Stability of opinion formation PDE model based on expanded non-local perceptual kernel

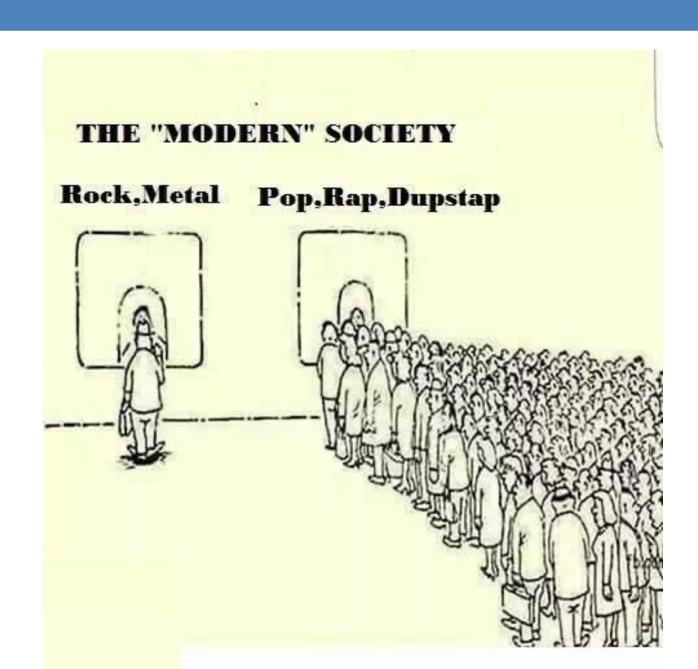
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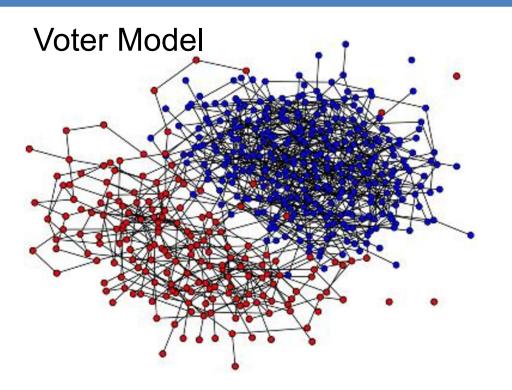
Funding thanks to the Watson Institute for Systems Excellence



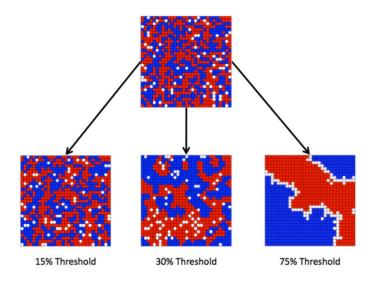




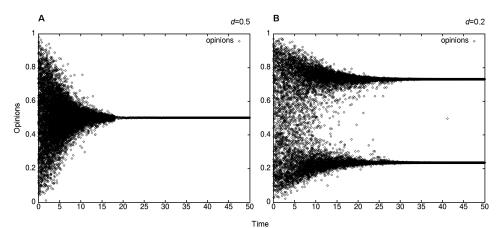
Models of polarization (discrete)



Schelling segregation



Deffaunt et al. 2000



More in *Social Physics* Jusup et al. (arXiv)

Overview

- Derivation of continuous model
- Nonlocal interaction kernel
- Numerical simulation
- Exploration of parameter space

- Continuous population density: $\rho = \rho(x, t)$ (Sayama 2020)
 - x = opinion space
 - t = time

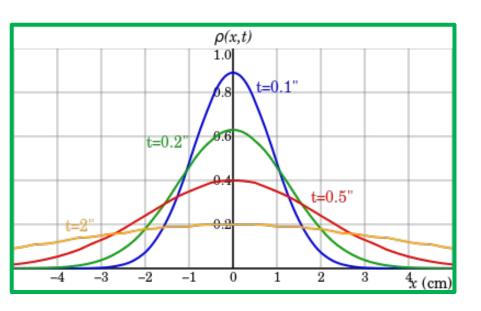
$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\nabla \cdot \vec{J}$$

