

http://localhost:3000/CurrentEmployee



Performance Accessibility

Best Practices SEO



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.

▲ 0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

0.4 s

Speed Index

0.4 s

Largest Contentful Paint

0.8 s

Time to Interactive

 $0.7 \, s$

Total Blocking Time

0 ms

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.042























Show audits relevant to: All FCP TBT LCP CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.21 s ^

about:blank

1/23

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (3)

| URL | Transfer Size | Potential Savings |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| css/font-awesome.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) | 6.9 KiB | 230 ms |
| /css?family=Lato:100,200,300,400,700 (fonts.googleapis.com) | 1.0 KiB | 180 ms |
| css/font-awesome.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) | 3.9 KiB | 240 ms |
| css/main.997c2e34.css (localhost) | 6.1 KiB | 90 ms |

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. FCP LCP

| URL | Potential Savings |
|--|----------------------|
| v23/S6u9w4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 40 ms |
| v23/S6uyw4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 120 ms |
| v23/S6u9w4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 140 ms |
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff?v=4.0.0 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) | 140 ms |
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) | 70 ms |

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Ensure text remains visible during webfont load

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more CLS

URL
img.img-logo ...media/logo.2ae18ef....png (localhost)

about:blank 2/23



▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 4 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

| URL | Cache TTL | Transfer Size |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| js/main.7633dcfd.js (localhost) | None | 149 KiB |
| media/logo.2ae18efpng (localhost) | None | 71 KiB |
| css/main.997c2e34.css (localhost) | None | 6 KiB |
| /normalize.css (localhost) | None | 2 KiB |

O Avoid chaining critical requests - 7 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP [LCP]

Maximum critical path latency: 410 ms

Initial Navigation

/CurrentEmployee (localhost)

/normalize.css (localhost) - 20 ms, 2.38 KiB

...css/font-awesome.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) - 70 ms, 75.53 KiB

/css?family=Lato:100,200,300,400,700 (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v23/S6u9w4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 40 ms, 14.32 KiB

...v23/S6uyw4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 120 ms, 14.39 KiB

...v23/S6u9w4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 140 ms, 14.56 KiB

...css/font-awesome.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff?v=4.0.0 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) - 140 ms, 43.78 KiB

...css/main.997c2e34.css (localhost) - 10 ms, 6.12 KiB

○ Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small - 17 requests • 482 KiB

about:blank 3/23

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

| Resource Type | Requests | Transfer Size |
|---------------|----------|---------------|
| Total | 17 | 482.0 KiB |
| Font | 5 | 162.6 KiB |
| Script | 1 | 148.8 KiB |
| Other | 3 | 77.4 KiB |
| Image | 2 | 71.8 KiB |
| Stylesheet | 5 | 20.4 KiB |
| Document | 1 | 1.0 KiB |
| Media | 0 | 0.0 KiB |
| Third-party | 9 | 175.2 KiB |

| O Largest Contentful Paint ele | ement — 1 element found | ^ |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| This is the largest contentful e | element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn More</u> [LCP] | |
| Element | h1 | |

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. (CLS)

O Avoid large layout shifts - 5 elements found

| Element | | CLS Contribution |
|---------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | div.section-film-search | 0.016 |
| | | |
| | | |

about:blank 4/23

| Element | | CLS Contribution |
|---------|----------------------|------------------|
| | div.table | 0.013 |
| | div.navigation-table | |
| | | 0.01 |
| | div.title-table | |
| | | 0.003 |
| | span.search | |
| | | 0 |

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Properly size images — Potential savings of 45 KiB

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.

| | URL | Resource Size | Potential Savings |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| img. img- logo | media/logo.2ae18efpng (localhost) | 70.8 KiB | 45.4 KiB |

Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn more</u>.

Minify CSS
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. FCP LCP

Minify JavaScript
Minify JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. FCP LCP

Reduce unused CSS

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by

network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. FCP LCP

Reduce unused JavaScript - Potential savings of 86 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. (LCP)

| URL | Transfer Size | Potential Savings |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| js/main.7633dcfd.js (localhost) | 148.8 KiB | 86.3 KiB |
| /node_modules/react-datepicker/dist/react-datepicker.min.js | 21.5 KiB | 20.2 KiB |
| /node_modules/react-dom/cjs/react-dom.production.min.js | 32.3 KiB | 13.9 KiB |
| utils/checkInput.js | 6.4 KiB | 6.3 KiB |
| /node_modules/date-fns/esm/_lib/format/formatters/index.js | 1.8 KiB | 1.7 KiB |
| /node_modules/@babel/runtime/helpers/regeneratorRuntime.js | 1.7 KiB | 1.3 KiB |

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.

