## Proofs and writing

Strayer Exercise Set 1.1, Exercises 5, 10, 11. Ernst Problem 2.19, Problem 2.37, then either prove or provide a counterexample for the statements. Additional problem provided below.

Homework Problem 1 (Strayer Exercise 5). Prove or disprove the following statements.

- (a) If a, b, c, and d are integers such that if  $a \mid b$  and  $c \mid d$ , then  $a + c \mid b + d$ .
- (b) If a, b, c, and d are integers such that if  $a \mid b$  and  $c \mid d$ , then  $ac \mid bd$ .
- (c) If a, b, and c are integers such that if  $a \nmid b$  and  $b \nmid c$ , then  $a \nmid c$ .

## **Rubric:**

**0 points** Work does not contain enough of the relevant concepts to provide feedback.

- 1 points Does not demonstrate understanding Contains a reasonable attempt to prove each part, but does not meet the criteria for two points.
- 2 points Needs revisions
- 3 points Demonstrates understanding
- 4 points Exemplary

Solution: (a)

- (b)
- (c)

**Homework Problem 2** (Strayer Exercise 10). (a) Let  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Prove that  $3 \mid n^3 - n$ .

- (b) Let  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Prove that  $5 \mid n^5 n$ .
- (c) Let  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Is it true that  $4 \mid n^4 n$ ? Provide a proof or counter example.

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Proof

Homework Problem 3 (Strayer Exercise 11). Use the definition of even and odd from Strayer not Ernst.

- (a) Let  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Prove that n is an even integer if and only if n = 2m with  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ .
- (b) Let  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Prove that n is an odd integer if and only if n = 2m + 1 with  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ .
- (c) Prove that the sum and product of two even integers are even.
- (d) Prove that the sum of two odd integers is even and that their product is odd.
- (e) Prove that the sum of an even integer and an odd integer is odd and that their product is even.
- (f) Prove that the sum of an even integer and an odd integer is odd and their product is even.

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Proof

**Homework Problem 4** (Ernst Problem 2.19). Let A represent "6 is an even integer" and B represent "4 divides 6." Express each of the following compound propositions in an ordinary English sentence and then determine its truth value.

- a.  $A \wedge B$
- b.  $A \vee B$
- c.  $\neg A$
- d.  $\neg B$
- e.  $\neg (A \land B)$

f. 
$$\neg (A \lor B)$$

g. 
$$A \Rightarrow B$$

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Solution:

**Homework Problem 5** (Ernst Problem 2.37). Let A and B represent the statements from Problem 2.19. Express each of the following in an ordinary English sentence.

(a) The converse of  $A \Rightarrow B$ 

(b) The contrapositive of  $A \Rightarrow B$ 

Rubric:

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4 points Exemplary

Solution:

**Homework Problem 6.** For each of the following equation, find what real numbers x make the statement true. Prove your statement.

(a) 
$$\lfloor x \rfloor + \lfloor x \rfloor = \lfloor 2x \rfloor$$

- (b) [x+3] = 3 + [x]
- (c) |x+3| = 3+x

Rubric:

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1 points Does not demonstrate understanding Contains a reasonable attempt to prove each part, but does not meet the criteria for two points.

2 points Needs revisions

3 points Demonstrates understanding

4 points Exemplary

**Solution:** (a) If then  $\lfloor x \rfloor + \lfloor x \rfloor = \lfloor 2x \rfloor$ .

Proof

(b) If then  $\lfloor x+3 \rfloor = 3 + \lfloor x \rfloor$ 

Proof

(c) If then [x+3] = 3 + x

Proof