• J = (Random movement) + (Movement toward popular opinions)

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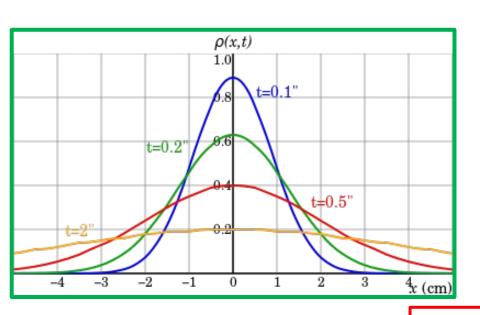
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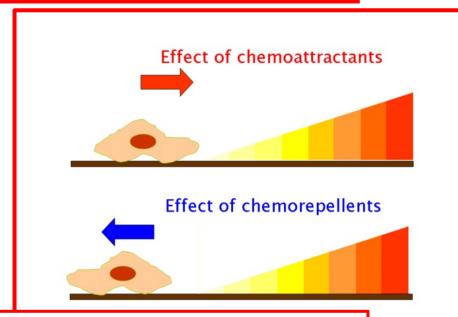


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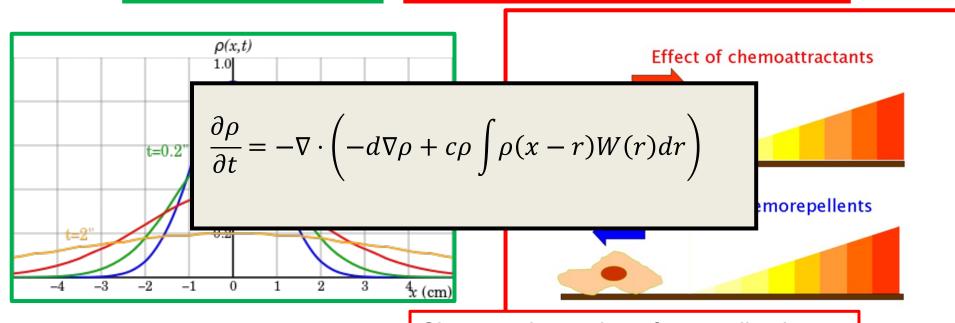
Chemotaxis: motion of organelles in response to chemical gradients (Keller and Segel 1970)

© Kohidai, L. 2008

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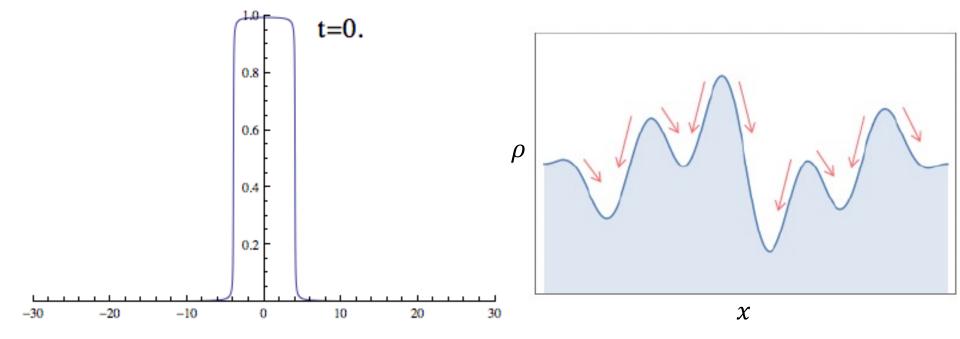


Chemotaxis: motion of organelles in response to chemical gradients (Keller and Segel 1970)

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Interpreting the PDE (diffusion)

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\nabla \cdot \left[-d\nabla \rho + c\rho \int \rho(x-r)W(r)dr \right]$$
Diffusion



