

### 8.1.3 Searchable encryption

This section presents the demonstrator for the Searchable Encryption (SE) module. The demonstrator runs on a single machine and emulates both the CLARUS user and the CSP (that runs an instance of a PostgreSQL server). The communication between the user and the server is done by means of the SQL syntax.

#### 8.1.3.1 *Storyboard*

The CLARUS user would like to store a privacy-sensitive (SQL) database (such as the e-health database developed in the project) in an untrusted cloud server. To preserve data confidentiality and patients' privacy against this cloud server, the user will resort to the Searchable Encryption module, in order to be still able to search keywords over the protected database.

In this scenario, the user will first enter the Storage phase of the Searchable Encryption procedure (see section 4.4). This phase generates the key material for the encryption of the data content and the construction of a secure search index that will enable the cloud to search for some keywords, on behalf of the CLARUS user, without knowing which keywords are searched. In this phase, the user also defines the attributes that can be subject to range queries. At a later point, the user will generate an SQL search query (SELECT query) that will be transformed by the Searchable encryption module into an “encrypted SQL query” (noted SE query) that hides information about the search criteria. The cloud server executes this SE query and sends back to the user the encrypted search results, that is, the records in the database that

match the search criteria. Finally, the user invokes the decryption mechanism of the SE module to retrieve the decrypted search results.

### 8.1.3.2 Step by step demo

Figure 65 shows the original e-health database, that has been reduced to a single table and a couple of records for the demonstrator purposes. This database, named `lab_simple`, consists of 8 attributes: `pat_id`, `pat_name`, `pat_last1`, `pat_last2`, `ep_id`, `lab_ver` and `age`. The CLARUS user would like to search records that present particular value of `pat_name`, `pat_last2` and `age`. For example, he/she would like to search for the records of patients whose `pat_name` is SANDRA or whose `pat_last2` is GARCIA etc.

Parsing the dataset...  
Database content:

pat_id	pat_name	pat_last1	pat_last2	ep_id	lab_id	lab_ver	age
00000936	ALEJANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000014	00000000000000000026	00	26
00000924	NURIA	RODRIGUEZ	LOPEZ	0000000028	00000000000000000048	00	48
00000141	ANA MARIA	RAMOS	REY	0000000029	00000000000000000049	00	49
00000141	ANA MARIA	RAMOS	REY	0000000029	00000000000000000050	00	49
00000651	MARTINA	MACIAS	VARELA	0000000031	00000000000000000052	00	53
00000651	MARTINA	MACIAS	VARELA	0000000031	00000000000000000053	00	53
00000823	CARMEN	GARCIA	LOPEZ	0000000056	00000000000000000100	00	18
00000722	SANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000107	00000000000000000202	00	20
00000722	SANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000107	00000000000000000203	00	20
00000415	RUBEN	ROMERO	MARQUEZ	0000000149	00000000000000000282	00	85
00000860	RAUL	GARCIA	MARTINEZ	0000000163	00000000000000000303	00	33
00000860	RAUL	GARCIA	MARTINEZ	0000000163	00000000000000000304	00	33
00000421	FRANCISCO	LOPEZ	MARTINEZ	0000000210	00000000000000000391	00	39
00000876	ISABELLA	SIMON	RUIZ	0000000263	00000000000000000494	00	49
00000446	ENCARNACION	ROMAN	SANCHO	0000000274	00000000000000000513	00	51
00000446	ENCARNACION	ROMAN	SANCHO	0000000274	00000000000000000514	00	51
00000059	MARIA ASUNCION	ZAMORA	RODRIGUEZ	0000000337	00000000000000000633	00	63
00000059	MARIA ASUNCION	ZAMORA	RODRIGUEZ	0000000337	00000000000000000634	00	63
00000155	NURIA	PARRA	MORENO	0000000399	00000000000000000741	00	71
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000862	00	26
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000863	00	26
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000864	00	26
00000287	VICTORIANA	VERA	GARCIA	0000000467	00000000000000000875	00	58
00000287	VICTORIANA	VERA	GARCIA	0000000467	00000000000000000876	00	58
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000883	00	30
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000884	00	30
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000885	00	30
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000956	00	19
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000957	00	19
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000958	00	19
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000965	00	59
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000966	00	59
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000967	00	59
00000427	HANAN	LOZANO	GARRIDO	0000000519	00000000000000000968	00	38
00000427	HANAN	LOZANO	GARRIDO	0000000519	00000000000000000969	00	38
00000643	SANDRA	CORTES	MUÑOZ	0000000533	00000000000000000996	00	66
00000643	SANDRA	CORTES	MUÑOZ	0000000533	00000000000000000997	00	66

37 rows in the database

Figure 65. Original database

### Storage phase

The first step of the SE module operations is the generation of the key material as shown in Figure 66. The module asks the user for a password that will be used to generate the keys and to instantiate and access the keystore.

