJuIw352HzzHU9FM4Y7R0r9k75CNjA9wScu56hX2rfIFUwnSMT gWvg -----END CERTIFICATE---- "

Set the keyring for https.

Get-UcsHttps | Set-UcsHttps -KeyRing keyring1024 -AdminState enabled

Access UCSM through https should now give no "untrusted connection" message.

Generic Managed Object Queries

Get Managed Object of a specific DN.

Get-UcsManagedObject -Dn "sys/chassis-1"

Get all Managed Objects of a particular class.

Get-UcsManagedObject -ClassId faultInst

Get DNs of Managed Objects of a particular class.

Get-UcsManagedObject -ClassId faultInst -DnList

Get names of all Service Profiles from org-root.

Get-UcsOrg -Level root | Get-UcsManagedObject -ClassId lsServer | Select Name

Get immediate children of org-root.

Get-UcsOrg -Level root | Get-UcsChild

Get parent of a Managed Object.

Get-UcsOrg -Name Finance | Get-UcsParent

Generic Managed Object Cmdlets

Create a VLAN using parent object.

\$propMap = @{Name = "lan_cloud_vlan"; Id = 500} Get-UcsLanCloud | Add-UcsManagedObject -ClassId FabricVlan
-PropertyMap \$propMap

Create a VLAN using parent object, modify if already existing.

\$propMap = @{Name = "lan_cloud_vlan"; Id = 500} Add-UcsManagedObject -ClassId FabricVlan -PropertyMap \$propMap
-Parent (Get-UcsLanCloud) -ModifyPresent

Create a VLAN using DN.

\$propMap = @{Dn = "fabric/lan/net-lan_cloud_vlan"; Name = "lan_cloud_vlan"; Id = 500} Add-UcsManagedObject
-ClassId FabricVlan -PropertyMap \$propMap

Modify a VLAN using Managed Object.

\$vlan = Get-UcsVlan -Name 'lan_cloud_vlan' \$propMap = @{DefaultNet = "yes"; Id = 501; Sharing = "primary"}
Set-UcsManagedObject -PropertyMap \$propMap -ManagedObject \$vlan

Modify a VLAN using DN.

\$propMap = @{Dn = "fabric/lan/net-lan_cloud_vlan"; DefaultNet = "yes"; Id = 501; Sharing = "primary"}
Set-UcsManagedObject -PropertyMap \$propMap -ClassId FabricVlan

Remove a Managed Object.

Get-UcsOrg -Name Finance | Remove-UcsManagedObject

Generic Cmdlet –XmlTag

The XmlTag parameter enables us to work with unknown Managed Objects.

Create a multicast policy.

Add-UcsManagedObject -XmlTag fabricMulticastPolicy -PropertyMap @{Dn="org-root/mc-policy-multicastpolicy"; Name="multicastpolicy"; PolicyOwner="local"; SnoopingState="enabled"; QuerierState="disabled";}

Set snooping state to disabled for multicast policy.

Set-UcsManagedObject -XmlTag fabricMulticastPolicy -PropertyMap @{Dn = "org-root/mc-policy-multicastpolicy"; SnoopingState="disabled";}

XtraProperty in Get/Add/Set cmdlets

The XtraProperty parameter ensures that unknown Managed Object properties can also be used in Get/Add/Set cmdlets.

Create a service profile with extra property ExtIPPoolName.

Add-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name -XtraProperty @{ExtIPPoolName = "ext-mgmt";}

Get all service profiles that have ext-mgmt as ExtIPPoolName.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -XtraProperty @{ExtIPPoolName = "ext-mgmt";}

CCO Integration

There are 2 Cmdlets related to CCO Image handling:

Get a List of Images from CCO.

\$images = Get-UcsCcoImageList

Select 2.0(1x) images and download the images. Get-UcsCcolmage first checks if the image is available locally. If the image exists and md5sum matches, no download is initiated. If not, the image is downloaded.

\$images | where { \$_.ImageName -like "ucs-k9-bundle*2.0.1*" } | Get-UcsCcoImage -Path C:\work\Images

Re-running the command should not initiate any downloads, if the previous download was successful.

\$images | where { \$_.ImageName -like "ucs-k9-bundle*2.0.1*" } | Get-UcsCcoImage -Path C:\work\Images

A proxy can be used if required.