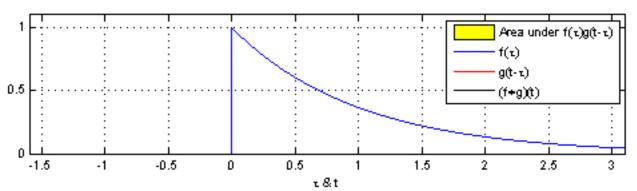
Credit: kondensat

Random motion

Interpreting the PDE

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\nabla \cdot \left(-d\nabla \rho + c\rho \int \rho(x - r)W(r)dr \right)$$

Nonlocal aggregation



Credit: Brian Amberg

Long range sampling of the opinion space

Shapes of nonlocal interactions

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\nabla \cdot \left(-d\nabla \rho + c\rho \int \rho(x-r) W(r) dr \right)$$

Interaction kernel

- W(r) ~ particle-based interaction potential
- For r > 0,
 - W(r) > 0, attraction
 - W(r) < 0, repulsion

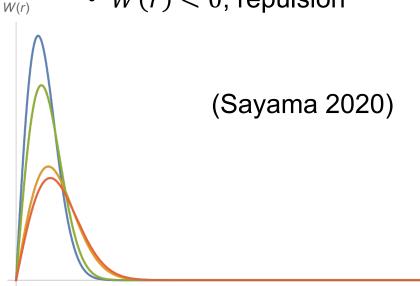
(Sayama 2020)

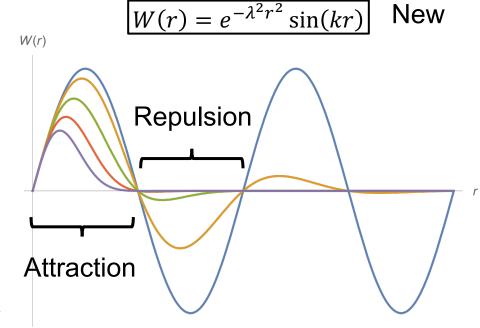
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Interaction kernel

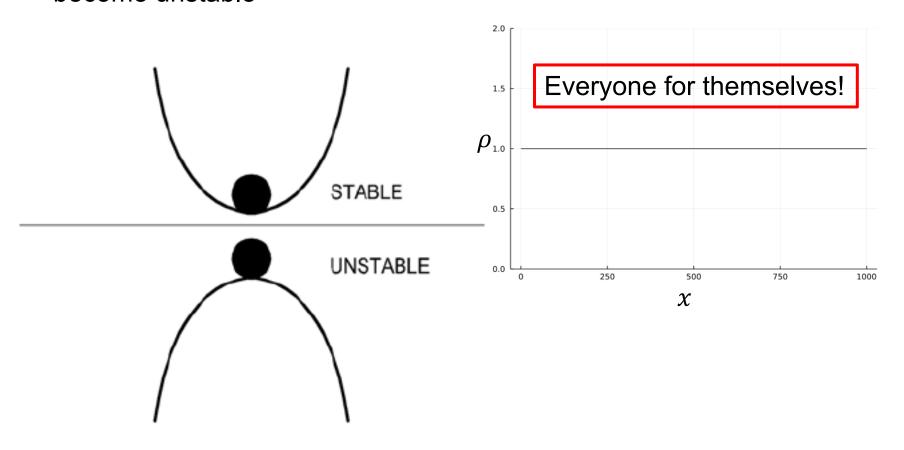
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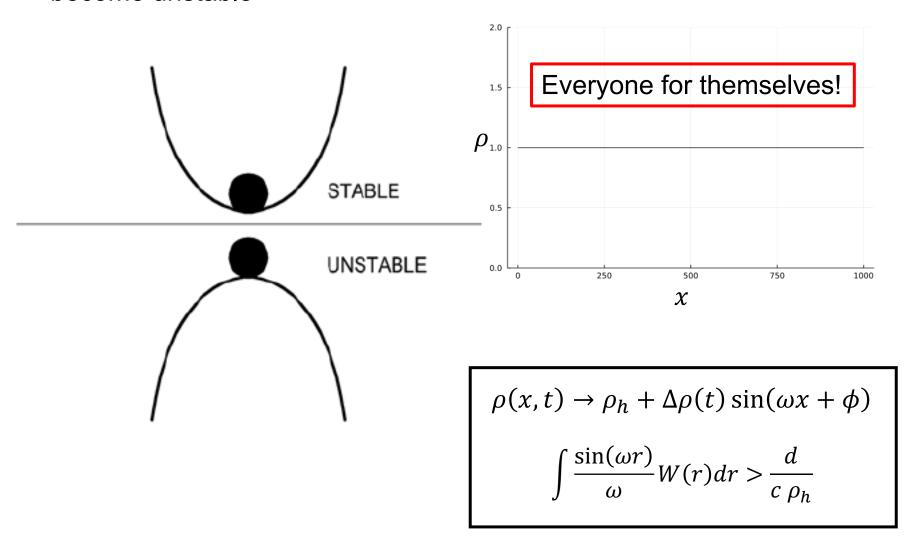
Onset of pattern formation

