

# exo\_numpy

October 24, 2018

```
In [1]: %matplotlib inline
        from numpy import *
        import numpy as np
        from matplotlib.pyplot import *
```

## 1 Formule de Simpson

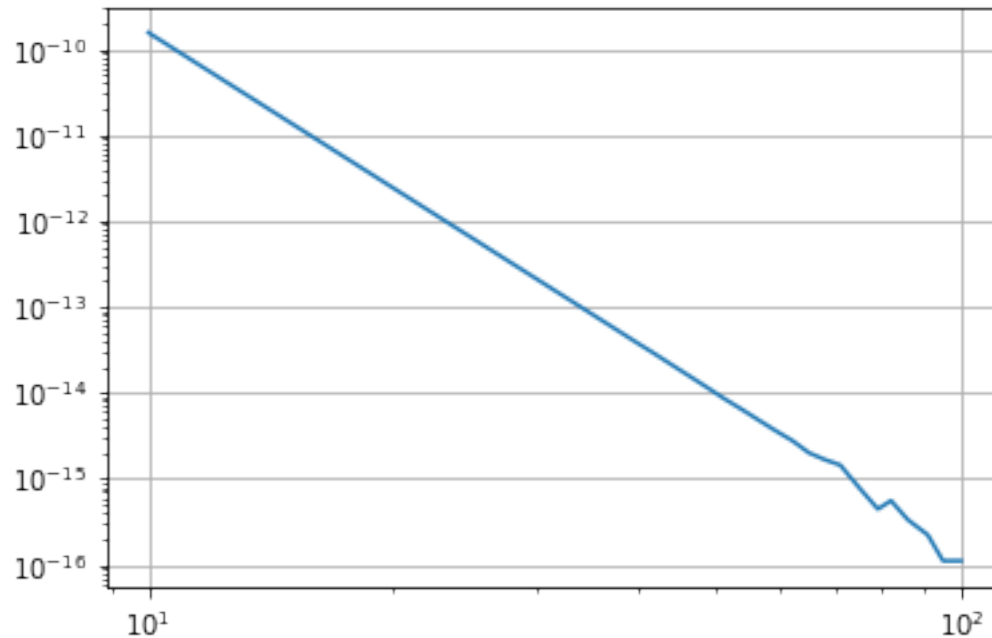
```
In [2]: def simpson(f, a, b, N):
        delta_x = (b-a)/N
        x = a + arange(N)*delta_x
        return np.sum(delta_x * (f(x) + 4*f(x+delta_x/2) + f(x+delta_x))/6)
```

```
simpson(lambda x:1/(1+x**2), 0, 1, 100)
```

```
Out[2]: 0.78539816339744817
```

```
In [3]: N_list=logspace(1,2,dtype=int)

        l=[simpson(lambda x:1/(1+x**2), 0, 1, N) for N in N_list]
        l=array(l)
        loglog(N_list,abs(l-pi/4))
        grid()
```



## 2 Loi de Poisson

```
In [4]: fichier="100secondes_200us_count.txt"
        data=loadtxt(fichier, dtype=int)
        duree_mesure=100
        nombre_moyen_photons=np.sum(data)/duree_mesure
        print(nombre_moyen_photons)
```

22972.79

```
In [5]: h = 6.6E-34
        c = 3E8
        lamb = 550E-9
        nombre_moyen_photons * h * c / lamb
```

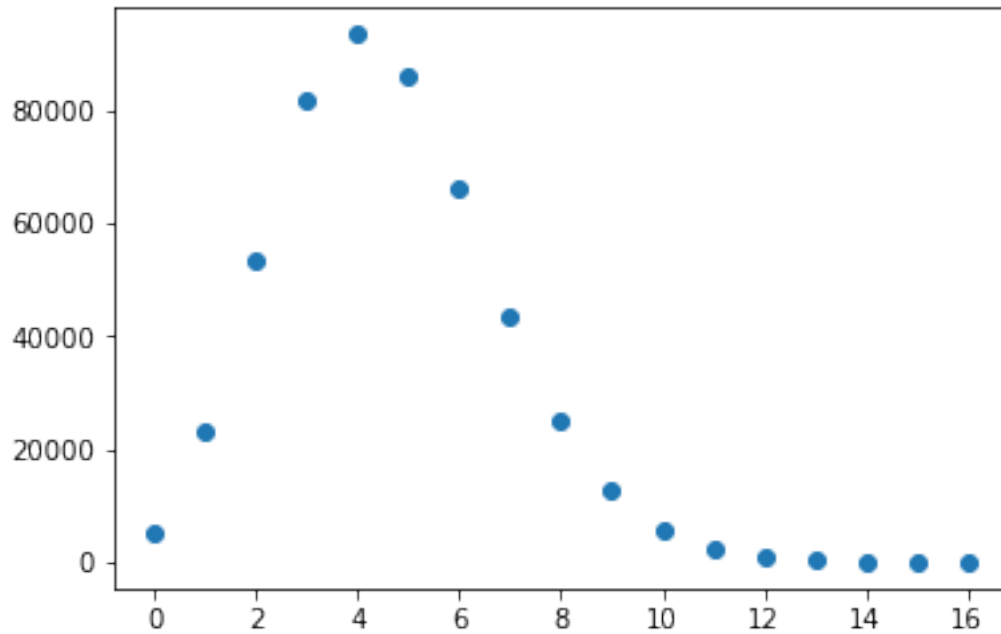
Out[5]: 8.2702044000000002e-15

```
In [6]: print(std(data))
        print(sqrt(data.mean()))
```

