In 1. What is unit testing? Why is it important?

Answer:

Unit testing verifies that individual units (like methods or classes) work as expected in isolation. It ensures early detection of bugs, simplifies debugging, improves code quality, and makes refactoring safer.

2. What are the characteristics of a good unit test?

Answer:

A good unit test should be:

Fast (quick execution)

Isolated (independent of external systems like DB)

Repeatable (gives same result every time)

Readable (easy to understand)

Specific (tests one logical unit at a time)

2 3. Difference: Unit vs Integration vs Functional Testing?

Answer:

Unit Testing: Test individual methods/classes.

Integration Testing: Test how multiple components work together.

Functional Testing: Test the complete business flow from end-to-end.

2 4. How do you write a simple unit test using JUnit?

java

CopyEdit

@Test

void testSum() {

Calculator calc = new Calculator();

```
int result = calc.sum(2, 3);
  assertEquals(5, result);
}
2 5. Explain JUnit lifecycle annotations?
Answer:
@BeforeEach: Runs before each test method.
@AfterEach: Runs after each test method.
@BeforeAll: Runs once before all tests (static).
@AfterAll: Runs once after all tests (static).
2 6. Difference: @BeforeEach vs @BeforeAll?
Answer:
@BeforeEach: Runs before every test.
@BeforeAll: Runs once before any test (must be static).
2 7. How do you test exception handling in JUnit 5?
java
CopyEdit
@Test
void testException() {
  assertThrows(IllegalArgumentException.class, () -> {
    service.doSomething(null);
  });
}
```

```
2 8. What are parameterized tests in JUnit 5?
java
CopyEdit
@ParameterizedTest
@ValueSource(strings = {"test", "TEST", "TeSt"})
void testToLowerCase(String input) {
  assertEquals("test", input.toLowerCase());
}
② 9. What is mocking? Why Mockito?
Answer:
Mocking is simulating real dependencies using fake objects. Mockito allows us to isolate the
unit under test without invoking real services, DBs, or APIs.
2 10. How do you mock a dependency in a service?
java
CopyEdit
@Mock
UserRepository userRepository;
@InjectMocks
UserService userService;
2 11. Explain: @Mock, @InjectMocks, @Spy?
```

@Mock: Creates a mock instance of a class.

@InjectMocks: Injects mocks into the actual class being tested.
@Spy: Creates a partial mock (real methods unless stubbed).
2 12. Use of when().thenReturn()?
java
CopyEdit
when(repo.findById(1)).thenReturn(Optional.of(user));
13. Difference: @Mock vs @Spy?
Answer:
@Mock: Everything is mocked.
@Spy: Real object, unless method is stubbed.
2 14. How to verify method calls in Mockito?
java
CopyEdit
verify(service).sendEmail(anyString());
2 15. How to simulate exceptions?
java
CopyEdit
when(service.callAPI()).thenThrow(new RuntimeException("Error"));
If 16. Unit test for Spring @Service class?
java

```
CopyEdit
@Test
void testGetUser() {
  when(userRepository.findById(1)).thenReturn(Optional.of(user));
  User result = userService.getUser(1);
  assertEquals("John", result.getName());
}
2 17. How to test Spring REST controllers?
Answer:
Use @WebMvcTest and MockMvc.
2 18. How to test REST endpoints without starting server?
Answer:
Use MockMvc with @WebMvcTest:
java
CopyEdit
@Autowired
private MockMvc mockMvc;
@Test
void testGetUser() throws Exception {
  mockMvc.perform(get("/users/1"))
     .andExpect(status().isOk());
}
```

Answer: MockMvc is used to test Spring MVC controllers by simulating HTTP requests/responses without deploying the app. 20. How to mock repositories? java CopyEdit @Mock private UserRepository userRepository; 21. Unit test for a utility or @Component class? java CopyEdit @Test void testUtilityMethod() { assertEquals("Hello", Utility.greet("Hello")); } 22. How to test classes with @Autowired dependencies? Answer: Use @InjectMocks to inject mocks into the class under test. 23. Unit test a method using RestTemplate? java

2 19. What is MockMvc?

CopyEdit

```
@Mock
RestTemplate restTemplate;
@Test
void testApiCall() {
  when(restTemplate.getForObject(anyString(), eq(String.class)))
    .thenReturn("response");
}
24. How to mock static methods or final classes?
Answer:
Use Mockito's inline mocking or PowerMock:
java
CopyEdit
try (MockedStatic<UtilClass> mock = mockStatic(UtilClass.class)) {
  mock.when(() -> UtilClass.staticMethod()).thenReturn("Mocked");
}
22. How to test classes using env variables or config?
Answer:
Use @TestPropertySource or mock Environment:
java
CopyEdit
@Mock
Environment env;
```

when(env.getProperty("app.mode")).thenReturn("dev");
26. Common mistakes in unit testing?
Answer:
Testing multiple units in one test
Not isolating external dependencies
Not cleaning up test data
Ignoring edge cases
27. Should we test private methods?
Answer: Generally no. Private logic should be tested indirectly via public methods.
28. What is code coverage? Ideal %?
Answer: It shows how much code is tested. 70–80% is good, but focus on quality not just quantity.
29. How unit testing helps with legacy code?
Answer: Adding tests ensures that refactoring or adding features doesn't break existing behavior.
② 30. Tools for coverage like Jacoco or SonarQube?
Answer:
Jacoco plugin for Maven/Gradle generates coverage reports.
SonarQube analyzes quality and coverage as part of CI/CD.

```
2 31. Unit test for discount logic?
java
CopyEdit
@Test
void testDiscount() {
  double result = service.calculateDiscount("PREMIUM", 500);
  assertEquals(50, result); // 10% discount
}
2 32. Unit test for controller returning list?
java
CopyEdit
mockMvc.perform(get("/users"))
    .andExpect(status().isOk())
    .andExpect(jsonPath("$.length()").value(2));
2 33. Test method with DB save and email send?
java
CopyEdit
@Test
void testSaveOnly() {
  when(repo.save(any(User.class))).thenReturn(user);
  service.registerUser(user);
  verify(repo).save(user);
  verify(emailService, never()).sendEmail(anyString());
```

```
}
```

```
② 34. Test external API with RestTemplate?

java

CopyEdit

@Test

void testExternalCall() {

   when(restTemplate.getForObject("https://api.com", String.class))

       .thenReturn("success");

   String result = service.callApi();

   assertEquals("success", result);
}
```