Figure 66 depicts the second step of the storage phase that consists in shuffling the records in the database. This step helps in obfuscating the ordering of the records in the original table. This permutation is invertible.

```
*****
***** STORAGE *****
*****
Step 01: Generate Keying material

Generated Encryption Key: [qD+zfcQerZlN9ZTa1/DggQ==]
Generated Pseudo Random Function (PRF) key: [AFCbe2gZORPUZPabbkC8Ag==]
Generated Cuckoo Hash table (Pi) key: [X38dfKmpneX9yhwXgJva9g==]

Please enter a password for clarus_keystore:
clarus2017
```

Figure 66. Key generation

```
Step 02: Shuffling rows
Shuffled rows:
```

pat_id	pat_name	pat_last1	pat_last2	ep_id	lab_id	lab_ver	age
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000966	00	59
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000884	00	30
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000862	00	26
00000876	ISABELLA	SIMON	RUIZ	0000000263	00000000000000000494	00	49
00000722	SANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000107	00000000000000000202	00	20
00000924	NURIA	RODRIGUEZ	LOPEZ	0000000028	00000000000000000048	00	48
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000967	00	59
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000885	00	30
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000863	00	26
00000446	ENCARNACION	ROMAN	SANCHO	0000000274	00000000000000000513	00	51
00000722	SANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000107	00000000000000000203	00	20
00000141	ANA MARIA	RAMOS	REY	0000000029	00000000000000000049	00	49
00000427	HANAN	LOZANO	GARRIDO	0000000519	00000000000000000968	00	38
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000956	00	19
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000864	00	26
00000446	ENCARNACION	ROMAN	SANCHO	0000000274	00000000000000000514	00	51
00000415	RUBEN	ROMERO	MARQUEZ	0000000149	00000000000000000282	00	85
00000141	ANA MARIA	RAMOS	REY	0000000029	00000000000000000050	00	49
00000427	HANAN	LOZANO	GARRIDO	0000000519	00000000000000000969	00	38
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000957	00	19
00000287	VICTORIANA	VERA	GARCIA	0000000467	00000000000000000875	00	58
00000059	MARIA ASUNCION	ZAMORA	RODRIGUEZ	0000000337	00000000000000000633	00	63
00000860	RAUL	GARCIA	MARTINEZ	0000000163	00000000000000000303	00	33
00000651	MARTINA	MACIAS	VARELA	0000000031	00000000000000000052	00	53
00000643	SANDRA	CORTES	MUÑOZ	0000000533	00000000000000000996	00	66
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000958	00	19
00000287	VICTORIANA	VERA	GARCIA	0000000467	00000000000000000876	00	58
00000059	MARIA ASUNCION	ZAMORA	RODRIGUEZ	0000000337	00000000000000000634	00	63
00000860	RAUL	GARCIA	MARTINEZ	0000000163	00000000000000000304	00	33
00000651	MARTINA	MACIAS	VARELA	0000000031	00000000000000000053	00	53
00000643	SANDRA	CORTES	MUÑOZ	0000000533	00000000000000000997	00	66
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000965	00	59
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000883	00	30
00000155	NURIA	PARRA	MORENO	0000000399	00000000000000000741	00	71
00000421	FRANCISCO	LOPEZ	MARTINEZ	0000000210	00000000000000000391	00	39
00000823	CARMEN	GARCIA	LOPEZ	0000000056	00000000000000000100	00	18
00000936	ALEJANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000014	00000000000000000026	00	26

Figure 67. Shuffling records

```

Step 03: Range configuration
5 numerical attributes found!
Do you want to include range queries feature ? [Y/N]
Y

Choose one of the following options:
display      : Display the current ranges configuration
add          : Add a new range configuration
delete       : Remove a range configuration
save         : Save the range configuration and proceed
add
The selected database contains the following numerical columns:

| attribute name | min value | max value |
|=====|
| lab_ver        | 00        | 00        |
| pat_id         | 00000059  | 00000936  |
| ep_id          | 000000014 | 000000533 |
| lab_id         | 0000000000000000026 | 000000000000000997 |
| age            | 18        | 85        |

Please enter your choice as follow: attribute name, initial value, range
age, 0, 10
[!] The range config. has been added successfully!

Choose one of the following options:
display      : Display the current ranges configuration
add          : Add a new range configuration
delete       : Remove a range configuration
save         : Save the range configuration and proceed
display
Ranges configuration added:

| attribute name | initial value | range length |
|=====|
| age           | 0            | 10           |