Serve images in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 58 KiB

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

about:blank 6/23

| | | URL | Resource Size | Potentia Savings |
|--|----------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | img. img- logo | media/logo.2ae18efpng (localhost) | 70.8 KiB | 57.7 KiE |
| Enable text compression | | | | |
| Text-based resources should more. FCP LCP | d be served w | with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to mi | inimize total network byte | s. <u>Learn</u> |
| Preconnect to required ori | igins — Pote | ential savings of 60 ms | | |
| Consider adding `preconnectorigins. Learn more. FCP (L | | efetch` resource hints to establish early conne | ections to important third- | party |
| URL | | | Potenti | al Savings |
| http://fonts.gstatic.com | | | | 60 ms |
| Initial server response time | e was short | Root document took 0 ms | | |
| Keep the server response tir | ne for the ma | ain document short because all other request | s depend on it. <u>Learn mo</u> | re. FCP |
| URL | | | Т | ime Spen |
| /CurrentEmployee (localho | ost) | | | 0 ms |
| | acto | | | |
| Avoid multiple page redire | CIS | | | |
| | | fore the page can be loaded. Learn more. FC | P (LCP) | |
| Redirects introduce addition | | ore the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FC</u> | P (LCP) | |
| Redirects introduce addition Preload key requests | nal delays bef | Fore the page can be loaded. Learn more. FC | | d. <u>Learn</u> |

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more.

Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more [LCP]</u>

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. [TBT]

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers - Potential savings of 0 KiB

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. <u>Learn More (TBT)</u>

URL Potential Savings
...js/main.7633dcfd.js (localhost) 0.2 KiB
main.7633dcfd.js:2 @babel/plugin-transform-classes

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>LCP</u>

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 482 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [CCP]

Show 3rd-party resources (6)

URL

...js/main.7633dcfd.js (localhost)

...fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com)

75.5 KiB

...media/logo.2ae18ef....png (localhost)

71.1 KiB

about:blank 8/23

| URL | Transfer Size |
|---|------------------|
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff?v=4.0.0 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) | 43.8 KiB |
| v23/S6u9w4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 14.6 KiB |
| v23/S6uyw4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 14.4 KiB |
| v23/S6u9w4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 14.3 KiB |
| css/font-awesome.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) | 6.9 KiB |
| css/main.997c2e34.css (localhost) | 6.1 KiB |

Avoids an excessive DOM size - 91 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

| Statistic | Element | Value |
|------------------------|---------|----------|
| Total DOM Elements | | 91 |
| Maximum DOM Depth | | input 11 |
| Maximum Child Elements | tr | 9 |

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time - 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

about:blank 9/23

| URL | Total CPU Time | Script Evaluation | Script Parse |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| /CurrentEmployee (localhost) | 99 ms | 15 ms | 11 ms |
| js/main.7633dcfd.js (localhost) | 62 ms | 51 ms | 8 ms |

Minimizes main-thread work - 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u> (TBT)

| Category | Time Spent |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Other | 76 ms |
| Script Evaluation | 71 ms |
| Style & Layout | 37 ms |
| Script Parsing & Compilation | 23 ms |
| Rendering | 13 ms |
| Parse HTML & CSS | 8 ms |

Minimize third-party usage - Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn more. (TBT)

| Third-Party | Transfer Size | Main-Thread Blocking Time |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|
| Bootstrap CDN | 82 KiB | 0 ms |
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2? v=4.7.0 (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) | 76 KiB | 0 ms |
| css/font-awesome.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) | 7 KiB | 0 ms |
| Cloudflare CDN | 48 KiB | 0 ms |
| fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff?v=4.0.0 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) | 44 KiB | 0 ms |
| Google Fonts | 44 KiB | 0 ms |

about:blank 10/23

| Third-Party | Transfer Size | Main-Thread Blocking Time |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|
| v23/S6u9w4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 15 KiB | 0 ms |
| v23/S6uyw4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 14 KiB | 0 ms |
| v23/S6u9w4BMUwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) | 14 KiB | 0 ms |

| Lazy load third-party resources with facades | ^ |
|--|------------|
| Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn more TBT</u> | <u>e</u> . |
| Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded | ^ |
| Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful pa <u>Learn more</u> . | int. |
| Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance | ^ |
| Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn</u> more. | |
| Avoids document.write() | ^ |
| For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens seconds. Learn more. | of |
| Avoid long main-thread tasks | ^ |
| Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more TBT | |
| Avoid non-composited animations | ^ |
| Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more CLS | |
| Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale | ^ |
| A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u> . <u>Learn more</u> . (TBT) | |
| Avoids unload event listeners | ^ |

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn more</u>

about:blank 11/23



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

NAMES AND LABELS

| ^ | Form elements do not have associated labels | ^ |
|----------|---|---|
| | Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | Failing Elements | |
| | input | |
| | | |
| | | |

These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

| The page has a logical tab order | ^ |
|--|---|
| Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more. | |
| Interactive controls are keyboard focusable | ^ |
| Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more. | |
| | |
| Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state | ^ |
| Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> . | ^ |
| Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive | ^ |

about:blank 12/23

| If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> . | | |
|---|---|--|
| User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region | ^ | |
| A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. | | |
| Custom controls have associated labels | ^ | |
| Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> . | | |
| Custom controls have ARIA roles | ^ | |
| Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> . | | |
| Visual order on the page follows DOM order | ^ | |
| DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more. | | |
| Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology | ^ | |
| Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more. | | |
| HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation | ^ | |
| Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more.</nav></main> | | |
| These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our quide on conducting an accessibility | | |

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> <u>review</u>.

