

Your Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Group Members: \_\_\_\_\_

**Problem 1** (a) Do there exist integers  $x$  and  $y$  such that  $x + y = 100$  and  $(x, y) = 8$ ?

(b) Prove that there exist infinitely many pairs of integers  $x$  and  $y$  such that  $x + y = 87$  and  $(x, y) = 3$ .

**Scratch Work.** Note that  $87 =$  \_\_\_\_\_. To ensure that  $(x, y) = 3$ , not just  $3 \mid x$  and  $3 \mid y$ , let  $x = 3n$  where \_\_\_\_\_  $\nmid n$ .

**Proof** Let  $x \in \mathbb{Z}$  with \_\_\_\_\_.  
Let  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_. Then  $3 \mid y$  by \_\_\_\_\_. Then  $(x, y) = 3$  since \_\_\_\_\_. Thus, there are infinitely many  $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$

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**Problem 2** Let  $a$  and  $b$  be relatively prime integers. Prove that  $(a + b, a - b)$  is either 1 or 2.

**Hint:** From the back of Strayer: Let  $(a + b, a - b) = d$  and note that  $d \mid (a + b) + (a - b)$  and  $d \mid (a + b) - (a - b)$ .

**Hint:** Use Homework 3, Problem 2 which states  $(ca, cb) = |c|(a, b)$  for all  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ , not both 0.