

# Elements of Data Science - F22

## Midterm Review

This is intended as a guide and is not guaranteed to be comprehensive.

Material considered fair for the exam is anything from class and slides.

## Data Science Tools

- Data Science workflow
- Jupyter+Ipython Notebooks
- conda Virtual Environments
- using Git to pull code and materials

## Python Intro/Review, Numpy, and Pandas

- Importing modules
- Defining functions
- String formatting
- What are Exceptions and how do we catch them?
- Using **assert**
- Basic Python data types
- Collections module: Counter, defaultdict
- Python flow control: **if: elif: else: , for x in xs:**
- Sorting with **lambda** functions as the key
- List Comprehensions
- Numpy
  - arrays
  - indexing/slicing
  - Boolean masks and bitwise operations
- Pandas
  - Series
  - DataFrames
  - indexing/slicing
  - **.loc[]**
  - **.iloc[]**
  - **.describe()**
  - **.info()**
  - **.shape**

## Visualization and Data Exploration

- Matplotlib
  - plotting using **matplotlib**
  - using **plt.subplots()**
  - modifying plots using **ax**

- Variable Types (numeric,categorical,ordinal)
- Central tendencies
  - mean
  - median
- Spread
  - variance
  - std deviation
  - IQR
- Correlation
  - Pearson Correlation Coefficient
- Univariate Plotting
  - histogram
  - boxplots
- Bivariate Plotting
  - scatterplot
  - barplot
  - jointplot
  - pairplot

## **Confidence Intervals and Hypothesis Testing**

- Random Sampling vs. Population Distribution
- Sample Statistic
- Confidence Intervals
  - Bootstrap Sampling
- Normal (Gaussian) Distribution
  - Standard Normal Distribution
  - Z-Score
- Central Limit Theorem
- Hypothesis Testing
  - Type I and II error
  - Significance and Power
  - Permutation Tests
  - One-tailed vs Two-tailed
  - p-values
  - A/B Test
- Multi-Armed Bandit
  - benefits of using
  - greedy
  - epsilon-greedy

## **Intro to ML**

- “Dimensions” of ML
  - Interpretation vs. Prediction
  - Learning Paradigms (SL,UL,etc.)

- Regression vs Classification
  - Binary, Multiclass, Multilabel Classification
- sklearn common functions
  - `.fit()`
  - `.predict()`
  - `.predict_proba()`

## Machine Learning Models

- Simple Linear Regression
  - Interpreting Coefficients of OLS
  - Colinearity
- Multiple Linear Regression
- Logistic Regression
- Concept of Gradient Descent
- Perceptron/Multilayer Perceptron
- k-Nearest Neighbor
- Decision Trees
- Ensembles
  - Random Forest
  - Gradient Boost
  - Stacking
- Multiclass, Multilabel and One vs. Rest Classification