



GigE VISION CAMERAS

GigE Features Reference

V5.6.0



Legal notice



Read this reference carefully

Read this reference to fully understand your camera's features.

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Introduction



This chapter includes:

- About this document
- Document history
- Layout styles and symbols used in this reference
- Abbreviations and acronyms used in this reference



About this document

This document describes the standard and advanced camera features for Allied Vision GigE cameras as seen from Vimba Viewer.

This document applies to the GigE Vision camera families listed below and describes their features:

Bigeye G	Prosilica GB	Prosilica GS
Mako G	Prosilica GC	Prosilica GT
Manta	Prosilica GE	Prosilica GX

Some features are not available for all camera models.

Example: White balance is not available for monochrome cameras.

Some features are implemented in the cameras, but are not always available. Examples:

- Color correction features are implemented in Manta, Mako G, and Prosilica GT color cameras, but not the Prosilica GB, Prosilica GC, Prosilica GS, or Prosilica GX cameras.
- Color correction is supported in Manta, Mako G, and Prosilica GT. It is not available in color cameras if they are operated with Bayer pixel formats, but works if debayering is done within the camera.



Further information available online

For more information about Allied Vision cameras, visit our website:

www.alliedvision.com/en/products/cameras



GigE IR and scientific camera and driver features chapter has been moved to the Goldeye G/CL Features Reference.



Document history

Version	Date	Remarks
V5.6.0	2021-Feb-17	 Added EFLensManufacturer and EFLensFocusResync Applied editorial updates
V5.5.0	2019-Jul-08	Updated defect pixel feature descriptionsApplied editorial updates
V5.4.0	2018-Mar-03	 Added MaxNonOverlappedExposure Moved FpncEnable under FpncControls Updated cover image Added note table to AcquisitionRecord
V5.3.2	2017-Mar-17	Updated Action Command descriptions and supported Vimba version
V5.3.1	2017-Jan-27	Corrected Action Command access level to Write only.
V5.3.0	2016-Nov-10	 Removed breadcrumbs but added Category field to tables Corrected formula to convert DN to F-Stop value in Chunk Data. Added little-endian and big-endian comments to table under ChunkModeActive.
V5.2.0	2016-Oct-12	 Added SensorReadoutMode feature Added breadcrumbs to map feature location in Vimba user interface Added GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention identifiers Added visibility row. Visibility identifiers including beginner, expert, and guru are in-line with GenICam classification Updated Trigger over Ethernet Action Command description
V5.1.0	2016-Jul-08	Added new ActionControl category of features.
V5.0.0	2016-May-10	 Moved the GigE IR and scientific camera and driver features chapter to the new Goldeye G and CL Features Reference. Added EventExposureStart event. When enabled, will send an event from the camera when the exposure start event occurs. Event ID: 40019 Added affected features to tables Defined EventIDs Added SensorDigitizationTaps and SensorTaps features Added Fpnc feature Various minor updates and edits
V4.0.0	2015-Aug-25	 Updated the document according to Allied Vision's new layout and brand guidelines Added GevIPConfigurationApply feature in GigE camera and driver features chapter
V3.2.0	2015-Mar-20	 Replaced old links with new Allied Vision website links Changed this documents name from 'GigE Camera and Driver Features' to 'GigE Features Reference'

Table 1: Document history (sheet 1 of 3)



Version	Date	Remarks
V3.1.0	2015-Mar-10	 Added EFLensControl Updated DefectMaskEnable, PtpMode, and PtpStatus Updated ChunkModeActive and SensorShutterMode
V3.0.0	2015-Jan-15	 Updated Allied Vision logo Updated Statistics category in GigE camera and driver features chapter Renamed: Chapter 'AVT GigE camera and driver features' to GigE camera and driver features Following changes are made in the GigE camera and driver features chapter: Added SensorShutterMode, BinningVerticalMode, BinningHorizontalMode, and DefectMaskEnable Updated BinningHorizontal and BinningVertical Added PieceWiseLinearHDR option in ExposureMode Added ExposureTimePWL1, ExposureTimePWL1, ThresholdPWL1, and ThresholdPWL1 Updated ExposureTimeAbs, ExposureAuto, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, GainAuto, IrisMode, and BalanceWhiteAuto
V2.0.2	2014-Oct-08	 Following changes are made in the GigE camera and driver features chapter: Updated ChunkModeActive, BinningHorizontal, BinningVertical, DecimationHorizontal, DecimationVertical, PTP, and LUTControl Moved ReverseX under ImageMode category Added ReverseY Removed GainRaw Updated ExposureTimeAbs, GainAuto, and Gain Added ExposureTimeIncrement Removed the other option from ExposureAuto Added TriggerWidth option for ExposureMode
V2.0.1	2014-Aug-15	Removed EF lens information from the ChunkModeActive control

Table 1: Document history (sheet 2 of 3)



Version	Date	Remarks
V2.0.0	2014-Jul-22	 Created GigE camera and driver features chapter by merging camera controls and driver controls chapters of V1.0.1 of this document Added BufferHandlingControl and StreamInformation categories, applicable for Vimba version 1.3 or higher Replaced GVCPHBInterval with GevHeartbeatTimeout and GevHeartbeatInterval, applicable for Vimba version 1.3 or higher Updated the following in GigE camera and driver features chapter Updated PixelFormat, Hue, Saturation, and ColorTransformationControl For Vimba Viewer V1.1.1 or higher, GevDeviceMACAddress is moved under Info Updated ChunkModeActive, and AcquisitionFrameRateAbs Added note on binning in BinningHorizontal and BinningVertical Removed the EF lens controls from the document until the camera samples are available Removed FrameTrigger from SyncOutSource
V1.0.1	2013-Sep-06	 Added EF lens features Added ReverseX feature Updated DefectMaskPixelEnable feature Updated controls in the Statistics feature Updated controls in the DeviceStatus feature
V1.0.0	2013-Jul-04	New Features Reference: Release status

Table 1: Document history (sheet 3 of 3)



Reference conventions

To give this reference an easily understood layout and to emphasize important information, the following typographical styles and symbols are used.

Styles

Style (example)	Function
Emphasis	Some important parts or items of the text are emphasized to make them more visible.
Feature names	GigE features names are displayed as monospaced text.
Feature options	Features options and register's options that are selectable by the user are displayed as monospaced italicized text.
UI Element	Text that is displayed, or output, by the system for the user, like parts of the GUI, dialog boxes, buttons, menus, important information, windows titles.
Web Reference	References to other documents or web pages, like web links, hypertext links, emails, but also cross references, that include a link the user can follow by clicking.

Table 2: Markup conventions used in this manual

Access

Access level	Description
Read/Write	Feature is read/write.
Read/(Write)	Feature is read only. It may be read/write depending upon the user privilege level
Read/Constant	Feature is read only and the value is constant.
Read	Feature is read and the value may change.
Write	Feature is write only.

Table 3: Feature access



Visibility

Level	Meaning
Beginner	Basic features.
Expert	Features that require a more in-depth knowledge of the camera functionality. This is the preferred visibility level for all advanced features in the cameras.
Guru	Advanced features that might bring the cameras into a state where it will not work properly anymore if it is set incorrectly for the cameras current mode of operation.

Table 4: Feature visibility

Symbols



Practical hint

This symbol highlights a practical hint that helps to better understand the camera's features and functions, and to make better use of it.



Safety-related instructions to avoid malfunctions

This symbol indicates important or specific instructions or procedures that are related to product safety. You have to follow these instructions to avoid malfunctions.



Further information available online

This symbol highlights URLs for further information.

Acronyms and terms

The following table provides a list of abbreviations and acronyms used in this reference.

Acronym or term	Description
Bps	Bytes per second
CCD	Charge-coupled device
CMOS	Complementary metal-oxide semiconductor
dB	Decibel

Table 5: Acronyms and terms used in this document (sheet 1 of 2)



Acronym or term	Description
EF	Electro-Focus
FIFO	First-in first-out
GigE	Gigabit Ethernet
GVCP	GigE Vision Control Protocol
GVSP	GigE Vision Streaming Protocol
HDR	High-dynamic range
Hz	Hertz
1/0	Input/Output
IOD	Image on Demand
LSB	Least significant bit
NIR	Near-Infrared
PTP	Precision Time Protocol
SDK	Software Development Kit
SFNC	Standard Features Naming Convention, GenlCam
ToE	Trigger over Ethernet
UDP	User Datagram Protocol

Table 5: Acronyms and terms used in this document (sheet 2 of 2)



Additional information

Allied Vision software

Allied Vision provides a number of software packages, all of which are free of charge and contain the following components:

- Drivers
- SDK for camera control and image acquisition
- Examples based on the provided APIs of the SDK
- Documentation and release notes
- Viewer application to operate and configure the cameras



All software packages (including documentation and release notes) provided by Allied Vision can be downloaded at:

www.alliedvision.com/en/support/software-downloads

Third-party software

In general, third-party software provides increased functionality such as image processing and video recording. Vimba SDK is based on the GenICam SFNC standard. GenICam-based third-party software automatically connect with Vimba's transport layers. Additionally, Vimba includes the Cognex Adapter for VisionPro.



Allied Vision cameras can be easily used with third party image-processing libraries. Allied Vision partners with all major software providers to ensure full compatibility of our SDK and easy integration of our cameras into your system. For more information see:

www.alliedvision.com/en/products/software/third-party-libraries.html

Please note: Allied Vision does not endorse one product or vendor rather than the other nor provide technical support for third-party solutions. Please contact the respective software vendor for assistance.



Prosilica GT, Prosilica GC, Manta, and Mako G camera families are GenICam SFNC version 1.2.1 compliant. Bigeye G cameras are GenICam SFNC version 1.0 compliant.



GigE camera and driver features



This chapter lists standard and advanced camera and driver features, as seen from Vimba Viewer.



Acquisition

This category includes all features related to image acquisition, including trigger and exposure control. It describes the basic model for acquisition and the typical behavior of the camera.

AcquisitionAbort

Software command used to stop the camera from receiving frame triggers and abort the current acquisition. A partially transferred image is completed. If no acquisition is in progress, the command is ignored.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	AcquisitionStart, AcquisitionStop
Category	/Acquisition

Acquisition Frame Count

Defines the number of frames to capture in a limited sequence of images. Used when AcquisitionMode = MultiFrame or Recorder. In Recorder mode, AcquisitionFrameCount cannot exceed StreamHoldCapacity.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 65535
Default value	1
Unit	Frames
Category	/Acquisition



Acquisition Frame Rate Abs

If TriggerSelector = FrameStart and either TriggerMode = Off or TriggerSource = FixedRate, this feature specifies the frame rate. Depending on the exposure duration, the camera may not achieve the frame rate set here.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention	
Origin of feature	Camera	
Feature type	Float	
Access	Read/Write	
Visibility	Beginner	
Range	Model dependent	
Unit	Frames per second	
Affected features	ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit	
Category	/Acquisition	
<pre>If ExposureMode = Timed</pre>	Ensure [1/ExposureTimeAbs*] > AcquisitionFrameRateAbs to achieve target frame	
	rate.	
<pre>If ExposureMode = TriggerWidth</pre>	Ensure [1/(external trigger pulse width)] > AcquisitionFrameRateAbs to achieve target frame rate.	
<pre>If ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinear</pre>		
* ExposureTimeAbs in seconds		

Acquisition Frame Rate Limit

The maximum frame rate possible for the current exposure duration and pixel format.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Frames per second
Category	/Acquisition



Acquisition Mode

This feature determines the behavior of the camera if acquisition start is triggered.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Continuous, SingleFrame, MultiFrame, Recorder
Default value	Continuous
Category	/Acquisition

Value	Description
Continuous	After an acquisition start event, the camera continuously receives frame trigger events.
	See TriggerSelector and TriggerSource for more information.
SingleFrame	The camera only delivers a single frame trigger event. Further trigger events are ignored until acquisition is stopped and restarted.
MultiFrame	The camera acquires the number of images specified by AcquisitionFrameCount . Further trigger events are ignored until acquisition is stopped and restarted.
Recorder	The camera continuously records images into the camera on-board FIFO image buffer, but does not send them to the host until an <i>AcquisitionRecord</i> trigger signal is received. Further <i>AcquisitionRecord</i> trigger events are ignored until acquisition is stopped and restarted.
	Combined with RecorderPreEventCount, this feature is useful for returning any number of frames before a trigger event.
	If an <i>AcquisitionRecord</i> trigger is received, the currently imaging image or acquiring image completes as normal, and then at least one more image is taken. The FIFO volatile image memory is a circular buffer, that starts rewriting images once it is full. Its size is determined by <i>AcquisitionFrameCount</i> .



AcquisitionStart

Software command used to start the camera receiving frame triggers. Valid if TriggerMode = Off. See TriggerSelector = FrameStart trigger.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	AcquisitionStop, AcquisitionAbort
Category	/Acquisition

AcquisitionStop

Software command used to stop the camera from receiving frame triggers. Valid if TriggerMode = Off. See TriggerSelector = FrameStart trigger.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	AcquisitionStart, AcquisitionAbort
Category	/Acquisition



RecorderPreEventCount

Valid if AcquisitionMode = Recorder. The number of frames returned before the AcquisitionRecord trigger event, with AcquisitionFrameCount minus RecorderPreEventCount frames being returned after the AcquisitionRecord trigger event.



