

Μαθηματικά Γ' Γυμνασίου

Μάθημα 2: Πράξεις με ρητούς

1

Να κάνετε τις πράξεις:

α) $2 + 3 \cdot 4 - 12 : (-4) + 1$

β) $2 + 3 \cdot (4 - 12) : (-4 + 1)$

γ) $-3 \cdot (-2) - 5 + 4 : (-2) - 6$

δ) $-8 : (-3 + 5) - 4 \cdot (-2 + 6)$

α) $\underline{2 + 3 \cdot 4 - 12 : (-4) + 1} =$

Σημειώνω τους όρους. Εδώ έχω 4 συνολικά. Υπολογίζω τον κάθε όρο ξεχωριστά.

$$2 + 12 + 3 + 1 = 18$$

β) $\underline{2 + 3 \cdot (4 - 12) : (-4 + 1)} \Rightarrow 2 \text{ όροι μόνο. Κάνω τις πράξεις}$

$$2 + 3 \cdot (-8) : (-3) = 2 + (-24) : (-3) = 2 + 8 = 10$$

γ) $\underline{-3 \cdot (-2) - 5 + 4 : (-2) - 6} = \cancel{-5} - 2 - \cancel{6} = -7$
4 όροι

δ) $\underline{-8 : (-3 + 5) - 4 \cdot (-2 + 6)} = -8 : 2 - 4 \cdot 4 = -4 - 16 = -20$
2 όροι

4

Να υπολογίσετε τις παραστάσεις:

$$\alpha) \frac{2}{3} - \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - \left(+\frac{1}{12}\right) \quad \beta) -\left(-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{5}{6}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{3} - \frac{11}{6}\right)$$

$$\gamma) -5 \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} - 5 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \quad \delta) \left(1 - \frac{7}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{4}{5}\right) - \frac{3}{5} : \left(-\frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$\alpha) \underbrace{\frac{2}{3}} - \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)} - \underbrace{\left(+\frac{1}{12}\right)} \quad 4 \text{ όροι} :$$

$$\frac{\frac{4}{2}}{3} + \frac{\frac{3}{1}}{4} - \frac{\frac{6}{1}}{2} - \frac{\frac{1}{1}}{12} \quad \text{ΕΚΠ} = 12 = \frac{\overbrace{8} + \overbrace{3} - \underbrace{6} - \underbrace{1}}{12} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

4

Να υπολογίσετε τις παραστάσεις:

$$\alpha) \frac{2}{3} - \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - \left(+\frac{1}{12}\right) \quad \beta) - \left(-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{5}{6}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{3} - \frac{11}{6}\right)$$

$$\gamma) -5 \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} - 5 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \quad \delta) \left(1 - \frac{7}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{4}{5}\right) - \frac{3}{5} : \left(-\frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$\beta) \quad - \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{5}{6}\right)} + \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{3} - \frac{11}{6}\right)} \quad : \quad 2 \text{ όροι} :$$

$$\text{ΕΚΠ} = 6$$

$$= \frac{\overbrace{2}^{\frac{2}{1}}}{\overbrace{3}^{\frac{3}{3}}} - \frac{\overbrace{3}^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\overbrace{2}^{\frac{2}{2}}} + \frac{\overbrace{1}^{\frac{1}{5}}}{\overbrace{6}^{\frac{6}{6}}} - \frac{\overbrace{1}^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\overbrace{2}^{\frac{2}{2}}} + \frac{\overbrace{2}^{\frac{2}{5}}}{\overbrace{3}^{\frac{3}{3}}} - \frac{\overbrace{11}^{\frac{11}{6}}}{\overbrace{6}^{\frac{6}{6}}} =$$

$$= \frac{\overbrace{2}^{\frac{2}{1}} - \overbrace{9}^{\frac{9}{1}} + \overbrace{5}^{\frac{5}{1}} - \overbrace{3}^{\frac{3}{1}} + \overbrace{10}^{\frac{10}{1}} - \overbrace{11}^{\frac{11}{1}}}{6} = \frac{17-23}{6} = \frac{-6}{6} = -1$$

4

Να υπολογίσετε τις παραστάσεις:

$$\alpha) \frac{2}{3} - \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - \left(+\frac{1}{12}\right) \quad \beta) -\left(-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{5}{6}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{3} - \frac{11}{6}\right)$$

$$\gamma) -5 \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} - 5 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3}\right) \quad \delta) \left(1 - \frac{7}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{4}{5}\right) - \frac{3}{5} : \left(-\frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$\gamma) \quad \underbrace{-5 \cdot \frac{1}{2}}_{\text{3 όροι}} - \underbrace{\frac{2}{3}}_{\text{2}} - \underbrace{5 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3}\right)}_{\text{3 όροι}} : 3 \text{ όροι}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2} - \frac{2}{3} - 5 \cdot \left(\frac{3-4}{6}\right) = -\frac{5}{2} - \frac{2}{3} - 5 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\overbrace{5}^3}{2} - \frac{\overbrace{2}^2}{3} + \frac{\overbrace{5}^1}{6} = \frac{\overbrace{-15}^3 - \overbrace{4}^2 + \overbrace{5}^1}{6} = \frac{-14}{6} = -\frac{7}{3}$$

5

Να υπολογίσετε τις παραστάσεις:

$$\alpha) \frac{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} - 1}{3 - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\beta) \frac{-2 \cdot 3 - \frac{1}{4}}{-2 \cdot \left(3 - \frac{1}{4}\right)}$$

$$\gamma) -7 + \frac{-3 - \frac{1}{3}}{-2 + \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\alpha) \frac{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} - 1}{3 - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\overset{3}{-\frac{1}{2}} + \overset{2}{\frac{2}{3}} - \overset{6}{1}}{\underset{6}{\frac{6}{3}} - \underset{1}{\frac{1}{6}} + \underset{2}{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{\overset{-3+4-6}{\cancel{6}}}{\underset{18-1+3}{\cancel{6}}} = \frac{-5}{20} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\beta) \frac{-2 \cdot 3 - \frac{1}{4}}{-2 \cdot \left(3 - \frac{1}{4}\right)} = \frac{-6 - \frac{1}{4}}{-2 \cdot \left(\frac{12}{4} - \frac{1}{4}\right)} = \frac{\overset{-24-1}{\cancel{4}}}{-2 \cdot \frac{11}{\cancel{4}}} = \frac{-25}{-22} = \frac{25}{22}$$