



PHASE 1 PROJECT:IDENTIFYING LOW-RISK AIRCRAFTS FOR SKYWARD EXPANSION INTO AVIATION

PREPARED BY: CHRISTINE MARY AMBASA

MORINGA SCHOOL

DSF-PT09

CHRISTINE.AMBASA@STUDENT.MORINGASCHOOL.COM

Overview

Our company is expanding its portfolio to include aircraft, marking a significant move into the aviation sector. To ensure this venture aligns with our strategic objectives, we will leverage data-driven insights to guide our decision-making. A comprehensive risk analysis will be conducted using a database of aviation accidents from 1993 to 2023. This data will help identify trends, potential risks, and safety considerations for different aircraft types, enabling us to select the most suitable options to support our company's goals.

Business Understanding

The primary business objective is to expand into the aviation industry by acquiring aircraft that balance operational efficiency, safety, and cost-effectiveness. To achieve this, we will analyze historical aviation accident data spanning three decades (1993–2023). This analysis will focus on identifying patterns and risk factors associated with different aircraft models, manufacturers, and operational contexts. By understanding the safety records and risk profiles of various aircraft, we aim to make informed decisions that minimize risks, align with our strategic goals, and ensure long-term value for the company.

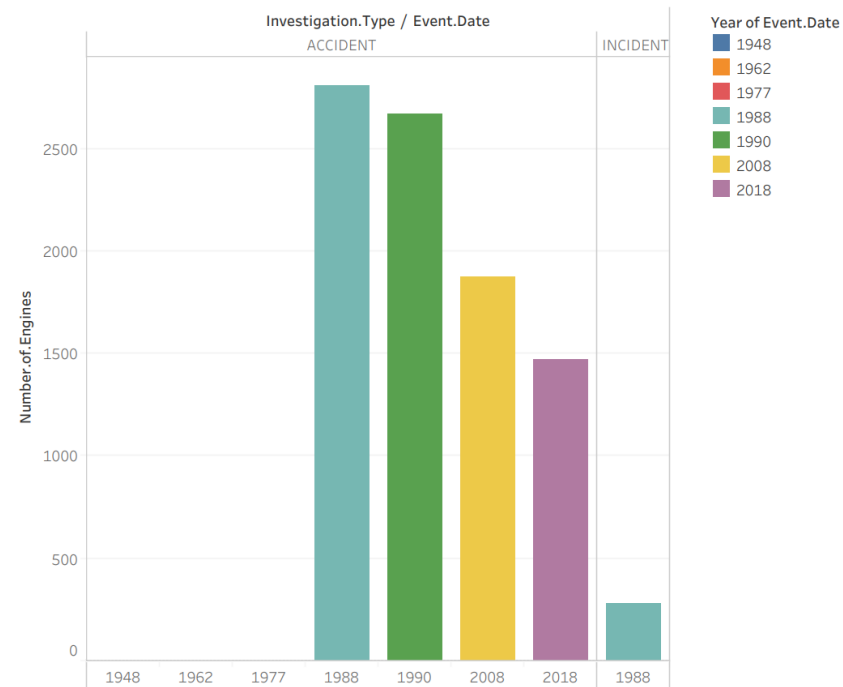
Data Understanding

The dataset we are using was drawn from Kaggle.

It contains information from the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) aviation accident database, which includes data from 1962 and later about civil aviation accidents and selected incidents within the United States, its territories, and possessions, as well as in international waters. This dataset provides comprehensive insights into various factors involved in aviation incidents, including weather conditions, flight phases, aircraft types, and more.