At least one image must be captured after the *AcquisitionRecord* trigger event, for instance, you cannot set *RecorderPreEventCount* = 1, and *AcquisitionFrameCount* = 1.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 65535
Default value	0
Unit	Frames
Category	/Acquisition

SensorShutterMode

Shutter type of the camera. The following figure illustrates the different sensor shutter modes.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Global, Rolling, GlobalReset
Default value	GLobal
Affected features	ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureAutoMin, ExposureAutoMax
Category	/Acquisition

Value	Description
Global	All pixels reset and start exposure at same time.
	All pixels are shifted to readout at same time.
	All pixels have the same ExposureTimeAbs.



Value	Description
Rolling	Each row is reset, exposed, and read out in succession from top to bottom of image.
	All pixels have the same ExposureTimeAbs.
	This mode is susceptible to motion blur; however, this mode offers enhanced SNR and dynamic range.
GlobalReset	All pixels are reset and start exposure at the same time. Pixels are shifted to readout one line at a time from the top to bottom of the image.
	This mode does not allow overlapped exposure and readout. In this mode, ExposureTimeAbs is the time from global reset to start of readout of top row. Subsequent rows have a longer exposure time ExposureTimeAbs + (row readout time × row number). This mode offers enhanced SNR and dynamic range with no motion blur, which is useful for strobe applications.

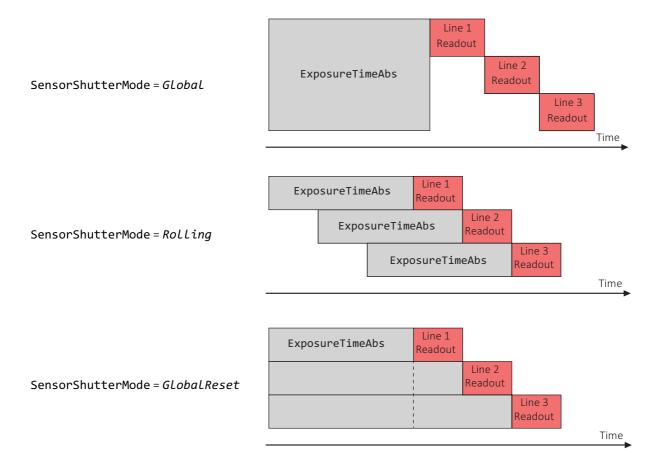


Figure 1: Illustration showing different sensor shutter modes



Trigger

This category relates to how an image frame is initiated or triggered.

TriggerActivation

Feature type of activation, for hardware triggers. This feature controls edge, level, and polarity sensitivities.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	RisingEdge, FallingEdge, AnyEdge, LevelHigh, LevelLow
Default value	RisingEdge
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Value	Description
RisingEdge	Resets the encoder on the rising edge of the signal.
FallingEdge	Resets the encoder on the falling edge of the signal.
AnyEdge	Resets the encoder on the falling or rising edge of the selected signal.
LevelHigh	Resets the encoder as long as the selected signal level is high.
LevelLow	Resets the encoder as long as the selected signal level is low.



TriggerDelayAbs

Start-of-image can be delayed to begin some time after a trigger event is received by the camera. This feature is valid only if TriggerSource is set to external trigger (for example *Line1*, *Line2*).

This feature is a commonly used trigger to synchronize with a strobe lighting source, which inherently has some fixed setup time.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	0
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

TriggerMode

Controls the trigger set in TriggerSelector.



If TriggerMode = Off and TriggerSelector = FrameStart, images triggered in FixedRate at AcquisitionFrameRateAbs.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Off, On
Default value	On
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger



TriggerOverlap

Permitted window of trigger activation, relative to the previous frame. Does not work with software triggering, only external triggering.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Off, PreviousFrame
Default value	Off
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Value	Description
0ff	Any external trigger received before a high FrameTriggerReady signal is ignored.
PreviousFrame	Any external trigger received before <i>FrameTriggerReady</i> is latched and used to trigger the next frame.



TriggerSelector

Select a trigger, then use the features {TriggerMode, TriggerSoftware, TriggerSource, TriggerActivation, TriggerOverlap, TriggerDelayAbs} to setup and read the trigger features.



TriggerSource must equal *Line1*, *Line2*, *Line3*, *Line4* or *Action0*, *Action1* when TriggerSelector = *AcquisitionRecord*.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	FrameStart, AcquisitionStart, AcquisitionEnd, AcquisitionRecord
Default value	FrameStart
Affected features	TriggerMode, TriggerSoftware, TriggerSource, TriggerActivation, TriggerOverlap, TriggerDelayAbs
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Value	Description
FrameStart	The trigger which starts each image (if acquisition is running).
AcquisitionStart	The trigger which starts the acquisition process.
AcquisitionEnd	The trigger which ends the acquisition process.
AcquisitionRecord	The trigger which initiates the sending of AcquisitionFrameCount number of recorded images from the camera on-board memory to the host.

TriggerSoftware

Triggers an image. Valid if TriggerSource = Software.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger



TriggerSource

Determines how an image frame is initiated within an acquisition stream. This might be a hardware trigger, a fixed rate generator, or software trigger only.



An acquisition stream must be started in order to trigger or receive individual frames. For *Freerun* and *FixedRate* the first frame is synchronized to *AcquisitionStart* trigger.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Freerun, Line1, Line2, Line3, Line4, FixedRate, Software, Action0, Action1
	The number of external trigger lines is model dependent.
Default value	Freerun
Category	/Acquisition/Trigger

Value	Description
Freerun	The camera runs at the maximum supported frame rate depending on the exposure time and Region of Interest size.
Line1	External trigger <i>Line1</i> .
Line2	External trigger <i>Line2</i> .
Line3	External trigger <i>Line3</i> .
Line4	External trigger <i>Line4</i> .
FixedRate	The camera self-triggers at a fixed frame rate defined by AcquisitionFrameRateAbs.
Software	Software initiated image capture.
Action0	Select Action0 or Action1.
	For use with Trigger over Ethernet Action Commands.
Action1	Select Action0 or Action1.
	For use with Trigger over Ethernet Action Commands.



To use a Trigger over Ethernet Action Command, the trigger source must be set to *Action0* or *Action1*.



ActionControl

Triggering an action in multiple devices at roughly the same time can be accomplished through the action command (ACTION_CMD) message. Each action command message contains information for the device to validate the requested operation:

- ActionDeviceKey: Provides the device key that allows the device to check the
 validity of action commands. ActionDeviceKey must be equal on the camera
 and on the host computer. Before a camera accepts an Action Command, it
 verifies if the received key is identical with its configured key.
- ActionSelector: Selects to which Action Signal further Action settings apply.
- ActionGroupKey: Provides the key that the device uses to validate the action
 on reception of the action protocol message. Each camera can be assigned to
 exactly one group and all grouped cameras perform an action at the same
 time.
- ActionGroupMask: Provides the mask that the device uses to validate the
 action on reception of the action protocol message. ActionGroupMask serves
 as filter that specifies which cameras within a group react on an Action
 Command.



To use an Action Command, TriggerMode must be set to *On* and TriggerSource must be set to *Action0* or *Action1*.



If you use an Ethernet router, make sure all cameras are in the same subnet. Using a switch does not affect Action Commands.

Trigger over Ethernet is a synchronous image acquisition which is created by sending an Action Command through the Ethernet host. The Action Command is an Ethernet packet that can be unicast or broadcast to a device or devices in order to synchronously trigger an action on the cameras. This command can be sent by Vimba, a trigger device connected to the network or just a program sent by a host computer connected to the network. The Ethernet packet uses the IPv4 UDP, Port: 3956 and conforms to GVCP.

The following features must be configured for each camera that you want to control with an Action Command.



ActionDeviceKey

Provides the device key that allows the device to check the validity of action commands. The device internal assertion of an action signal is only authorized if the ActionDeviceKey and the action device key value in the protocol message are equal. When an Action Command is received, the ActionDeviceKey is the first control checked. The device key is a 32-bit value. Only a valid device key can trigger the Action Command event on the camera.



ActionDeviceKey must be configured on the cameras and on the host computer. ActionDeviceKey must be set each time the camera is opened.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Action Device Key
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to 4294967295 (camera and host computer)
Default value	0
Vimba version	Vimba version 2.1 or later
Category	/ActionControl



ActionGroupKey

Provides the key that the device uses to validate the action on reception of the action protocol message. This enables an Action Command to be applied to specific subsets devices. The group key is a 32-bit value.



ActionGroupKey must be configured on the cameras and on the host computer.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Action Group Key
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to 4294967295 (camera and host computer)
Default value	0
Vimba version	Vimba version 2.1 or later
Category	/ActionControl



ActionGroupMask

Provides the mask that the device uses to validate the action on reception of the action protocol message. Once the ActionGroupKey is validated, the group mask is checked against the ActionGroupMask. Once the group key and group mask are validated, the related function is activated. The group mask is a 32-bit value.

Executing the API feature **ActionCommand** sends the **ActionControl** parameters to the cameras and triggers the assigned action, for example, image acquisition.



ActionGroupMask must be configured on the cameras and on the host computer.



On the host computer, the range of ActionGroupMask is 1 to 4294967295. Sending an Action Command with ActionGroupMask 0 to the camera results in an error.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Action Group Mask
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to 4294967295 (camera)1 to 4294967295 (host computer)
Default value	0
Vimba version	Vimba version 2.1 or later
Category	/ActionControl



ActionSelector

Selects to which action signal further action settings are applied. Allied Vision cameras support two Action Commands: *Action0* and *Action1*.



ActionDeviceKey must be configured on the cameras and on the host computer. ActionDeviceKey must be set each time the camera is opened.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Action Selector
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to 1
Default value	0
Vimba version	Vimba version 2.1 or later
Affected features	ActionGroupMask, ActionGroupKey
Category	/ActionControl



Buffer Handling Control

StreamAnnounceBufferMinimum

The minimal number of buffers to announce to enable the selected acquisition mode.

Display name	Stream Announce Buffer Minimum
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Category	/BufferHandlingControl

StreamAnnouncedBufferCount

The number of announced (known) buffers on this stream.

Display name	Stream Announced Buffer Count
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Category	/BufferHandlingControl



Stream Buffer Handling Mode

Available buffer handling mode of this stream.

Display name	Stream Buffer Handling Mode
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	Default
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	StreamAcquisitionModeSelector
Category	/BufferHandlingControl



Controls

BlackLevelControl

BlackLevel

The black level (offset) value. Setting Gain does not change the BlackLevel.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to model dependent
Default value	0
Category	/Controls/BlackLevelControl

BlackLevelSelector

The black level is controlled by the various black level features. If set to ALL, BlackLevel is applied to all channels or taps.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	ALL
Category	/Controls/BlackLevelControl



CCDTemperatureOK

The current temperature status of the sensor. Indicates if sensor has the desired cooling temperature.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Possible values	0, 1
Default value	0
Category	/Controls

Value	Description
0	The sensor may be too hot. Acquired image data may have higher noise than expected or contain erroneous pixels at long exposure times.
1	The sensor temperature is in the desired temperature range. Acquired image data are OK.

ColorTransformationControl

This section describes features related to color transformations in color cameras. The following features are only valid if using on-camera interpolated pixel formats.

The color transformation is a linear operation taking as input the triplet R_{in} , G_{in} , B_{in} for an RGB color pixel. This triplet is multiplied by a 3×3 matrix. This color transformation allows to change the coefficients of the 3×3 matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_{out} \\ G_{out} \\ B_{out} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Gain00 & Gain01 & Gain02 \\ Gain10 & Gain11 & Gain12 \\ Gain20 & Gain21 & Gain22 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} R_{in} \\ G_{in} \\ B_{in} \end{bmatrix}$$



ColorTransformationMode

Selects the mode for color transformation.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Off, Manual, Temp6500K
Default value	Off
Affected features	ColorTransformationValue
Category	/Controls/ColorTransformationControl

Value	Description
0ff	No color transformation.
Manual	Manually set ColorTransformationValue matrix coefficients.
Temp6500K	Colors optimized for a surrounding color temperature of 6500 Kelvin.

ColorTransformationSelector

Selects which color transformation module is controlled by the various color transformation features.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible value	RGBtoRGB
Affected features	ColorTransformationValue
Category	/Controls/ColorTransformationControl



ColorTransformationValue

Represents the value of the selected gain factor or offset inside the transformation matrix.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	-2 to 2
Default value	1
Category	/Controls/ColorTransformationControl



ColorTransformationValueSelector

Selects the gain factor or offset of the transformation matrix if ColorTransformationMode = Manual.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Gain00, Gain01, Gain02, Gain10, Gain11, Gain12, Gain20, Gain21, Gain22
Default value	Gain00
Affected features	ColorTransformationValue
Category	/Controls/ColorTransformationControl

Value	Description
Gain00	Red contribution to the red pixel (multiplicative factor).
Gain01	Green contribution to the red pixel (multiplicative factor).
Gain02	Blue contribution to the red pixel (multiplicative factor).
Gain10	Red contribution to the green pixel (multiplicative factor).
Gain11	Green contribution to the green pixel (multiplicative factor).
Gain12	Blue contribution to the green pixel (multiplicative factor).
Gain20	Red contribution to the blue pixel (multiplicative factor).
Gain21	Green contribution to the blue pixel (multiplicative factor).
Gain22	Blue contribution to the blue pixel (multiplicative factor).



DSPSubregion

The automatic exposure, gain, white balance, and iris features can be configured to respond only to a subregion within the image scene. This feature can be used to choose a subregion that 'meters' the rest of the image. This feature works like the region metering on a photographic camera.

