

# Intro to Programming

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# What we'll cover

- What is programming?

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- What are programming languages

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- What are programming languages
  - ...and why do we need them?

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- What is programming?
- What are programming languages
  - ...and why do we need them?
- Basic programming in JavaScript

# How this class works

- Lecture

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- Lecture
- Demonstration

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- Lecture
- Demonstration
- In-class exercises



# How this class works

- Lecture
- Demonstration
- In-class exercises
- Take home supplements

# What you'll get out of it

- An introduction to programming

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- Enough knowledge to keep going on your own

# What you'll get out of it

- An introduction to programming
- Enough knowledge to keep going on your own
- Code you can build off of

# Programming is speaking a language

- All language is communication

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- Programming languages are special languages

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- Programming languages are special languages
- Computers need precision

# Programming is speaking a language

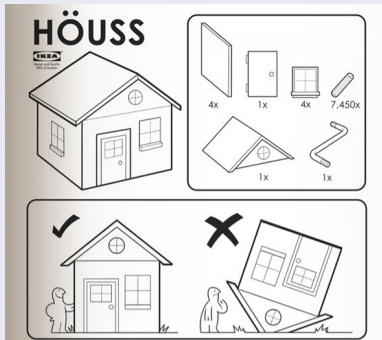
- All language is communication
- Programming languages are special languages
- Computers need precision they're not as smart as us



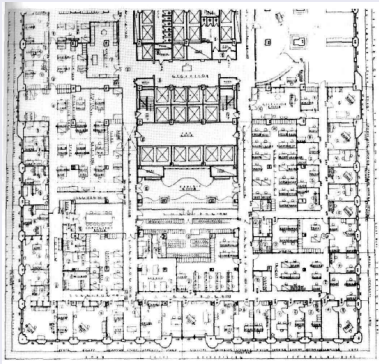
# Why programming is hard

The precision of instructions computers need is unnatural for the human mind

# Why programming is hard



# Why programming is hard



# Why programming is learnable

- Precise thinking may be unnatural

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# Why programming is learnable

- Precise thinking may be unnatural
- But it's not impossible
- It takes time and practice
- Like learning any language



# JavaScript is a programming language

- Many different languages

# JavaScript is a programming language

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- One of the most common:

# JavaScript is a programming language

- Many different languages
- One of the most common: JavaScript

# Why JavaScript?

- JavaScript runs in your browser

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- JavaScript is a **relatively** simple language

# Why JavaScript?

- JavaScript runs in your browser
- JavaScript is a **relatively** simple language
- JavaScript lets interact with web pages

# How it looks



# What it is

Simple puzzles where you need to write code to move your character (the black block) to the goal (the red pillar).



# How do we play

Move our hero from the start

# How do we play

Move our hero from the start to the finish

# How do we play

Move our hero from the start to the finish navigating obstacles

# Playing the game

We'll write the JavaScript code to move our hero around, using functions for

# Playing the game

We'll write the JavaScript code to move our hero around, using functions for

- walking

# Playing the game

We'll write the JavaScript code to move our hero around, using functions for

- walking
- turning

# Playing the game

We'll write the JavaScript code to move our hero around, using functions for

- walking
- turning
- jumping

# The JavaScript console

- Every browser can run JavaScript



# The JavaScript console

- Every browser can run JavaScript
- The `console` allows you to test code

# The JavaScript console

Let's try it!

- Our code runs in the browser

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- Crafty [craftyjs.com](http://craftyjs.com)

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- Crafty [craftyjs.com](http://craftyjs.com)
- Take advantage of JavaScript's integration

# What is a source file

- Code is read in from **files**

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- Code is read in from **files**
- JavaScript code by convention ends in `.js`
- Code you'll be changing in `pathn.js`



Easiest way to run JavaScript files is to load a page that calls them

# Loading a file

```
<!doctype html>
<html>
  <head>
    <script src="testscript.js"></script>
  </head>
  <body>
    Check the console and see what happened!
  </body>
</html>
```

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- Syntax is the grammar of a language
- Even stricter rules than human languages
- “Dog not can to ridebike nor can to cook”
- Computers can't guess

# Evaluation of code

- Syntax doesn't **do** anything

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# Evaluation of code

- Syntax doesn't **do** anything
- Saying “I have a trillion dollars” doesn't make it so
- An *interpreter* runs (or *evaluates*) code

## Numbers

- 1
- 0.5
- -20
- ...

## Operations

- +
- -
- \*
- ...

I have a friend, let's call her "Cassandra"...

Variables function both as storage containers and pronouns

# Creating Variables

```
var nameOfVariable = initialValueInIt;  
var numberOfToes = 10;
```

# Assigning variables

Follow along!

```
var musicalsThatShouldExist = "The Walking Dead on Ice";  
musicalsThatShouldExist;  
musicalsThatShouldExist = "Werner Herzog Sings The Blues";  
musicalsThatShouldExist;
```

# Example

## You try it

Open the console, make a variable, and then try setting it to different values

## Functions in math

$$f(x) = x + 10$$

## Functions in JavaScript

```
function f(x) {  
    return x + 10;  
}
```



# Using functions

First example of a function, a function that writes data to the console

```
console.log
```

# Multi-argument functions

```
function moreFun (anArgument,anotherArgument) {  
    console.log(anArgument + anotherArgument);  
}  
  
moreFun(10, 20);
```

# Functions with no arguments

```
function noArgs () {  
    return 10;  
}
```

# Example

Navigate to the file `consoleExample.html` and then check the console to see what happened

# Example

```
<!doctype html>
<html>
  <head>
    <script>
      console.log("we're printing one message");
      console.log("and another message!");
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    Check your console!
  </body>
</html>
```

# Moving left and right

- step moves forward a step

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- `step` moves forward a step
- `jump` jumps forward

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# Moving left and right

- `step` moves forward a step
- `jump` jumps forward
- `turnAround` turns you around
- steps need to be taken individually

# Our first level



Run the level

# Try it out yourself

Add code to the function `solution` so that our hero moves to the exit

# My solution

```
function solution(){  
  step();  
  finish();  
}
```

# Our second level



Run the level

- Need to do more than a single step of code at a time

# Sequences

- Need to do more than a single step of code at a time
- List the steps line by line

# Sequences

- Need to do more than a single step of code at a time
- List the steps line by line separate by semicolons



# Sequences

```
console.log(1);  
console.log(10);
```

# Taking multiple steps

How do we sequence actions in JavaScript?