```

Figure 68. Range configuration

In the third step of the storage phase operated by the SE module, the user is requested to configure the columns that contain numerical attributes, such as the patients' age. As seen in Figure 68, the module automatically detects these numerical attributes and displays to the user their names, minimum and maximum values. If needed, the user specifies which attributes will be searched by means of a range query of the form `attribute>=value` and `attribute<=value`. Note that the operator can also be "<" or ">". Furthermore, the user defines the range and the initial value from which the range intervals are computed. For instance, as shown in Figure 68, the user specifies a range of 10 for the attribute age, starting from the initial value 0. This means that all the values of the attribute age in the original database will be distributed in range intervals of length 10 of the form [0-9], [10, 19], [20, 29], etc. Figure 68 shows the resulting database, in which the SE module adds the extra column "RANGE\_age" that specifies for each record the range of the corresponding attribute age. As specified in D3.2, this new attribute will help to transform the range query problem into a simple keyword search problem: searching for age between 20 and 30 is reduced to searching for keywords `RANGE_age='20-29'` and `age='30'`.



Step 04: Update the database with the range configuration

pat_id	pat_name	pat_last1	pat_last2	ep_id	lab_id	lab_ver	age	RANGE_age
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000966	00	59	50-59
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000884	00	30	30-39
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000862	00	26	20-29
00000876	ISABELLA	SIMON	RUIZ	0000000263	00000000000000000494	00	49	40-49
00000722	SANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000107	00000000000000000202	00	20	20-29
00000924	NURIA	RODRIGUEZ	LOPEZ	0000000028	00000000000000000048	00	48	40-49
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000967	00	59	50-59
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000885	00	30	30-39
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000863	00	26	20-29
00000446	ENCARNACION	ROMAN	SANCHO	0000000274	00000000000000000513	00	51	50-59
00000722	SANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000107	00000000000000000203	00	20	20-29
00000141	ANA MARIA	RAMOS	REY	0000000029	00000000000000000049	00	49	40-49
00000427	HANAN	LOZANO	GARRIDO	0000000519	00000000000000000968	00	38	30-39
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000956	00	19	10-19
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000864	00	26	20-29
00000446	ENCARNACION	ROMAN	SANCHO	0000000274	00000000000000000514	00	51	50-59
00000415	RUBEN	ROMERO	MARQUEZ	0000000149	00000000000000000282	00	85	80-89
00000141	ANA MARIA	RAMOS	REY	0000000029	00000000000000000050	00	49	40-49
00000427	HANAN	LOZANO	GARRIDO	0000000519	00000000000000000969	00	38	30-39
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000957	00	19	10-19
00000287	VICTORIANA	VERA	GARCIA	0000000467	00000000000000000875	00	58	50-59
00000059	MARIA ASUNCION	ZAMORA	RODRIGUEZ	0000000337	00000000000000000633	00	63	60-69
00000860	RAUL	GARCIA	MARTINEZ	0000000163	00000000000000000303	00	33	30-39
00000651	MARTINA	MACIAS	VARELA	0000000031	00000000000000000052	00	53	50-59
00000643	SANDRA	CORTES	MUÑOZ	0000000533	00000000000000000996	00	66	60-69
00000900	SAMI	CORTES	DOMINGUEZ	0000000512	00000000000000000958	00	19	10-19
00000287	VICTORIANA	VERA	GARCIA	0000000467	00000000000000000876	00	58	50-59
00000059	MARIA ASUNCION	ZAMORA	RODRIGUEZ	0000000337	00000000000000000634	00	63	60-69
00000860	RAUL	GARCIA	MARTINEZ	0000000163	00000000000000000304	00	33	30-39
00000651	MARTINA	MACIAS	VARELA	0000000031	00000000000000000053	00	53	50-59
00000643	SANDRA	CORTES	MUÑOZ	0000000533	00000000000000000997	00	66	60-69
00000825	LAURA	VARELA	RAMOS	0000000518	00000000000000000965	00	59	50-59
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000883	00	30	30-39
00000155	NURIA	PARRA	MORENO	0000000399	00000000000000000741	00	71	70-79
00000421	FRANCISCO	LOPEZ	MARTINEZ	0000000210	00000000000000000391	00	39	30-39
00000823	CARMEN	GARCIA	LOPEZ	0000000056	00000000000000000100	00	18	10-19
00000936	ALEJANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000014	00000000000000000026	00	26	20-29

Figure 69. Augmented database for range queries

The fifth step in the storage phase (Figure 70) is the generation of the secure search index, as described in details in D3.2. The SE module first creates a dictionary of the distinct keywords in the database of the form attribute='value'. It then creates the index from this dictionary. The index is protected against the curious cloud server such that it does not infer which keywords are included in the index.

```

Step 05: Generate secure index
Create dictionary
100% ##### /
Create index from dictionary
100% ##### |
100% ##### /

```

Figure 70. Creation of the secure search index

Finally, the last step of the SE module encrypts the database with a semantically secure symmetric encryption scheme, entry by entry, such that no entry yields the same ciphertext. The resulting encrypted database is illustrated in Figure 71. Note that for each record, the SE module also adds an extra column “RowID” that simply takes the order of the record in the encrypted database.