DSPSubregionBottom

Defines the bottom edge of the DSP subregion. The DSP subregion is the area of the image used for measurements in "auto" functions such as auto-exposure and auto-gain. DSPSubregionLeft is the bottom row, relative to the current image region. For convenience, this value may be higher than the maximum height.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to sensor height
Default value	Sensor height
Category	/Controls/DSPSubregion

DSPSubregionLeft

Defines the left edge of the DSP subregion.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	<pre>0 to sensor width</pre>
Default value	0
Category	/Controls/DSPSubregion



${\sf DSPSubregionRight}$

Defines the right edge of the DSP subregion.



For convenience, this value may be higher than the maximum width.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	<pre>0 to sensor width</pre>
Default value	Sensor width
Category	/Controls/DSPSubregion

DSPSubregionTop

Defines the top edge of the DSP subregion.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to sensor height
Default value	0
Category	/Controls/DSPSubregion



DefectMaskEnable

Control defective pixel masking. Defective pixels (or clusters) are replaced with averaged values from neighboring pixels. Defective pixels are detected and recorded at the factory. This feature either enables or disables defect masking.



If BinningHorizontal, BinningVertical, DecimationHorizontal, or DecimationVertical is set greater than 1, DefectMaskEnable is set to False.



The following model series support masking of defective pixels or clusters:

- Prosilica GT2000, GT2050, GT4090, GT4096, GT5120, GT4905, GT4907, GT6600
- Manta G-223, G-419,
- Mako G-030, G-223, G-419, G-503, G-131, G-192

For more information on user defined defect masking, see the Defect Mask Loader Tool application note at:

www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-papers-knowledge-base.html

Some larger format sensors may contain defective columns. Defect masking replaces defective columns with interpolated values based on neighboring columns. Defective columns are detected and recorded at the factory. This feature either enables or disables masking of defective columns.



The following model series support masking of defective columns:

• Prosilica GT1660, GT1910, GT1920, GT2300, GT2750, GT3300, GT3400 For more information on user defined defect column masking, see the Load Defect Tables Tool application note at:

www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-papers-knowledge-base.html

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	true, false
Default value	true
Category	/Controls



DefectMaskPixelEnable

Controls defective pixel masking.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Enabled, Disabled
Default value	Enabled
Category	/Controls/DefectMask

EdgeFilter

Image sharpness or blur. Applied post Bayer interpolation. Only available on color pixel formats with on-camera interpolation.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Smooth2, Smooth1, Off, Sharpen1, Sharpen2
Default value	Off
Category	/Controls

Value	Description
Smooth2	Most blur applied
Smooth1	Slight blur applied
0ff	No blur or sharpness applied
Sharpen1	Slight sharp applied
Sharpen2	Most sharp applied



EdgeFilter feature is applicable only to color models and Manta cameras except dual-tap camera models.



EFLensControl

The section describes features related to EF lens control in cameras with integrated EF-Mount.



The features listed under EFLensControl are not available for cameras with Birger EF-Mount option.

EFLensFStop

EFLensFStopCurrent

The current F-stop number or aperture of the EF lens.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	EFLensFStopMin to EFLensFStopMax
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop

EFLensFStopDecrease

Decrease the F-stop number, that is, increase lens aperture by the EFLensFStopStepSize.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop



EFLensFStopIncrease

Increase the F-stop number, that is, reduce lens aperture by the EFLensFStopStepSize.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop

EFLensFStopMax

The maximum possible F-stop setting or the smallest possible aperture for the EF lens based on current zoom setting.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	Lens dependent
Unit	F-Stop
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop

EFLensFStopMin

The minimum possible F-stop setting or the largest possible aperture for the EF lens based on current zoom setting.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	Lens dependent
Unit	F-Stop
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop



EFLensFStopStepSize

Size of increments or decrements in EFLensFStopCurrent if using EFLensFStopIncrease and EFLensFStopDecrease commands, respectively.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 8
Unit	F-Stop/8
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFStop

EFLensFocus

EFLensFocusCurrent

The current focus setting.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	EFLensFocusMin to EFLensFocusMax
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

EFLensFocusDecrease

Decrease or shorten the focus distance by EFLensFocusStepSize.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFocusCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus



EFLensFocusIncrease

Increase or lengthen the focus distance by ${\tt EFLensFocusStepSize}.$

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFocusCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

EFLensFocusMax

The maximum or farthest possible focus setting.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	Lens dependent
Affected features	EFLensFocusCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

EFLensFocusMin

The minimum or nearest possible focus setting.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	Lens dependent
Affected features	EFLensFocusCurrent
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus



EFLensFocusResync

Resynchronize the lens focus to the absolute value specified in order to compensate for focus drift.

Executing EFLensFocusResync initiates the following steps:

- 1. Focus stops are learned by performing a focus sweep.
- 2. The current focus is moved to the absolute value specified.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFocusResync
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

EFLensFocusStepSize

Size of increments or decrements in EFLensFocusCurrent if using EFLensFocusIncrease and EFLensFocusDecrease commands, respectively.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Lens dependent
Default value	10
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

EFLensFocusSwitch

The current position of lens auto focus or manual focus switch.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	AutoFocus, ManualFocus
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensFocus

Value	Description
AutoFocus	Switch is in auto focus position.
ManualFocus	Switch is in manual focus position.





All features under **EFLensFocus** become read-only if the lens auto focus or manual focus switch is set to manual focus.

EFLensInitialize

Initializes the EF lens. This command is automatically executed on power up and/or if lens is attached to camera.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	EFLensFStopCurrent, EFLensFStopMax, EFLensFStopMin, EFLensFocusSwitch, EFLensFocusCurrent, EFLensID, EFLensLastError, EFLensState, EFLensZoomCurrent, EFLensZoomMax, EFLensZoomMin
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl

EFLensManufacturer

The supported EF lens type by manufacturer. The selected value is saved in the camera memory and persists after camera reboot.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Canon, Laowa, Sigma
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensType

State	Description
Canon	Canon lenses are supported, (default).
Laowa	Laowa lenses are supported.
Sigma	Sigma lenses are supported.



EFLensStatus

EFLensID

The identification value of the attached EF lens.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensStatus

EFLensLastError

The most recently detected error.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	EFLensErrNone, EFLensErrQuery, EFLensErrInternal1, EFLensErrInternal2, EFLensErrBusy, EFLensErrZeroStop, EFLensErrInfinityStop
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensStatus

Value	Description
EFLensErrNone	No error detected.
EFLensErrQuery	Lens failed query by camera.
EFLensErrInternal1	Lens communication error (can occur when removing lens).
EFLensErrInternal2	Lens communication error (can occur when removing lens).
EFLensErrBusy	Lens remained busy for longer than 10 seconds.
EFLensErrZeroStop	Lens focus "Zero Stop" not detected.
EFLensErrInfinityStop	Lens focus "Infinity Stop" not detected.



EFLensState

The current EF lens state.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	EFLensIdle, EFLensBusy, EFLensWaiting, EFLensInitializing, EFLensError
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensStatus

State	Description
EFLensIdle	No lens action in progress.
EFLensBusy	Lens is busy (changing focus or aperture).
EFLensWaiting	Camera is waiting for lens attachment.
EFLensInitializing	Camera is initializing lens.
EFLensError	Lens error detected. Error type is indicated by EFLensLastError. Remains in this state until EFLensInitialize is executed.

EFLensZoom

EFLensZoomCurrent

The current focal length of the EF lens.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	EFLensZoomMin to EFLensZoomMax
Units	Millimeters
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensZoom



EFLensZoomMax

The maximum focal length of the EF lens.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	Lens dependent
Units	Millimeters
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensZoom

EFLens Zoom Min

The minimum focal length of the EF lens.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	Lens dependent
Units	Millimeters
Category	/Controls/EFLensControl/EFLensZoom



Exposure

ExposureAuto

Auto algorithms use information from the camera's current image and apply the following settings to the next image. Large changes in scene lighting may require several frames for the algorithm to stabilize.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Off, Once, Continuous
Default value	Off
Category	/Controls/Exposure

If using ExposureAuto = Continuous, and GainAuto = Continuous simultaneously, priority is given to changes in exposure until ExposureAutoMax is reached, at which point priority is given to changes in gain. Adding simultaneous IrisMode = Video, DCIris, or PIrisAuto results in undefined, "race to target" behavior.

You can configure the auto exposure feature to respond only to a subregion within the image scene. This subregion can be configured with the **DSPSubregion** feature.

Value	Description
0ff	The automatic mode is <i>Off</i> .
Once	Valid if ExposureMode = Timed or PieceWiseLinearHDR. Auto-exposure occurs until target is achieved, then ExposureAuto returns to Off.
Continuous	Valid if ExposureMode = Timed or PieceWiseLinearHDR. The exposure time varies continuously according to the scene illumination. The auto exposure function operates according to the ExposureAuto and DSPSubregion features.



The camera must be acquiring images in order for the auto algorithm to update.



ExposureAutoControl

ExposureAutoAdjustTol

Tolerance in variation from ExposureAutoTarget in which the auto exposure algorithm does not respond. It can be used to limit exposure setting changes to only larger variations in scene lighting.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50
Default value	5
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

ExposureAutoAlg

Algorithms used to calculate auto exposure.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Mean, FitRange
Default value	Mean
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

Value	Description
Mean	The arithmetic mean of the histogram of the current image is compared to ExposureAutoTarget, and the next image adjusted in exposure time to meet this target. Bright areas are allowed to saturate.
FitRange	The histogram of the current image is measured, and the exposure time of the next image is adjusted so that bright areas are not saturated.



ExposureAutoMax

The upper bound to the exposure setting in auto exposure mode. This is useful in situations where frame rate is important. This value would normally be set to something less than (as a rough estimate) 1×10^6 /(desired frame rate).

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	500000
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

ExposureAutoMin

The lower bound to the exposure setting in auto exposure mode.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	Model dependent
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

ExposureAutoOutliers

The total pixels from top of the distribution that are ignored by the auto exposure algorithm.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 1000
Default value	0
Unit	0.01 percent (1000 = 10 percent)
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl





Number of upper outliers to discard before calculating exposure adjustments. This is in ten-thousandths of the number pixels in the image.

ExposureAutoRate

The rate at which the auto exposure function changes the exposure setting. 100 percent is auto exposure adjustments running at full speed, and 50 percent is half speed.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 100 1 = slowest to 100 = fastest
Default value	100
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl

ExposureAutoTarget

The general lightness or darkness of the auto exposure feature; specifically the target mean histogram level of the image.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 100 0 = black to 100 = white
Default value	50
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/Exposure/ExposureAutoControl



Higher values result in brighter images.



ExposureMode

The control for exposure duration.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Timed, TriggerWidth, PieceWiseLinearHDR
Default value	Timed
Category	/Controls/Exposure

Value	Description
Timed	Camera exposure time is set by ExposureTimeAbs.
TriggerWidth	Camera exposure time is controlled by external trigger pulse on <i>Line1</i> or <i>Line2</i> . In order for this feature to work, TriggerSelector = <i>FrameStart</i> and TriggerSource must be set to <i>Line1</i> or <i>Line2</i> .
PieceWiseLinearHDR	Image dynamic range is increased in difficult lighting situations by clamping down bright pixels with light levels beyond ThresholdPWL limits. Overall camera exposure time is set by ExposureTimeAbs. HDR sub-exposures are set using ExposureTimePWL1 and ExposureTimePWL2.



ExposureTimeAbs

The sensor integration time. Values written to this feature are rounded to nearest multiple of ExposureTimeIncrement. Reading this feature returns the used, rounded value.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Microseconds
Affected features	AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs
Category	/Controls/Exposure

ExposureTimeAbs depends on ExposureMode as follows:

<pre>If ExposureMode = Timed</pre>	Then ExposureTimeAbs is sensor integration time.
<pre>If ExposureMode = TriggerWidth</pre>	Then ExposureTimeAbs is ignored.
<pre>If ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR</pre>	Then ExposureTimeAbs is the full sensor integration time. See ExposureTimePWL1 and ExposureTimePWL2 for setting ThresholdPWL exposure durations.

ExposureTimeIncrement

Increment or resolution of the exposure time in microseconds.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/Controls/Exposure



ExposureTimePWL1

Valid only if ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR. Exposure time after ThresholdPWL1 is reached.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/Controls/Exposure

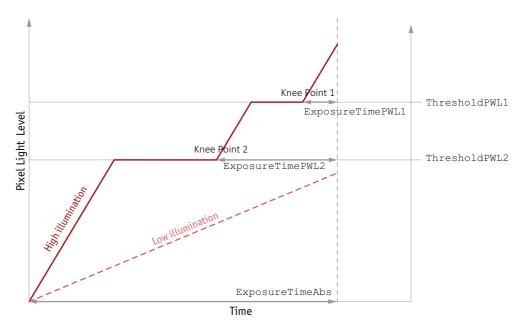


Figure 2: HDR sub exposures and thresholds if ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR



ExposureTimePWL2

Valid only if ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR. Exposure time after ThresholdPWL2 is reached.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/Controls/Exposure



If ThresholdPWL2 is less than ThresholdPWL1 (that is, enabled), ExposureValuePWL2 must be greater than ExposureValuePWL1.