\$proxy = New-Object System.Net.WebProxy \$proxy.Address = "http:\\curl>:<port>" \$proxy.UseDefaultCredentials =
\$false \$proxy.Credentials = New-Object System.Net.NetworkCredential("<username>", "<password>") \$images =
Get-UcsCcoImageList -Proxy \$proxy

Upload Firmware

Upload an image to the Default Ucs system.

Send-UcsFirmware -LiteralPath C:\work\Images\ucs-k9-bundle-b-series.2.0.1q.B.bin

Export to XML

Export the configuration of a Managed Object.

This cmdlet exports the configuration of the managed object and the entire hierarchy.

Export-UcsXml -Dn org-root/org-Finance -Hierarchy -LiteralPath C:\cmd.xml

Export the xml of a Managed Object into a file.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name | Export-UcsMoXml | Out-File c:\mo.xml

Import from XML

Import the configuration from the XML file.

Import-UcsXml -LiteralPath C:\cmd.xml

Import xml of a Managed Object and convert it into objects.

Import-UcsMoXml -LiteralPath c:\mo.xml

KVM

Start a KVM session for service profile and add a customized title for the KVM window.

Get-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name -LimitScope | Start-UcsKvmSession -FrameTitle "Custom Frame Title & | 1 2 3"

Start a KVM session for blade 1.

Start-UcsKvmSession -Blade (Get-UcsBlade -SlotId 1 -ChassisId 1)

Start a KVM session for rack unit 1.

Start-UcsKvmSession -RackUnit (Get-UcsRackUnit -Id 1)

Launch the UCSM GUI

Connect to UCSM and launch the UCSM GUI.

Start-UcsGuiSession

Enable secure Logging.



Some XML transactions are treated as secure and the UCSM GUI does not log them. The LogAllXml flag enables secure logging.

Start-UcsGuiSession -LogAllXml

Launch the UCSM GUI using the Get-UcsStatus and Start-UcsGuiSession cmdlets.

Get-UcsStatus | Start-UcsGuiSession

Launch the UCSM GUI without Connecting to UCSM.

Start-UcsGuiSession -Name 10.65.**.**

UCS Statistics

Get current Ucs statistics for Chassis Id 1 and Slot Id 1.

Get-UcsBlade -ChassisId 1 -SlotId 1 | Get-UcsStatistics -Current

Get Ucs statistics history for Chassis Id 1 and Slot Id 1.

Get-UcsBlade -ChassisId 1 -SlotId 1 | Get-UcsStatistics -History

Clear Ucs statistics.

Get-UcsManagedObject -Dn sys/chassis-1/blade-1/board/temp-stats | Clear-UcsStatistics

Transaction Impact

Get-UcsTransactionImpact cmdlet estimates the impact of a pending transaction. The cmdlet uses the ConfigEstimateImpact method and returns a UcsImpact object. A message that is similar to the message provided by UCS Manager GUI is provided as part of the UcsImpact object.

Start a transaction.

Start-UcsTransaction

Create a service profile.

\$sp = Add-UcsServiceProfile -Name sp_name

Create a vNIC.

\$eth0 = \$sp | Add-UcsVnic -Name eth0 -IdentPoolName empty_pool

Add a VLAN for vNIC, make it Native VLAN.

\$eth0 | Add-UcsVnicInterface -Name primary -DefaultNet true

Get Transaction Impact.

Get-UcsTransactionImpact

One can now observe that a UcsImpact object was returned, which indicates a config-failure for the service profile that would be created etc.

Cmdlet Meta Information

Get Meta information about all Managed Object mapped cmdlets.

Get-UcsCmdletMeta

Get Meta information about LsServer mapped cmdlets.

Get-UcsCmdletMeta -ClassId LsServer

View the hierarchy of the ServiceProfile (LsServer) class.

Get-UcsCmdletMeta -Noun UcsServiceProfile -Tree

Get Meta information for the UcsServiceProfile noun.

Get-UcsCmdletMeta -Noun UcsServiceProfile

See the Managed Object information for LsServer.

Get-UcsCmdletMeta -ClassId LsServer | Select -ExpandProperty MoMeta

See the Managed Object property information for LsServer.