# Taking multiple steps

Taking three steps  $\Rightarrow$

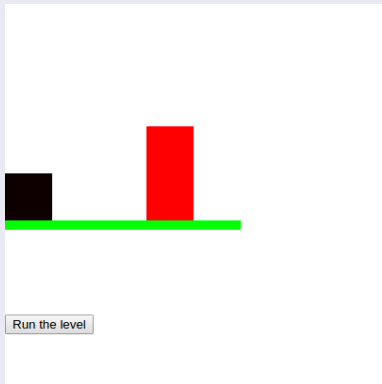
# Taking multiple steps

Taking three steps  $\Rightarrow$

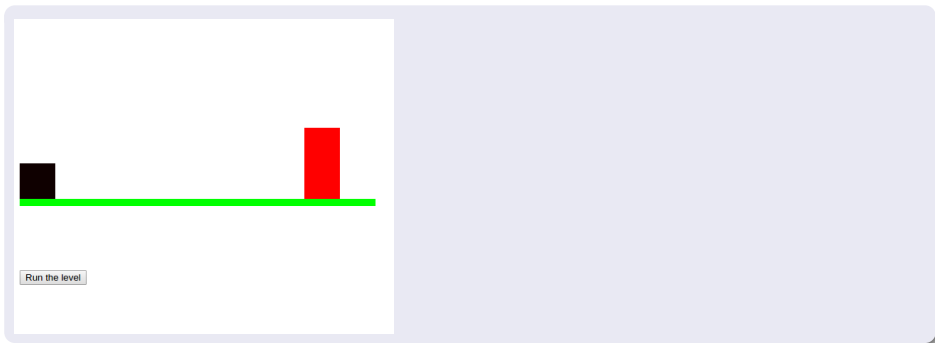
```
step();  
step();  
step();
```

# Our second level

Try solving it!



# Our third level



# Taking as many steps as needed

- Previous solution isn't helpful

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- Who wants to type `step()` again and again?



# Taking as many steps as needed

- Previous solution isn't helpful
- Who wants to type `step()` again and again?
- Need a way to repeat, *iterate*, steps

# Iteration

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- Iteration general term

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- **Iteration** general term
- Two kinds

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  - for

# Iteration

- **Iteration** general term
- Two kinds
  - **for**
  - **while**

# For loops

## Definite iteration

Do something a set *number of times*

# Chop three onions





# Walk five blocks



# What is truth?

- `true`
- `false`

# Arithmetic comparison

- <
- >
- ==

# For-loop syntax

```
for(var i = 0; i < 10; i = i + 1){  
    console.log(i);  
}
```

# Level 3: for-loops



Run the level

# While loops

Do *something* while *something* is true.

# While loop syntax

```
var i = 0;
while (i < 20) {
    console.log(20);
}
```

# isAtExit predicate

isAtExit returns true if you're at the exit and false if you're not



# Negation

- `! false == true`
- `! true == false`

# Level 3: while-loops



Run the level

## Level 4: jumping



Run the level

# Level 5: a lot of jumping



Run the level

# Code reuse and redundancy

- Don't want to write jumping code every time

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- We've seen how to *call* functions

# Code reuse and redundancy

- Don't want to write jumping code every time
- We often have things we want to repeat
- Recall: functions are chunks of code
- We've seen how to *call* functions now **write** them

# Writing a function

```
function myFunc () {  
    ...  
}
```

# Writing a function

## Function to walk two steps

```
function twostep () {  
    step();  
    step();  
    finish();  
}
```

# Making a function for jumping

Put it into a function called `platformJump`

```
function platformJump(){  
    step();  
    jump();  
}
```

# Re-solve level 5



Run the level

What if we wanted a single function that would step if you're not on a ledge and jump if you're on a ledge?



If-statements are how you *choose* what to do based on whether something is *true*

# If-statement syntax

```
if (10 < 20){  
    console.log("ten");  
}  
else {  
    console.log("twenty");  
}
```

# atEdge predicate

atEdge returns true if the player is near an edge and false if they are not

Create a safeStep function

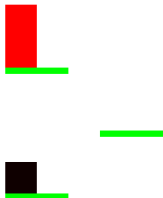
```
function safeStep () {  
    ...  
}
```

# Rewriting level 5



Run the level

## Bonus: sixth level



Run the level

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- Continue learning programming!



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- Study guides available

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  - General programming study guide

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  - Guide to making a game with Crafty
  - Both are continually updated so keep checking back!

# What topics are left?

- Objects in JavaScript

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- Arrays in JavaScript

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- Objects in JavaScript
- Arrays in JavaScript
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- Interacting with the browser
  - DOM
  - Events

# Thanks

Thanks for attending this course!

# References

Study guide is available at:

<https://github.com/clarissalittler/multcolib-lectures/blob/master/BeginnerProgrammingReference.pdf>

There will also be a study guide for learning about making small games with Crafty and a longer tutorial explaining all the code in this repository. So stay tuned!