ThresholdPWL1

Valid only if ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR. The first and highest threshold level in PieceWiseLinearHDR.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 630 = no light in pixel, 63 = full pixel light capacity
Default value	63
Category	/Controls/Exposure



Leaving ThresholdPWL1 at 63 disables the first threshold of *PieceWiseLinearHDR* mode, effectively disabling HDR mode.



ThresholdPWL2

Valid only if ExposureMode = PieceWiseLinearHDR. The second and lowest threshold level in PieceWiseLinearHDR.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 630 = no light capacity, 63 = full pixel light capacity
Default value	63
Category	/Controls/Exposure



Setting ThresholdPWL2 above ThresholdPWL1 disables the second threshold of *PieceWiseLinearHDR* mode.



Shutter

Control the mechanical shutter of Bigeye G-629B Cool cameras.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Off, On, SyncIn1, SyncIn2, SyncIn3, SyncIn4, SyncIn5
Default value	On
Category	/Controls

Value	Description
0ff	Deactivate the mechanical shutter. Use this mode, if you operate the camera with pulsed light sources.
On	Activate the mechanical shutter. If activated, the mechanical shutter opens upon each exposure cycle and closes again, if the exposure is over. Use this mode, if you operate the camera with constant light sources, due to the full frame sensor.
SyncIn1	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn1</i> .
SyncIn2	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn2</i> .
SyncIn3	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn3</i> .
SyncIn4	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn4</i> .
SyncIn5	Controls the mechanical shutter dependent on the level of <i>LineIn5</i> .



The shutter feature is intended to control the exposure by means of a mechanical shutter. It must not be confused with any other exposure control feature. The mechanical shutter is available only on the Bigeye G-629B Cool camera.



MaxNon Overlapped Exposure

The maximum non-overlapped exposure value.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Microseconds
Range	0 to 4294967295
Category	/Controls/Exposure

FpncControls

FpncEnable

Enable or disable fixed pattern noise correction.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	true, false
Default value	true
Category	/Controls



GainControl

This feature controls the gain settings applied to the sensor.

Gain

The gain setting applied to the sensor. For best image quality, the gain setting must be set to zero. However, in low-light situations, it may be necessary to increase the gain setting.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	0
Unit	Decibels
Category	/Controls/GainControl

$$G_{dB} = 20log\left(\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}}\right)$$



GainAuto

Auto algorithms use information from the camera's current image and apply the following settings to the next image. Large changes in scene lighting may require two to three frames for the algorithm to stabilize.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Off, Once, Continuous
Default value	Off
Category	/Controls/GainControl



Auto algorithm adjusts using 1 decibel gain steps. The camera must be acquiring images in order for the auto algorithm to update.

Value	Description
0ff	The automatic mode is <i>Off</i> .
Once	Valid if ExposureMode = Timed or PieceWiseLinearHDR. Auto-gain occurs until target is achieved, then GainAuto returns to Off.
Continuous	Valid if ExposureMode = Timed or PieceWiseLinearHDR. Gain varies continuously according to the scene illumination. The auto exposure function operates according to the ExposureAutoControl and DSPSubregion features.

If using ExposureAuto = Continuous and GainAuto = Continuous simultaneously, priority is given to changes in exposure until ExposureAutoMax is reached, at which point priority is given to changes in gain. Adding simultaneous IrisMode = Video/DCIris/PIrisAuto results in undefined, "race to target" behavior.

You can configure the auto gain feature to respond only to a subregion within the image scene. This subregion can be configured with the DSPSubregion feature.



GainAutoControl

GainAutoAdjustTol

Tolerance in variation from GainAutoTarget in which the auto exposure algorithm does not respond. This feature is used to limit auto gain changes to only larger variations in scene lighting.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50
Default value	5
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl



This prevents needless small adjustments from occurring each image.

GainAutoMax

The upper bound to the gain setting in auto gain mode.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Decibels
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl



GainAutoMin

The lower bound to the gain setting in auto gain mode.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	0
Unit	Decibels
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl

GainAutoOutliers

The total pixels from top of the distribution that are ignored by the auto gain algorithm.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 1000
Default value	0
Unit	0.01 percent, that is, 1000 = 10 percent
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl



Number of upper outliers to discard before calculating gain adjustments. This is in ten-thousandths of the number pixels in the image.



GainAutoRate

The rate at which the auto gain function changes. A percentage of the maximum rate.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 100 1 = slowest; to 100 = fastest
Default value	100
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl



Use this feature to slow down the auto-gain adjustments.

GainAutoTarget

The general lightness or darkness of the auto gain feature. A percentage of maximum brightness.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 100
Default value	50
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/GainControl/GainAutoControl



GainSelector

Gain is applied to all sensor channels or taps.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible value	ALL
Default value	ALL
Affected features	GainRaw, GainAuto
Category	/Controls/GainControl

Gamma

Gamma controls the mode for automatic white balancing between the color channels. The white balancing ratios are automatically adjusted. Controls the gamma correction of pixel intensity. This is typically used to compensate for non-linearity of the display system (non-linear brightness control). Applies gamma value to the raw sensor signal (via a look-up table).

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	1.00
Unit	Output = (Input) ^{Gamma}
Category	/Controls

Value	Description
1.00	Gamma OFF (no Gamma correction)
Values other than 1.00	Gamma ON





Manta type A

If Gamma is *ON*, LUT1 is used to do the gamma transform. The original look-up table values are stored temporarily. If Gamma is *ON*, and you read out LUT1: you only get stored look-up table values but not Gamma values. In general, Gamma values cannot be read out.

If Gamma is OFF, look-up table position 1 contains optional user defined look-up table values



Manta type B, Mako G, and Prosilica GT cameras have a standalone gamma function which does not share resources with look-up tables.

Hue

Alters the color of an image without altering white balance. Takes float input, although rounds to integer. Only valid if using on-camera interpolated pixel formats.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	0.00
Unit	Degrees
Category	/Controls



Hue turns the color vectors in the ultraviolet plane. It is one degree per step.



IODMode

Set camera to continuous or IOD mode.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Continuous, IOD, LineIn1, LineIn2, LineIn3, LineIn4, LineIn5
Default value	IOD
Category	/Controls

Value	Description
Continuous	The camera requires no external exposure signal. The camera generates a constant exposure time independently. The exposure time is equal to frame readout time and cannot be adjusted.
	Bigeye G-132B Cool, Bigeye G-283B Cool, and Bigeye G-1100B Cool achieve maximum frame rate in continuous mode only.
IOD	Controls IOD mode. In this mode the camera needs an external trigger signal or a timer driven internal exposure signal.
LineIn1	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn1</i> .
LineIn2	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn2</i> .
LineIn3	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn3</i> .
LineIn4	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn4</i> .
LineIn5	The camera is switched between <i>IOD</i> and <i>Continuous</i> mode, dependent on the level of <i>LineIn5</i> .



If *Continuous* mode is activated, no external exposure signal is allowed. Set TriggerSelector to *FrameStart* and TriggerSource to an unused external trigger Line.



Iris

Auto iris lens support. Supported auto iris lens types (model dependent): video-Iris, DC-Iris, and P-Iris. Prosilica GT series detects the lens type on power up. DC-Iris settings do not apply if a P-Iris lens connected. P-Iris settings do not apply if a DC-Iris lens connected.

The auto iris algorithm calculates IrisAutoTarget based on information of the current image, and applies this to the next image. Large changes in scene lighting may require two to three frames for the algorithm to stabilize. Adding simultaneous GainAuto = Continuous, or ExposureAuto = Continuous, to IrisMode = Video/DCIris/PIrisAuto results in undefined, "race to target" behavior.



The camera must be acquiring images in order for the auto algorithm to update.

IrisAutoTarget

Controls the general lightness or darkness of the auto iris feature; specifically the target mean histogram level of the image.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 100 0 = black, 100 = white
Default value	50
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/Iris



IrisMode

Sets the auto iris mode. Valid if ExposureMode = Timed or PieceWiseLinearHDR.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Disabled, Video, VideoOpen, VideoClose, PIrisAuto, PIrisManual, DCIris
Default value	Disabled
Category	/Controls/Iris

Value	Description
Disabled	Disable auto iris.
Video	Enable video iris. Video-type lenses only.
VideoOpen	Fully open a video iris. Video-type lenses only.
VideoClose	Full close a video iris. Video-type lenses only.
PIrisAuto	Enable precise auto iris. P-Iris lenses only.
PIrisManual	Manually control iris via LensPIrisPosition feature. P-Iris lenses only.
DCIris	Enable DC auto iris. DC-Iris lenses only.



IrisVideoLevel

The current video iris level, which is the strength of the video signal coming from the camera. Dependent on the lens type. If calibrating a video-type lens, this value must fall between IrisVideoLevelMin and IrisVideoLevelMax.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 150
Default value	0
Unit	Millivolts
Category	/Controls/Iris

Lens type	Range	Description
Video-type lenses	0 to 150	Reference voltage. This value must fall between IrisVideoLevelMin and IrisVideoLevelMax.
P-Iris lenses	0 to 100	Attempts to match IrisAutoTarget.
DC-Iris lenses	0 to 100	Attempts to match IrisAutoTarget.

IrisVideoLevelMax

Video-type lenses only. Limits the maximum driving voltage for closing the lens iris. Typically, this is **150** millivolts; however, it may vary depending on the lens reference voltage. A lower minimum value slows the adjustment time but prevents excessive overshoot.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 150
Default value	Model dependent
Unit	10 millivolts Manta: 13.2 millivolts
Category	/Controls/Iris



IrisVideoLevelMin

Video-type lenses only. Limits the minimum driving voltage for opening the lens iris. A higher minimum value slows the adjustment time but prevents excessive overshoot.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 150
Default value	Model dependent
Unit	10 millivolts Manta: 13.2 millivolts
Category	/Controls/Iris

LensDCIris

DC-Iris lenses only.

LensDCDriveStrength

Lens drive voltage. Altering this value changes the speed at which a DC-Iris lens operates. The lower the value, the slower the lens operates. A higher value may result in iris oscillation. The optimal value is lens dependent. Larger lenses typically require a larger drive voltage.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50
Default value	10
Category	/Controls/Iris/LensDCIris



LensPIris

P-Iris lenses only. P-Iris allows discrete iris positions using an internal lens stepping motor.



For a list of P-Iris supported lenses, see the P-Iris Lenses Supported by Prosilica GT Cameras application note:

www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-papers-knowledge-base.html

LensPIrisFrequency

The stepping motor drive rate. Lens dependent. Use the value defined in Prosilica GT Technical Manual, or contact the lens manufacturer.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 1000
Default value	100
Unit	Hertz
Category	/Controls/Iris/LensPIris

LensPIrisNumSteps

Maximum number of discrete iris or aperture positions. Use the value defined in Prosilica GT Technical Manual, or contact the lens manufacturer.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 1023
Default value	50
Category	/Controls/Iris/LensPIris



LensPlrisPosition

Iris or aperture position. Manually control iris in *PIrisManual* mode, or read back iris position in *PIrisAuto* mode. @ represents fully open and 1022 represents fully closed position. Values greater than LensPIrisNumSteps are ignored or not written.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 10220 = fully open position, 1022 = fully closed position
Default value	50
Category	/Controls/Iris/LensPIris



LensDrive

Open loop DC three-axis lens control.

LensDriveCommand

Setting this feature to any non-Stop value executes the function for **LensDriveDuration** and then returns to **Stop**.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Stop, IrisTimedOpen, IrisTimedClose, FocusTimedNear, FocusTimedFar, ZoomTimedIn, ZoomTimedOut
Category	/Controls/LensDrive

Value	Description
Stop	No action.
IrisTimedOpen	Open the lens iris.
IrisTimedClose	Close the lens iris.
FocusTimedNear	Shorten the working distance.
FocusTimedFar	Lengthen the working distance.
ZoomTimedIn	Zoom in.
ZoomTimedOut	Zoom out.

LensDriveDuration

The duration of timed lens commands.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 5000
Default value	0
Unit	Milliseconds
Category	/Controls/LensDrive



LensVoltage

Reports the lens power supply voltage.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 12000
Default value	0
Unit	Millivolts
Category	/Controls/LensDrive

LensVoltageControl

Lens power supply voltage feature. See lens documentation for appropriate voltage level. Set desired lens voltage in millivolts \times 100001. This is done to prevent users inadvertently setting an inappropriate voltage, possibly damaging the lens. If a bad value is written this feature resets to \mathcal{O} .

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 12000
Default value	0
Unit	Millivolts × 100001
Affected features	LensVoltage
Category	/Controls/LensDrive



LUTControl

Use of a look-up table allows any function (in the form Output = F(Input)) to be stored in the camera's memory and to be applied on the individual pixels of an image at runtime.



Color cameras only

LUTControl with single color panes does not work if binning is enabled, due to the loss of color information.

LUTEnable

Controls the selected look-up table.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	true, false
Default value	false
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

LUTIndex

Controls the index (offset) of coefficient to access in the selected look-up table.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	0 to (2 ^{LUTBitDepthIn} - 1)
Default value	0
Affected features	LUTValue
Category	/Controls/LUTControl



LUTInfo

This feature provides active look-up table information.

LUTAddress

Indicates location of memory, if a look-up table is loaded.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Guru
Category	/Controls/LUTControl/LUTInfo

LUTBitDepthIn

The bit depth of the input value of the look-up table block.

Display name	LUTBitLengthIn
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Guru
Category	/Controls/LUTControl/LUTInfo

LUTB it Depth Out

The bit depth of the output value of the look-up table block.

