ABE 201 Biological Thermodynamics 1

Module 13: Integrated Mass and Energy Balances (1st and 2nd Law)

Outline

Review of mass and energy balance equations

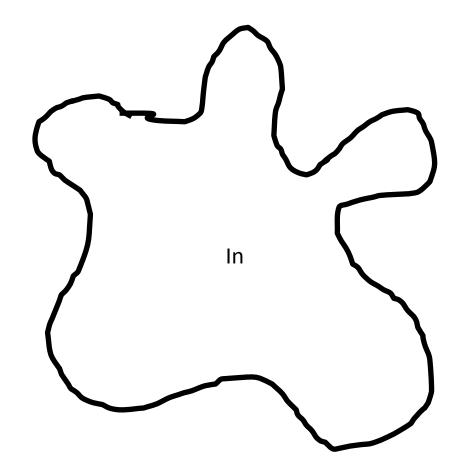
Strategies for solving mass and energy balances

Generalized Continuity Equation

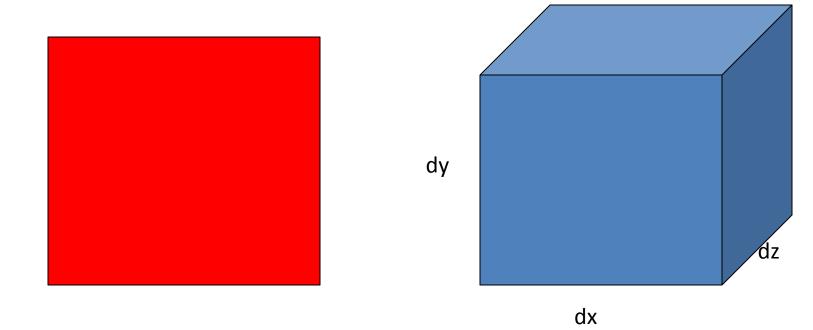
Accumulation = in – out + generation - consumption

- Mass balances
- Energy balances (1st and 2nd law)
- Non-steady state thermodynamics
 - Maxwell's equations
- Momentum balances
 - Fluid mechanics
 - Navier Stokes equation
- Heat/mass transfer
 - Fickian diffusion
- Chemical kinetics
 - 1st order, 2nd order reactions
 - Michaelis-Menten enzyme kinetics
- Cellular growth models

System Definition



Out



Conservation of Mass

Accumulation = In - Out + Generation - Consumption

- Steady-state: Accumulation = 0
- No chemical Reactions: Gen = Con = 0
- Chemical Reactions?
 - Two Approaches
 - Atomic Species Balance
 - Chemical Compound Balance

$$dX_{i} = \sum_{in} \dot{m}_{in} \cdot x_{i,in} dt - \sum_{out} \dot{m}_{out} \cdot x_{i,out} dt + \sum_{i} v_{i} \cdot \xi \cdot MW_{i} \cdot dt$$

$$\frac{dX_i}{dt} = \sum_{in} \dot{m}_{in} \cdot x_{i,in} - \sum_{out} \dot{m}_{out} \cdot x_{i,out} + \sum_{i} v_i \cdot \xi \cdot MW_i$$

1st Law Energy Balances

Accumulation = In - Out + Generation - Consumption

Closed System Energy Balance

$$\Delta U + \Delta E_k + \Delta E_p = Q - W$$

Open System Energy Balance

$$\Delta \dot{H} + \Delta \dot{E}_k + \Delta \dot{E}_p = \dot{Q} - \dot{W}_s$$

Open System Energy Balance

$$\begin{split} \frac{d\dot{H}}{dt} + \frac{d\dot{E}_{k}}{dt} + \frac{d\dot{E}_{p}}{dt} &= \left(\dot{Q}_{in} - \dot{Q}_{out}\right) - \left(\dot{W}_{s,out} - \dot{W}_{s,in}\right) \\ &+ \left(\dot{H}_{in} - \dot{H}_{out}\right) \\ &+ \left(\dot{E}_{k,in} - \dot{E}_{k,out}\right) \end{split}$$