PASSED AUDITS (18)

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document `<body>`.

Learn more.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

about:blank 13/23

[role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. <html> element has a [lang] attribute

about:blank 14/23

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

Links have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (25)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn</u> more.

O [aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn</u> more.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

about:blank 15/23

| O [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents | ` |
|--|---|
| Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. | |
| ARIA input fields have accessible names | ` |
| When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> . | е |
| ARIA meter elements have accessible names | _ |
| When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names | _ |
| When a `progressbar` element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| ARIA toggle fields have accessible names | \ |
| When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> . | Э |
| ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names | ^ |
| When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names | ^ |
| When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| O [aria-*] attributes have valid values | ^ |
| Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. | |
| O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled | _ |
| Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. | |

about:blank 16/23

| <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn mo</td><td>ore.</td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Leamore.</td><td><u>arn</u></td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><pre>O <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><pre>O <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>O List items (<1i>) are contained within <u1> or <o1> parent elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers require list items ('') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. <u>Learn</u> more.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>ý</td></tr><tr><td>O <object> elements have alternate text</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl> |
|---|
|---|

about:blank 17/23

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

▲ Does not use HTTPS — 4 insecure requests found

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed</u> <u>content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Insecure URL

/css?family=Lato:100,200,300,400,700 (fonts.googleapis.com)

Allowed

...v23/S6u9w4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)

Allowed

...v23/S6uyw4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)

Allowed

Allowed

about:blank 18/23

| 0 | Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attac | ks | ^ |
|-----|--|---|----------------------------------|
| | A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) signi | ficantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (| (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn more</u> |
| | Description | Directive | Severity |
| | No CSP found in enforcement mode | | High |
| GEN | IERAL | | |
| 0 | Detected JavaScript libraries | | ^ |
| | All front-end JavaScript libraries detected or | n the page. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | Name | Version | |
| | core-js | core-js-global@3.26.1 | |
| | Create React App | | |
| PAS | SED AUDITS (12) | | Hide |
| | Avoids requesting the geolocation permiss | sion on page load | ^ |
| | Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites user action instead. <u>Learn more</u> . | that request their location without context. Cor | nsider tying the request to a |
| | Avoids requesting the notification permiss | ion on page load | ^ |
| | Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites to user gestures instead. Learn more. | that request to send notifications without conte | ext. Consider tying the request |
| | Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with | known security vulnerabilities | ^ |
| | Some third-party scripts may contain known Learn more. | security vulnerabilities that are easily identified | and exploited by attackers. |
| | Allows users to paste into password fields | | ^ |
| | Preventing password pasting undermines go | ood security policy. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| | | | |

about:blank 19/23

| Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. |
|---|
| image display dimensions should materinatulal aspect fallo. <u>Lealtimole</u> . |
| Serves images with appropriate resolution |
| Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn more</u> . |
| Page has the HTML doctype |
| Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. |
| Properly defines charset |
| A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a ` <meta/> ` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u> . |
| Avoids deprecated APIs |
| Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. <u>Learn more</u> . |
| No browser errors logged to the console |
| Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more |
| No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools |
| Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue. |
| Page has valid source maps |
| Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u> . |
| URL Map URL |
| js/main.7633dcfd.js (localhost)js/main.7633dcfd.js.map (localhost) |

about:blank 20/23

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

NOT APPLICABLE (1)

O Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

Hide

| O Structured data is valid | ^ |
|---|------|
| Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices. | |
| PASSED AUDITS (11) | Hide |
| Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale | ^ |
| A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u> . <u>Learn more</u> . (TBT) | |
| Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Document has a meta description</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title> | |

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.

about:blank 21/23

| Links have descriptive text | ^ |
|---|---------|
| Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u> . | |
| Links are crawlable | ^ |
| Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More | links |
| Page isn't blocked from indexing | ^ |
| Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn | more. |
| robots.txt is valid | ^ |
| If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled indexed. <u>Learn more</u> . | or |
| Image elements have [alt] attributes | ^ |
| Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empattribute. Learn more. | oty alt |
| Document has a valid hreflang | ^ |
| hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region Learn more. | on. |
| Document avoids plugins | ^ |
| Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more. | |
| NOT APPLICABLE (3) | Hide |
| O Document has a valid rel=canonical | ^ |
| Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more. | |
| O Document uses legible font sizes | ^ |
| Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. S to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u> . | trive |

about:blank 22/23

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.

Captured at Jan 20, 2023, 3:20 PM GMT+1

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Initial page load

Emulated Desktop with

Lighthouse 9.6.6

Custom throttling

Desktop with Single page load 9.6.6

Using Chromium 108.0.0.0
with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 9.6.6 | File an issue

about:blank 23/23