Display name	LUTBitLengthOut
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Guru
Category	/Controls/LUTControl/LUTInfo



LUTSizeBytes

The memory size of the active look-up table.

Display name	LUTSize
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Guru
Category	/Controls/LUTControl/LUTInfo

LUTLoadAll / LUTLoad

Loads the look-up table from flash memory into volatile memory of the camera.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	LUTSaveAll
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

LUTMode

Selects on which pixels the selected look-up table (depending on LUTSelector) is applied.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	Luminance, Red, Green, Blue
Default value	Luminance
Category	/Controls/LUTControl

Value	Description
Luminance	Look-up table is applied on all pixels.
Red	Look-up table is applied on red pixels only.
Green	Look-up table is applied on green pixels only.
Blue	Look-up table is applied on blue pixels only.





To avoid confusion, especially with color cameras, we recommend the following steps:

- 1. Configure the look-up table modes.
- 2. Enable the look-up table.

LUTSaveAll / LUTSave

Saves the look-up table from volatile memory into flash memory of the camera.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	LUTLoadAll
Category	/Controls/LUTControl



With the UserSets feature (UserSetSave command) you cannot save the contents of the look-up table.

LUTSelector

Selects which look-up table is used. These look-up tables are camera specific.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	LUT1, LUT2, LUT3
Default value	LUT1
Affected features	LUTMode, LUTEnable, LUTIndex, LUTValue, LUTBitDepthIn, LUTBitDepthOut, LUTAddress, LUTSizeBytes
Category	/Controls/LUTControl



LUTValue

Returns or sets the value at entry LUTIndex.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Guru
Range	Ø to (2 ^{LUTBitDepthOut} - 1)
Default value	4095
Category	/Controls/LUTControl



NirMode

Select three different near-infrared modes. The modes differ in quantum efficiency, frame rates, and anti-blooming characteristics

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Off, On_HighQuality, On_Fast
Default value	0ff
Category	/Controls

Value	Description
Off	NirMode set to off. Acquire and readout image at the same time.
	NIR sensitivity : No increased sensitivity in the near-infrared range.
	Anti-blooming characteristics : As specified by the sensor manufacturer.
	Usage : Best suited if you need a very long exposure time.
On_HighQuality	Cannot acquire and readout image at same time. The exposure time always influences frame rate directly.
	NIR sensitivity: Increased near-infrared sensitivity, except for a very small portion of the exposure time, which is: $t_{NormalQE} = MIN(4300 \ \mu s, ExposureTimeAbs/4)$
	Anti-blooming characteristics:
	Very good if, ExposureAuto = Off
	Adaptively reduced if, ExposureTimeAbs < 13200 microseconds or ExposureAuto = other.
	Usage : Best suited for medium length exposure times and HDR light conditions.
On_Fast	Acquire and readout image at same time.
	NIR sensitivity : Increased near-infrared sensitivity during the total exposure time.
	Anti-blooming characteristics : Reduced anti-blooming characteristics.
	Usage : Best suited for low-light applications and small exposure times, if a high frame rate is desired.



Saturation

Alters color intensity. Only valid if using on-camera interpolated pixel formats.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0.00 to 2
Default value	1
Category	/Controls

Value	Description
0	Monochrome
1	Default saturation
2	Maximum possible saturation that can be applied.



Saturation puts gain to the color vectors in the UV plane.

SubstrateVoltage

VsubValue

CCD substrate voltage. Optimized by Allied Vision for each sensor.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Millivolts
Category	/Controls/SubstrateVoltage



Whitebalance

BalanceRatioAbs

Adjusts the gain of the channel selected in the BalanceRatioSelector. BalanceRatioAbs = 1 means no gain is applied.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0.8 to 3
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/



The green channel gain is always 1, as this is the luminance or reference channel. To increase or decrease green, decrease or increase red and blue accordingly.

BalanceRatioSelector

Select the red or blue channel to adjust with BalanceRatioAbs.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Red, Blue
Default value	Red
Affected features	BalanceRatioAbs
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/



BalanceWhiteAuto

Auto algorithms use information from the camera's current image and apply the following settings to the next image; for instance, the camera must be acquiring images in order for the auto algorithm to update. Large changes in scene lighting may require two to three frames for the algorithm to stabilize.

You can configure the auto white balance feature to respond only to a subregion within the image scene. This subregion can be configured with the DSPSubregion feature.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Off, Once, Continuous
Default value	Off
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/

Value	Description
Off	Auto white balance is off. White balance can be adjusted directly by changing the BalanceRatioSelector and BalanceRatioAbs.
Once	Valid if ExposureMode = Timed or PieceWiseLinearHDR. A single iteration of the auto white balance algorithm is run, and then BalanceWhiteAuto returns to Off. The Once value operates according to the ExposureAuto and DSPSubregion features.
Continuous	Valid if ExposureMode = Timed or PieceWiseLinearHDR. White balance continuously adjusts according to the current scene. The continuous function operates according to the ExposureAuto and DSPSubregion features.



BalanceWhiteAutoControl

BalanceWhiteAutoAdjustTol

Tolerance allowed from the ideal white balance values, within which the auto white balance does not run. It is used to limit white balance setting changes to only larger variations in color.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50
Default value	5
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/BalanceWhiteAutoControl



This prevents needless small adjustments from occurring each image.

BalanceWhiteAutoRate

The rate of white balance adjustments. It is used to slow the rate of color balance change so that only longer period fluctuations affect color.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 100 1 = slowest, 100 = fastest
Default value	100
Unit	Percent
Category	/Controls/Whitebalance/BalanceWhiteAutoControl



DeviceStatus

DeviceTemperature

Reports the temperature that is defined by DeviceTemperatureSelector.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Degrees Celsius
Resolution	0.031
Accuracy	±1 °C
Category	/DeviceStatus

DeviceTemperatureSelector

Selects one of the built-in temperature sensors within the camera. Not all cameras support main board and sensor support. See the camera technical manuals to find out more information on main board and sensor temperature support.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Main, Sensor
Affected features	DeviceTemperature
Category	/DeviceStatus



EventControl

This chapter describes how to control the generation of events to the host application. An event is a message that is sent to the host application to notify it of the occurrence of an internal event.

EventData

Origin of feature	Camera
Visibility	Beginner
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Category	/EventControl/EventData

The following table lists all the events supported by cameras.

Event	Event
EventAcquisitionEndFrameID	EventLine1RisingEdgeFrameID
EventAcquisitionEndTimestamp	EventLine1RisingEdgeTimestamp
EventAcquisitionRecordTriggerFrameID	EventLine2FallingEdgeFrameID
EventAcquisitionRecordTriggerTimestamp	EventLine2FallingEdgeTimestamp
EventAcquisitionStartFrameID	EventLine2RisingEdgeFrameID
EventAcquisitionStartTimestamp	EventLine2RisingEdgeTimestamp
EventAction0FrameID	EventLine3FallingEdgeFrameID
EventAction0Timestamp	EventLine3FallingEdgeTimestamp
EventAction1FrameID	EventLine3RisingEdgeFrameID
EventAction1Timestamp	EventLine3RisingEdgeTimestamp
EventErrorFrameID	EventLine4FallingEdgeFrameID
EventErrorTimestamp	EventLine4FallingEdgeTimestamp
EventExposureEndFrameID	EventLine4RisingEdgeFrameID
EventExposureEndTimestamp	EventLine4RisingEdgeTimestamp
EventExposureStartFrameID	EventOverflowFrameID
EventExposureStartTimestamp	EventOverflowTimestamp
EventFrameTriggerFrameID	EventPtpSyncLockedFrameID
EventFrameTriggerTimestamp	EventPtpSyncLockedTimestamp
EventLine1FallingEdgeFrameID	EventPtpSyncLostFrameID
EventLine1FallingEdgeTimestamp	EventPtpSyncLostTimestamp



EventID

${\bf Event Acquisition End}$

ID value of event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40001
Affected features	EventAcquisitionEndTimestamp, EventAcquisitionEndFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

${\bf Event Acquisition Record Trigger}$

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40004
Affected features	EventAcquisitionRecordTriggerTimestamp, EventAcquisitionRecordTriggerFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID



${\bf Event Acquisition Start}$

ID value of event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40000
Affected features	<pre>EventAcquisitionStartTimestamp, EventAcquisitionStartFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventAction0

ID value of event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40020
Affected features	EventAction@Timestamp, EventAction@FrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventAction1

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40021
Affected features	<pre>EventAction1Timestamp, EventAction1FrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID



EventError

The error event occurs if there is a problem on the camera; this event should be reported to technical support. If you use the message channel for event notification, you are always subscribed to this event.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	65535
Affected features	<pre>EventErrorTimestamp, EventErrorFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventExposureEnd

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40003
Affected features	EventExposureEndTimestamp, EventExposureEndFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID



${\bf Event Exposure Start}$

The Exposure Start event occurs if the exposure start event occurs.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40019
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.4 or later
Affected features	<pre>EventExposureStartTimestamp, EventExposureStartFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventFrameTrigger

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40002
Affected features	EventFrameTriggerTimestamp, EventFrameTriggerFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID



EventFrameTriggerReady

The Frame Trigger event occurs if the camera is ready for another frame acquisition.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	R/C
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40018
Affected features	EventFrameTriggerReadyTimestamp, EventFrameTriggerReadyFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventLine1FallingEdge

ID value of event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40011
Affected features	EventLine1FallingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine1FallingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventLine1RisingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40010
Affected features	<pre>EventLine1RisingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine1RisingEdgeFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID



Event Line 2 Falling Edge

ID value of event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40013
Affected features	EventLine2FallingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine2FallingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventLine 2 Rising Edge

ID value of event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40012
Affected features	<pre>EventLine2RisingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine2RisingEdgeFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventLine3FallingEdge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40015
Affected features	EventLine3FallingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine3FallingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID



Event Line 3 Rising Edge

ID value of event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40014
Affected features	<pre>EventLine3RisingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine3RisingEdgeFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID

Event Line 4 Falling Edge

ID value of event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40017
Affected features	EventLine4FallingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine4FallingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventLine 4 Rising Edge

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40016
Affected features	EventLine4RisingEdgeTimestamp, EventLine4RisingEdgeFrameID
Category	/EventControl/EventID



EventOverflow

The overflow event occurs if one or more notification events are lost on the camera. If you use the message channel for event notification, you are always subscribed to this event.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	65534
Affected features	<pre>EventOverflowTimestamp, EventOverflowFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventPtpSyncLocked

The camera has acquired synchronization to the master clock.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40006
Affected features	<pre>EventPtpSyncLockedTimestamp, EventPtpSyncLockedFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID

EventPtpSyncLost

The camera has lost synchronization to the master clock.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Value	40005
Affected features	<pre>EventPtpSyncLostTimestamp, EventPtpSyncLostFrameID</pre>
Category	/EventControl/EventID





If you use the message channel for event notification, you are always subscribed to **EventOverflow** and **EventError** events.



There is no mechanism to detect the loss of events during transportation. If mis-configured, cameras may produce lots of events; more than the host computer can handle.

EventNotification

Activates event notification on the GigE Vision message channel.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	On, Off
Default value	Off
Affected features	EventsEnable1
Category	/EventControl



EventSelector

Selects a specific event to be enabled or disabled using EventNotification.

Charaltani	C 10 C 1 1 1	
Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention	
Origin of feature	Camera	
Feature type	Enumeration	
Access	Read/Write	
Visibility	Beginner	
Possible values	AcquisitionStart, AcquisitionEnd, AcquisitionRecordTrigger, ExposureStart, ExposureEnd, FrameTrigger, FrameTriggerReady, PtpSyncLocked, PtpSyncLost, Line1FallingEdge, Line2FallingEdge, Line3FallingEdge, Line4FallingEdge, Line1RisingEdge, Line2RisingEdge, Line3RisingEdge, Line4RisingEdge, Action0, Action1,	
Default value	AcquisitionStart	
Affected features	EventNotification, EventsEnable1	
Category	/EventControl	



EventsEnable1

Bit field of all events.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 4294967295
Default value	0
Affected features	EventNotification
Category	/EventControl

For example:

Bit 1	EventAcquisitionStart
Bit 2	EventAcquisitionEnd
Bit 3	EventFrameTrigger
Bit 19	EventFrameTriggerReady

This is an alternative to setting each event individually using the **EventNotification** and **EventSelector** method.



Activate event-notification on the GigE Vision message channel. For programmers, see register documentation.



GigE

BandwidthControlMode

Selects the desired mode of bandwidth control.

Origin of feature	Camera	
Feature type	Enumeration	
Access	Read/Write	
Visibility	Beginner	
Possible values	StreamBytesPerSecond, SCPD, Both	
Default value	StreamBytesPerSecond	
Category	/GigE	

Value	Description
StreamBytesPerSecond	See the StreamBytesPerSecond feature for more information.
SCPD	Stream channel packet delay expressed in timestamp counter units. This mode may be used to limit the rate of data from the camera to the host. It works by inserting a delay between successive stream channel packets, for example, the longer the delay, the slower the data rate. This mode is for advanced users only.
Both	Implements a combination of control modes. This mode is for advanced users only.



Bandwidth allocation can be controlled by **StreamBytesPerSecond**, or by register *SCPD0*. If you do not understand *SCPD0* and how this driver uses this register, leave this set to **StreamBytesPerSecond**.



