Exam SD-202 databases

2021-06-22, 8:30am-11:30am

Documents and Internet are authorized.
Website of the class: https://clarus.github.io/telecom-database-course/

1 General questions

5 points

- 1. How do we generally choose the number of leafs per node in a B-tree? Why do we make such a choice?
- 2. Give two advantages in using a database system rather than directly using the file system to register data.
- 3. Which keyword do we use to filter the results from an aggregated request?
- 4. Why is it not possible, in general, to update the data directly in a vue? Give an example to illustrate the challenge.
- 5. Give an example of conceptual difference between the relational algebra set theory and SQL.

2 Relational algebra

1 point

1. Express the following request : SELECT DISTINCT NumAccident FROM Accident, Car WHERE $\begin{array}{c} \text{Accident, NumCar} = \text{Car.NumCar AND} \\ \text{Car.Size} > 6 \\ \text{using the following operators of the relational algebra} : \\ -- \text{ selection } \sigma \\ -- \text{ projection } \pi \\ -- \text{ join on a column } \bowtie_c \end{array}$

3 Functional dependencies

7 points

1. By coming back to the definition, show that the transitivity rule holds:

If $A \to B$ and $B \to C$ then $A \to C$.

- 2. How to represent an unordered list in first normal form? Give an example, with some clients having each a list of phone numbers.
- 3. Does the BCNF form implies 2NF and 3NF?
- 4. Given the following attributes:

Addresse, Cat, Account, Datecorder, Label, Place, NCli, NOrder, Name, NPro, Price, QOrder, QStock

with the following functional dependencies:

- NCli \rightarrow Name, Addresse, Place, Cat, Account
- -- NPro \rightarrow Label, Price, QStock
- NOrder \rightarrow NCli, Datecorder
- NOrder, NPro \rightarrow QOrder

Decompose this relation into a BCNF form.

- 5. On the tables given by the BCNF decomposition from the previous question, write the SQL requests to obtain:
 - the list of the places for which there exists at least one client,
 - the places of the clients who order the product named "FOO-BAR",
 - the sum of all the prices of the products in stock,
 - the places of the clients who ordered at least one item,
 - the places from which no clients ordered something.
- 6. Propose a minimal cover for the following set of functional dependencies:

$$\{D \rightarrow B, BE \rightarrow C, DA \rightarrow D, C \rightarrow F, DE \rightarrow F, FGH \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow B, AD \rightarrow G\}$$

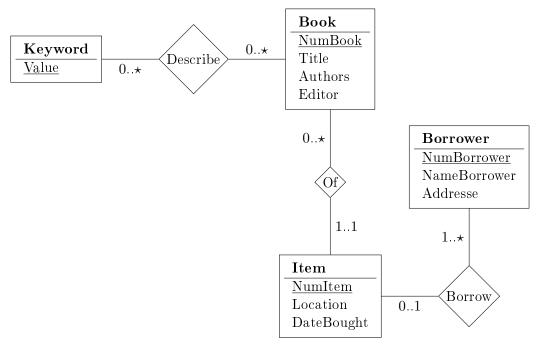
We suppose that the attributes are the letters A, B, \ldots, H .

4 Entity-relationship model

7 points

- 1. Given the following relational schema :
 - Folder(<u>NumFolder</u>, Title, DateRecording, #NameDirection, #NameDepart, #NameService)
 - Service(<u>NameService</u>, Manager, #NameDepart)
 - Employee(NumEmp, NameEmp, Addresse, #NameService)

- Departement(NameDepart, Localisation, #NameDirection)
- Direction(<u>NameDirection</u>, President, Addresse) give a corresponding entity-relationship diagram. We suppose that the attributes with a # are foreign keys.
- 2. Give an extension of this diagram so that the date of arrival of an employee in a service is also stored.
- 3. Give a relation schema corresponding to the following ER-diagram :



- 4. Write the SQL requests to obtain:
 - the number of occurences of eahc keyword,
 - the items corresponding to a given keyword "foo",
 - people who borrowed an item from each editor,
 - the borrower having the largest number of items of the same book.