

Exam Code: 310-065

Exam Name: Sun Certified Programmer for the Java 2
Platform.SE 6.0

Vendor: Sun

Version: DEMO

Part: A

1: Given a pre-generics implementation of a method:

```
11. public static int sum(List list) {  
12.     int sum = 0;  
13.     for ( Iterator iter = list.iterator(); iter.hasNext(); ) {  
14.         int i = ((Integer)iter.next()).intValue();  
15.         sum += i;  
16.     }  
17.     return sum;  
18. }
```

What three changes allow the class to be used with generics and avoid an unchecked warning?
(Choose three.)

- A.Remove line 14.
- B.Replace line 14 with "int i = iter.next();".
- C.Replace line 13 with "for (int i : intList) {".
- D.Replace line 13 with "for (Iterator iter : intList) {".
- E.Replace the method declaration with "sum(List<int> intList)".
- F.Replace the method declaration with "sum(List<Integer> intList)".

Correct Answers: A C F

2: A programmer has an algorithm that requires a java.util.List that provides an efficient implementation of add(0, object), but does NOT need to support quick random access. What supports these requirements?

- A.java.util.Queue
- B.java.util.ArrayList
- C.java.util.LinearList
- D.java.util.LinkedList

Correct Answers: D

3: Given:

```
11. // insert code here  
12.     private N min, max;  
13.     public N getMin() { return min; }  
14.     public N getMax() { return max; }  
15.     public void add(N added) {  
16.         if (min == null || added.doubleValue() < min.doubleValue())  
17.             min = added;  
18.         if (max == null || added.doubleValue() > max.doubleValue())  
19.             max = added;  
20.     }  
21. }
```

Which two, inserted at line 11, will allow the code to compile? (Choose two.)

- A. public class MinMax<?> {
- B. public class MinMax<? extends Number> {
- C. public class MinMax<N extends Object> {
- D. public class MinMax<N extends Number> {
- E. public class MinMax<? extends Object> {
- F. public class MinMax<N extends Integer> {

Correct Answers: D F

4: Given:

- ```
12. import java.util.*;
13. public class Explorer2 {
14. public static void main(String[] args) {
15. TreeSet<Integer> s = new TreeSet<Integer>();
16. TreeSet<Integer> subs = new TreeSet<Integer>();
17. for(int i = 606; i < 613; i++)
18. if(i%2 == 0) s.add(i);
19. subs = (TreeSet)s.subSet(608, true, 611, true);
20. s.add(629);
21. System.out.println(s + " " + subs);
22. }
23. }
```

What is the result?

- A. Compilation fails.
- B. An exception is thrown at runtime.
- C. [608, 610, 612, 629] [608, 610]
- D. [608, 610, 612, 629] [608, 610, 629]
- E. [606, 608, 610, 612, 629] [608, 610]
- F. [606, 608, 610, 612, 629] [608, 610, 629]

**Correct Answers: E**

5: Given:

- ```
1. public class Score implements Comparable<Score> {
2.     private int wins, losses;
3.     public Score(int w, int l) { wins = w; losses = l; }
4.     public int getWins() { return wins; }
5.     public int getLosses() { return losses; }
6.     public String toString() {
7.         return "<" + wins + "," + losses + ">";
8.     }
9.     // insert code here
10. }
```

Which method will complete this class?

- A. public int compareTo(Object o){/*more code here*/}
- B. public int compareTo(Score other){/*more code here*/}

C. public int compare(Score s1, Score s2) { /*more code here*/ }
D. public int compare(Object o1, Object o2) { /*more code here*/ }

Correct Answers: B

6: Given:

```
11. public class Person {  
12.     private name;  
13.     public Person(String name) {  
14.         this.name = name;  
15.     }  
16.     public int hashCode() {  
17.         return 420;  
18.     }  
19. }
```

Which statement is true?

- A. The time to find the value from HashMap with a Person key depends on the size of the map.
- B. Deleting a Person key from a HashMap will delete all map entries for all keys of type Person.
- C. Inserting a second Person object into a HashSet will cause the first Person object to be removed as a duplicate.
- D. The time to determine whether a Person object is contained in a HashSet is constant and does NOT depend on the size of the map.

Correct Answers: A

7: Given:

```
5. import java.util.*;  
6. public class SortOf {  
7.     public static void main(String[] args) {  
8.         ArrayList<Integer> a = new ArrayList<Integer>();  
9.         a.add(1); a.add(5); a.add(3);  
11.        Collections.sort(a);  
12.        a.add(2);  
13.        Collections.reverse(a);  
14.        System.out.println(a);  
15.    }  
16. }
```

What is the result?

- A. [1, 2, 3, 5]
- B. [2, 1, 3, 5]
- C. [2, 5, 3, 1]
- D. [5, 3, 2, 1]
- E. [1, 3, 5, 2]
- F. Compilation fails.
- G. An exception is thrown at runtime.

Correct Answers: C

8: Given

```
11. public interface Status {  
12.     /* insert code here */ int MY_VALUE = 10;  
13. } Which three are valid on line  
12?
```

(Choose three.)

- A.final
- B.static
- C.native
- D.public
- E.private
- F.abstract
- G.protected

Correct Answers: A B D

9: Given:

```
5. class Atom {  
6.     Atom() { System.out.print("atom "); }  
7. }  
8. class Rock extends Atom {  
9.     Rock(String type) { System.out.print(type); }  
10. }  
11. public class Mountain extends Rock {  
12.     Mountain() {  
13.         super("granite ");  
14.         new Rock("granite ");  
15.     }  
16.     public static void main(String[] a) { new Mountain(); }  
17. }
```

What is the result?

- A.Compilation fails.
- B.atom granite
- C.granite granite
- D.atom granite granite
- E.An exception is thrown at runtime.
- F.atom granite atom granite

Correct Answers: F

10: Click the Exhibit button. Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

- A.Compilation fails.
- B.The code compiles and the output is 2.
- C.If lines 16, 17 and 18 were removed, compilation would fail.
- D.If lines 24, 25 and 26 were removed, compilation would fail.

E.If lines 16, 17 and 18 were removed, the code would compile and the output would be 2.

F.If lines 24, 25 and 26 were removed, the code would compile and the output would be 1.

Correct Answers: B E F