ChunkModeActive

Enables camera to send GVSP chunk data with an image. **ChunkModeActive** is read-only during acquisition.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	true, false
Default value	false
Affected features	PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize
Category	/GigE

The currently implemented chunk data.

Byte	Description
Bytes 1 to 4	Acquisition countBig-endian
Byte 5	 These eight bits indicate the following EF lens settings: Bit 7 (Error): If this bit is set to 1, the EF lens is in an error state, bits 2 to 5 indicate enumerated value of last error, and all other bits and bytes is 0. Bit 6 (Lens attached): If this bit is set to 1, an EF lens is attached to camera. Bit 5 (Auto focus): If this bit is set to 1, the EF lens manual/auto focus switch is set to the auto focus position. Bits 2 to 4 (Last error): Enumerated error value: 0: No error detected 1: Lens failed query by camera 2: Lens communication error (can occur when removing lens) 3: Lens communication error (can occur when removing lens) 4: Lens remained busy for longer than 10 seconds 5: Lens focus "Zero Stop" not detected 6: Lens focus "Infinity Stop" not detected Bits 0 to 1: Upper 2 bits of focus percentage value (see Byte 6). Big-endian
Byte 6	 These eight bits in conjunction with bits 0 to 1 of byte 5, indicate the current focus position of the EF lens in (percentage of maximum focus range) × 10 (that is, 1000 = 100 percent = Infinity Stop). If the lens manual/auto focus switch is in the manual position these bits is 0. Big-endian



Byte	Description
Byte7	 These eight bits indicate the current aperture position of the EF lens in Dn. To convert Dn to F-Stop value, use formula: F-Stop = 2 [(Dn - 8) /16]. Big-endian
Byte 8	 These eight bits indicate the current focal length of the EF lens in millimeters. Big-endian
Bytes 9 to 12	Exposure value in microseconds.Big-endian
Bytes 13 to 16	 Gain value in decibels. For Prosilica GT1930, GT1930C, GT1930L and GT1930LC models: Gain value in tenths of decibels (that is, 201 represents 20.1 decibels) Big-endian
Bytes 17 to 18	 Sync-in levels. A bit field. Bit 0 is sync-in 0, bit 1 is sync-in 1. A bit value of 1 = level high, and a bit value of 0 = level low. Big-endian
Bytes 19 to 20	 Sync-out levels A bit field. Bit 0 is sync-out 0, bit 1 is sync-out 1. A bit value of 1 = level high, and a bit value of 0 = level low. Big-endian
Bytes 21 to 24	Reserved0Big-endian
Bytes 25 to 28	Reserved0Big-endian
Bytes 29 to 32	Reserved0Big-endian
Bytes 33 to 36	Reserved0Big-endian
Bytes 37 to 40	Reserved0Big-endian
Bytes 41 to 44	Chunk ID1000Little-endian
Bytes 45 to 48	Chunk lengthLittle-endian



Configuration

GevIPConfigurationApply

Apply the IP configuration mode selected by GevIPConfigurationMode.

Display name	IP Configuration Apply
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Category	/GigE/Configuration

${\sf GevIPC} on figuration Mode$

The current IP configuration mode.

Display name	IP Configuration Mode
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	LLA, DHCP, Persistent
Category	/GigE/Configuration

Current

GevCurrentDefaultGateway

The IP address of the default gateway of the camera.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Current Default Gateway
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/GigE/Current



GevCurrentIPAddress

The current IP address of the camera.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Current IP Address
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/GigE/Current

GevCurrentSubnetMask

The current subnet mask of the camera.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Current Subnet Mask
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/GigE/Current



GVCP



GVCP is an interface standard for machine vision cameras which runs on the UDP protocol.

Allied Vision GigE cameras have a sophisticated real time resend mechanism that ensures a high degree of data integrity.

GVCPCmdRetries

Controls the maximum number of resend requests that the host attempts when trying to recover a lost packet.

Display name	Command Retries
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	1 to 9
Default value	5
Affected features	<pre>GevHeartbeatTimeout, GevHeartbeatInterval, GVCPHBInterval</pre>
Category	/GigE/GVCP

GVCPCmdTimeout

The timeout waiting for an answer from the camera.

Display name	Command Timeout
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	100 to 1000
Default value	250
Unit	Milliseconds
Affected features	<pre>GevHeartbeatTimeout, GevHeartbeatInterval, GVCPHBInterval</pre>
Category	/GigE/GVCP



GevHeartbeatInterval

The driver sends heartbeat packets to the camera every **GevHeartbeatInterval** milliseconds.

Display name	Heartbeat Interval
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	200 to 1450
Default value	1450
Unit	Milliseconds
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	GVCPHBInterval
Category	/GigE/GVCP

GevHeartbeatTimeout

The driver sends heartbeat packets to the camera. If a heartbeat packet is not received within **GevHeartbeatTimeout**, the camera assumes the host has closed its controlling application or is dead, and closes its stream and control channel.

This parameter may need to be increased if stepping through code in a debugging tool, as this prevents the driver from sending heartbeat packets.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Heartbeat Timeout
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	500 to 10000
Default value	3000
Unit	Milliseconds
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Affected features	GevHeartbeatInterval, GVCPHBInterval
Category	/GigE/GVCP



GVCPHBInterval

The driver sends a heartbeat request packet to the camera every GVCPHBInterval milliseconds. If the camera fails to respond to the heartbeat request, a retry is sent GVCPCmdTimeout ms later. After GVCPCmdRetries retries with no response, a camera unplugged event is returned by the driver.

Display name	Heartbeat Interval
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Range	500 to 5000
Default value	3000
Unit	Milliseconds
Vimba version	Up to Vimba V1.2.1
Category	/GigE/GVCP



This parameter can be increased significantly to bypass problems if debugging applications.



GevSCPSPacketSize

This parameter determines the Ethernet packet size. Generally, this number must be set to as large as the network card (or other involved active networking components) allows. If this number is reduced, then CPU loading increases.

These large packet sizes (>1500 bytes) are called jumbo packets or frames in Ethernet terminology. If your GigE network card does not support jumbo packets or frames of at least 8228 bytes (the camera default on power up), then you need to reduce the <code>GevSCPSPacketSize</code> parameter of the camera to match the maximum jumbo packet size supported by your GigE interface. A <code>GevSCPSPacketSize</code> of 1500 bytes is a safe setting which all GigE network cards support.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	Model dependent
Default value	Model dependent
Unit	Bytes
Affected features	StreamBytesPerSecond, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, StreamHoldCapacity, GVSPPacketSize
Category	/GigE



If you see all black images, or all frames reported as **StatFrameDropped** and zero images reported as **StatFrameDelivered**, you need to decrease this parameter.



NonImage Payload Size

The maximum size of chunk data, not including the image chunk, in the image block payload. If ChunkModeActive = false then NonImagePayloadSize = θ .

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 4294967295
Unit	Bytes
Category	/GigE



PTP

PTP manages clock synchronization of multiple devices across an Ethernet network, with ±1 microsecond tolerance. Once the clocks of the devices are synchronized, a synchronous software trigger can be sent to Allied Vision cameras via the PtpAcquisitionGateTime feature. On Allied Vision GigE cameras, the device clock is represented by the camera GevTimestampValue feature.



For more information on PTP, see the IEEE 1588-2008 standard:

standards.ieee.org/findstds/standard/1588-2008.html

PtpAcquisitionGateTime

PtpAcquisition trigger time. Used to schedule a synchronized software trigger on multiple PTP synchronized device. PtpAcquisitionGateTime must be set beyond current camera GevTimestampValue, for instance GevTimestampValue ≥ PtpAcquisitionGateTime. If set below GevTimestampValue, image acquisition stalls. PtpAcquisitionGateTime resets to zero if PtpMode set to Off.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	ø to (2 ⁶³ -1)
Default value	0
Unit	Nanoseconds
Category	/GigE/PTP



PtpMode

Controls the PTP device behavior.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Off, Slave, Master, Auto
Default value	Off
Affected features	PtpAcquisitionGateTime
Category	/GigE/PTP

Value	Description
0ff	This camera's GevTimestampValue is not synchronized with any other device. PtpAcquisitionGateTime resets to zero.
Slave	This camera's GevTimestampValue is altered to align with a master device's clock.
Master	This camera's GevTimestampValue is the master clock. All other PTP enabled slave devices synchronize their clock to this camera.
Auto	This camera uses the IEEE 1588 best master clock algorithm to determine which camera is master, and which are subordinates. It may be assigned as either. There may be several state transitions prior to synchronization.



If using the camera event channel, a **EventPtpSyncLost** is sent if **PtpMode** is changed. **EventPtpSyncLocked** is sent once PTP synchronization is re-established.



PtpStatus

The state of the PTP operation.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Disabled, Initializing, Listening, Master, Passive, Uncalibrated, Slave
Default value	Disabled
Category	/GigE/PTP

Value	Description
Disabled	Camera PtpMode is set to Off.
Initializing	PTP is being initialized. If camera or PTP device is being initialized, all devices statuses are set to initializing. This state appears very briefly.
Listening	Device is listening for other PTP enabled devices. The purpose of this state is to determine which device acts as the master.
Master	Device acting as master clock. If a better master clock is determined, the device proceeds to <i>Listening</i> , <i>Uncalibrated</i> , and finally <i>Slave</i> states.
Passive	If there are two or more devices with PtpMode = Master, this device has an inferior clock and is not synchronized to the master.
Uncalibrated	PTP synchronization not yet achieved. Subordinate devices are synchronizing with master.
Slave	PTP synchronization between this device and master is achieved. Device is acting as a subordinate to another device's master clock.



PTP capable cameras with firmware < 01.54.11026 have PtpStatus = [Off, Master, Syncing, Slave, Error].



PayloadSize

The total size of image block payload.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Bytes
Category	/GigE

<pre>If ChunkModeActive = true</pre>	Then PayloadSize = ImageSize + NonImagePayloadSize + 8
<pre>If ChunkModeActive = false</pre>	Then PayloadSize = ImageSize

Persistent

${\sf GevPersistentDefaultGateway}$

The persistent default gateway of the camera.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Persistent Default Gateway
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/GigE/Persistent



GevPersistentIPAddress

The persistent IPv4 address of the camera.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Persistent IP Address
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/GigE/Persistent

GevPersistentSubnetMask

The persistent subnet mask of the camera.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display name	Persistent Subnet Mask
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/GigE/Persistent



StreamBytesPerSecond

Moderates the data rate of the camera. This is particularly useful for slowing the camera down so that it can operate over slower links such as Fast Ethernet (100 Mbps), or wireless networks. It is also an important control for multiple camera situations. If multiple cameras are connected to a single GigE port (usually through a switch), StreamBytesPerSecond for each camera needs to be set to a value so that the sum of each camera's StreamBytesPerSecond parameter does not exceed the data rate of the GigE port. Setting the parameter in this way ensures that multiple-camera situations work without packet collisions, for instance data loss.

To calculate the required minimum **StreamBytesPerSecond** setting for a camera in any image mode, use the following formula:

StreamBytesPerSecond = Height × Width × FrameRate × Bytes per Pixel

115,000,000 bps is the typical maximum data rate for a GigE port. Beyond this setting, some network cards may drop packets.



If you are seeing occasional frames or packets reported as **StatFrameDropped** or **StatPacketMissed** you may need to decrease this parameter.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1,000,000 to 124,000,000 1,000,000 to 248,000,000 for Prosilica GX in LAG mode
Unit	Bits per second
Affected features	AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/GigE



StreamFrameRateConstrain

If *true*, the camera automatically limits frame rate to bandwidth, determined by **StreamBytesPerSecond**, to prevent camera buffer overflows and dropped frames. If *false*, the frame rate is not limited to bandwidth (only sensor readout time). Latter case is useful for **AcquisitionMode** = *Recorder* or **StreamHoldEnable** = *On* modes, as these modes are not bandwidth limited.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	true, false
Default value	true
Affected features	AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/GigE

StreamHold

Normally, the camera sends data to the host computer immediately after completion of exposure. Enabling **StreamHold** delays the transmission of data, storing it in on-camera memory, until **StreamHold** is disabled.

This feature can be useful to prevent GigE network flooding in situations where a large number of cameras connected to a single host computer are capturing a single event. Using the **StreamHold** function, each camera holds the event image data until the host computer disables **StreamHold** for each camera in turn.

StreamHoldCapacity

The maximum number of images (for the current size and format), which can be stored on the camera if StreamHold is enabled. Used if AcquisitionMode = Recorder, or StreamHoldEnable = On. This value is different for each camera depending on the camera internal memory size and the ImageSize.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Frames
Category	/GigE/StreamHold



StreamHoldEnable

Control on-camera image storage; this feature is like a "pause" button for the image stream.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	On, Off
Default value	Off
Category	/GigE/StreamHold

Value	Description
On	Images remain stored on the camera, and are not transmitted to the host.
0ff	The image stream resumes, and any stored images are sent to the host.

Timestamp

Allied Vision GigE cameras have a very accurate **timestamp** function for timestamping images.



Use PTP for synchronizing cameras.

