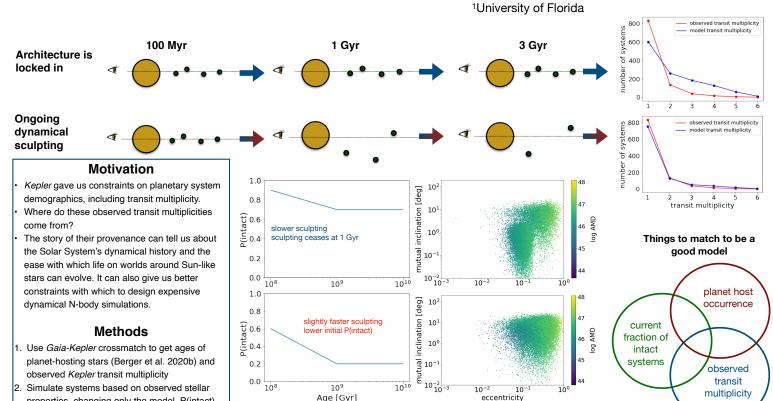
## Sculpting Planetary Systems: Constraining Stability Timescales for Systems around FGK Dwarfs with Kepler Observations



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Dynamical sculpting can increase systems' eccentricities, inclinations, and angular

momentum deficits (AMD; Millholland et al. 2021, He et al. 2020). Eccentricities are

drawn from a combination of Van Eylen et al. (2018) and Limbach & Turner (2014);

"disrupted". Through sculpting, two populations of initially "intact" and "disrupted"

inclinations are drawn from Gaussians with spread of 2° if "intact" and 8° if

systems can end up higher in AMD space.

properties, changing only the model, P(intact)

If intact, draw inclinations and eccentricities from

a narrower and smaller distribution, respectively

Calculate observed transits (Fressin et al. 2013)

Evaluate models using Poisson log likelihood

and tally up model transit multiplicities

## **Results and Discussion** 1.0 0.8 P(intact) 9.0 9.0 0.2 0.0 $10^{10}$ 10<sup>9</sup> 10<sup>8</sup> stellar age [yr]

Sculpting laws colored by whether they are strongly favored by the observed transit multiplicity and present-day fraction of intact systems (blue), favored only by the current intact fraction (green), or disfavored altogether (gray). P(intact) refers to the fraction of FGK systems that are dynamically

- Models with fractions of planet-hosting stars between 10% and 40% are strongly favored.
- Models with initial fractions of dynamically cool systems over 20% are disfavored.

## Example models:

- Favored: early period of rearrangement; frozen-in architecture before 1 Gyr
- Disfavored: all systems start intact and undergo sculpting over 10 Gyrs
- Disfavored: half of systems start intact: no sculpting occurs

Limitations on sample size and age errors for younger stars in the sample mean that we can more confidently comment on Gyr+ timescales than on timescales shorter than 1 Gyr.

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