Step 06: Encrypt attributes and data  
100% ##### /

Ja5hJGsh	o9fXyQgoX1A=	wDe/irkpD3Ne	X3dROXJW9jN	NSmpAig=	9FIE8g16	M9ZltBONMQ==	znp5	rowID
Zf8LSz9MMk=	n/f2xKc=	5heZk3Kj	fVdoKU0=	YGnGwdzhDPVF1Q=	qAwWnVQufR6Ux0vX0dL+6W0rsE0=	b4c=	mJQ=	1
44aTPlZ/AAw=	+hmKhIABMg==	Z1N3KF95wQIX	FxlkkqWQ	qAwWnVQufRqTXA=	b4c321tYc0htBzXfkzpsQ5+wj20=	n20=	NQa=	2
gGb75eV8STc=	a1lpKUxx	AB1lPaO0	331071f	b4c321tYc0xr8g=	n20sFmW75NN7MR5EYVd4M7/CKTE=	NQa=	TA4=	3
HyVVVi4PsnE=	CQ03K6mdCIE=	y3Vr4io=	DeJ0sQ=	n20sFmW75NF9Wg=	NQ0LNI0f88YEv7CtRbbedj/mDsg=	Tgg=	YFY=	4
YGnGwdzndvI=	y3io6TZf	DfhDuSIvFj0H	6Ex02RzK	NQ0LNI0f88cEu=	Tg1TML9Bd04uL20T0iceTMDh438=	Z78=	ZHU=	5
qAwWnVQnFlo=	Ee3Voio=	/UJYdVBZMgaYR	SX+FQek=	Tg1TML9Bd04sJw=	Zf8LSzJ1MsbxmvX1hMohmxt7Rvo=	Z2U=	8BA=	6
b4c321tQcU0=	40xJd8Q=	U3GHQf/u	LHnuT9w=	Zf8LSzJ1MslakQ=	Z2XJyJwVhn75gq/Dvx3AY3CFJ08=	9bg=	4FE=	7
n20sFmW95to=	T3+UvebmjQ==	Nn3xTs4/Azte	EoSH0EsE	Z2XJyJwVhnVgQ=	9bhJlyPdWGDpQzPTXJBA81Nzt0U=	5Pg=	A0E=	8
NQ0LNI0b9sY=	OnfvT90t	8Y5GL00X	EB56/hPK	9bhJlyPdWGTJgQ=	5Pj1XhS9XXJAOErELQ8VJK70fJg=	AEE=	Fa4=	9
Tg1TML9F0c9g=	E1FW0LALQ7815ts=	BRqL/BQ=	Lsk3+FuL	5Pj1XhS9XXRH1A=	AEE9L0LMskKnLBvoquU1/nB1bM=	F6g=	VPQ=	10
Zf8LSzJyMM4=	BBSm+Qjk	L8c96VqqPRWl	k4mqTW3M	AEE9L0LMskKmqQ=	F6he59y7krIdC1/Yneg261vC14E=	UFU=	VT4=	11
Z2XYJwqUgn8=	hMY4m16s0hm+	hom1uXc=	YjRU	F6he59y7krIfAw=	UFV90Ka1orvptRtzjZ06ewPbgh0=	Vz4=	Qm8=	12
9bhJlyPZwmc=	nIm2t2o=	fD5XXjyo	YNk8haXP7Q=	UFV90Ka1or7ovA=	Vz6XoRh8JuTu+9L8rB+ZvVZT0j8=	RmY=	0r0=	13
5Pj1XhS0XXg=	YzBAVg=	ZNC8g6nY	JYoAQdjC86D	Vz6XoRh8JuHv+Q=	RmYRPVv/JmD4QHRJhXzPSwxgU10=	0BU=	r60=	14
AEE9L0LTN8k=	Y9cinL7Y	MYQeXNNX	IE/10mE	RmYRPVv/JmT+Q0=	0bVgVxZ10W57km5RfGECkx7JM0=	rQ0=	4YA=	15
F6he59y/lr4=	JIS05cTL40	NUHQ0GY=	JRDvTiOA	0bVgVxZ10W58lQ=	rQ0MFahhCLtYLAptQ0ZF+TY/uc=	44Y=	gmY=	16
UFV90Kaxo74=	NVv11GY=	JBLsSDmA	rMQC3nMAUw=	rQ0MFahhCLpcnQ=	44aTPlZ5AgWgY+00kLc+av3LNI=	h2c=	Dnw=	17
Vz6XoRh9IuU=	NxhglSaORBmJ	s8QdwHU=	zNfL	44aTPlZ5AgXU1A=	h2UoUCOFrFZ0My08LEJoYueYc0=	BNK=	j6s=	18