GevTimestampControlLatch

Captures timestamp and stores it in GevTimestampValue.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	GevTimestampControlReset
Category	/GigE/Timestamp



${\sf GevTimestampControlReset}$

Resets the camera's timestamp to 0. This is not possible while PTP is enabled; if PtpMode is set to Master or Auto.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	GevTimestampControlLatch
Category	/GigE/Timestamp

GevTimestampTickFrequency

The frequency of the image timestamp. The image timestamp can be useful for determining whether images are missing from a sequence due to missing trigger events. Cameras offering clock synchronization via PTP has a GevTimestampTickFrequency of 1,000,000,000.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 4294967295
Default value	Model dependent
Unit	Hertz
Category	/GigE/Timestamp



${\sf GevTimestampValue}$

The value of timestamp, if latched by GevTimestampControlLatch.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Camera clock ticks
Category	/GigE/Timestamp



10

The feature and readout of all camera I/Os. The number of I/Os is camera model dependent.

StatusLED

StatusLedLevels

Status LED levels in GPO mode.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Range	0 to 4294967296
Default value	0
Category	/IO/StatusLED



StatusLedPolarity can invert these values.

Status Led Polarity

The polarity applied to the status LED specified by **StatusLedSelector**.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Normal, Invert
Category	/IO/StatusLED



StatusLedSelector

The status LED controlled with **StatusLedSource** and **StatusLedPolarity**.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	StatusLed1
Category	/IO/StatusLED



StatusLedSource

The signal source of the status LED specified by **StatusLedSelector**.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	GPO, AcquisitionTriggerReady, FrameTriggerReady, FrameTrigger, Exposing, FrameReadout, Imaging, Acquiring, Line1, Line2, Line3, Line4, CCDTemperatureOK, Strobe1
Default value	Exposing
Category	/IO/StatusLED

Value	Description
GPO	General purpose output.
AcquisitionTriggerReady	Active once the camera has been recognized by the host computer and is ready to start acquisition.
FrameTriggerReady	Becomes active if the camera is in a state that accepts the next frame trigger.
FrameTrigger	This is the logic trigger signal inside of the camera. It is initiated by an external trigger or software trigger.
Exposing	Exposure in progress.
FrameReadout	Becomes active at the start of frame readout.
Imaging	Exposing or frame readout. Active if the camera is exposing or reading out frame data.
Acquiring	Becomes active at the start of acquisition.
LineIn1, LineIn2, LineIn3, LineIn4	External input Line1, Line2, Line3, Line4.
CCDTemperatureOK	Only for CCD models that support this feature: indicates if camera has reached the desired temperature value.
Strobe1	Source is strobe timing unit.



Strobe



Strobe is an internal signal generator for on-camera clocking functions. Valid if any of the <code>SyncOutSource</code> is set to <code>Strobe1</code>. Strobe allows the added functionality of duration and delay, useful if trying to synchronize a camera exposure to an external strobe.

StrobeDelay

The delay from strobe trigger to strobe output.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	0
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/IO/Strobe

StrobeDuration

The duration of strobe signal.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	0
Unit	Microseconds
Category	/IO/Strobe



StrobeDurationMode

The mode of the strobe timing unit.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Source, Controlled
Default value	Source
Category	/IO/Strobe

Value	Description
Source	Strobe duration is the same as source duration.
Controlled	Strobe duration is set by StrobeDuration .



StrobeSource

Associates the start of strobe signal with one of the following image capture events.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	AcquisitionTriggerReady, FrameTriggerReady, FrameTrigger, Exposing, FrameReadout, Acquiring, LineIn1, LineIn2, LineIn3, LineIn4
Default value	FrameTrigger
Category	/IO/Strobe

Value	Description
AcquisitionTriggerReady	Active once the camera has been recognized by the host computer and is ready to start acquisition.
FrameTriggerReady	Active if the camera is in a state that accepts the next frame trigger.
FrameTrigger	Active if an image has been initiated to start. This is the logic trigger signal inside of the camera. It is initiated by an external trigger or software trigger.
Exposing	Active for the duration of sensor exposure.
FrameReadout	Active for the duration of frame readout, that is, the transferring of image data from the sensor to camera memory.
Acquiring	Active during the acquisition stream.
LineIn1	Active if there is an external trigger at <i>Line1</i> .
LineIn2	Active if there is an external trigger at <i>Line2</i> .
LineIn3	Active if there is an external trigger at <i>Line3</i> .
LineIn4	Active if there is an external trigger at <i>Line4</i> .



For detailed information, see the camera quantum efficiency plots provided in the camera technical manuals.

www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-documentation.html



SyncIn

The signal source of the strobe timing unit. See **SyncOutSource** for descriptions.

SyncInGlitchFilter

Ignores glitches on the SyncIn input line with pulse duration less than set value.



Setting SyncInGlitchFilter value increases latency of FrameTrigger by same amount.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 50000
Default value	0
Unit	Nanoseconds
Category	/IO/SyncIn

SyncInLevels

A 4-bit register where each bit corresponds to a specific **SyncIn** input. For example, if this value returns 2 (0010), **SyncIn2** is high and all other sync input signals (**SyncIn1**, **SyncIn3**, **SyncIn4**) are low. The value in the register is binary.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/IO/SyncIn



SyncInSelector

Select the sync-in line to control with SyncInGlitchFilter.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	SyncIn1, SyncIn2, SyncIn3, SyncIn4
Default value	SyncIn1
Affected features	SyncInGlitchFilter
Category	/IO/SyncIn

SyncOut

Used for synchronization with other cameras, devices, or general purpose outputs.

SyncOutLevels

The output levels of hardware synchronization outputs, for outputs in GPO mode.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	0 to 4294967295
Category	/IO/SyncOut



SyncOutPolarity can invert the SyncOutLevels.



SyncOutPolarity

The polarity applied to the sync-out line specified by SyncOutSelector.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Normal, Invert
Default value	Normal
Category	/IO/SyncOut

SyncOutSelector

Selects the sync-out line to control with <code>SyncOutSource</code> and <code>SyncOutPolarity</code>.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	SyncOut1, SyncOut2, SyncOut3, SyncOut4
Default value	SyncOut1
Affected features	SyncOutSource, SyncOutPolarity
Category	/IO/SyncOut



SyncOutSource

The signal source of the sync-out line specified by SyncOutSelector.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	GPO, AcquisitionTriggerReady, FrameTriggerReady, Exposing, FrameReadout, Imaging, Acquiring, LineIn1, LineIn2, LineIn3, LineIn4, Strobe1, CCDTemperatureOK
Category	/IO/SyncOut

Value	Description
GPO	General purpose output.
AcquisitionTriggerReady	Active once the camera has been recognized by the host computer and is ready to start acquisition.
FrameTriggerReady	Active if the camera is in a state that accepts the next frame trigger.
Exposing	Active for the duration of sensor exposure.
FrameReadout	Active during frame readout. The transferring of image data from the sensor to camera memory.
Imaging	Active if the camera is exposing or reading out frame data.
Acquiring	Active if acquisition start has been initiated.
LineIn1	Active if there is an external trigger at <i>Line1</i> .
LineIn2	Active if there is an external trigger at <i>Line2</i> .
LineIn3	Active if there is an external trigger at <i>Line3</i> .
LineIn4	Active if there is an external trigger at <i>Line4</i> .
Strobe1	The output signal is controlled according to Strobe1 settings.
CCDTemperatureOK	Only for CCD models that support this feature: indicates if camera has reached the desired temperature value.



ImageFormat

This chapter describes how to influence and determine the image size and resolution. It assumes that the cameras generates a single rectangular image and allows for only one Region of Interest.

Height

The height of the image.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/ImageFormat

HeightMax

The maximum image height for the current image mode.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Height, OffsetY
Category	/ImageFormat



ImageSize

The size of images for the current format. The image size is impacted by the pixel format and image height.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Bytes
Category	/ImageFormat

OffsetX

The starting column of the readout region (relative to the first column of the sensor).

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	0
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/ImageFormat



OffsetY

The starting row of the readout region (relative to the first row of the sensor).

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	0
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/ImageFormat



PixelFormat

There are various pixel formats that GigE cameras can output. Not all cameras have every pixel format (see the technical manuals for details).

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Mono8, Mono10, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14, BayerBG8, BayerRG8, BayerGR8, BayerBG8, BayerBG10, BayerGB12Packed, BayerGR12Packed, BayerGB12, BayerRG12, BayerGR12, RGB8Packed, BGR8Packed, RGBA8Packed, BGRA8Packed, RGB12Packed, YUV411Packed, YUV422Packed, YUV444Packed
Affected features	BinningHorizontal, StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, WidthMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, OffsetX, BinningVertical, HeightMax, Height, OffsetY
Category	/ImageFormat
Mono8	 One pixel of data for every byte. For color cameras with on-camera interpolation, luminance (Y) channel returned. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 8
Mono10	 One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. For color cameras with on-camera interpolation, luminance (Y) channel returned. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 10
Mono12	 One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. For color cameras with on-camera interpolation, luminance (Y) channel returned. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 12
Mono12Packed	 Two pixels of data for every three bytes. Does not support odd width × height. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 12



Mono14	 One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. For color cameras with on-camera interpolation, luminance (Y) channel returned. Format: Monochrome Bit depth: 14
BayerGB8	 Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 8
BayerRG8	 Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 8
BayerGR8	 Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 8
BayerBG8	 Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 8
BayerBG10	 One pixel of data every for two bytes, LSB aligned. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 10
BayerGB12Packed	 Two pixels of data for every three bytes. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Does not support odd width or height. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12
BayerGR12Packed	 Two pixels of data for every three bytes. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Does not support odd width or height. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12
BayerGB12	 One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12



BayerRG12	 One pixel of data every for two bytes, LSB aligned. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12
BayerGR12	 One pixel of data for every two bytes, LSB aligned. Un-interpolated color. Interpolation performed by host software. Format: Raw Bit depth: 12
RGB8Packed	 One pixel of data for every three bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Format: Color (RGB) Bit depth: 8
BGR8Packed	 One pixel of data for every three bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Bit depth: 8
RGBA8Packed	 One pixel of data for every four bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Alpha channel (A) is fully opaque, 0xFF. Format: Color (RGB) Bit depth: 8
BGRA8Packed	 One pixel of data for every four bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Alpha channel (A) is fully opaque, OxFF. Bit depth: 8
RGB12Packed	 One pixel of data for every six bytes, R, G, B channels LSB-aligned. On-camera interpolated color. Format: Color (RGB) Bit depth: 12
YUV411Packed	 Four pixels of data for every six bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Data in YUV411 format. Format: Color (YUV) Bit depth: 8
YUV422Packed	 Three pixels of data for every six bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Data in YUV422 format. Format: Color (YUV) Bit depth: 8
YUV444Packed	 Two pixels of data for every six bytes. On-camera interpolated color. Data in YUV444 format. Format: Color (YUV) Bit depth: 8



SensorReadoutMode

Readout mode of the sensor. Use this feature to switch between 10-bit and 12-bit readout mode.



With 10-bit sensor readout mode you can achieve a higher frame rate. The sensor is capable of higher frame rates but readout is limited by GigE bandwidth and exposure value. You can improve frame rates with a reduced Region of Interest and shorter exposure values.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Default value	Readout12Bits
Possible values	Readout12Bits: 12-bit sensor readout mode Readout10Bits: 10-bit sensor readout mode
Category	/ImageFormat

Width

The width of image.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit
Category	/ImageFormat



WidthMax

The maximum image width for the current image mode. Horizontal binning, for example, changes this value.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Unit	Pixels
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, OffsetX
Category	/ImageFormat



ImageMode

BinningHorizontal

The horizontal binning factor. Binning is the summing of charge (for CCD sensors) or gray value (for CMOS sensors) of adjacent pixels on a sensor, giving a lower resolution image, but at full resolution. Image sensitivity is also improved due to summed pixel charge or gray value.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	1
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, WidthMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, OffsetX
Category	/ImageMode



BinningHorizontal and DecimationHorizontal are mutually exclusive. Setting BinningHorizontal > 1 forces DecimationHorizontal to 1.

Color cameras only: Color information is lost while binning is active due to summing of adjacent different filtered pixels on the Bayer filter array.



BinningHorizontalMode

Determines whether the result of binned pixels is averaged or summed up. Changing BinningHorizontalMode also changes BinningVerticalMode.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Sum, Average
Default value	Sum
Affected features	BinningVerticalMode
Category	/ImageMode

Value	Description
Sum	Binning is accomplished by summing the charge or gray value of adjacent pixels on sensor.
Average	Binning is accomplished by averaging the charge or gray value of adjacent pixels on sensor. This increases SNR by SQRT (number of binned pixels).

BinningVertical

The vertical binning factor. Binning is the summing of charge (for CCD sensors) or gray value (for CMOS sensors) of adjacent pixels on a sensor, giving a lower resolution image, but at full resolution. Image sensitivity is also improved due to summed pixel charge or gray value.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	Model dependent
Default value	1
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, HeightMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Height, OffsetY
Category	/ImageMode





BinningVertical and DecimationVertical are mutually exclusive. Setting BinningVertical > 1 forces DecimationVertical to 1.

Color cameras only: Color information is lost while binning is active due to summing of adjacent different filtered pixels on the Bayer filter array.

BinningVerticalMode

Determines whether the result of binned pixels is averaged or summed up. Changing BinningVerticalMode also changes BinningHorizontalMode.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Possible values	Sum, Average
Default value	Sum
Affected features	BinningHorizontalMode
Category	/ImageMode

Value	Description
Sum	Binning is accomplished by summing the charge or gray value of adjacent pixels on sensor.
Average	Binning is accomplished by averaging the charge or gray value of adjacent pixels on sensor. This increases SNR by SQRT (number of binned pixels).