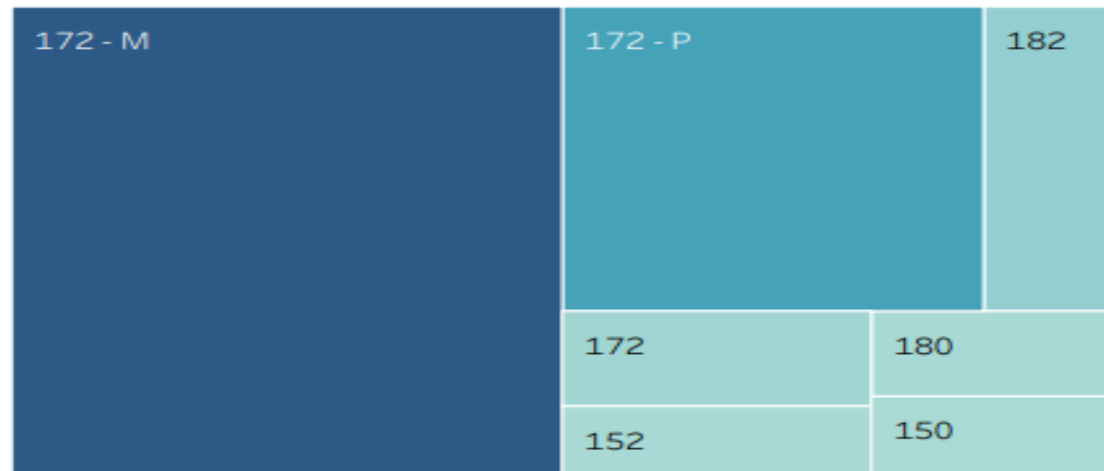
Data Visualization using tableau

Number of accidents per 10 years range per Number of Engines



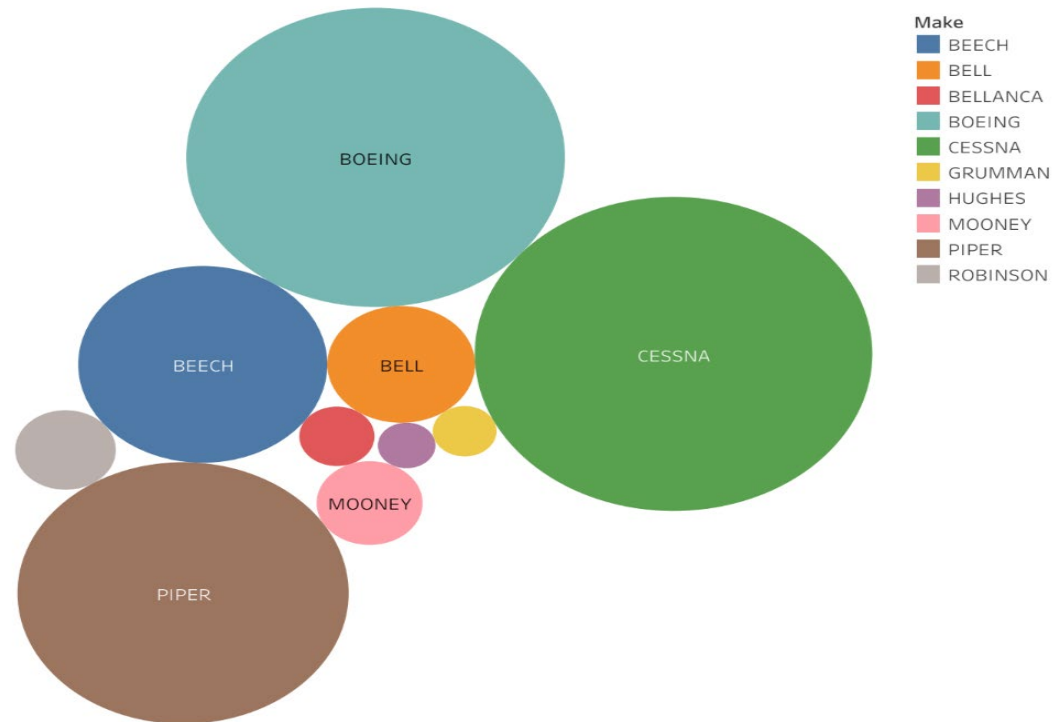
Data visualization contd.

