

### **Laboratory 3:**

#### **UML Class Diagram Assignment (V1)**

Generate a UML Class diagram and develop Python program for the following task: Design a library system that consists of three main classes: Book, Author, and Patron.

The Book class should have the following attributes and methods:

- title
- author (an Author object that wrote the book)
- publication date
- ISBN
- number of copies available
- reserve\_copy(): method to reserve a copy of the book
- return\_copy(): method to return a copy of the book

The Author class should have the following attributes and methods:

- name
- biography
- books (a list of Book objects written by the author)
- add\_book(book): method to add a Book object to the books list
- remove\_book(book): method to remove a Book object from the books list

The Patron class should have the following attributes and methods:

- name
- address
- phone number
- email address
- borrowed\_books (a list of Book objects that are currently borrowed by the patron)
- borrow\_book(book): method to borrow a Book object
- return\_book(book): method to return a Book object

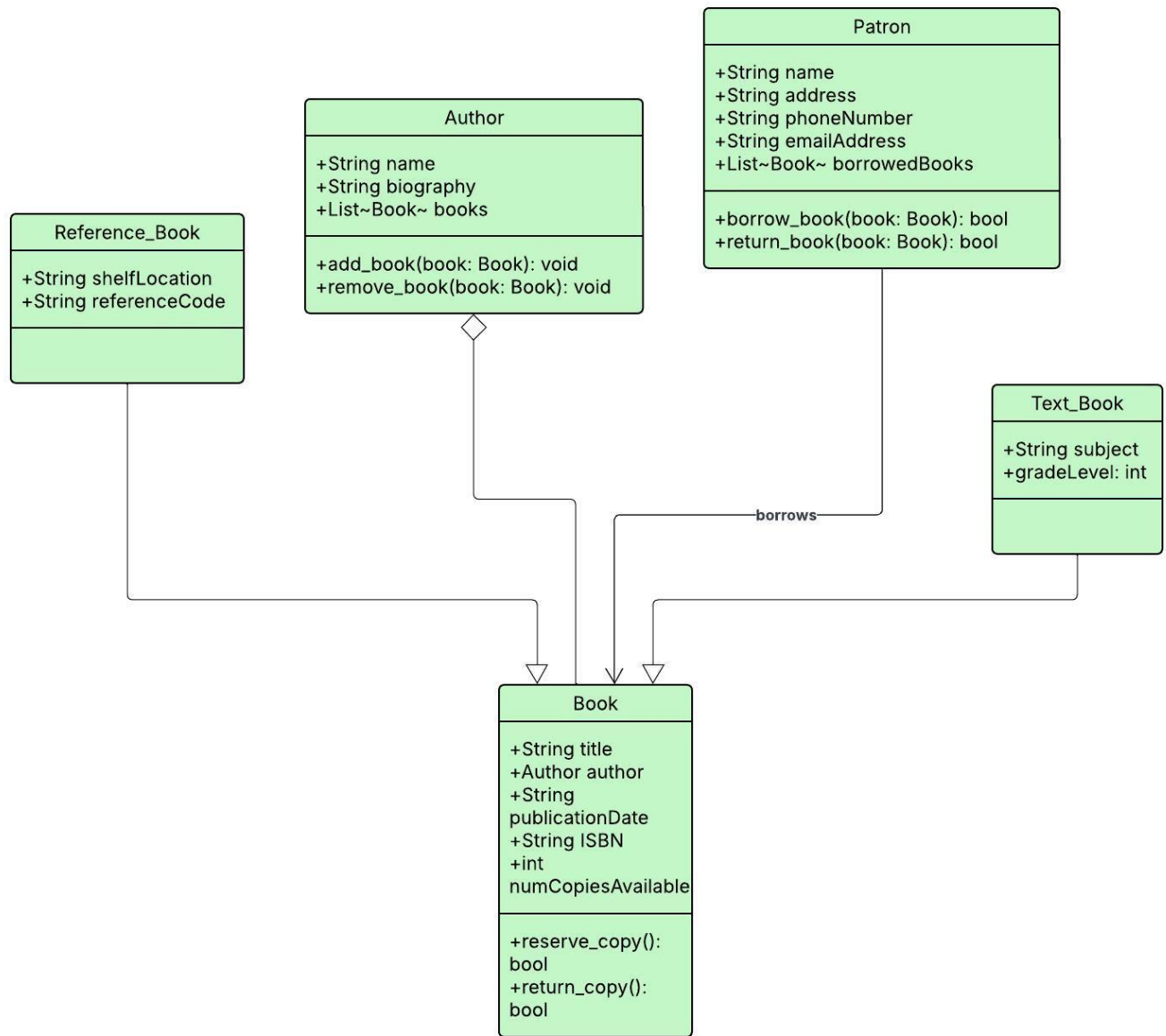
In addition to the above classes, you should create additional classes to represent the relationships between the classes, including:

