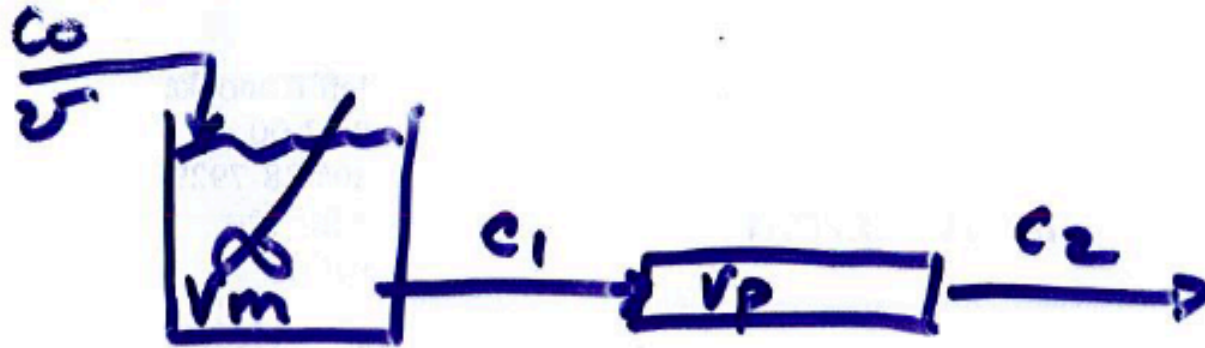
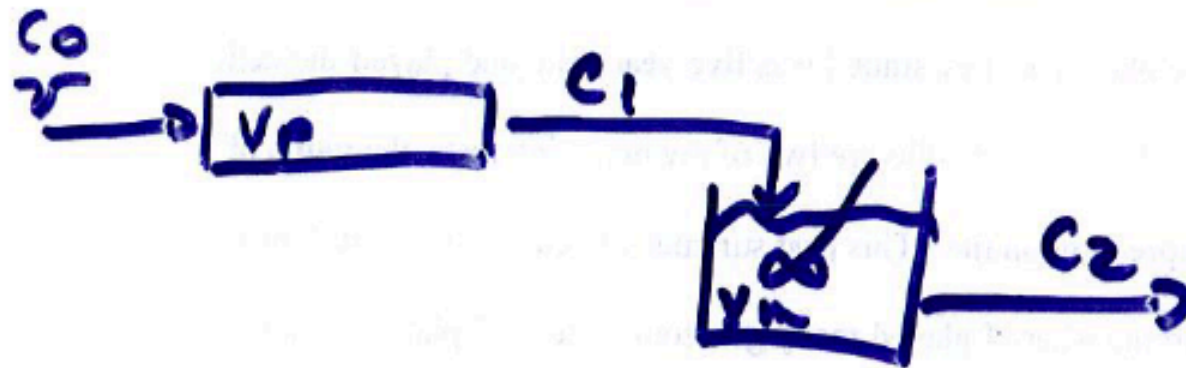


MFR + PFR in series



Config. A



Config. B

for zero, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> order rxn,  
which configuration has better conversion?

$$\text{MFR} \quad \tau_m = \frac{C_0 - C}{r}$$

$$\text{PFR} \quad \tau_p = \int \frac{dC}{r}$$

Zero order

$$\tau_m = \frac{C_0 - C}{k}$$

$$C = C_0 - k\tau_m$$

$$\tau_p = \frac{C_0 - C}{k}$$

$$C = C_0 - k\tau_p$$

Config A MFR  $\rightarrow$  PFR

Zero order

$$C_1 = C_0 - k\tau_m$$

$$C_2 = C_1 - k\tau_p$$

$$= C_0 - k\tau_m - k\tau_p$$

Config B PFR  $\rightarrow$  MFR

$$C_1 = C_0 - k\tau_p$$

$$C_2 = C_1 - k\tau_m$$

$$= C_0 - k\tau_p - k\tau_m$$

$\therefore$  no difference

1<sup>st</sup> order

$$\tau_m = \frac{C_0 - C}{kC}$$

$$C = \frac{C_0}{1 + k\tau_m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tau_p &= \int \frac{dC}{kC} \\ &= \frac{1}{k} \ln(C_0/C)\end{aligned}$$

$$C = C_0 e^{-k\tau_p}$$

1<sup>st</sup> order MFR  $\rightarrow$  PFR

Config A.

$$C_1 = \frac{C_0}{1 + k\tau_m}$$

$$C_2 = C_1 e^{-k\tau_p}$$

$$= \frac{C_0 e^{-k\tau_p}}{1 + k\tau_m}$$

Config B PFR  $\rightarrow$  MFR

$$C_1 = C_0 e^{-k\tau_p}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{C_1}{1 + k\tau_m} = \frac{C_0 e^{-k\tau_p}}{1 + k\tau_m}$$

$\therefore$  No difference

2<sup>nd</sup> order

MFR

$$C = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 4k\tau_m C_0}}{2k\tau_m}$$

PER

$$C = C_0 \left( 1 - \frac{k\tau_p C_0}{1 + k\tau_p C_0} \right)$$



$$\begin{array}{l|l} \text{MFR} \rightarrow \text{PER} & \text{PER} \rightarrow \text{MFR} \\ C_1 = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 4kT_m C_0}}{2kT_m} & C_1 = C_0 \left( 1 - \frac{kT_p C_0}{1 + kT_p C_0} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} C_2 = C_1 \left( 1 - \frac{kT_p C_1}{1 + kT_p C_1} \right) & C_2 = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 4kT_m C_1}}{2kT_m} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 4kT_m C_0}}{2kT_m} \left( 1 - \frac{kT_p C_1}{1 + kT_p C_1} \right) & = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 4kT_m C_0 (1 - \frac{kT_p C_0}{1 + kT_p C_0})}}{2kT_m} \end{array}$$

## Performance eqns

zero  $\overset{\text{MER}}{K\tau} = C_0 - C$

1st  $K\tau = \frac{C_0 - C}{C}$

2nd  $K\tau = \frac{C_0 - C}{C^2}$

$\overset{\text{PER}}{K\tau} = C_0 - C$

$K\tau = \ln \frac{C_0}{C}$

$K\tau = \frac{C_0 - C}{C_0 C}$

$= \frac{1}{C} - \frac{1}{C_0}$





If 2 different sized ideal mixed flow reactors are placed in series, will the configuration affect the overall conversion?