Get-UcsCmdletMeta -ClassId LsServer | Select -ExpandProperty MoMeta | Select -ExpandProperty PropertyMeta

Compare-UcsManagedObject - Dn Translation

Create a service profile under org A. Assume that orgs A & B are in place already.

```
$org = Get-UcsOrg -Name A -LimitScope
$destOrg = Get-UcsOrg -Name B -LimitScope
$sp = Add-UcsServiceProfile -Org $org -Name abo
```

Create a translation map with DNs of entities that needs to be translated.

```
$xlateDn = @{ }
$xlateDn['org-root/org-A/ls-abc'] = 'org-root/org-B/ls-xyz'
```

Combine the translation map with Compare-UcsMo to see the changes required.

Compare-UcsManagedObject (Get-UcsServiceProfile -Org \$destOrg -Name xyz -LimitScope) (Get-UcsServiceProfile -Org \$org -Name abc -LimitScope) -XlateMap \$xlateDn

Combine the translation org with Compare to see the changes required.

Compare-UcsManagedObject (Get-UcsServiceProfile -Org \$destOrg -Name xyz -LimitScope) (Get-UcsServiceProfile -Org \$org -Name abc -LimitScope) -XlateOrg org-root/org-B

Sync a service profile from org A to org B while renaming it.

Sync-UcsManagedObject (Compare-UcsManagedObject (Get-UcsServiceProfile -Org \$destOrg -Name xyz -LimitScope) (Get-UcsServiceProfile -Org \$org -Name abc -LimitScope) -XlateMap \$xlateDn) -Force | select Dn

Compare-UcsManagedObject - GetPropertyDiff()

Use GetPropertyDiff() function on output of Compare- UcsManagedObject to see the difference in properties.

```
$sp1 = Get-UcsServiceProfile -Dn org-root/ls-abc
$sp2 = $sp1 | Set-UcsServiceProfile -Descr 'GetPropertyDiff Example' -Force
$diff = Compare-UcsManagedObject $sp1 $sp2
```

Display all the properties having difference. If \$diff is an array of objects, then GetPropertyDiff works on \$diff[<index>]

```
$diff.GetPropertyDiff()
```

For a specific property \$diff.

GetPropertyDiff('descr')

Include all operational properties of MOs in comparison

Compare-UcsManagedObject \$sp1 \$sp2 -IncludeOperational

Add Cmdlet - ModifyPresent Flag

The ModifyPresent option ensures that the add-cmdlets modify the MO, if it already exists, instead of returning an error.

Create a csv file with Name, Id pairs.

```
$("Name,Id"; foreach ($vlan in 501..510) { "vlan${vlan}, ${vlan}" } ) | Out-File c:\vlans.csv
```

Import the Name, Vlan pairs from the file and create those vlans.

```
$1c = Get-UcsLanCloud
Start-UcsTransaction
Import-Csv C:\vlans.csv | % { $1c | Add-UcsVlan -ModifyPresent -Name $_.Name -Id $_.Id }
Complete-UcsTransaction
```

Edit the csv file to edit the ids or add new vlans. Re-running the same Add-UcsVlan snippet above will result in an error, if existing VLANs created again (with or without changes). Invoking Add-UcsVlanpwith the ModifyPresent option, addresses this by modifying the VLANs instead, if they already exist.

```
$1c = Get-UcsLanCloud
Start-UcsTransaction
Import-Csv C:\vlans.csv | % { $1c | Add-UcsVlan -ModifyPresent -Name $_.Name -Id $_.Id }
Complete-UcsTransaction
```

5 Samples

You will find samples such as the following packaged with the installation.

Fetch all Global Policies

\$id=(Get-UcsPowerToolConfiguration).InstallDir
& "\${id}\Samples\Get-UcsGlobalPolicy.ps1" bgl-abcd18

6 Related Cisco UCS Documentation and Documentation Feedback

For more information, you can access related documents from the following links:

- Cisco UCS Documentation Roadmap
- Release Bundle Contents for Cisco UCS Software, Release 2.1

To provide technical feedback on this document, or to report an error or omission, please send your comments to ucs-docfeedback@external.cisco.com. We appreciate your feedback.

7 Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

For information on obtaining documentation, submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation:

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