- An association between Patron and Book, where a Patron can borrow multiple books.
- An aggregation relationship between Author and Book, where an Author can write multiple Books.

An inheritance relationship between Book and Text\_Book and Reference\_Book, where Text\_Book and Reference\_Book inherit from the Book class and have additional attributes and methods specific to their book type.

Implement this system in Python, using appropriate class structures and relationships to model the system. Also, create test cases to demonstrate the functionality of the system.

## CLASS DIAGRAM:



## PYTHON CODE:

```
class Book:

    def __init__(self, title, publication_date, isbn, num_copies_available, author):

        self.title = title

        self.publication_date = publication_date

        self.isbn = isbn

        self.num_copies_available = num_copies_available

        self.author = author # Association with Author


    def reserve_copy(self):

        if self.num_copies_available > 0:

            self.num_copies_available -= 1

            print(f"{self.title} reserved successfully.")

        else:

            print(f"No copies of {self.title} available for reservation.")


    def return_copy(self):

        self.num_copies_available += 1

        print(f"A copy of {self.title} has been returned.")


class TextBook(Book):

    def __init__(self, title, publication_date, isbn, num_copies_available, author, subject):

        super().__init__(title, publication_date, isbn, num_copies_available, author)

        self.subject = subject # Additional attribute specific to TextBook


class ReferenceBook(Book):

    def __init__(self, title, publication_date, isbn, num_copies_available, author, reference_type):

        super().__init__(title, publication_date, isbn, num_copies_available, author)

        self.reference_type = reference_type # Additional attribute specific to ReferenceBook


class Author:

    def __init__(self, name, biography):

        self.name = name

        self.biography = biography

        self.books = [] # Aggregation: Author has a list of books
```

```
def add_book(self, book):  
    if book not in self.books:  
        self.books.append(book)
```

```
def remove_book(self, book):  
    if book in self.books:  
        self.books.remove(book)
```

```
class Patron:
```

```
    def __init__(self, name, address, phone_number, email_address):  
        self.name = name  
        self.address = address  
        self.phone_number = phone_number  
        self.email_address = email_address  
        self.borrowed_books = [] # Association: Patron borrows books
```

```
    def borrow_book(self, book):  
        if book.num_copies_available > 0:  
            book.reserve_copy()  
            self.borrowed_books.append(book)  
            print(f"{self.name} borrowed {book.title}.")  
        else:  
            print(f"{book.title} is not available for borrowing.")
```

```
    def return_book(self, book):  
        if book in self.borrowed_books:  
            book.return_copy()  
            self.borrowed_books.remove(book)  
            print(f"{self.name} returned {book.title}.")  
        else:  
            print(f"{self.name} has not borrowed {book.title}.")
```

```
# Example Usage
```

```
author1 = Author("George Orwell", "English novelist, essayist, journalist, and critic.")  
book1 = TextBook("1984", "1949", "9780451524935", 5, author1, "Dystopian Fiction")  
book2 = ReferenceBook("Animal Farm", "1945", "9780451526342", 3, author1, "Political Satire")
```

```
author1.add_book(book1)
```

```
author1.add_book(book2)
```