DecimationHorizontal

Decimation (also known as sub-sampling) is the process of skipping neighboring pixels (with the same color) while being read out from the sensor. Decimation is used primarily to reduce the number of pixels and thus the amount of data while retaining the original image area angle and image brightness.

DecimationHorizontal controls the horizontal sub-sampling of the image. There is no decrease in payload size with horizontal sub-sampling.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 8
Default value	1
Affected features	BinningHorizontal, StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, WidthMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, ExposureAutoMin, ExposureAutoMax, OffsetX, DefectMaskEnable
Category	/ImageMode

Value	Description
1	Off
2	2 times reduction factor; 2 of 4 columns displayed.
4	4 times reduction factor; 2 of 8 columns displayed.
8	8 times reduction factor; 2 of 16 columns displayed.



Writing an invalid number for DecimationHorizontal rounds up to next valid mode. For example, 5 rounds up to 8. DecimationHorizontal and BinningHorizontal are mutually exclusive. Setting DecimationHorizontal > 1 forces BinningHorizontal to 1.



DecimationVertical

Decimation (also known as sub-sampling) is the process of skipping neighboring pixels (with the same color) while being read out from the sensor. Decimation is used primarily to reduce the number of pixels and thus the amount of data while retaining the original image area angle and image brightness.

DecimationVertical controls the vertical sub-sampling of the image. There is a decrease in payload size with vertical sub-sampling.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Range	1 to 8
Default value	1
Affected features	BinningVertical, StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, HeightMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Height, ExposureAutoMin, ExposureAutoMax, OffsetY, DefectMaskEnable
Category	/ImageMode

Value	Description
1	Off
2	2 times reduction factor. 2 of 4 columns displayed.
4	4 times reduction factor. 2 of 8 columns displayed.
8	8 times reduction factor. 2 of 16 columns displayed.



Writing an invalid number for **DecimationVertical** rounds up to next valid mode. For example, 5 rounds up to 8. **DecimationVertical** and **BinningVertical** are mutually exclusive. Setting **DecimationVertical** > 1 forces **BinningVertical** to 1.



For more information on the decimation process, see the Decimation application note at:

www.alliedvision.com/en/support/technical-papers-knowledge-base.html



ReverseX

Flips the image sent by camera horizontally. The Region of Interest is applied after flipping.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	true, false
Default value	false
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, WidthMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Width, OffsetX
Category	/ImageMode

ReverseY

Flips the image sent by camera vertically. The Region of Interest is applied after flipping.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	true, false
Default value	false
Affected features	StreamHoldCapacity, PayloadSize, NonImagePayloadSize, HeightMax, ImageSize, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, Height, OffsetX
Category	/ImageMode



Sensor Digitization Taps

The number of digitized samples outputted simultaneously by the camera analog to digital conversion stage.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	Four, Two, One
Default value	Model dependent
Affected features	AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, DecimationHorizon, DecimationVertical, ReverseX, ReverseY
Category	/ImageMode

SensorHeight

The total number of pixel rows on the sensor.

Example: 1216

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	DSPSubregionBottom
Category	/ImageMode



SensorTaps

The number of taps on the camera sensor.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Display Name	SensorTaps
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Expert
Vimba Version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Category	/ImageMode

SensorWidth

The total number of pixel columns on the sensor.

Example: 1936

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	DSPSubregionRight
Category	/ImageMode



Info

GevDeviceMACAddress

The 48-bit MAC address of the GVCP interface of the selected remote device.

Display name	Device MAC address
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info

DeviceFirmwareVersion

The firmware version of this Allied Vision GigE camera.

Example: 00.01.54.1594

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info

DeviceID

The serial number of the camera.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info



DeviceModelName

The camera model name. Software must use the <code>DevicePartNumber</code> to distinguish between models.

Example: GT2450C

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info

DevicePartNumber

The Allied Vision camera part number.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info

DeviceScanType

The scan type of the camera.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Areascan
Default value	Areascan
Category	/Info



DeviceUserID

Used for multiple-camera situations for providing meaningful labels to individual cameras.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info

DeviceVendorName

The manufacturer's name.

Example: Allied Vision Technologies

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	String
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info

FirmwareVerBuild

The firmware version build information.

Example: 00.01.54.15954

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info



FirmwareVerMajor

The major part of the firmware version number (part before the decimal). Example: 00.01.54.15954

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info

FirmwareVerMinor

The minor part of firmware version number (part after the decimal). Example: 00.01.54.15954

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info

SensorBits

The maximum bit depth of sensor.

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Info



SensorType

The type of image sensor. Monochrome or Bayer pattern color sensor type.

Example: Mono

Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Mono, Color
Category	/Info



SavedUserSets

Allied Vision GigE cameras are capable of storing a number of user-specified configurations within the camera's non-volatile memory. These saved configurations can be used to define the power up settings of the camera or to quickly switch between a number of predefined settings.



Look-up table features cannot be saved. To save the content of a look-up table, use Controls > LUTControl > LUTSave or LUTSaveAll.

UserSetDefaultSelector

On power up or reset, this user set is loaded.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Default, UserSet1, UserSet2, UserSet3, UserSet4, UserSet5 The number of user sets is model dependent.
Affected features	See Vimba user interface
Category	/SavedUserSets

UserSetLoad

Loads camera parameters from the user set specified by UserSetSelector.

Standard	GenlCam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	See Vimba user interface
Category	/SavedUserSets



UserSetSave

Saves camera parameters to the user set specified by **UserSetSelector**. The **Default** setting cannot be overwritten.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Beginner
Affected features	See Vimba user interface
Category	/SavedUserSets

UserSetSelector

Selects a feature user set to load, save, or configure.

Standard	GenICam Standard Feature Naming Convention
Origin of feature	Camera
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Beginner
Possible values	Default, UserSet1, UserSet2, UserSet3, UserSet4, UserSet5 The number of user sets is model dependent.
Affected features	See Vimba user interface
Category	/SavedUserSets



Stream

Info

GVSPFilterVersion

Version of the GVSP filter driver.

Example: **01.24.17**

Display name	GVSP Filter Version
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Expert
Category	/Stream/Info

Multicast

Multicast mode allows the camera to send image data to all hosts on the same subnet as the camera. The host computer (or Vimba Viewer application instance) that first enables multicast mode is the master, and controls all camera parameters. All other hosts/instances are the monitors, and can view image data only.



Most GigE switches support a maximum **PacketSize** of 1500 bytes in multicast mode.



If using clients with Linux, you have to configure the IP subsystem to process multicast IP traffic.



MulticastEnable

Enables multicast mode. In multicast mode, all computers on the same subnet as the camera can receive image data from the camera MulticastIPAddress.

Display name	Multicast Enable
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Boolean
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	true, false
Default value	false
Category	/Stream/Multicast

MulticastIPAddress

Sets the multicast IPv4 address.

Display name	Multicast IP Address
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Category	/Stream/Multicast



Settings



GVSP provides a protocol for streaming data streams which runs on the UDP protocol.

GVSPAdjustPacketSize

Requests the packet size used to be adjusted automatically.

Display name	GVSP Adjust Packet Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Command
Access	Write
Visibility	Expert
Category	/Stream/Settings

GVSPBurstSize

The maximum number of GVSP packets to be processed in a burst.

Display name	GVSP Burst Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Enumeration	1 to 256
Default value	32
Unit	GVSP Packets
Category	/Stream/Settings



GVSPDriver

The streaming driver to be used.

Display name	GVSP Driver Selector
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Possible values	Filter, Socket
Default value	Filter
Category	/Stream/Settings

GVSPHostReceiveBuffers

The number of buffers to be used by the network socket. Only applicable if not using the filter driver.

Display name	GVSP Host Receive Buffers
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	256 to 2048
Default value	512
Category	/Stream/Settings



GVSPMaxLookBack

The size of the look back window, in packets, when determining if a stream packet is missing. If a stream packet arrives out of order, the driver skips back GVSPMaxLookBack packets to see if the packets previous to this point have all arrived. If not, a resend is issued. A lower value allows the driver less time to assemble out-of-order packets; a larger value allows the driver more time. If the value is set too low, the driver issues unnecessary resends. If the value is set too high and a packet truly is missing, the driver issues a resend but the camera may no longer have the required packet in its resend buffer and the packet is dropped. The ideal value is system dependent.

Display name	GVSP Max Look Back
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	1 to 1024
Default value	30
Unit	GVSP Packets
Category	/Stream/Settings

GVSPMaxRequests

The maximum number of resend requests that the host attempts before marking a packet dropped.

Display name	GVSP Max Requests
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	1 to 512
Default value	3
Category	/Stream/Settings



GVSPMaxWaitSize

The maximum number of received GVSP packets following a resend request to wait before requesting again.

Display name	GVSP Max Wait Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	8 to 1024
Default value	100
Unit	GVSP Packets
Category	/Stream/Settings

${\sf GVSPM} is sing Size$

The maximum number of simultaneous missing GVSP packets before dropping the frame.

Display name	GVSP Missing Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	0 to 1024 When the value is set to 0 this feature is disabled.
Default value	512
Unit	GVSP Packets
Category	/Stream/Settings



GVSPPacketSize

The GVSP packet size in bytes.

Display name	GVSP Packet Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	Model dependent
Default value	Model dependent
Unit	Bytes
Affected features	GevSCPSPacketSize, StreamBytesPerSecond, AcquisitionFrameRateAbs, ExposureTimeAbs, AcquisitionFrameRateLimit, StreamHoldCapacity
Category	/Stream/Settings

${\sf GVSPTiltingSize}$

The maximum number of GVSP packets received from a following frame before dropping the frame.

Display name	GVSP Tilting Size
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	0 to 1024 When the value set to 0 this feature is disabled.
Default value	100
Unit	GVSP Packets
Category	/Stream/Settings



GVSPTimeout

The end of stream timeout. If no stream packet is received before **GVSPTimeout**, the host requests resend, up to **GVSPMaxRequests** times. If still no packet is received from the camera, the packet is marked as dropped.

Display name	GVSP Timeout
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read/Write
Visibility	Expert
Range	10 to 5000
Default value	70
Unit	Milliseconds
Category	/Stream/Settings

Statistics



The packet counts in these statistics cover the image transport. Packets used for camera control or event data are not counted. All counters are reset at AcquisitionStart.

StatFrameRate

The rate at which the camera is acquiring frames, derived from the frame timestamps.

Display name	Stat Frame Rate
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Stream/Statistics



StatFrameDelivered

The number of error-free frames captured since the start of imaging.

Display name	Stat Frames Delivered
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Stream/Statistics

StatFrameDropped

The number of incomplete frames received by the host due to missing packets (not including shoved frames).

Display name	Stat Frames Dropped
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Stream/Statistics

StatFrameRescued

The number of frames that initially had missing packets but were successfully completed after packet resend.

Display name	Stat Frames Rescued
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Category	/Stream/Statistics



StatFrameShoved

The number of frames dropped because the transfer of a following frame was completed earlier.

Display name	Stat Frames Shoved
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Category	/Stream/Statistics

StatFrameUnderrun

The number of frames missed due to the non-availability of a user supplied buffer.

Display name	Stat Frames Underrun
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Category	/Stream/Statistics

StatLocalRate

Inverse of time interval between the last two frames (faulty or not) received by the host. No averaging is performed.

Display name	Stat Local Rate
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Category	/Stream/Statistics



In case of error-free frame reception, <code>StatLocalRate</code> is similar to <code>StatFrameRate</code>, except that the host clock is used instead of frame timestamps for measuring the time interval between frames. Otherwise, <code>StatLocalRate</code> and <code>StatFrameRate</code> may differ significantly.



StatPacketErrors

The number of improperly formed packets. If this number is not zero, it suggests a possible cable or camera hardware failure.

Display name	Stat Packets Errors		
Origin of feature	Driver		
Feature type	Integer		
Access	Read only		
Visibility	Expert		
Category	/Stream/Statistics		

StatPacketMissed

The number of packets missed since the start of imaging.

Display name	Stat Packets Missed
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Stream/Statistics



If everything is configured correctly, this number should remain zero, or at least very low compared to **StatPacketReceived** value.

StatPacketReceived

The number of error-free packets received by the driver since the start of imaging, this number should grow steadily during continuous acquisition.

Display name	Stat Packets Received		
Origin of feature	Driver		
Feature type	Integer		
Access	Read only		
Visibility	Beginner		
Category	/Stream/Statistics		



StatPacketRequested

The number of missing packets that were requested to be resent from the camera.

Display name	Stat Packets Requested		
Origin of feature	Driver		
Feature type	Integer		
Access	Read only		
Visibility	Beginner		
Category	/Stream/Statistics		



If everything is configured correctly, this number should remain zero, or at least very low compared to **StatPacketReceived** value.

StatPacketResent

The number of packets resent by the camera since the start of imaging.

Display name	Stat Packets Resent
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Integer
Access	Read only
Visibility	Beginner
Category	/Stream/Statistics

StatTimeElapsed

The elapsed time since the stream was started.

Display name	Stat Time Elapsed
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Float
Access	Read only
Visibility	Expert
Unit	Seconds
Category	/Stream/Statistics



StreamInformation

StreamID

The camera's unique ID for the stream.

Display name	Stream ID
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	String
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Category	/StreamInformation

${\it StreamType}$

Identifies the transport layer technology of the stream.

Example: GEV

Display name	Stream Feature type
Origin of feature	Driver
Feature type	Enumeration
Access	Read only (Constant)
Visibility	Beginner
Vimba version	Vimba version 1.3 or later
Category	/StreamInformation



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