• Linear stability analysis: determines whether stationary states become unstable

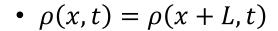


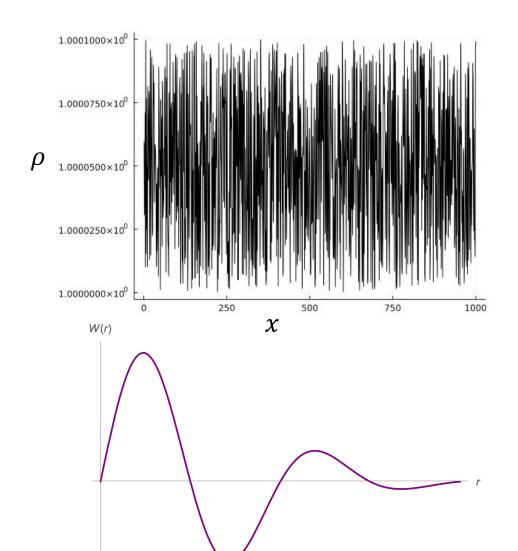
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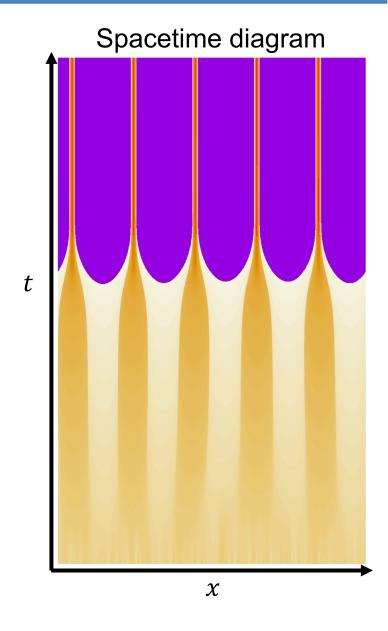
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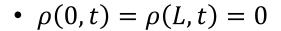
Simulation w/ periodic boundaries