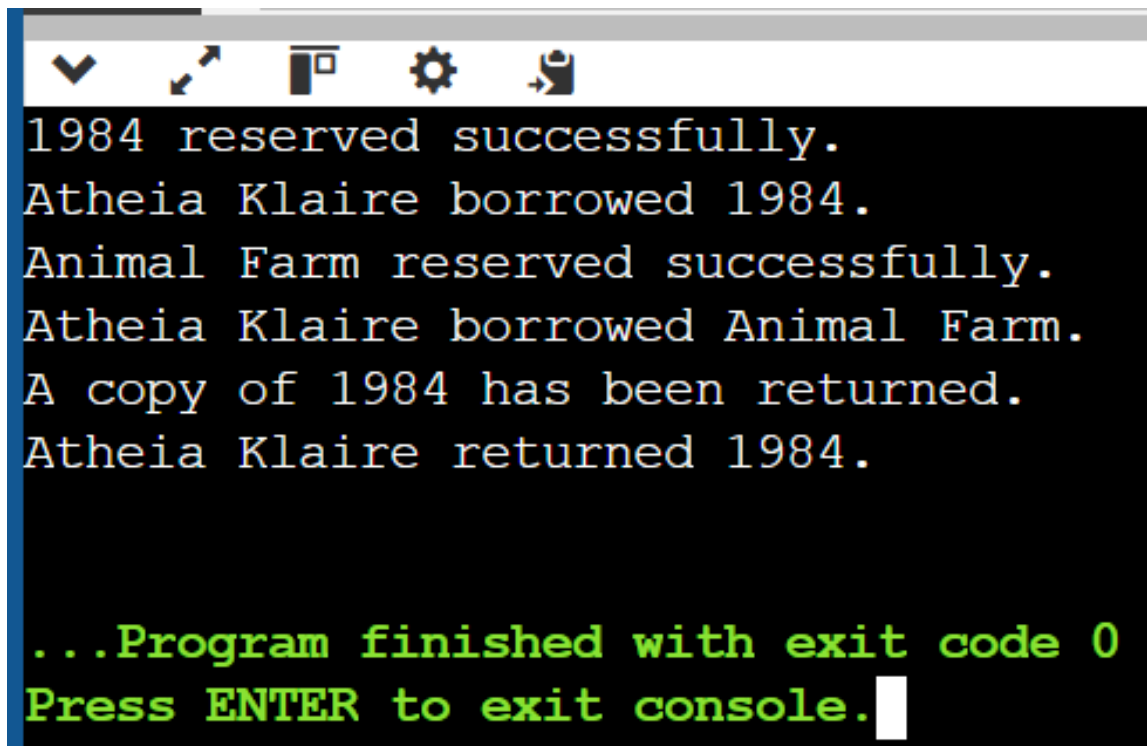
```
patron1 = Patron("Atheia Klaire", "Surigao City", "09692083465", "atheia@email.com")
```

```
patron1.borrow_book(book1)
```

```
patron1.borrow_book(book2)
```

```
patron1.return_book(book1)
```

#### OUTPUT:

A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark background and a light gray title bar. The title bar contains several icons: a downward arrow, a magnifying glass, a square icon, a gear, and a person icon. The terminal displays the following text in a monospaced font: "1984 reserved successfully.", "Atheia Klaire borrowed 1984.", "Animal Farm reserved successfully.", "Atheia Klaire borrowed Animal Farm.", "A copy of 1984 has been returned.", "Atheia Klaire returned 1984.", followed by "...Program finished with exit code 0" and "Press ENTER to exit console." with a white cursor block at the end of the last line.

```
1984 reserved successfully.  
Atheia Klaire borrowed 1984.  
Animal Farm reserved successfully.  
Atheia Klaire borrowed Animal Farm.  
A copy of 1984 has been returned.  
Atheia Klaire returned 1984.  
  
...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.
```