RmYRPVv7JGc=	qC0e2mq=	0ttmDNye	LPfxxC8NFQ=	h2UoUCOFrFRV2Q=	BNKnsWJG620ZxZbEAQYSReIeto=	i6I=	2XE=	19
0bVgVxZ80WQ=	ZdVxB8A=	kPnxwLMA	8xgp2D75c8Qz	BNKnsWJG62gyZw=	i6KoLHL7obX0t80k4u13ZB+uHQ=	2nk=	61M=	20
rQ0MFahjeLw=	hf/gwikbe3So8A=	4R120A=	c6hvwH94	i6KoLHL7obHYsA=	2nkH7x0qaTVarHQtcMHYeD1NY8M=	6yo=	77k=	21
44aTPlZ5Bww=	+hY22DGeZ9I8rr/3jS8=	bqhwzGR4	6d3cTgAMxMce	2nkH7x0qaTZQw=	6ypDjfgxV8f4pHyf9QZn81JxAU=	69E=	JTY=	22
h2DUoUCGELE=	ZqhoZw=	/NPKXwAK	pwhli2RUHF8=	6ypDjfgxV8b+pg=	69EaG6Ij/no9XRLDpvpASLZupE=	Ibu=	01g=	23
BNKnsWYP7mw=	9tPK5AAf0A=	pwh0lmxJ	jVsh+IRA	69EaG6Ij/no+XA=	IbUVSKYLOEL09yt3HTG/WTg60jk=	Ofs=	89M=	24
i6KoLHL9pbY=	u0h5m39b	nFUh6Y1S	LrT7ZNg=	IbUVSKYLOEF39A=	Ofvnc/Rcd72NfKMBhAekn+ts0pU=	9FA=	5Jg=	25
2nkH7x0jATU=	ifs+9A=	nK54f9dA	VcpondhSXTEE	Ofvnc/Rcd72lMfg=	9tC0jcgY08FspK8aW6N9nSeaw=	4f4=	gW8=	26
6ypDjfgZ8XA=	jahpF91BhwtDLA=	R8B3lQ=	TyqFAI0t	9tC0jcgY08HZtQ=	4f7N+q0BbJLHETDtgagc5JnX71M=	gCV=	17S=	27
69EaG6Ij+3M=	XMR3ndc1SSGRlVgOYk8=	U1qadJYt	LK/A77FFBjC1	4f7N+q0BbJHEFg=	gGb75eV4TddFYC1L3kxvA1xp1LM=	SrM=	LBS=	28
IbUVSKYTPKI=	W1qCDW=	gaHW/rFD	nI+vnT1/G1g=	gGb75eV4TDDZYw=	SrN38V7SA7a5SsWjNEXyIA0P028=	Khg=	mQY=	29
Ofvnc/Racrw=	i6HW6bFMEg==	nI++g9Vl	5heZk3Kj	SrN38V7SA7ZSw=	KhLM7QPJ+NbThmElv1stP1ARQ=	mgU=	cLM=	30
9tC0jcg0Z0Y=	go+zjsZw	8xmZgZAb	N9aQ0K=	KhLM7QPJ+NPUHQ=	mgV2dMMf03PbgUoy23Rn0dj+wM=	dbA=	7qM=	31
4f7N+q0BbJc=	/Beeh5Q=	LMTTqret	SgnxkMA=	mgV2dMMf03baIg=	dbA9FNIpEhRVLCFNQ0Z46CRH14=	6KU=	FPQ=	32
gGb75eV+Tj4=	MMwAvq6qNg=	Um3uk3K3jKOH	7XQU87zu	dbA9FNIpEhBoLg=	6KUNEDX19e0UFxsaSoo8auyFYCw=	ef0=	zJi=	33
SrN38V7STQs=	VH3uLHI=	+nQUFRQ=	CM9FYabw	6KUNEDX19e4dHA=	ef10WU6FQMq+QqQy0Y7q1GEM+0=	ZTI=	ZIU=	34
KhLM7QPN+tc=	7GcHCrbmwAC+	Cc9dYbI=	ldRvdYlgIc=	ef10WU6FQMq/YQg=	zTJdwkFf6PhrT3ZYTmqhoJCH3Vs=	YFQ=	VTU=	35
mgV2dMMXoXA=	BsFfaa3x	n9RvYqYe	BYIULCQ=	zTJdwkFf6PhuS0=	YFQNIpCFzUo3KLVn+2c9LkA1IqC=	VJw=	K1k=	36
dbA9FNIgeRI=	md14a6SLgY9l	G4IA02fyJbFU	ukM/sTgu	YFQNIpCFzUo2Lg=	VjynItSrUVHaf4ea+/u0hth0Y8U=	KyE=	HSA=	37

