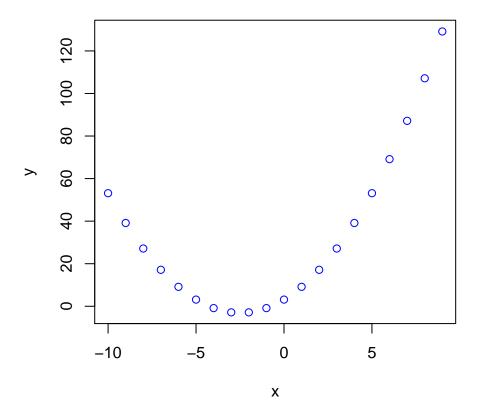
## **Makefiles**

Originally designed for compiling large software projects, Makefiles can automate the dependencies between data analysis steps, enabling **reproducible research**.<sup>1</sup> Taking a little time early on to precisely record and understand your steps in a Makefile will pay big dividends when it comes time to reproduce that analysis.

To create this pdf, navigate to the directory containing the make file and type make. Note that you will need LaTeX, R, and Python installed for this example. The makefile contains a list of dependencies and commands that act as a recipe for building the final product, in this case a pdf. Later, if you change any step in the analysis you can issue the make command again and the make program will run the appropriate commands to refresh the results.

Here we have the result of our labors, a nice plot from R. PDF's are vector graphics, which means that they'll look good no matter how much you zoom. Use them for professional results. Mathematical expressions are always beautiful in ETFX.  $x^2 + 5x + \pi$ 



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For more on reproducible research, check out the chapter on Open Source Scientific Practice by K. Jarrod Millman and Fernando Perez available at https://osf.io/h9gsd/.

Makefiles consist of rules that follow this pattern:

```
target: dependencies
[tab] system command
```

Note that it **must** have a tab character, spaces will not work. You may need to change your text editor settings. This is one of the only times that actual tab characters are a good idea when programming. The Makefile below generates this pdf.

The first line describes our final target, paper.pdf. It says that paper.pdf depends on the TEX source paper.tex, figure.pdf, and Makefile. If any of these three files change then the corresponding command pdflatex paper.tex will run, which makes a new paper.pdf. It's a little strange that it depends on Makefile, but the reason is that LATEX actually pulls in the source code of Makefile and renders it in the pdf!

The line with figure.pdf as the target has dependencies data.csv and plot.R. If the data or the R script changes then make needs to create a new figure.

data.csv is a target with dependency get\_data.py. If the Python script that produces the data changes and we run make again then the command python get\_data.py will run, updating data.csv. This will cause figure.pdf to be plotted again, which will in turn cause the final pdf to be recreated.

make is great because it's lazy. Good programmers always look out for a chance to be lazy. That means that if you only change paper.tex, then make won't plot the figure or do anything with the python script.

The final target is clean. Issuing the command make clean runs the line beginning with rm, removing the byproducts of R and LATEX.