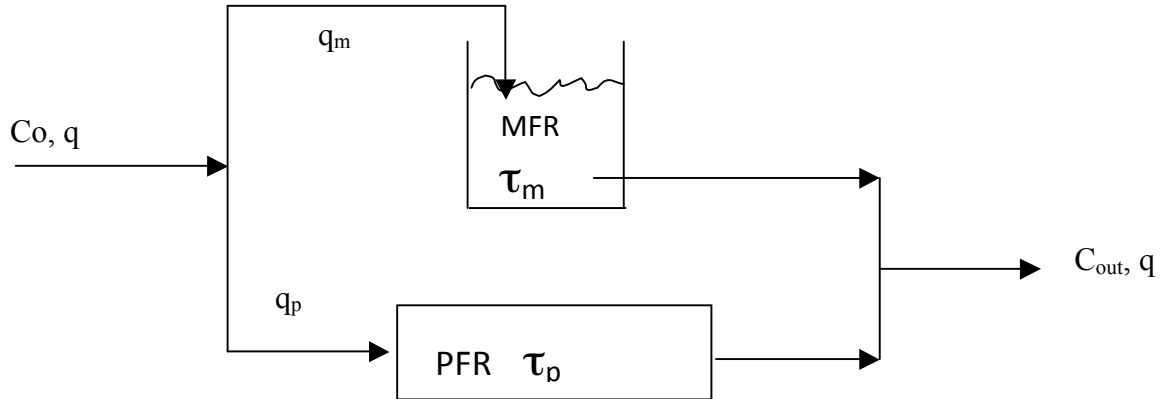


Problem 1.

Derive the equation giving C_{out} as a function of C_o , q_m , q_p , τ_m , τ_p , and k , assuming an zero order reaction occurs in the ideal reactors of this steady state system.



Assume outlet concentrations of each reactor are C_m and C_p , respectively.

Problem 2.

An enzymatic reaction is conducted in 2 ideal reactors in series (1 mfr, 1 pfr).

Data:

$K_m = 10 \text{ mol/L}$ $V_m = 5 \text{ mol/L-min}$ $C_o = 100 \text{ mol/L}$ $q = 15 \text{ L/min}$
 $\text{MFR volume} = 300 \text{ L}$ $\text{PFR volume} = 150 \text{ L}$

- Calculate the overall conversion if the MFR is first.
- Calculate the overall conversion if the PFR is first.

Problem 3.

A pulse tracer of dye is injected into the product stream of a reactor. The color of the output stream is recorded at five second intervals.

Plot the E(t) curve for this system.

$$t := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \\ 10 \\ 15 \\ 20 \\ 25 \\ 30 \\ 35 \\ 40 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{ph}_{\text{out}} := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$