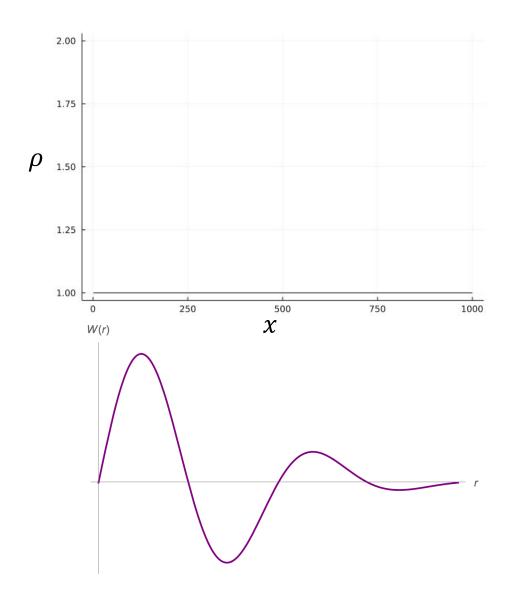


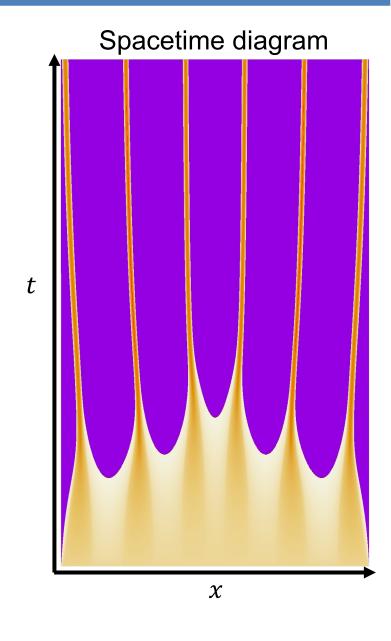


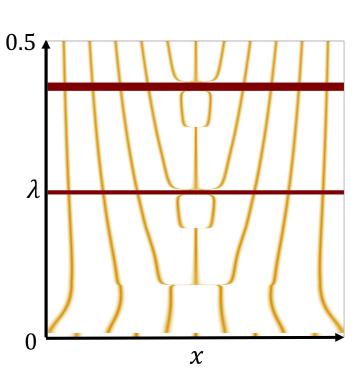


Simulation w/ hard boundaries

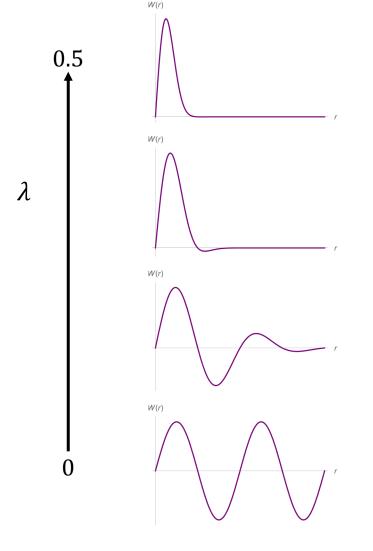




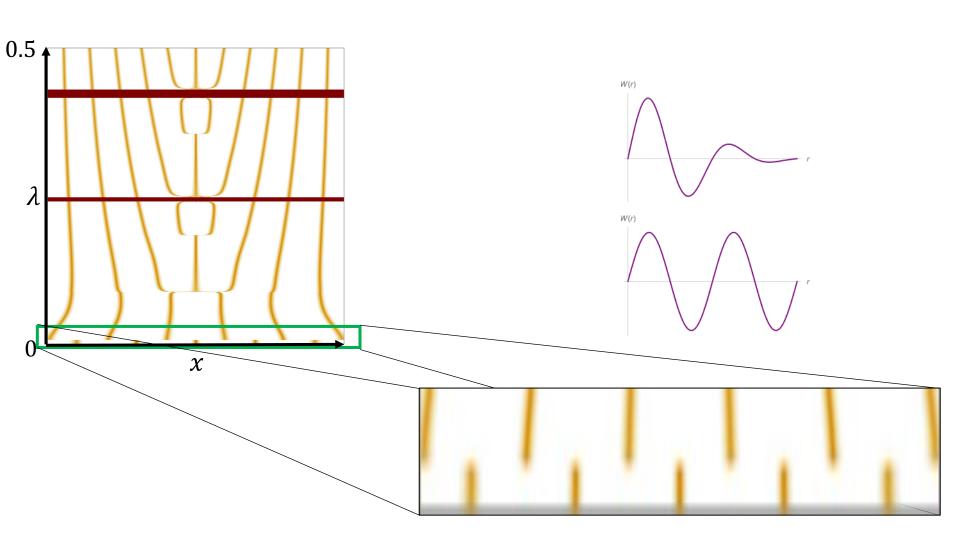


