# HW3

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# 1 HW 3: Turing Machines

## 1.1 Problem 1

A Turing machine with left-reset is similar to an ordinary Turing machine but the transition function has the form

$$\delta: Q \times \Gamma \to Q \times \Gamma \times \{R, RESET\}$$

The semantics of the RESET move is that the Turing machine will go all the back to the left-most side of the tape, instead of just moving a step left. Prove that Turing machines with left reset are equivalent to ordinary Turing machines. To do this you'll need to

- show that you can turn a Turing machine with left reset into an ordinary Turing machine (the easy part)
- show that you can turn an ordinary Turing machine into a Turing machine with left reset (the hard part)

#### 1.2 Problem 2

Show that the Turing-decidable languages are closed under

1. union

- 2. intersection
- 3. complement

# 1.3 Problem 3

Give an informal description of the following languages

- $\{w|w \text{ contains twice as many 0s as 1s}\}$
- $\{w|w$  has matching parentheses and a length that's a power of  $2\}$

### 1.4 Problem 4

Show that the Turing recognizable languages are closed under

- ullet Kleene star
- concatenation
- reversal

Are the recognizable languages closed under complement? Can you give a counter-example?