# SmartFly: Prepare Data For Prediction

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Load preprocessed data from the previous step "Exploratory Analysis For Scheduled Flight Data"

```
rm(list=ls()) #clear memory
load("../01_exploratory_data_analysis/predictDataTyped.RData")
rfPredictData <- predictDataTyped
rm(predictDataTyped)</pre>
```

## 1 Set variables as used in modeling data

Load the variables names that were used for the modeling stage

and remove all non-used variables from the scheduled flight data:

## \$ distance\_travelled

```
removeNames <- setdiff(names(rfPredictData), modelVariables)</pre>
excludeIdx <- sapply(removeNames, FUN=function(v, x){ which(v==x)}, v=names(rfPredictData))
rfPredictData <- rfPredictData[,-excludeIdx]
str(rfPredictData)
## 'data.frame': 566376 obs. of 11 variables:
                              : chr "4972683369271453960" "4755622236989466036" "1092083446069765248" '
## $ id
## $ year
                              : Factor w/ 1 level "2015": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ month
                              : Factor w/ 1 level "01": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ day_of_month
                              : Factor w/ 31 levels "01","02","03",..: 12 13 14 15 16 17 19 20 21 22 ...
                              : Factor w/ 7 levels "1", "2", "3", "4", ...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 ...
## $ day_of_week
## $ scheduled_departure_time: Factor w/ 24 levels "00", "01", "02", ...: 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 ...
## $ scheduled_arrival_time : Factor w/ 23 levels "00","01","02",..: 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 ...
                              : Factor w/ 19 levels "AA", "AS", "B6",...: 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 ...
## $ airline
## $ plane_model
## $ seat_configuration
                             : Factor w/ 6 levels "737", "747", "757", ...: 2 2 1 3 5 6 2 3 3 2 ...
                              : Factor w/ 6 levels "Standard", "Three Class", ...: 6 2 4 4 2 4 4 4 6 4 ...
```

: num 599 599 599 599 599 599 599 599 599 ...

Note: The variable id is included here. I won't use it for the prediction itself, but I need it for identification of the predicted outcome.

#### 2 Convert date and time related variables from factors to numbers

For the scheduled flight data we use for date and time related variables as well numeric values instead of factor levels.

```
str(rfPredictData)
## 'data.frame': 566376 obs. of 11 variables:
                        : chr "4972683369271453960" "4755622236989466036" "1092083446069765248"
## $ id
                        : num 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 ...
## $ year
## $ month
                              1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                        : num
## $ day_of_month
## $ day_of_week
                       : num 12 13 14 15 16 17 19 20 21 22 ...
                       : num 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 ...
## $ scheduled_departure_time: num 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 ...
## $ scheduled_arrival_time : num 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 ...
## $ distance_travelled : num 599 599 599 599 599 599 599 599 599 ...
```

### 3 Analyse & deal with missing values

```
nbRows <- dim(rfPredictData)[1]
rowHasNa <- apply(rfPredictData, MARGIN=1, FUN=function(row){ any(is.na(row)) })
nbRowsWithNa <- sum(rowHasNa)
nbRowsLeft <- nbRows - nbRowsWithNa
# proportion of NA rows:
nbRowsWithNa / nbRows
## [1] 0</pre>
```

There are no missing values in any of the remaining variables.

So the data that I use for the predicting the probability of delay for the scheduled flights using the estimated random forest looks as follows:

```
str(rfPredictData)
## 'data.frame': 566376 obs. of 11 variables:
                                   : chr "4972683369271453960" "4755622236989466036" "1092083446069765248"
## $ year
                                   : num 2015 2015 2015 2015 ...
## $ month
                                   : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ day_of_month
                                   : num 12 13 14 15 16 17 19 20 21 22 ...
                                   : num 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 ...
## $ day_of_week
    $ scheduled_departure_time: num 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 ...
## $ scheduled_arrival_time : num 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 ...
## $ airline
## $ plane_model
                                  : Factor w/ 19 levels "AA", "AS", "B6", ...: 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 ...
                                   : Factor w/ 6 levels "737","747","757",..: 2 2 1 3 5 6 2 3 3 2 ...
## $ plane_model : Factor w/ 6 levels "737","747","757",..: 2 2 1 3 5 6 2 3 3 2 ...
## $ seat_configuration : Factor w/ 6 levels "Standard","Three Class",..: 6 2 4 4 2 4 4 6 4 ...
## $ distance_travelled : num 599 599 599 599 599 599 599 599 ...
```

I save the data for the next step:

save(rfPredictData, file="../04\_prepare\_data\_for\_prediction/rfPredictData.RData")