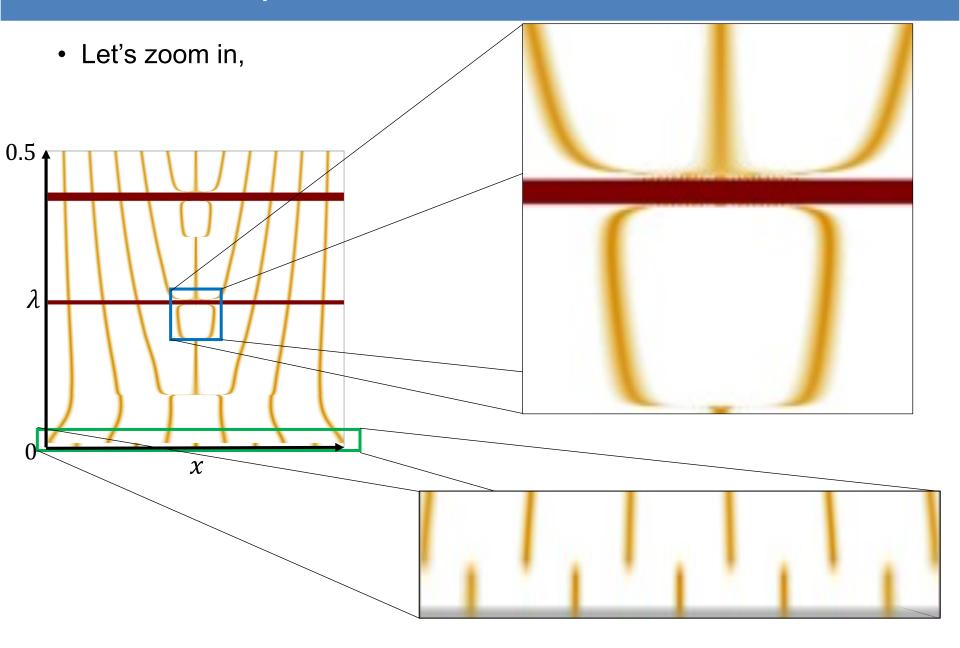


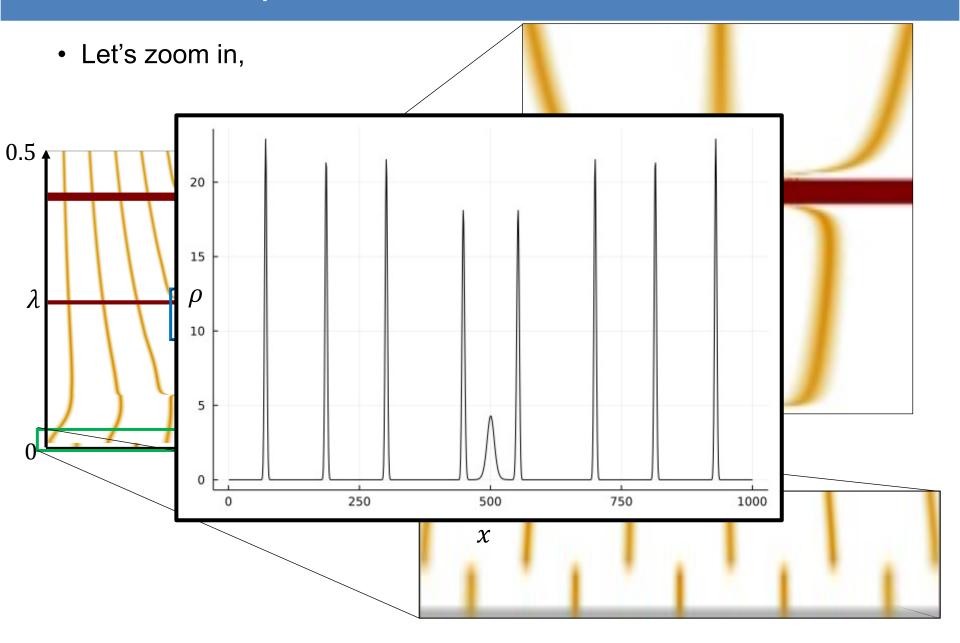
$$W(r) = e^{-\lambda^2 r^2} \sin(kr)$$



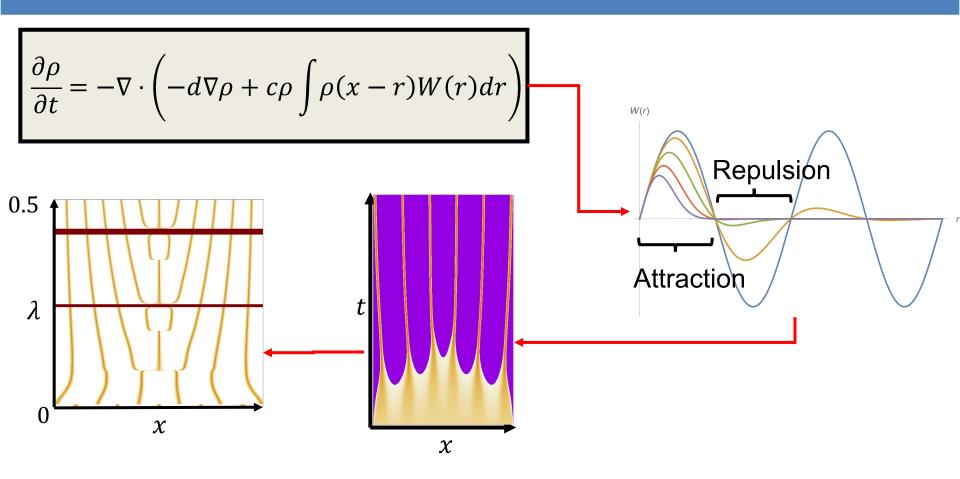
• Let's zoom in,



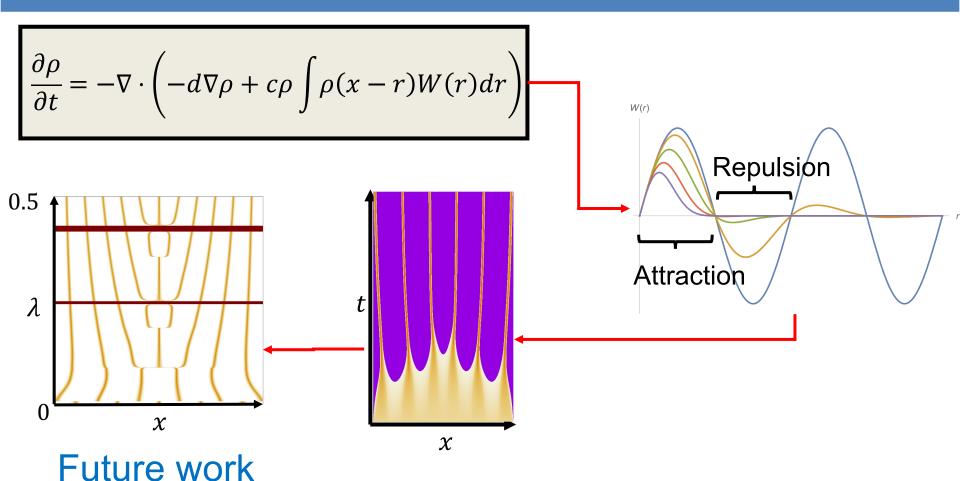




Discussion



Discussion



- 1. Are the opinion groups stable? (Multi-scale analysis of patterns)
- 2. Allow for varying total population (leading to spatiotemporal chaos)

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