Figure 71. Encrypted database

At the end of the storage phase, the SE module uploads the encrypted database and the search index in the remote PostgreSQL server. Figure 72 shows the content of the PostgreSQL server. The latter stores the encrypted database (lab\_simple\_encrypted) as well as the index in a table named lab\_simple\_index.

```
postgres=# \d
```

Schema	Name	Type	Owner
public	lab_simple_encrypted	table	user
public	lab_simple_index	table	user

(2 rows)

Figure 72. Database and index uploaded to the PostgreSQL server

### Search phase

Searching a keyword using the SE module consists in a challenge-response protocol between the CLARUS user and the PostgreSQL server. Figure 73 depicts the transcript of the search operation. (1) The user first creates a (plaintext) SQL query such as `SELECT * FROM lab_simple WHERE pat_name='SANDRA'`. This query targets all the records whose attribute `pat_name` takes the value `SANDRA`. To transform this query into a secure SE query (the encrypted version of the plaintext SQL query), the SE module first retrieves the keys generated during the storage phase (2). Consequently, based on these keys and the search criterion `pat_name='SANDRA'`, the SE module generates the trapdoor, that is, the secure search token, that will enable the cloud to search for this criterion, without knowing the content of the SE query (3). Finally, the SE module forms the SE query by replacing the table name by the name of the encrypted table, and by replacing the where statement by the following statement (simplified for ease of exposition): `RowID IN search_with_SE(index, trapdoor)` (4).

```

***** SEARCH *****
***** SEARCH *****
Please complete the statement:
SELECT * FROM lab_simple WHERE
pat_name='SANDRA'
Executing SQL query: SELECT * FROM lab_simple WHERE (pat_name='SANDRA'); (1) original SQL query

Loading search keys
PRF key loaded from the keystore
PI key loaded from the keystore
Encryption Key loaded from the keystore (2) key retrieval from the keystore

Generating trapdoors...
Trapdoor for keyword pat_name='SANDRA'
[y8V5FzRggI4QUwVrIaBrmqRZERSn7NKfDpaxVB21G4=, 6ngN5sB860STu1lpMP9Ibh8=] (3) trapdoor generation

Protected SQL query executed by the PostgreSQL server:
select * from lab_simple_encrypted where (4) Protected SQL query

(
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['y8V5FzRggI4QUwVrIaBrmqRZERSn7NKfDpaxVB21G4=', '6ngN5sB860STu1lpMP9Ibh8=']))
)

Retrieved encrypted results from the PostgreSQL database:

| Ja5hJGsh | o9fXyQgoX1A= | wDe/irkpD3Ne | X3dROXJH9jN/ | NSmpAIg= | 9F1E8g16 | M9ZltB0NMQ== | zmp5 | rowID |
|=====|
| YGnGWdzmdvI= | y31o6TZf | DfhDuSivFj0H | 6ExOZRzK | NQDLNIOf88cEuA== | TgtTML9Bd04uL2OT0IceIMDh438= | ZF8= | ZWU= | 5 |
| Zf8LSzJyMM4= | BBSm+Qjk | l8c96VqqPRWL | k4mqTW3M | AEE9L0LXhsgKmQ== | F0he59y7kridCl/Ymeg261vCl4E= | UfU= | VT4= | 11 |
| l6KoLHL9pbY= | uQh5m39b | mFuh6Y1S | lrT7ZMg= | IbUV5KYLOEf39A== | OFvnc/Rcd72NFKWBhAekn+tsQpU= | 9tA= | 5/g= | 25 |
| 9tC0jcg0Z0Y= | go+zjsZw | 8xnZgZAb | N9aQoKE= | KhIM7QPJ+NPuHQ== | mgV2dMMfo3PBgiUoy23Rn0dj+wM= | dbA= | 7qM= | 31 |

4 rows retrieved from the database

```

Figure 73. Simple keyword search query

```

Protected SQL query executed by the PostgreSQL server:
select * from lab_simple_encrypted where
(
search_with_SE ( index , trapdoor )
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['y8V5FzRggI4QUwVrIaBrmqRZERSn7NKfDpaxVB21G4=', '6ngN5sB860STu1lpMP9Ibh8=']))
)

```

Figure 74. Protected SQL query

The function `search_with_SE` is the actual search function executed by the PostgreSQL server. It looks up the secure search index based on the trapdoor generated by the SE module. This function returns as output the list of RowID of the records that match the search query. The predicate `RowID IN` in the protected SQL query fetches the records from the outsourced encrypted database whose attribute RowID is included in the search results output by the function `search_with_SE`.