2.14011560076  
2.14349201072

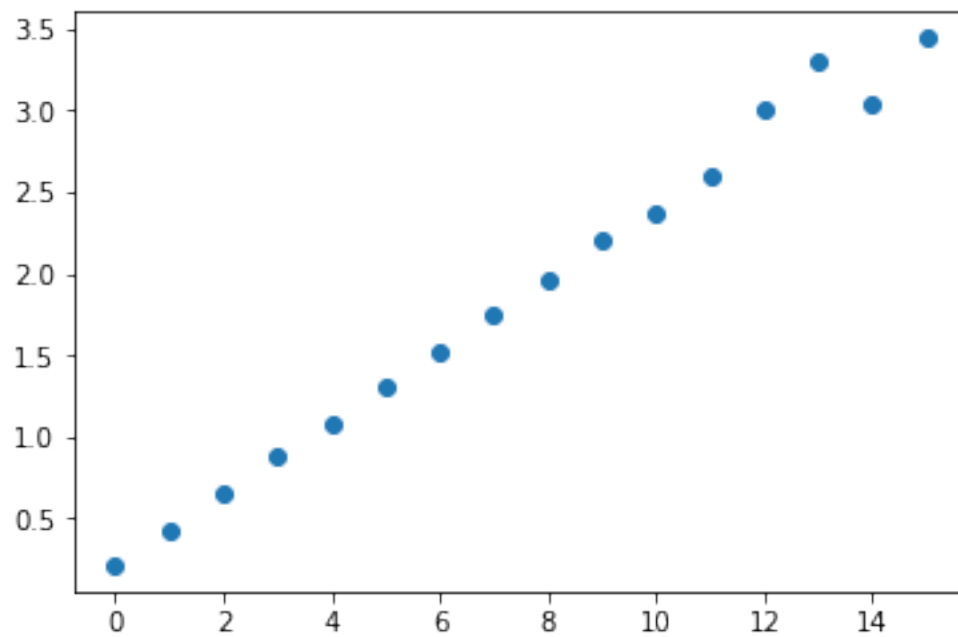
```
In [7]: nbr_photon, occurence = unique(data, return_counts=True)
        plot(nbr_photon, occurence, 'o')
```

```
Out[7]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f8e6b24f128>]
```



```
In [8]: plot(occurence[:-1]/occurence[1:], 'o')
```

```
Out[8]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f8e6b02ca20>]
```



```

In [9]: N = len(data)
        data_2 = data.reshape((N//2, 2)).sum(axis=1)

In [10]: print(data.mean())
          print(data_2.mean())

4.594558
9.189116

In [11]: print(data.std()**2)
          print(data_2.std()**2)

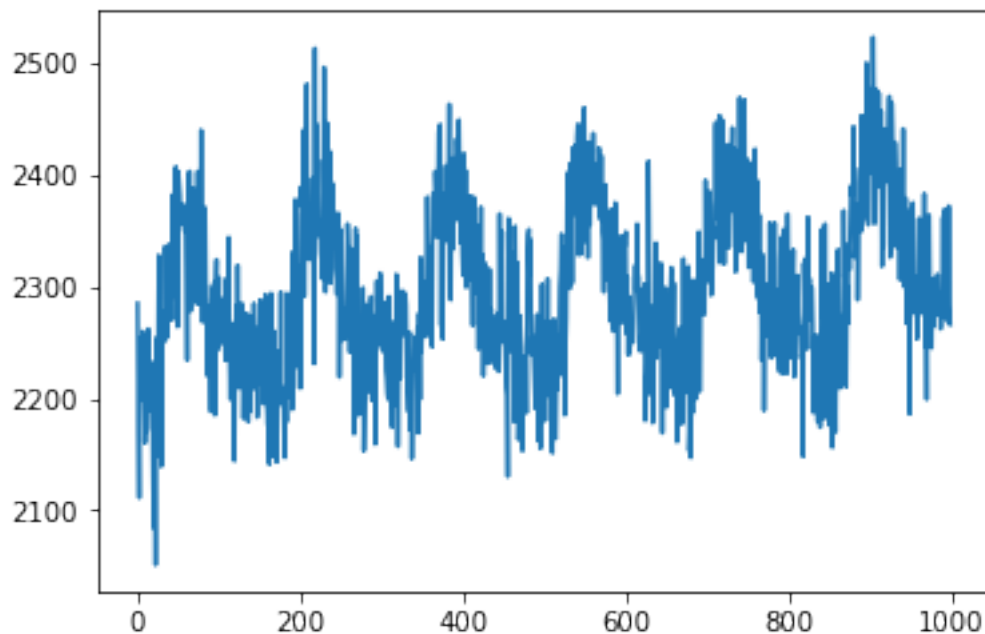
4.58009478464
9.11176713854

In [12]: def moyenne_par_paquet(data, N):
          len_data = len(data)
          M = len_data//N
          return data[-(M*N):].reshape((M, N)).sum(axis=1)

In [13]: plot(moyenne_par_paquet(data, 500))

Out[13]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f8e6afedba8>]

```



```

In [ ]:

```