

Problem

PWC forecasts that

the volume of construction output will grow by 85%

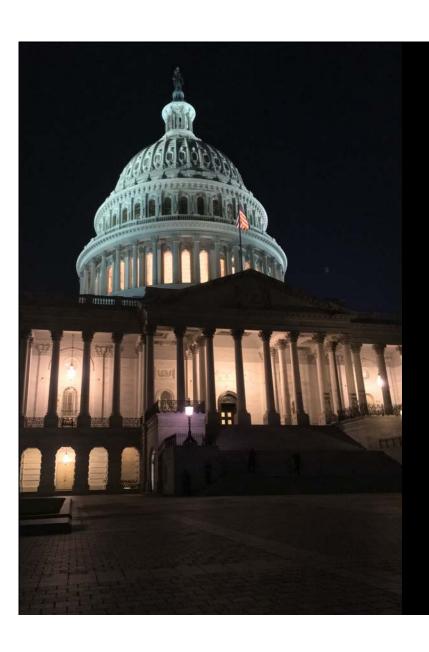
to \$15.5 trillion worldwide by 2030.



Customer Profile

Large Real Estate Corporations

- **CBRE**
- Co-Star
- The Related CompanyJLL



Customer Profile

Government Agencies

- HUD
- USACE
- NAVFAC

Data



3,500 tax lots Demolished buildings Commercial only Constructed 1800 - 2017

PLUTO + NYC Permits

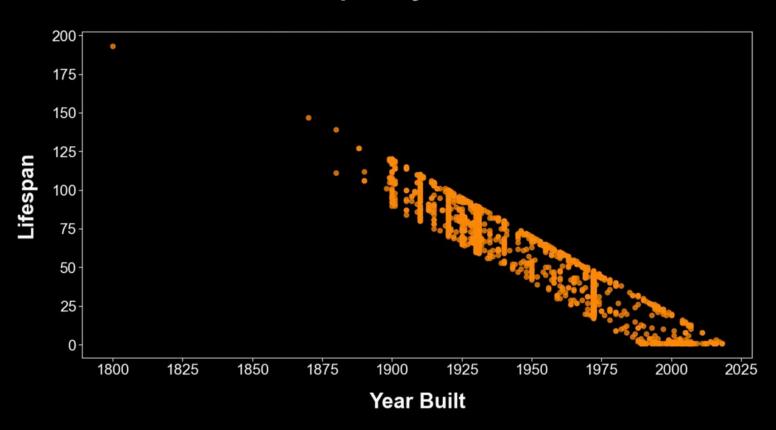


Analysis

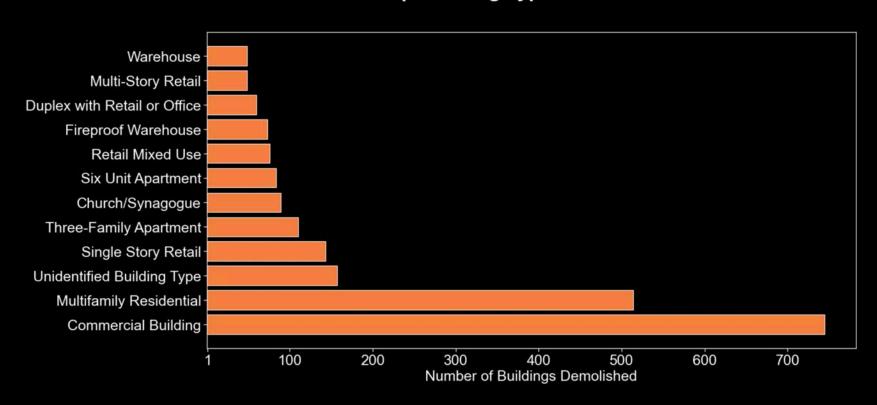
Distribution of Lifespan



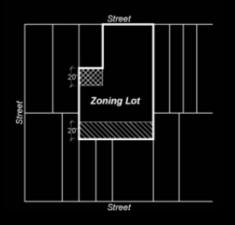
Lifespan by Year Built



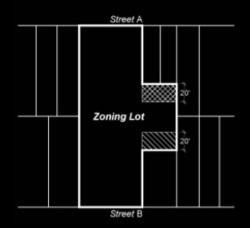
Top Building Types Demolished











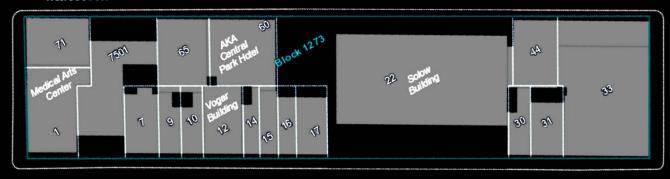
Inside Lot

Corner Lot

Through Lot

Lot Area

West 58 Street



West 57 Street

Larger lots cause a slightly positive impact on lifespan.



- frontage = lifespan \



+ frontage = lifespan 1

Frontage

For every 100 ft of frontage, lifespan goes up 2 years.

Year Built



older = lifespan



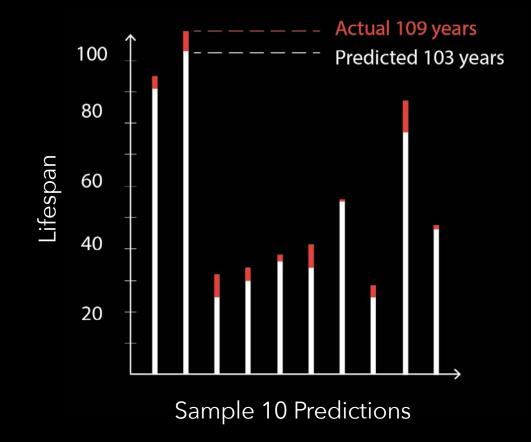
Younger = lifespan

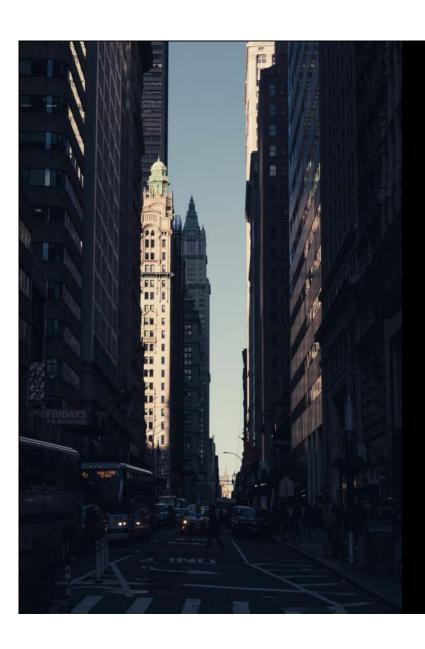
For every year younger that a building is, its lifespan will decrease by 1 year.

Model Results

RMSE = 7.7

Predictions accurate within $\pm\,8$ years





Future Study

Existing Buildings

Architectural characteristics



Recommendations

Masterplanning:

Plan fewer small lots
Increase Use of overlay zones
Eliminate split-zone lots
Anticipate demos with rising values

Design:

Prioritize Street Frontage Design with architectural characteristics of older buildings.

Land Management:

Eliminate mixed-ownership properties.



Contact Info

Clair Marie Wholean

Founder of Archneura & Registered Architect cw@archneura.com