### Decryption phase

Finally, the SE module decrypts the encrypted records that have been retrieved by the PostgreSQL server in a privacy preserving manner. To do so, the module retrieves the key material from the keystore and decrypts entry by entry the search results, as depicted in Figure 75.



```

*****
***** DECRYPT *****
*****
Encryption Key loaded from the keystore
100% ##### |
Decrypted content:
=====
| pat_id | pat_name | pat_last1 | pat_last2 | ep_id | lab_id | lab_ver | age |
=====
| 00000722 | SANDRA | RODRIGUEZ | GARCIA | 0000000107 | 000000000000000000203 | 00 | 20 |
| 00000643 | SANDRA | CORTES | MUOZ | 0000000533 | 000000000000000000997 | 00 | 66 |
| 00000722 | SANDRA | RODRIGUEZ | GARCIA | 0000000107 | 000000000000000000202 | 00 | 20 |
| 00000643 | SANDRA | CORTES | MUOZ | 0000000533 | 000000000000000000996 | 00 | 66 |
=====
4 rows retrieved from the database

```

Figure 75. Decrypted search results (simple keyword search)

### Boolean queries

The SE module allows for more complex types of search queries, namely Boolean queries and range queries, while being efficient and secure.

Figure 78 shows an example of the following Boolean query:

```
SELECT * FROM lab_simple WHERE (pat_name='SANDRA' OR pat_name='RAUL') AND
(pat_last1='GARCIA' OR pat_last2='GARCIA').
```

This example query aims at showing that the SE module handles brackets and Boolean operators (AND, OR). In particular, Figure 76 shows that for each element of the query of the form attribute='value', the SE module computes a corresponding trapdoor. Thereafter, these trapdoors are combined in the protected SE query with the same brackets and Boolean operators as in the plaintext query. In other words, the PostgreSQL will execute the function search\_with\_SE as many times that trapdoors are generated. Then for the search results for each of these executions are combined together by the server according to the Boolean operators. Namely, if the Boolean operator is an AND, then the server computes the intersection of the search results; if it is an OR, the server computes their union. Figure 77 shows the search results for this Boolean query.

```

(pat_name='SANDRA' OR pat_name='RAUL') AND (pat_last1='GARCIA' OR pat_last2='GARCIA')
Executing SQL query: SELECT * FROM lab_simple WHERE ((pat_name='SANDRA' OR pat_name='RAUL') AND (pat_last1='GARCIA' OR pat_last2='GARCIA'));

Loading search keys
PRF key loaded from the keystore
PI key loaded from the keystore
Encryption Key loaded from the keystore

Generating trapdoors...

Protected SQL query executed by the PostgreSQL server:
select * from lab_simple_encrypted where
(
(
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['bgd5f5rJMyPFeFh15KNLsDZa49P4b3t0euiQvJOKl4=', 'IzldqCuBvHpK
QjzPkYgz5o=']))
OR
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['Aq9vVcurGEk1qQk4NH9ezDRyNnaQtGvx6TurH9R8z2I=', 'IzldqCuBvHpK
Qj3PloSV=']))
)
AND
(
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['OTASoX2tq714isFPu1kP7vg9fvwfvK0Tk8gBVPdLNRE=', 'IzldqCmBontG
MEjJnprxx/y3=']))
OR
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['zB0cbNW4FJZcLGNzQb2pN7E2jKsJfGwQgm10GscxYfs=', 'IzldqCmBontF
MEjJnprxx/y3=']))
)
)

```



Figure 76. Boolean query

Retrieved encrypted results from the PostgreSQL database:

Zh0ZdREd	cZLLUP1NdLc=	2rGWLyBi0zpb	9AluL8uh71dn	UwTzmjI=	t+UymRQH	2e0L+JtS0g=	05Y4	rowID
JkxdGkhBWNu=	U7LqQw==	7ZGwMwVC	ySLIJ0602Xk=	BkScw2aAjBcT6w==	67Rg9k1TnP1ua43XKT/GYEev2n8=	hbI=	acI=	1
67Rg9k1Unv8=	5s0J4792	CL4Z536QyEp/	n6XsyU3R	e048iKaLzjXy6A==	JkxdGkhJXtUzP7rN8sZF9PeAjYo=	up8=	k0Q=	6
pvUeeRpiaa0=	wsI/7w==	gDu9XrVj	274DZYkyIFc=	j1iJGz2Wr2IdbA==	McOPP6ccKeIOGEZGVXau00FB0xo=	Ho0=	GFM=	17
v83v1iaZBeE=	/wA0LFmZ	gnVCZC8IDnxB	s8AN+7nT	lnMV1Hsvzr1CSw==	UxcCinf1QQ0CevhxKXnhZ4r5K20=	mUA=	JPC=	27