Aircraft Models with the most Fatal Injuries and accidents.



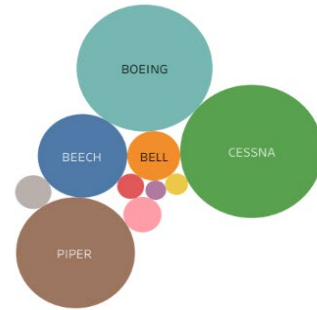
Data visualization contd.

Sum of total fatal injuries per Aircraft Make

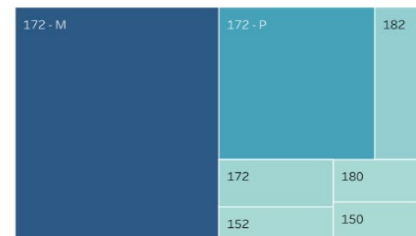


Data visualization contd.

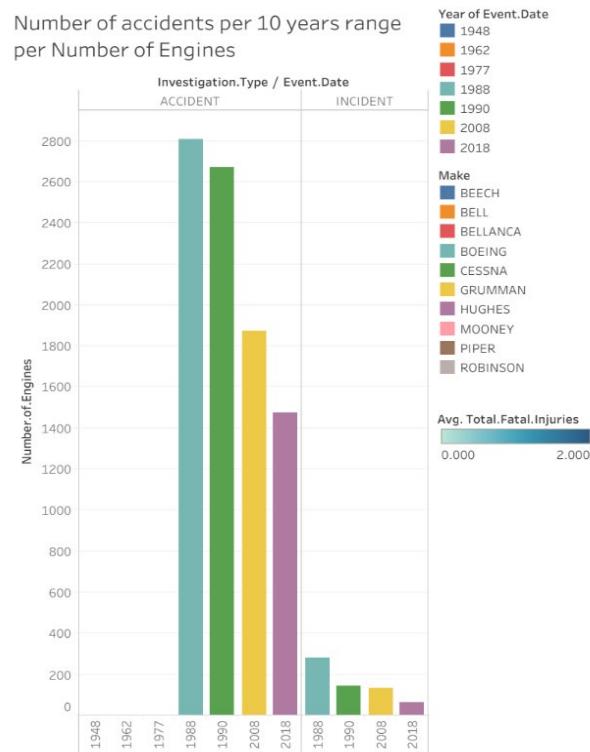
Sum of total fatal injuries per Aircraft Make



Aircraft Models with the most Fatal Injuries and accidents.



Number of accidents per 10 years range per Number of Engines



Conclusions

Based on the analysis we conclude as follows:

- Aircraft Makes and Models:

We can see that the aircraft make with the most accidents are Cessna with 27149 accidents and Piper with 14870 accidents.

We can see that the aircraft model with the most accidents are 152 with 2367 accidents and 172 with 1756 accidents.

The aircraft makes boeing and bell have fewer accidents, but they still have notable numbers.

- Weather Condition:

We can see that the weather conditions with the most accidents is VMC followed by IMC.

VMC abbreviation stands for: Visual Meteorological Conditions

IMC: Instrument Meteorological Conditions.

Conclusions contd...

- Location:

We can note that most of the accidents occur in Anchorage, Miami and Houston as compared to other regions.

- Injury types:

We can see that the number of fatal injuries decreases over the years while the number of uninjured increases over the years.

- Number of Engines:

We can see the number of engines with the most accidents are the aircrafts with 4 or less engines.

Recommendations

Aircraft Makes and Models:

Avoid Aircraft makes and models with high accident rates such as the Cessna and Piper.

- Weather Conditions:

Its notable that the the weather conditions more prone to accidents are VMC. Ensure the aircraft is equipped to handle all conditions for added safety.

- Location:

Avoid hifgh risk routes such as Anchorage, Miami and Houston and consider low risk routes.

- Number of Engines:

Consider the aircrafts with more than 4 engines if possible.