# CS6033 – Design and Analysis of Algorithms I

## Homework 6

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#### Reminders

- Write in a neat and legible handwriting or use LATEX
- Clearly explain the reasoning process
- Write in a complete style (subject, verb, and object)
- Be critical on your results

Questions preceded by a \* are optional. Although they can be skipped without any deduction, it is important to know and understand the results they contain.

#### **Ex. 1** — Perfect matching in a bipartite graph

Let  $G = \langle V, E \rangle$  be a bipartite graph where  $V = L \cup R$ . A perfect matching in G is a subset of E where every vertex is contained in exactly one edge. Let A be the matrix whose rows correspond to vertices in E and columns to vertices in E. Each element E are defined as a variable E and E if vertices E and E are connected and E otherwise.

- 1. Expressing the determinant of A as a polynomial prove that it is identically zero if and only if G has no perfect matching.
- 2. Deduce an algorithm to decide if a bipartite graph has a perfect matching.
- 3. What are the complexity and error probability of this algorithm?
- 4. As deterministic polynomial time algorithms already exist, discuss the usefulness of this strategy.

### **Ex. 2** — Critical thinking

Given a singly linked list, write two algorithms to solve each of the following problems.

- 1. Find the middle node in one pass.
- 2. Without using any storage, that is without using any memory to saving information, determine if the list contains a loop. What is the complexity of this algorithm? Explain.

### **Ex. 3** — The coupon collector desillusion

As part of their marketing strategy a brand decides to sell each box of cereal they produce with a coupon. A collector decides to gather all the n different coupons.

1. At least how many boxes should be bought to collect all the different coupons?

Let X be a random variable equal to the number of boxes bought in order to have at least a coupon of each type, and  $X_j$  be the number of steps necessary for getting coupon j, knowing that the collector already has j-1 coupons.

- \* 2. What is  $E[X_j]$ , the expectation of  $X_j$ ?
  - 3. Prove that the expected time before all types of coupon are collected is  $E[X] = \Theta(n \log n)$ .
  - 4. In terms of "coupon collector", explain the meaning of the previous mathematical formula.

## \* Ex. 4 — Interview problem

In an oasis in the middle of the desert lives an very old and isolated community composed of 95 blue and 5 red eyed people. According to their ancient believes:

- anyone with red eyes is evil, but nobody tells them or act is a special way with them;
- they are forbidden to check their eye color into any reflective surface;
- anyone discovering they have red eyes must commit suicide;
- nobody is allowed discuss about each others eyes color;

One day a lost explorer enters the oasis and as the whole community is gathered he says: "Whahoo, red-eyed people! I had never seen any before."

Assuming of the people of the community have enrolled in CS6033, what will happen and when?