

# Almost Famous: Analyse Newsletter Signup Rate Per Experiment

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Load variable names and types:

```
nameTypeDataFile <- "../..data/raw_variables.csv"
variableNames <- read.csv(nameTypeDataFile, header=TRUE, stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
variableNames

##      name      type
## 1  visit_id  factor
## 2      uid   factor
## 3  campaign  factor
## 4    tstamp character
## 5 experiments factor
## 6    action  factor
## 7     query  factor

factorIdx <- which(variableNames$type=="factor")
factorNames <- variableNames$name[factorIdx]
```

Read the per visit aggregated web log data:

```
visitFile <- "../..data/web_visits.csv"
visitData <- read.csv(visitFile, stringsAsFactors=FALSE, col.names=variableNames$name,
                      colClasses=variableNames$type, na.strings=c("NA",""))
visitData$tstamp <- as.POSIXct(visitData$tstamp)
str(visitData)

## 'data.frame': 1482602 obs. of 7 variables:
## $ visit_id : Factor w/ 1482602 levels "10000024498",...: 1252062 128641 583195 349394 830165 690964 ...
## $ uid      : Factor w/ 1064214 levels "100000493","100000682",...: 858988 92339 95584 929716 656934 ...
## $ campaign : Factor w/ 10 levels "103","127","14",...: 7 1 7 1 4 8 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ tstamp   : POSIXct, format: "2014-09-18 05:43:18" "2014-09-16 21:24:08" ...
## $ experiments: Factor w/ 4 levels "[1 3]","[1 4]",...: 2 1 4 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 ...
## $ action    : Factor w/ 8 levels "[landed adclick adclick adclick]",...: 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 ...
## $ query     : Factor w/ 5 levels "advanced analytics",...: 1 5 1 5 3 5 5 5 4 ...
```

```
summary(visitData)

##          visit_id          uid          campaign          tstamp
## 10000024498:      1 102486699:      7 558      :324872 Min.      :2014-09-15 00:00:01
## 10000032484:      1 123618732:      7 103      :324027 1st Qu.:2014-09-18 16:32:04
## 10000079220:      1 143588980:      7 59      :232002 Median :2014-09-22 16:55:36
## 10000092303:      1 159226004:      7 31      :231685 Mean   :2014-09-22 20:33:11
## 10000132469:      1 168873739:      7 127      : 92681 3rd Qu.:2014-09-26 19:41:15
## 10000206890:      1 171898393:      7 94      : 92436 Max.   :2014-09-30 23:53:20
## (Other)      :1482596 (Other)      :1482560 (Other):184899
## experiments          action
## [1 3]:370018 landed          :1291256
## [1 4]:371852 [landed signup]      : 84889
## [2 3]:370082 [landed order]        : 43930
## [2 4]:370650 [landed adclick]       : 28233
##           [landed adclick adclick adclick]: 14956
##           [landed adclick adclick]        : 14875
##           (Other)                        : 4463
##           query
## advanced analytics      :463687
## building predictive models: 92454
## data science            : 92445
## data science training    :185117
## predictive modeling      :648899
##
##
```

What are the actions per visit??

```
table(visitData$action)

##
## [landed adclick adclick adclick]          [landed adclick adclick]
##                14956                      14875
##                [landed adclick]            [landed order]
##                28233                      43930
##                [landed signup adclick]      [landed signup order]
##                1045                        3418
##                [landed signup]              landed
##                84889                      1291256
```

Look at visits with signups:

```
signupIdx <- getPatternIndex(visitData$action, "signup")

## Concerned pattern levels are [landed signup adclick], [landed signup order], [landed signup]

totalSignups <- length(signupIdx)
```

I conclude from the factor levels for action that there is at most 1 signup per visit and overall 89352 signups. I cross check with a simple grep on the command line on the unaggregated web data which gives us the same result:

```
$ grep -o signup web.log | wc -l
$ 89352
```

Add the number of signups per visit as variable to the data frame:

```
nbSignup <- rep(0, nrow(visitData))
nbSignup[signupIdx] <- 1
visitData$nb_signups <- nbSignup
```

There are 93.97% of visits that don't have a signup and only 6.03% that do.  
Checkout experiment information:

```
prop.table(table(visitData$experiments))

##
##      [1 3]      [1 4]      [2 3]      [2 4]
## 0.2495734 0.2508104 0.2496166 0.2499997
```

Split up the experiment information into separate variables

```
expIdx1 <- getPatternIndex(visitData$experiments, 1)
## Concerned pattern levels are [1 3], [1 4]

totalExp1 <- length(expIdx1)
expIdx2 <- getPatternIndex(visitData$experiments, 2)
## Concerned pattern levels are [2 3], [2 4]

totalExp2 <- length(expIdx2)
expIdx3 <- getPatternIndex(visitData$experiments, 3)
## Concerned pattern levels are [1 3], [2 3]

totalExp3 <- length(expIdx3)
expIdx4 <- getPatternIndex(visitData$experiments, 4)
## Concerned pattern levels are [1 4], [2 4]

totalExp4 <- length(expIdx4)
```

and add them pairwise to the data frame:

```
stopifnot(!any(intersect(expIdx1, expIdx2)),
          totalExp1 + totalExp2 == nrow(visitData),
          !any(intersect(expIdx3, expIdx4)),
          totalExp3 + totalExp4 == nrow(visitData))

experiment12 <- rep(1, nrow(visitData))
experiment12[expIdx2] <- 2
visitData$experiment_12 <- factor(experiment12, levels=1:2)

experiment34 <- rep(3, nrow(visitData))
experiment34[expIdx4] <- 4
visitData$experiment_34 <- factor(experiment34, levels=3:4)
```

Checkout experiment distribution:

```
prop.table(table(visitData$experiment_12))

##
##      1      2
## 0.5003838 0.4996162

prop.table(table(visitData$experiment_34))

##
##      3      4
## 0.4991899 0.5008101
```

How many signups are there per experiment?

```
visitAggExp12 <- aggregatePerExperiment12(visitData)
visitAggExp12

##   experiment_12 nb_visits nb_uids total_signups signup_rate
## 1              1   741870   532225         45145 0.08482315
## 2              2   740732   531989         44207 0.08309758

visitAggExp34 <- aggregatePerExperiment34(visitData)
visitAggExp34

##   experiment_34 nb_visits nb_uids total_signups signup_rate
## 1              3   740100   531345         46819 0.08811413
## 2              4   742502   532869         42533 0.07981887
```

Write the result into json file:

```
library(jsonlite)
overallSignupRates <- c(visitAggExp12$signup_rate, visitAggExp34$signup_rate)
names(overallSignupRates) <- paste("experiment", 1:4, sep="")
jsonString <- toJSON(as.data.frame(t(overallSignupRates)), dataframe="rows", pretty=TRUE)
jsonString

## [
##   {
##     "experiment1": 0.0848,
##     "experiment2": 0.0831,
##     "experiment3": 0.0881,
##     "experiment4": 0.0798
##   }
## ]
##

write(jsonString, file="../q4a_newsletter_signup/out/overallSignupRates.json")
```