 $+(\dot{E}_{\mathrm{P},in}-\dot{E}_{\mathrm{P},out})$

Steady State Open System Energy Balance

$$0 = \dot{Q} - \dot{W}_{s} +$$

$$\sum \dot{m}_{in} \cdot \hat{H}_{in} - \sum \dot{m}_{out} \cdot \hat{H}_{out} +$$

$$\sum \frac{1}{2} \dot{m}_{in} \cdot v_{in}^{2} - \sum \frac{1}{2} \dot{m}_{out} \cdot v_{out}^{2} +$$

$$\sum \dot{m}_{in} \cdot g \cdot z - \sum \dot{m}_{out} \cdot g \cdot z$$

Rearranging:

$$\sum \dot{m}_{out} \cdot \hat{H}_{out} - \sum \dot{m}_{in} \cdot \hat{H}_{in} +$$

$$\sum \frac{1}{2} \dot{m}_{out} \cdot v_{out}^2 - \sum \frac{1}{2} \dot{m}_{in} \cdot v_{in}^2 +$$

$$\sum \dot{m}_{out} \cdot g \cdot z - \sum \dot{m}_{in} \cdot g \cdot z =$$

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W}_{s}$$

Finding Enthalpy Changes

$$\Delta \dot{H} = \dot{H}_{out} - \dot{H}_{in}$$

$$\Delta \dot{H} = \left[\Sigma \left(\hat{H}_{i,out} \dot{m}_{i,out} \right) - \Sigma \left(\hat{H}_{i,in} \dot{m}_{i,in} \right) \right]$$

$$\Delta \dot{H} = \Delta \hat{H}_{sensible} \dot{m} + \Delta \hat{H}_{latent} \dot{m}$$

$$\Delta \dot{H} = \int_{T_1}^{T_2} C_p dT \cdot \dot{m} + \Delta \hat{H}_{latent} \dot{m}$$

$$\Delta \dot{H} = \int_{T_1}^{T_2} \left(a + bT + cT^2 + dT^3 \right) dT \cdot \dot{m} + \Delta \hat{H}_{latent} \dot{m}$$

2nd Law Balances

Accumulation = In - Out + Generation - Consumption

$$\begin{split} \Delta S_{sys} &= S_{in} - S_{out} + S_{gen} \\ \frac{dS_{sys}}{dt} &= \dot{S}_{in} - \dot{S}_{out} + \dot{S}_{gen} \quad \text{(rate form)} \\ S_{gen} &\geq 0 \end{split}$$

Finding S_{in} and S_{out}

1. Entropy transfer associated with heat transfer

$$S_{heat} = \frac{Q}{T}$$
 (T=constant) for adiabatic, $S_{heat} = 0$
 $S_{heat} = \int_{1}^{2} \frac{\delta Q}{T}$ (when T is not constant)

2. Entropy transfer associated with mass flow

$$\dot{S}_{mass} = \dot{m}\hat{s}$$

 $\dot{S}_{mass} = \dot{m}\hat{s} = 0$ (for no mass flow, closed system)

2nd Law Balances

Closed Systems (m = 0)

$$dS_{sys} = \int \frac{dQ_k}{T_k} dT + S_{gen}$$

Open Systems (m > 0)
$$dS_{sys} = \sum \frac{Q_k}{T_k} + \sum m_{in} \hat{s} - \sum m_{out} \hat{s} + S_{gen}$$

Steady state/flow

Adiabatic Systems (Q =0)

$$dS_{sys} = \sum m_{in}\hat{s} - \sum m_{out}\hat{s} + S_{gen}$$

Solving Combined Mass and Energy Balances

- 1. Make a diagram!
- 2. Organize the information given on diagram and/or figure.
- 3. Identify the unknowns.
- 4. Write mass balance equation(s). Solve if possible
- 5. Write 1st law energy balance equation. Solve if possible
- 6. Write 2nd law energy balance equation. Solve if possible.
- 7. Combine mass and energy balances to solve

Summary

- The generalize continuity equation can be used to derive mass and energy (both 1st and second law) balance equations.
- Enthalpy values can be obtained by calculation or from tabulated values
- Entropy values can be obtained from tabulated values (or calculated – but not until next semester!)
- Solving complex problems may require simultaneous solving of your mass and energy balance equations