4 rows retrieved from the database

Figure 77. Search results (Boolean queries)

### Range queries

As regards range queries, the SE module expands the SQL query of the type “age>=20 and age<=40” into several (simple) keyword search queries, as illustrated in Figure 78. In this case, the SE module identifies in the range query the intervals that have been added in the database during the storage phase. In the example of Figure 78, the SE module identifies the intervals [20-29] and [30-39]. It then computes the trapdoors for the keywords “RANGE\_age='[20-29]’” and “RANGE\_age='[30-39]’”. For the remaining values that are outside these intervals, the SE module computes trapdoors for singletons. In our example, the module generates a trapdoor for the singleton “age=40”. Thereafter, the trapdoors are combined with the “OR” operator, as illustrated in Figure 79. The search results of this query are shown in Figure 80.

```
*****
***** SEARCH *****
*****
Please complete the statement:

SELECT * FROM lab_simple WHERE
age>=20 AND age<=40
Executing SQL query: SELECT * FROM lab_simple WHERE (age>=20 AND age<=40);

Loading search keys
PRF key loaded from the keystore
Pi key loaded from the keystore
Encryption Key loaded from the keystore

Generating trapdoors...

Trapdoor for keyword RANGE_age='30-39'
[vNeikECt4WUH912ISmgZ/xd3KRcuszNhQKS9HxqAppA=, U4GkKkfYVoaIdu566rFKz1o=]

Trapdoor for keyword age='40'
[MC2VMJKmNUo7r3XwVd0ByTsYzME40H7R1LP6k6G0DW4=, YKePUChzB8Y=]

Trapdoor for keyword RANGE_age='20-29'
[X30d/MaI7NgrzwrRzQL5CWLROAut/b/+y5wdJEjry5c=, U4GkKkfYVoaIdu576rFLz1o=]
```

Figure 78. Trapdoor generation for range queries

```

Protected SQL query executed by the PostgreSQL server:
select * from lab_simple_encrypted where

(
(
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['vNeIkEcT4WUH912ISmgZ/xd3KRcuszNhQKS9HxqAppA=', 'U4GkKkfYVoaI
du566rFkz1o=']))
OR
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['MC2VMJKmNUo7r3XwVd0ByTsYzME40H7R1LP6k6G0DW4=', 'YKePUChzBBY=
']))
OR
rowID IN (select * from search_with_SE((select index from lab_simple_index),ARRAY['X30d/MaI7NgrzwrRzQL5CWLRAUT/b/+y5wdJEjry5c=', 'U4GkKkfYVoaI
du576rFLz1o=']))
)
)

```

Figure 79. SE query for range queries

```

***** DECRYPT *****
***** DECRYPT *****
Encryption Key Loaded from the keystore
100% ##### -
Decrypted content:

```

pat_id	pat_name	pat_last1	pat_last2	ep_id	lab_id	lab_ver	age
00000860	RAUL	GARCIA	MARTINEZ	0000000163	00000000000000000303	00	33
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000883	00	30
00000722	SANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000107	00000000000000000203	00	20
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000863	00	26
00000427	HANAN	LOZANO	GARRIDO	0000000519	00000000000000000969	00	38
00000860	RAUL	GARCIA	MARTINEZ	0000000163	00000000000000000304	00	33
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000884	00	30
00000936	ALEJANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000014	00000000000000000026	00	26
00000722	SANDRA	RODRIGUEZ	GARCIA	0000000107	00000000000000000202	00	20
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000864	00	26
00000421	FRANCISCO	LOPEZ	MARTINEZ	0000000210	00000000000000000391	00	39
00000450	DOLORS	PASTOR	GARCIA	0000000461	00000000000000000862	00	26
00000629	JOAQUIN	HERNANDEZ	GARCIA	0000000473	00000000000000000885	00	30
00000427	HANAN	LOZANO	GARRIDO	0000000519	00000000000000000968	00	38

```

14 rows retrieved from the database

Do you want to submit another search query? (Y/N)
N
***** DECRYPT *****
***** Bye ! *****
***** DECRYPT *****

```

Figure 80. Decrypted search results for range queries