

*4/5/18 – Thursday*

*Numerical Methods 2:30pm – 4:40pm*

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## **Lab #1**

**Problem:** In the study of unforced oscillating systems, either mechanical (springs) or electrical (circuits), the differential equations governing them produce solutions of the form:

$$y = Ae^{-kt} \sin(\omega t + \phi) \text{ where } A, k, \omega, \phi \text{ are constants, with } A, k > 0.$$

### **Procedure:**

1. Set  $A=10$ ,  $k=.25$ ,  $\omega = 2.5$ ,  $\phi = 1.5$ .
2. Create a  $t$ -vector of 100 values ranging from 0 to 10 spaced equally.
3. Create a vector of the corresponding  $y$  values.
4. Plot the equation.
5. What affect does  $A$  have on the graph? What about  $k$ ? What about  $\omega$ ? Choose different parameters and see what happens.
6. Create a new script. In that script, define two functions to plot varying the parameter  $\omega$  and  $k$  to demonstrate the effect.
7. Plot all 3 graphs on the same plot. Each plot needs to have a different color and style. Plot the graph from 0 to  $6\pi$ . Have a legend.
8. You should be able to run your script from the command window by typing in the name of the file.

### **My Solution:**

(Simply type file name into command window to run)

Lab1.m

```

%Lab Assignment #1
%Studying unforced oscillating systems. A dying spring.

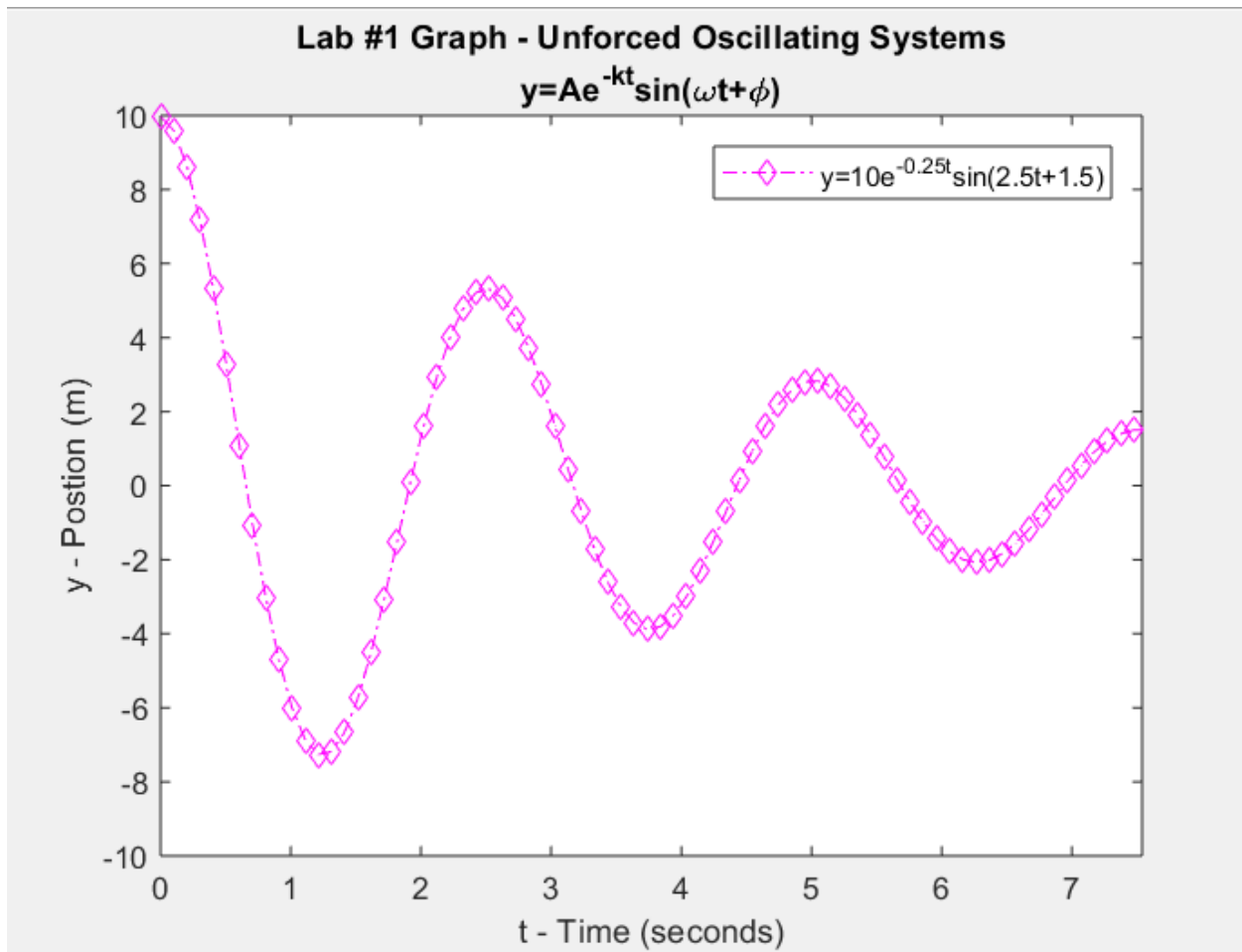
A=10;
k=.25;
omega=2.5;
phi=1.5;

t=linspace(0,10);

%Our function
y=A.*exp(-k.*t).*sin(omega.*t+phi);

%Plot
plot(t,y,'-dm');hold on;
title('Lab #1 Graph - Unforced Oscillating Systems'; 'y=Ae^{-kt}sin({\omega}t+{\phi})')
xlabel('t - Time (seconds)')
ylabel('y - Position (m)')
axis([0 6*pi./omega -10 10])
legend('y=10e^{-0.25t}sin(2.5t+1.5)')

```



## Lab1plot.m

```

%Varying A changes the maximum amplitude of the spring (where you start
%it) & Varying omega changes the period of oscillation

c=2;

%Vary The Amplitude
y2=c.*exp(-k.*t).*sin(omega.*t+phi);
plot(t,y2,'--xg');hold on;

%Varying Omega
y3=A.*exp(-k.*t).*sin(c.*t+phi);
plot(t,y3,'-*c');

legend('y=10e^{-0.25t}\sin(2.5t+1.5)', 'y=2e^{-0.25t}\sin(2.5t+1.5)', 'y=10e^{-0.25t}\sin(2t+1.5)')
axis([0 6*pi./c -10 10])

```

