## Calc III: Quiz 5 Solutions, Fall 2017

**Problem 1.** Evaluate the triple integral  $\int_0^3 \int_0^2 \int_0^1 xyz \, dx \, dy \, dz$ .

Solution. Because of the constant limits and the fact that the integrand is a product of single variable functions, we can evaluate the integral as

$$\int_0^3 \int_0^2 \int_0^1 xyz \, dx \, dy \, dz = \int_0^3 z \, dz \int_0^2 y \, dy \int_0^1 x \, dx$$
$$= \frac{z^2}{2} \Big|_{z=0}^3 \frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_{y=0}^2 \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{x=0}^2$$
$$= \frac{9}{2}.$$

**Problem 2.** Find the volume of the solid region lying inside the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$  and the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ , using cylindrical coordinates.

Solution. The cylinder admits a difficult description in spherical coordinates, whereas both surfaces are more or less easily described in cylindrical coordinates, where the sphere is given by  $r^2 + z^2 = 4$  and the cylinder by r = 1. The solid region contained in both shapes is therefore

$$E = \left\{ (r, \theta, z) : -\sqrt{4 - r^2} \le z \le \sqrt{4 - r^2}, \ 0 \le r \le 1, \ 0 \le \theta \le 2\pi \right\},$$

and the volume is therefore (remembering that  $dV = r dz dr d\theta$  in cylindrical coordinates)

$$Vol(E) = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \int_{-\sqrt{4-r^2}}^{\sqrt{4-r^2}} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$$
$$= 2\pi \int_0^1 2r\sqrt{4-r^2} \, dr$$
$$= \frac{4\pi}{3} (4^{3/2} - 3^{3/2}).$$

**Problem 3.** Find the volume of the solid region lying inside the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$  and the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , using spherical coordinates.

Solution. The sphere is given by  $\rho = 1$  in spherical coordinates, while the cone is given by  $\varphi = \pi/4$ . The region of integration is

$$E = \left\{ (\rho, \varphi, \theta) : 0 \leq \rho \leq 1, \ 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/4, \ 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi \right\},$$

and the volume is given by (remembering that  $dV=\rho^2\sin\varphi\,d\rho\,d\varphi\,d\theta)$ 

$$Vol(E) = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/4} \int_0^1 \rho^2 \sin \varphi \, d\rho \, d\varphi \, d\theta$$
$$= \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin \varphi \, d\varphi \int_0^1 \rho^2 \, d\rho$$
$$= 2\pi \left(\cos(0) - \cos(\pi/4)\right) (1/3)$$
$$= \frac{\pi}{3} (2 - \sqrt{2})$$